"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, warmer today and Friday; northwest winds, becoming variable.
☞ For full weather report see Page 12.

VOL. LXVIII...NO. 22,349. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1919. TWENTY-FOUR PAGES TWO CENTS Metropolitan District 50 Mile Radius. | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

FRENCH ACCEPT 'BLANK CHECK' REPARATION; REDUCED DEMANDS CRITICISED IN COMMONS; SMUTS SENT TO HUNGARY TO SETTLE CRISIS

HINES REJECTS PRICES OF STEEL FIXED BY BOARD

Refusal to Bind Railroad Administration Upsets Industrial Program.

PROTESTS RATES ON RAILS

Obstacles Are Also Expected in Attempt to Recast Prices of Coal.

CONFERENCE IN DEADLOCK

Meeting at Treasury Considers Clash—Lumber Manufacturers Refuse Agreement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Director General Hines, of the Railroad Administration, refused definitely tonight to agree to buy steel at the prices fixed recently at a conference of the Industrial Board and representatives of the steel industry.

The price of steel rails was what concerned Director General Hines particularly, it was said. According to the recent agreement, prices for rails were reduced from $55-$57 to $45-$47 a ton.

This completely disorganizes the plans of the Industrial Board for adherence by Government departments to the price fixing agreements now being arranged for the great staples, such as coal and steel. The subject of coal prices was not mentioned at a conference on the subject which was held this evening, but it is understood that the Railroad Administration takes the same stand upon coal prices as upon steel—that the administration is not bound to purchase at the market rates agreed upon, but can make its purchases at any rates it thinks best.

Conference Ends in Disagreement.

Director General Hines took the position that the agreements between the operators and the Industrial Board amounted to actual price fixing, no matter what term might be used to describe it. He cited the possible hazards of the Sherman anti-trust law at some length, and insisted that the agreements would really constitute a violation of the statutes.

The conference was held at the instance of Secretary of the Treasury Glass. Cabinet officers, members of the Industrial Board, purchasing agents of various Government departments, and the Director General were present. Following the meeting this official announcement was made at the office of the Secretary of the Treasury:

"The steel prices approved by the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce, not having been accepted by the Railroad Administration, the views of both were expressed at the conference. The views of the Industrial Board were expressed by Secretary Redfield, Mr. Peek, and other members of the Industrial Board. The views of the Railroad Administration were presented by Mr. Hines. The matter was recommitted to the Board for further consideration with the Railroad Administration."

It is understood that Director General Hines made his position perfectly plain. He stated that the steel prices recently agreed upon, particularly those for rails, were accepted over his protest.

Coal and steel men have held that the position taken by the Railroad Administration has been retarding the whole program of the Industrial Board, for the operators say that if the Railroad Administration, perhaps the greatest coal consumer in the world, refuses to buy its coal at the agreed price, other departments may follow suit in refusing to be bound. Thus the market, instead of being stabilized, will be left in much the same uncertain condition that it faced immediately after hostilities ceased, Nov. 11.

Building Material Prices Taken Up.

For some days conferences have been going on regarding prices to be agreed upon for building materials, but the announcements of the prices have been held back until the policy of the Railroad Administration could be definitely ascertained. The coal operators have not yet met the Industrial Board.

The situation may now resolve itself into an actual dissolution of the Industrial Board. Some students of the economic problems confronting the Government have ardently maintained that it would be better after all to allow the industries to stabilize themselves, and that in this fashion the market would reach a level where supply and demand would control and buying would proceed. One of those who advanced this view was Bernard M. Baruch, former Chairman of the War Industries Board.

NEW ORLEANS, April 2.—Southern pine lumber manufacturers, at a mass-meeting here today, declined the proposal of the Industrial Board of the Department of Commerce to enter a joint price agreement as a means of stabilizing market conditions. Such action, it was held, would be "contrary to the best interests of the public and of the industry" and would violate anti-trust statutes.

POLAND WATER FOR HEALTH
On account of its purity and great medicinal power, it is Safe and without an equal in all cases of fever. Send for new illustrated book giving half century of history and endorsements. POLAND SPRING CO., 1,180 Broadway, New York.—Advt.

Denies President Cabled About Sentence of Debs

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Secretary Tumulty was asked tonight regarding a published report that he had been asked by President Wilson in Paris to send him the Attorney General's recommendations regarding the Eugene V. Debs sentence. Mr. Tumulty said no such cablegram had been received from the President. It was learned, however, that Mr. Tumulty was to confer with the Attorney General on some proposition regarding a respite for Debs.

Debs is due to reach the Federal penitentiary at Moundsville, W. Va., on April 9. He announced recently that the day he was sent to the penitentiary there would be a nation-wide strike, but lately the date for the predicted strike is represented as having been deferred to May 1. Some labor organizations have cabled to the President regarding the Debs case.

The Supreme Court of the United States recently denied Debs a rehearing, and under its action he must now go to the penitentiary unless pardoned or given a respite.

HYLAN ASSAILS ALIEN 'FANATICS'

Would Curb Newcomers Here Who Abuse the Nation's Hospitality.

CALLED ANARCHY'S AGENTS

Proposes Ordinance Affecting Meetings Where Speeches Are in a Foreign Language.

Mayor Hylan sent a letter yesterday to President Robert L. Moran of the Board of Aldermen, suggesting that he prepare and submit to the board for its approval an ordinance that will prevent the holding of meetings in the city, the proceedings of which are conducted in a foreign language "for the abuse of our Government or by, or under the auspices of, any person or persons who are not citizens of the United States."

Here is the Mayor's letter:

"We have all noticed lately with amazement and indignation the abuse of our country's hospitality by aliens who want no country and love no country. They are the wild, crazy people who, in every land, deluding themselves and others that they are the apostles of liberty, preach murder and destruction as a quick remedy for all the economic shortcomings of the human race.

"They come to our shores, not to be law-abiding citizens striving for the betterment of social conditions in a humane way, but as the advance agents of anarchy to try to inoculate thoughtless men and women with the poisonous virus that is destroying Russia and setting it back to the savagery of a thousand years ago.

"It is our duty to take notice of these fanatics and to make them behave themselves while they are within our country and under the protection of our flag.

"I suggest, therefore, that you have prepared and submitted to the Board of Aldermen for their approval an ordinance that will operate to prevent the holding of meetings in this city whose proceedings are conducted in a foreign language for the abuse of our Government or by or under the auspices of any person or persons who are not citizens of the United States.

"If you find that State legislation is necessary, I suggest that you petition the State Legislature.

"In other words, we must not tolerate those who have not been in this country long enough to learn our language, or who are not citizens, to abuse our hospitality by endeavoring to incite anarchy. The Constitution gives our citizens the right to assemble and speak freely, but I do not believe it was intended to protect aliens in an effort to tear down the Stars and Stripes."

AMERICAN COAL FOR ITALY.

4,000,000 Tons at Cut of 50 Per Cent. Below British Prices.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, April 2.—Should the information published here prove to be correct, a heavy blow has been dealt at British industry by American capital in the Italian coal trade.

Hitherto the cost of American imports worked out at about 33 per cent. dearer than British coal, over 9,000,000 tons of which poured into Italy annually before the war. Now, however, owing mainly, as the Secolo opines, to a big drop in freight rates between the United States and Italy from $120 to $16, representatives of an important New York syndicate who have been busy negotiating on the spot for some weeks past have offered to start immediate delivery up to 4,000,000 tons at the rate of twenty-five shillings per ton. This would mean a reduction of about 50 per cent. on current English prices.

According to the Rome newspaper, Idea Nazionale, the New York delegates have already signed a contract with the Director of the Italian State railways.

Salvation Army Drafts Whitman.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Ex-Governor Whitman of New York, it was announced today, has accepted the invitation of Commander Evangeline Booth of the Salvation Army to be National Chairman of that organization's home service fund campaign to raise $13,000,000 for charitable work.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

PALL MALL FAMOUS CIGARETTES Cork and Plain Ends—Advt.

MANY CHANGES IN LEAGUE

Several Alterations Follow the Lines Suggested by Root.

NO ENFORCED ARBITRATION

But the Commission Has Drawn Up a List of Possible Justiciable Disputes.

WITHDRAWAL PROVIDED FOR

Two-Year Notice Required Instead of Notification at End of Five Years.

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 1.—Ex-Senator Root's letter dealing with the League of Nations was cabled to President Wilson, who has had the advantage of Mr. Root's judgment on several important questions concerning the formation of the League covenant. It was said today that Mr. Root's letter had been received too late for careful consideration by the President, while the covenant was being revised by the League Commission. However, according to what is said in a well-informed quarter, several of the changes suggested by Mr. Root have already been made in the revision of the document.

In his letter Mr. Root suggested six amendments to the covenant. The first of these provided for striking out Article XIII. and inserting a clause making arbitration on international disputes compulsory. This matter of compulsory arbitration, it is explained, was thrashed out before the original covenant was drawn, and it was found to be impossible to obtain an agreement. In the same amendment Mr. Root defines broadly what should constitute justiciable disputes, and would refer to an arbitration court any question arising as to whether a dispute was justiciable. According to the League of Nations experts, these proposals have already been met so far as the League Commission felt it could do so.

The explanation is made that after discussion the commission agreed that it would be impossible to set forth what would be justiciable causes; but later it was decided to permit an effort to draft suggestions of what would constitute such causes, and the legal committee which is charged with revision of the covenant drew up a clause setting forth that disputes of a general nature, described in the examples furnished, were of a justiciable character. Then followed the list of disputes possibly arising between nations that would be regarded as justiciable.

As for Mr. Root's second proposal, that Article XIV. be amended so as to provide for calling a conference of powers after two and not later than five years to revise international law, it is asserted that this is covered by the provision in the covenant directing the body of delegates to meet from time to time to advise on the revision of treaties, matters of international justice, &c.

Reservation on Monroe Doctrine.

His third amendment touches the Monroe Doctrine. He would insert at the end of the covenant, not in it, a reservation by the American delegates that the United States has no interest in the political policy of any foreign State, but joins its powers to those of other nations for the preservation of general peace on the understanding that the United States does not relinquish its traditional attitude toward purely American questions, including the admission of immigrants. According to the interpretation given here to Mr. Root's suggestion, he is not specifically for the inclusion of the Monroe Doctrine in the covenant, but would be satisfied to have the American delegates make a special reservation, broadly asserting that nothing contained in the covenant should be construed as a relinquishment of any traditional policy. This would relieve the other nations of indorsing the Monroe Doctrine—something they have always hesitated to do in words, although recognizing it by their acts.

Last week President Wilson had intended to offer an amendment drawn by ex-President Taft, specifically indorsing the Monroe Doctrine, but for

Continued on Page Two.

ARE YOU GOING TO GLACIER PARK THIS SUMMER?
Read about it in the April Scribner's Magazine.—Advt.

$200,000,000 Bond Offering Is Snapped Up in a Day

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The War Finance Corporation's offering of $200,000,000 of 5 per cent. one-year bonds has been oversubscribed, although the books were opened only today. Reports received at the Treasury from nine Federal Reserve banks showed a total considerably in excess of the amount offered, with other subscriptions still to be compiled.

Banks especially are said to have been eager to obtain the new issue, because of the attractive interest rate, ¾ of 1 per cent. higher than that of the Fourth Liberty issue, and the great exemptions from taxation.

Officials predicted when the offering was announced that it would be absorbed quickly, but were surprised at the actual showing. It was considered by officials as an indication that the forthcoming Victory Liberty Loan would meet with similar favor.

STRIKES AND RIOTS RACK GERMANY

Hundreds of Thousands Quit Work in Move Aimed at Government's Overthrow.

THREAT TO TIE UP BERLIN

Stuttgart Under Martial Law—Many Persons Reported Killed in Frankfort.

BERLIN, April 2, (Associated Press.)—Almost all the labor forces of Germany are striking or threatening to strike as a result of agitation carried on by Independent Socialists and Spartacides, who are succeeding in their efforts to induce workers to make increasingly impossible demands.

It is said that the aim of the Spartacides is purely political, having as its object the overturning of the present Government and the establishment of Bolshevism.

A strike in the metal trades begun here involves the technical staff and clerks, but not the workmen. The strike is due to a rejection of a demand for an increase in wages. If it continues, the workmen are likely to be involved.

The entire body of textile workers in the Cassel district of Westphalia has struck for higher wages.

Armed Clash in Westphalia.

Sanguinary engagements have occurred at Kastrop, Westphalia, according to the Tageblatt. A procession of miners, which was on its way to the office of the Kastrop Anzeiger, clashed with public security guards and several were killed and wounded on both sides.

Reports show that the strikes at Essen and Bochum have only slightly extended. Because of the cutting off of the gas supply, the food kitchens in Bochum have been unable to serve meals since noon on Tuesday.

The Spartacides have partially persuaded mine guards, on duty in the Ruhr district, to protect the pits against strikers, to prevent miners from descending.

The Soviet Congress has been called to meet in Berlin next week, but it is not known how far the Congress will accept Chancellor Scheidemann's promise to "anchor" the Soviet principle in the new constitution. The radical proletarians in Berlin again threaten a political strike, to coincide with the Soviet Congress.

Thyssen Workers Strike.

LONDON, April 2.—A dispatch received in Copenhagen from Mülheim-am-Ruhr says that all the men employed in the great metal works owned by the Thyssen firm have gone on strike.

In the Ruhr Basin of Germany the number of strikers is estimated at 150,000.

The Paris Matin says that a general strike is going on at Berlin, being as serious as the one recently called in that city.

According to the Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger's Konigsberg correspondent, there were several hours of fighting with machine guns and hand grenades between government troops and disorderly elements in Sensburg, 66 miles southeast of Konigsberg. The affray originated as a result of an attack on officers, who were roughly handled and threatened with death. Many persons were wounded in the fighting and a state of siege has been proclaimed in Sensberg.

A long Berlin dispatch from Reuter's correspondent comments on the discontent noticeable everywhere among the German people of all classes and the talk of a new coup being imminent.

Sympathy with Spartacism, says the correspondent, is beginning to invade the bourgeois classes, including officials, clerks, teachers, and people in similar walks of life. They argue that things cannot be worse and that Bolshevism at least opens the prospect for "better things one day for our children" as regards food. A liberal increase in the food rations, especially of meat, bread, and fats, alone can avert a change, the people say.

Describing the outlook in Germany,

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS IN HOT WATER quickly relieves Indigestion—Don't forget.—Advt.

BONAR LAW DEFENDS WILSON

Denies President Sways British View on Money Terms to Germany.

M. P.'S FRET AT PEACE DELAY

Worried, Too, by Report That Wilson Wants to Negotiate Direct with Lenine.

'SECRET MISSION' RESENTED

Harold Williams Says to Deal with Reds Would Be Playing Into Their Hands.

LONDON, April 2.—In the House of Commons tonight the Government was subjected to a great deal of criticism concerning the amount of indemnity which Germany is to be asked to pay.

Colonel Claude Lowther, Unionist, declared that the delegates to the Peace Conference in Paris needed to be reminded that a majority of the members of the House of Commons solemnly had pledged themselves to exact the utmost farthing from the Germans. He said he hoped that Great Britain was not truckling to the United States and bowing before President Wilson, who could philosophically bear every country's financial embarrassment but his own.

Andrew Bonar Law, Government leader in the House, in the course of a long reply, announced that no decision had yet been reached as to the amount to be demanded from Germany. It was an entire mistake, he added, to assume that the views of the British Government had been influenced in the desire to obtain everything Germany was able to pay by any action on the part of the President of the United States.

"It would be unfair to that great country," said Mr. Bonar Law, "to suggest that our action had thus been influenced."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 2.—The Morning Post's political correspondent says:

"Increasing disquiet is manifest among members of Parliament as to the situation arising from delays in arriving at any decision on the peace terms, and ominous stories which are current that President Wilson now wants to negotiate directly with the Lenine Government at Moscow and make it a party to the peace. Information has reached London as to the activities of certain American agents in Russia which adds to the general feeling of apprehension.

"It would not be at all surprising if a very early opportunity were sought to discuss the whole question in the Commons."

Dr. Harold Williams, the former correspondent in Petrograd of the London Daily Chronicle and NEW YORK TIMES, who is regarded as an authority on Russian affairs, writes as follows in today's Chronicle:

"Prinkipo is in the air again. We are shivering in the tattered remains of the principles for which we fought, and are vainly trying to protect ourselves against the bitter wind that is blowing from the east.

"'A great wind is blowing.' President Wilson has said, and now it appears he has sent a secret mission to Moscow to investigate the cave in which it was born. Messrs. Bullitt and Steffens, members of this mission, have, we are told, just returned to Paris with the recommendation to open up peace negotiations with Lenine, and their proposal is being seriously considered at the Peace Conference.

"This is the new secret diplomacy. It would be interesting to discover whether the other allies knew of the mission; whether, for instance, Pichon knew of it when he made his anti-Bolshevist speech last week, and whether the British Government knew and approved of this curious enterprise.

"During the months since the armistice the strength of the Allies has been frittered away in fruitless debates and tollsome inaction, and now, so it seems, the question is being seriously considered as to whether we shall not solemnly advertise our weakness to the world. Lenine, it is said, is prepared to come to terms, is ready to make concessions. Possibly. But to what end?

"Lenine frequently has changed his tactics but he never swerved from his main purpose, which is to bring about a world revolution. If the rulers of the world send to him envoys to ask him his terms he will grasp the opportunity and offer them terms. He will give concessions, if necessary. He already has given a big concession "for the exploitation of natural wealth" to a Scandinavian bank with a large American capital and a branch in London. He may fling down concessions as a bait to what he contemptiously terms the "Anglo-Franco-American capitalists and imperialists." He may even welcome economic aid to save himself from the appalling consequences of his own misrule in Russia.

Continued on Page Two.

McK. & R. CIN-U-FORM LOZENGES Tend to ward off Influenza.—25c.—Advt.

Boer General Goes on Inquiry to Budapest as Foch Proceeds to Spa to End Danzig Snarl

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 2.—Marshal Foch and General Smuts were before the "Big Four" this afternoon, after which they departed on their separate ways with secret instructions from the peacemakers as to their handling of two most difficult missions.

Marshal Foch goes to Spa with full authority to end the dispute with the Germans as to the right of the Polish divisions to land at Danzig.

General Smuts goes to Hungary as representative of the Allies and the United States to investigate various problems incidental to the armistice, which are made more complicated by the coming into power of the proletariat Government.

PARIS, April 2, (Associated Press.)—President Wilson and the Premiers in conference at the "White House" today decided to send General Smuts to Hungary for information concerning the situation and to remove the misunderstanding that had arisen regarding the frontiers of new States. It has been said that the revolution was largely brought about by a mistaken notion regarding the intentions of the Allied Commission in Hungary.

PETROGRAD RISES AGAINST THE REDS

Strike of Railroad Men in the Region Leaves the City Without Bread.

TROTZKY OPPOSES LENINE

Break Between the Bolshevist Leaders Said to be Definite Over Policy Toward Allies.

LONDON, April 2.—Reports that a revolution against the Soviet Government has broken out in Petrograd are supported by an official Russian wireless dispatch, received here, which says that there is a serious strike of railwaymen in the Petrograd region. The strike, it is said, was prompted by the Mensheviki and the Social Revolutionaries. The message reads:

"There is no transport and consequently there is no bread in Petrograd. The Mensheviki and the Social Revolutionaries are calling out the railwaymen and railway communication has been stopped.

"The Social Revolutionaries are the agents of Denikine, Koichak, and the allied imperialists."

Referring to the reports that Lenine's Government had made proposals of peace through American channels, Andrew Bonar Law, the Government spokesman, said in the House of Commons today that he believed there was no shadow of foundation for such reports. Neither he nor the Premier, with whom he had communicated, had heard a word about the matter.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 2. — The Morning Post's Warsaw correspondent in a dispatch dated March 15 says:

"Lenine and Trotzky have come to a definite break. Lenine, who allied himself with the 'Intellectuals,' is probably less strong than Trotzky, who has continued his appeals to the proletariat. The situation in Moscow and Petrograd has become so serious that there is promise of a popular uprising against the entire Bolshevist regime.

"Lenine is head of the Government. Trotzky has military control. The basis of the conflict which has arisen within the Bolshevist councils is Lenine's desire to include a number of 'Intellectuals' in the Government, which is fiercely resented by Trotzky and his adherents. Another point of great conflict between Trotzky and Lenine is the attitude of the latter toward the Allies.

"The followers of Trotzky contend that Lenine has adopted an attitude of too great friendliness. To this Lenine's retort is that it will be impossible to resume industry in Russia without the material aid, especially as regards raw materials, of the allied Governments, and that until industry in Russia can be resumed there can be no hope of success for their cause. Lenine has the support of such thoughtful people as remain in the country, but Trotzky has with him not only the proletariat but the army.

"Lenine loudly threatens the people that if Russia does not negotiate a treaty of some sort with England, France and the United States, she will go under. During January he made a great number of speeches to this effect, as a result of which the Russian foreign policy was considerably modified."

NORTH RUSSIAN REDS FAIL IN TWO ATTACKS

Seek to Take Odozerskaia Before Thaw Sets In—Y. M. C. A. Worker Captured.

ARCHANGEL, April 1, (Associated Press.)—Bolshevist forces again attacked the allied positions along the

Continued on Page Three.

Paulist Choristers—Final Season Concert. Hippodrome—Sunday evening, April 6th.—Advt.

SAYS JAPAN MUST JOIN AS AN EQUAL

Could Not Tolerate Stigma of Racial Inferiority in League, Says Baron Makino.

ACCEPTS ROOT'S PROVISO

Would Not Force Immigrants on America—Asks Only Declaration of Equality.

PARIS, April 2, (Associated Press.)—No Asiatic nation could be happy in a league of nations in which sharp racial discrimination was maintained, Baron Makino, head of the Japanese delegation to the Peace Conference, declared in a statement to The Associated Press today on the position of Japan.

"We are not too proud to fight," he said, "but we are too proud to accept a place of admitted inferiority in dealing with one or more associate nations. We want nothing but simple justice."

Baron Makino went on to say that his country did not wish to force her laborers as immigrants on any associate countries, recognized that this was a question which each nation must deal with itself. But Japan did feel, he said, that it was entitled to a frank and open admission by the Allies that the principle of unity and justice was a fundamental tenet of the League of Nations. Japan sees difficulties in the way of a permanent and successful operation of the League, he asserted, unless the contracting parties enter it with mutual respect.

Complains of Distortion.

"You ask me for a plain and frank statement of the position of Japan," said Baron Makino at the beginning of the interview. "I am tempted to ask you a question in reply. Do you think it possible for me to say anything that will not be willfully distorted and misinterpreted by those who have so long and so persistently sought to clog the efforts of my country, to ascribe to her motives she has never had and to malign her at every turn? Let us see.

"For the United States Japan has a very sincere, abiding and affectionate regard. We owe to her our place in the world, that is to say, the civilized world. Perhaps I should not altogether agree to that pharse, because you know, and everyone should know, that Japan has enjoyed a civilization all her own for many ages. It was a civilization born of the highest sense of honor, of the sense which the West could not understand nor appreciate, because we had lived apart as a hermit nation.

"When, through the expedition of Commodore Perry and the efforts of Townsend Harris, (the first American Consul-General to Japan,) we joined, if I may say so, the league of nations of the world, we took on a new ambition, which was to interpret the civilizations of the Western nations which we had studied and recognized as better, although not all were more honorable than our own.

"You will note here that America was the first country to agree to make a treaty with us abolishing extraterritoriality. You must remember that we did not ask to join this first league of nations. We were forced to do so. Perry came to us with naval power and forces to compel us to open Japan to intercourse with the Western world. We yielded, and I am glad, as is all Japan, that we did yield, because it has been of great benefit to our country.

"And no we are asked a second time to joint a League of Nations. But how? As equals? If so, we are ready. We want to consider with the greatest care the interests of all our associate nations in such a League, because by no other policy can the League of Nations succeed.

"No Asiatic nation could be happy in a League of Nations in which sharp racial discrimination is maintained.

Continued on Page Two.

CALOX TOOTH POWDER Cleans—Whitens—Preserves.—Advt.

'BIG FOUR' SEEKS FORMULA

Solution of Reparation Problem Is Hoped for in Three Days.

TOTAL MAY NOT BE SET

Proposal Evokes Press Criticism, as Do Other Ideas That Are Broached.

FINANCE MISSIONS MEET

First Session of German and Allied Delegates Takes Place Near Compiegne.

By CHARLES A. SELDEN.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 2.—Because of a new scheme devising a reparation section of the peace treaty without naming a definite sum of total damages, the brief news of which I sent last night by wireless, the problem now becomes one of finding a definition of damages satisfactory to all the great powers, as well as a definition that Germany will accept as within the meaning of the Wilson principles.

Louis Klotz, the French Finance Minister, has as much to do as anybody else in formulating and advocating the new plan; so it is sure to have the support of France in the "big four" when the final decision is taken, although the French public as a whole would be better pleased to receive an announcement of a huge definite figure which the enemy would have to pay as reparation for the war. The public is afraid that if the fixing of damages is left to a commission later on, as is now suggested, Germany will find a method of evasion.

Two definite reasons are assigned for the new plan. First, it will save time in making peace to give Germany what is virtually a blank check for her to sign rather than wait for the examination of thousands of claims to see just what figure should be written in. Second, it will be known much more definitely and accurately in the future than now what Germany can pay. Her wealth capacity to settle damages is not to be measured by the value of her present property alone, but by that plus the volume of business, commercial and industrial, that she will transact in the future, and that is as yet an unknown quantity.

Furthermore, it is frankly admitted that internal politics, both in England and France, play an important part in devising this new plan of reparation. Lloyd George and Clemenceau are both committed to their people to compel Germany to pay huge sums. The great hopes of the public of both countries have been built on these Government promises, and the populations, after four years of war, do not make nice discriminations between reparation and penalties. Lloyd George's remark, several months ago, that Germany would be compelled to pay until it began to Kurt may be embarrassing to him now in his new and more lenient attitude toward the enemy; but his people have not forgotten it. It is a good slogan in both England and France.

Therefore the political convenience of not now naming a definite sum in the peace treaty. If it were big enough to satisfy the French and English people there would be great danger that it would be so big that America would refuse to approve it on the ground that it was excessive, and danger that Germany would refuse to accept a treaty containing it—two obstacles which the conference wishes to avoid.

Bad Prospect for Big Indemnities.

Copyright, 1919, by The Chicago Tribune.

PARIS, April 2.—The chances of the victorious powers collecting big indemnities from Germany are steadily waning as the Financial Commissioners persistently fail to agree on a sum and are drifting toward naming a commission to fix the amount of reparation after peace and name no figures in the treaty. It is believed that Germany will be made to turn over $200,000,000 from the gold reserve to the Belgians and French in the devastated regions, and then, at the end of the year after peace, the allied commission will investigate German revenues and recommend the sum Germany must pay.

The defects of this system are fully realized, but it is also realized that there is slight chance of the allied and associated powers getting together soon on any concerted program regarding indemnities, and inasmuch as the world is crying for peace, the "Big Four" are practically agreed that it is better to end the war and fix reparations after-

ward than let financial problems delay peace.

It cannot be denied that there will be practically no way of forcing Germany to pay yearly reparation bills after peace is signed, as it is understood that neither England, America, nor France would embark on another war merely to obtain cash. Furthermore, the reopening of the financial question yearly is bound to have a bad effect on money markets everywhere and cause political tension while the financial commission is deliberating and recommending the sum that should be paid. However, this seems the only solution of the problem, which has been insurmountable for many months.

Pessimistic View of Peace.

Concessions are being made by the Peace Conference in the hope of insuring Germany's acceptance of the treaty.

Heretofore the commissions have been proceeding with the treaty as if it were a foregone conclusion that the enemy would accept every condition. Reiterated German statements that any treaty regarded as unduly harsh on unjust would not be signed, have caused the allied and associated powers to begin taking this into account.

The American commission was the first to realize the danger of Germany declining to accept the treaty and the serious situation that would result from such action.

None of the allied powers can seriously contemplate resuming the war or even putting a huge army of occupation into Germany after the months since the armistice was signed.

Already several changes have been made in the tentative peace treaty, with a view to conciliating the Germans first of all, the idea of a Rhenish republic as a buffer State has been abandoned; second, all idea of French annexation of the Saar basin has been dissipated; third, Danzig will remain German instead of going to Poland; fourth, Germany is to be permitted to have a larger army than Lloyd George suggested; fifth, the amount of reparations, after being reduced almost daily, may not be included in the peace terms. Concessions will also be made regarding the resumption of trade.

President Wilson himself is believed to be the first to realize that the Peace Conference was reckoning without its host in drawing up the treaty without a thought as to whether the enemy would accept it. This idea was reflected in his statement to the Premiers, that peace must be reached immediately.

Our Financial Experts Called.

PARIS, April 2, (Associated Press.)—Consideration of the question of reparations and the disposition of the Rhine Valley was continued by the Council of Four, comprising President Wilson and the Premiers of France, Great Britain, and Italy, when the session of the council was resumed today. It is understood to be probable that at least three more days will be occupied with these subjects.

American financial experts were called into the session today.

An official note issued today says:

"The press has published certain information on the peace negotiations, especially the financial negotiations, which does not agree, but is entirely erroneous."

The Temps, commenting on this, says:

"The above contradiction constitutes the sole official information supplied to the French press with regard to the important deliberations of the heads of the allied Governments."

The proposal that the French indemnity from Germany be merely defined instead of calculated in the preliminary peace treaty is attacked by several newspapers. Some of them assert that this method would raise endless difficulties between financiers and between France and Germany.

The Journal even fears that such a settlement would pave the way to a new war rather than to peace.

The plan to solve the problem of the Saar basin by giving France the right to operate coal mines under a form of a supplementary mortgage, with the possibility that the territory would be administered through a mandate from the League of Nations, is criticised by some French newspapers.

The Excelsior points out that this solution would result in complicated agreements similar to that concerning Morocco. It says it was understood that this plan had been definitely abandoned.

Germany will not persist in her opposition to the use of Danzig by Polish troops on the way from France to Poland, according to advices reaching Paris newspapers.

Marshal Foch, who had planned to leave last night, left Paris today for Spa to meet the German representatives to discuss the Danzig question. The Marshal had a long conference on Tuesday with Premier Clemenceau.

A delegation of American Jews, including Colonel Harry Cotler, Louis Marshall of New York, and Judge Julian W. Mack of Chicago, was heard today by the American peace delegation on the proposition to include in the covenant of the League of Nations a section protecting the interests of Jewish and other minority populations in backward States.

The first meeting of the representatives of the Financial Commission of the Supreme Council with the German financial delegates, who arrived at the Château Plessis Villette in Senlis Tuesday, took place today in the château.

The conference was limited to an exchange of views. The conference will be continued tomorrow.

The French Government has invited all delegates to the Peace Conference to visit the devastated regions of Northern France on Sunday.

Members of the American delegation will go, but it is as yet unknown whether President Wilson will be one of the party.

CLEMENCEAU RETAINS COAT.

Premier Said Prices Were Too High to Replace Bullet-Torn Garment.

PARIS, March 26, (Correspondence of Associated Press.)—"While clothes are so expensive I am not going to indulge in the luxury of a new overcoat just because a fool shot a few holes in my old coat," Premier Clemenceau is reported to have said.

The "Tiger's" jacket and overcoat, both showing bullet holes, were pieces of evidence that had to be produced at the trial of his would-be murderer, Emile Cottin. M. Clemenceau, however, happens to be particularly fond of those garments, and he asked M. Ignace, Under Secretary of State for War, to let him have them back quickly.

M. Ignace replied in tones of gentle reproof that the articles were in the hands of the court, and that, under the rules, it would be quite impossible to part with them until the case was past the appeal stage. Then M. Clemenceau, who is an enemy of red tape, did what in French is described as an "efficacious act," the nature of which is not specified, but may be surmised. His garments came back the same day.

The French are a thrifty race, and are expert clothes menders. The bullet holes can be "stopped," so as to defy detection, and the coat will be as good as ever. That is M. Clemenceau's opinion.

SPAIN FAVORS THE LEAGUE.

Ambassador Tells Wilson She Will Make Application to Join It.

PARIS, April 2, (Associated Press.)—Spain is desirous of adhering to the League of Nations. In a letter to President Wilson, under date of March 31, the Spanish Ambassador in Paris said:

"The Government of his Majesty has charged me to make to Your Excellency, in the capacity of President of the Special Commission of the Peace Conference for the League of Nations, the following declaration:

"The Spanish delegate, present at the meetings held at Paris on the 20th and 21st of this month, has notified the Government of his Majesty of the sentiment held at these meetings by the members of the Special Commission of the Peace Conference for the preparation of the League of Nations and of the explanation given concerning the various articles in the project of the covenant, upon certain aspects of which the Spanish Commission intrusted with the study of this matter thought it expedient to shed light.

"This delegate also said that Lord Robert Cecil, the British delegate, at the end of the session stated that he did not think it premature to declare that the allied Governments would welcome into the League of Nations all the neutral countries represented at said meetings.

"The Government of His Majesty has noted all of these declarations with satisfaction, and is happy to be able to give its adhesion to this covenant as far as the essentials are concerned. With the hypothesis that the new draft of the essentials, which is to be submitted to the conference, will not be changed in its general outlines, and also that the examination of the proposed amendments will facilitate the introduction or some changes of matters of detail considered worthy of special attention, His Majesty's Government will take great satisfaction in seconding an undertaking of such transcendental importance.

"At the proper time it will solicit the necessary authorization of the Cortes to join in the collaboration of the Governments represented at the Peace Conference by becoming a member of the Society of Nations.

"QUINONES DE LEON."

ALBERT TO SEE WILSON.

Belgian King Will Confer on Reparation and Boundaries.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 2.—Albert, King of the Belgians, will see President Wilson tomorrow to talk of reparation and the boundary aspirations of his country, and perhaps to make one more effort to have the seat of the League of Nations in Brussels despite the practical certainty that Geneva will be chosen.

King Alfonso of Spain has sent a letter to President Wilson approving the League of Nations plan and applying for the admission of Spain to membership.

MANY CHANGES IN LEAGUE

By RICHARD V. OULAHAN.

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

reasons which are still secret he decided to withhold it. On that account it is not mentioned in the covenant. Whether the separate reservation by the American delegates proposed by Mr. Root will be adopted cannot be forecast.

The second proposal of Mr. Root in the Monroe Doctrine reservation—that relating to immigration—has been met, it is asserted, by a new article written by President Wilson, which gives each Government the right to adjust its own domestic affairs. Immigration is obviously included in such affairs.

Withdrawal from the League.

The suggestion of Mr. Root that membership in the League may be terminated after five years, on one year's notice, was accepted by the League Commission in another form. Under this form any nation may withdraw from the League on two years' notice. It was regarded as unwise to suggest that the question of withdrawal should be determined at the end of a fixed period, say five years. This was too suggestive that the League's usefulness would be ended by that time, the commission felt.

Léon Bourgeois, the leading French advocate of the League of Nations and a member of the League Commission, made practically the same suggestion as is contained in Mr. Root's fifth point. Root, like Bourgeois, wished to provide for determination, through personal inspection, by an international commission, whether the nations were carrying out the agreement to reduce armaments, &c. When Bourgeois made this proposal, it was discussed at length in the commission. It was not accepted. A rather general feeling was that it would take the element of good faith out of the covenant. How should we like it, it was asked today, if a commission of Englishmen, Frenchmen, and others came to America to see if we were living up to our agreement to keep down armaments and manufacture only a limited supply of munitions?

To Mr. Root's sixth suggestion—that Article XXIV. be amended by a provision for a conference of the League after a specified term of years—the answer given here is that this is covered in the provisions which permit calling the body of delegates together with authority to make amendments to the covenant. Mr. Root, it was explained, understood this, but he believed that provisions for the meeting of the body of delegates and the ability to amend the covenant should be made more definite. It is not known whether his suggestion will receive consideration when the revised covenant is returned to the League Commission by the legal experts.

Suffered in Silence.

Philip Gibbs, in his second article in the series of ten—to appear in The New York Times next Sunday, April 6—tells of "The Untold Agony of War," suffered in silence by the fighting heroes. Order in advance from your newsdealer.—Advt.

SEES GREAT PERIL IN HUNGARIAN RISING

British Investigator Says Aid Russian Reds Can Give Hungarians Is Important.

ALLIED PRESTIGE SHAKEN

Budapest Soviet Seeks to Prevent Loss of Territory to Rumania and Serbia.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 2.—The Daily Chronicle's correspondent, Dr. Constantine Brown, who has just returned here from a close personal investigation of conditions in Hungary and Rumania, dealing with the gravity of the Bolshevist danger in Southeastern Europe, says:

"The aid which the Russians can give to our enemies is of great importance. We have no more to deal with disorganized Chinese bands who obeyed only in the hope of looting, but with strong and disciplined troops. According to trustworthy information which I could gather during my journey in the Balkans, General Brusiloff is commanding the Bolshevist armies. Many of the staff and regular Russian officers have joined the Bolshevist army.

"The system of recruiting was a very simple one. The officers were told that they would have to choose between joining the army of the Soviet and getting pay and food for themselves and their families, or of being massacred with their families. In such a dilemma, naturally, most of the officers joined the army of the Soviet, which numbers over 350,000 well organized and equipped men.

"The allied forces in Southern Russia are hardly worth speaking of—about three French divisions and a couple of Greek divisions. The Bolsheviki, realizing this, attacked the allied forces, and at Kherson a Greek and French force of about 15,000 was defeated. This easy victory raised the morale of the Bolsheviki immensely, and in the pamphlets they spread about they say that the victors of the strongest army in the world, the Allies, are not able to offer any resistance to the glorious forces of the Republic of Soviets.

"The whole plan of the new Hungarian Soviet Republic is to fight 'Rumanian and Serbian imperialism,' they say in the manifestoes that they spread among the French soldiers. This means that they want to prevent the union of Transylvania with Rumania and of the Jugoslavs with their brothers in Rumania and Serbia. A Hungarian force was all ready to cross the Theiss and penetrate by surprise into Transylvania, where the Rumanians have only four divisions, but was stopped by the timely intervention of a French division, which defeated the Hungarians.

"However, their audacity is growing daily, especially since they feel certain that the Allies will again take only half measures. The fact that the allied squadron on the Danube which went to bombard Budapest has been repulsed after a short fight by Hungarian shore batteries has had an immense effect on the morale of the new Bolsheviki.

"The Hungarian Soviet Republic is taking instructions from the Russian Bolsheviki, who are marching now toward the Dniester and preparing to convade Bessarabia. If they are successful they will spread into Rumania. Their agents have already started work there.

"The Hungarian Bolsheviki have adopted some of the Russian methods, but the whole movement is far from assuming the chaotic proportions which it took in Russia from the first days of the reign of Lenine & Co. The reason, in my opinion, is simple. Everybody realizes that a change has been necessary in order to keep Transylvania and the Jugoslav provinces, which used to be called 'the pearls of the Hungarian Crown.'"

Tells of Constantinople Conditions.

Dr. Brown, describing conditions in Constantinople, which he visited recently, says:

"It is very unwise to go out at night in Constantinople, unless well armed. The town is full of brigands who, fearless of the police, attack solitary people passing in the more remote streets of the capital. Since the Allies have taken control of the police, such offenses do not happen any more in Pera, but on the other side of the water, or even in Galata, many people are murdered every night. After 10 P. M. one can hear continual shooting.

"In the interior of the country, where I am told the misery is indescribable, looting, murdering, and robbing are things that happen daily. There is no organization, no authority left. The whole machinery has broken down. Those who may have any influence or who have responsibility for doing something for their unfortunate subjects are too busy with politics or intrigues 'to get a little more from the Peace Conference,' and their entire activity is directed to that end."

Mr. Brown says there are hundreds of individuals who come to Constantinople from all parts of Asia to "get something out of the Peace Conference."

A delegate to the Conference and a Minister of a newly formed republic went into the shop of a small Armenian banker, with whom he had a dispute on the question of exchange, and told him: "I am a Mussulman, and if you don't give me 1,000 rubles, I shall kill two Christians before I leave this shop." It happened that the Armenian was an American subject and thus felt safe in kicking his Excellency out.

HEAR MAGYAR REDS HAVE BACKED DOWN

French Officials Believe It Will Be Possible to Resume Relations with Hungary.

PARIS, April 2, (Associated Press.)—Reassuring reports from Hungary have been received by the French authorities, and officials now believe that it will be possible to resume diplomatic relations with Hungary soon. It appears that Bela Kun, the Hungarian Foreign Minister, is willing to recognize the armistice of November. Although the allied missions were temporarily deprived of their liberty in Hungary and finally expelled, the new Hungarian Government apparently does not think that it has broken relations with the Allies, and desires to maintain them.

In Peace Council circles it is felt that the misunderstanding by the Hungarians of the neutral zone created between Hungary and Rumania led to the original action.

Reports received by the French Foreign Office are to the effect that the Bolshevist movement in German Austria has, as a general thing, been unsuccessful. The railroad strike at Vienna was ended after a few hours and the insurrection which started at Gratz has been put down.

COPENHAGEN, April 2.—Colonel Vix, chief of the French mission at Budapest, was interned for five days in that city after the Government overturn, a Vienna message states. He was, however, released, the dispatch adds, and has reached Belgrade with the other members of the French mission and the British and Serbian missions to Hungary.

BERLIN, April 2, (Associated Press.)—Reports from Budapest state that the people are fleeing in increasing numbers from that city. One hundred and forty prominent political figures have been arrested, including Joseph Esterenyi, former Minister of Commerce, and Count George Karolyi, both of whom are in danger of being sentenced to death.

Baron Hatwang, millionaire owner of a newspaper, is now a clerk in a private business, and other members of the nobility, whose property has been confiscated, are searching for work.

BUDAPEST, March 31.—A Red Army is rapidly being formed with Hungarian prisoners of war from Russia as its basis. These men are thought to be converts to Bolshevism. Bela Kun, the Foreign Minister, is himself a repatriated prisoner.

It is prophesied that the present régime will live as long as there is food, after which uprisings are expected.

The French and Italian troops have been sent to their own frontiers. The British commandant, Major Freeman, is staying in Budapest until a vessel comes up the Danube to take away British subjects, and allied or neutral persons desiring to leave.

GERMAN GOLD FOR FOOD.

$55,000,000 Deposited in Brussels as Collateral for Supplies.

PARIS, April 2.—The French Foreign Office was advised today that $55,000,000 in gold was deposited Tuesday by the Germans in the Belgian National Bank in Brussels. The gold is collateral for the payment for foodstuffs which the Allies are permiting to enter Germany.

HAMBURG, April 1., (Associated Press.)—The quiet which set in at this port after the departure of German ships for allied ports is happily disturbed now by the creaking and clanking of cranes and windlasses which are lifting the precious cargoes of American wheat out of the holds of the West Carnifax and Lake St. Clair, the first American relief ships to arrive here.

The unusual spectacle of huge piles of sacks of wheat and flour is luring numerous sightseers to the docks, apparently in the hope of obtaining some of the coveted grain which may be spilled. The extent to which the curiosity asserted itself, however, has prompted the American Commission in charge of food distribution to throw a strong cordon of American guards around both ships, and only the men engaged in discharging the cargoes are permitted on the docks. Even the workmen are subjected to scrutiny at the end of the day, and are not permitted to depart until they have passed inspection.

None of the flour is permitted to go to waste, and all that leaks from broken or damaged sacks is carefully gathered up and put in new containers. The quality of the flour excites admiration from the onlookers. It is invariably referred to as the "choicest California flour"—probably because both ships are said to have cleared from San Francisco and passed through the Panama Canal.

The crews of the American steamers have shore leave only between 10 o'clock in the morning and 6 o'clock in the evening.

Dutch to Send Financial Envoy.

THE HAGUE, April 2.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs announced today that the financial section of the Supreme Economic Council in Paris had requested the Netherlands Government to designate a delegate to confer with the council regarding the relations between Germany and the neutrals. The Government, the Minister said, had appointed J. ter Meulen, an Amsterdam banker, as such delegate, and he had already started.

Won't Let Bavaria Send Delegates.

BERLIN, April 2, (Associated Press.)—A Munich dispatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung says the Government at Berlin has refused Bavaria's demand to be represented at the Peace Conference.

STRIKES AND RIOTS RACK GERMANY

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

the Berlin correspondent of The Mail says that the crisis which is rapidly approaching seems certain to be graver than either the January or March outbreaks.

"One of the storm centres is Bavaria, especially Munich," he writes. "The situation in Southern Germany has completely changed during the last three weeks. Thousands of people, including many women, attend mass meetings at which unadulterated Bolshevism is advocated, and demands are made for the abolition of the elected Parliament.

"A political section has arisen that is even stronger than the Spartacides. The members of this party call themselves Syndicalists, and are apparently led or inspired by terrorists, who escaped from Dusseldorf when Government troops occupied that city after the last uprising.

"Bolshevism is working in Germany by propaganda, as it did in Hungary, and is wrecking industry and removing opportunities for work."

FRANKFORT MOBS CURBED.

Copenhagen Hears Hundreds Were Killed—Labor Helps Restore Order.

BERLIN, April 2.—The forces of law and order are today the complete masters of the situation at Frankfort-on-the-Main.

The labor organization of the city, Frankfort advices state, has ranged itself on the side of the authorities and placed the organization at their disposal for the prevention of disturbances.

When attempts to plunder in the Altstadt quarter were renewed, prompt action resulted in the effort being nipped in the bud. Twelve of the would-be plunderers were killed. Of these victims four were women.

FRANKFORT, April 1, (via Copenhagen.)—Rioting broke out here again this afternoon. The mob plundered the provision stores. All the available military forces were rushed to the scene of the disorders.

As this dispatch is sent the fighting is continuing. Demonstrators searching the chief Burgomaster's house discovered large stores of meat, eggs and flour.

Three hundred persons accused of plundering shops have been arrested. Disorders due to the shortage of foodstuffs have been intensified recently by a reduction of the potato ration from five to three pounds.

LONDON, April 2.—Several hundred persons were killed in further rioting at Frankfort-on-the-Main yesterday, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The hotels of the city, the dispatch says, were plundered during the disorders.

On the other hand a dispatch from Zurich received in Paris states that only eleven persons were killed and twenty-five wounded at Frankfort on Monday. The police have made 400 arrests in connection with the disorders.

Frankfort is reported to be without water or light.

STATE OF SIEGE AT STUTTGART

General Strike and a Counterstrike by Bourgeoisie Tie Up City.

STUTTGART, April 1, (Associated Press.)—Proclamation of a general strike of working people throughout Württemberg today was met by a counterstrike on the part of the bourgeoisie. Street fights developed in the afternoon, when three persons are believed to have been killed and many injured.

The casualties occurred when a column of strikers, holding a demonstration, met a large detachment of Government troops with machine guns and armored cars. The troops insisted that the strikers disperse. The strikers refused and adopted a threatening attitude.

After several warning shots the troops fired. There was some brief hand-to-hand fighting, after which the demonstrators were driven off and order was restored for the time being.

Stuttgart, however, is growing nervous. The gas and electric supplies have been shut off and the food situation is serious. Postal and tram car services have been suspended.

The Government has proclaimed a a state of siege in Stuttgart and its environs. All shops, theatres, and public places must close from 8 o'clock in the evening until 9 o'clock in the morning, and all street traffic is forbidden after 9 o'clock at night.

The counterstrike has been joined by merchants, manufacturers, State and municipal officials, doctors and chemists.

The general strike does not appear to have affected other industrial cities of Württemberg except Göppingen and Esslingen.

Although the demands of the strikers are ostensibly for the removal of martial law, the release of political prisoners and new elections for the Soldiers' and Workmen's Councils, it is believed in Government quarters that they are working systematically under the surface to bring about the downfall of the Government. It is said to be the intention that the strikes here shall spread all over Germany.

The Majority Socialists have not taken a definite attitude in the situation, and seemingly are divided. The Independent Socialists and the Spartacides are working together. Only two newspapers, one Majority Socialist and one Independent, are permitted to appear.

BERLIN, April 2, (Associated Press.)—The Vossische Zeitung says that the Stuttgart streets are filled with great crowds and that there has been much shooting. The newspaper adds that the streets are patroled by armored motor cars, police, and whole companies of troops.

It is officially announced that a large number of Spartacides from the outside have entered the town in the last few days, but that the Government is master of the situation.

A collision occurred at Esslingen, six miles southeast of Stuttgart, where a company of police was attacked with grenades. Several persons were killed or wounded. The food supply is greatly endangered.

LONDON, April 2.—In the fighting at Stuttgart yesterday, a dispatch received here says, a violent crowd attacked the Town Hall, which was occupied by Government troops. The crowd was beaten off.

FEAR NEW GERMAN TAXES.

Big Concerns Paying Out War Bonds as Dividends.

BERLIN, April 1, (Associated Press.)—The declaration of a 10 per cent. dividend in cash and in bonds of 5 per cent., payable in war loans, by the Tecklenborg Shipyards at Bremerhaven, presages new procedure with respect to the distribution of profits by big industrial and commercial companies which have been liberal subscribers to war loans.

The severity of the prospective tax and other legislation threatening big business in Germany is believed to be responsible for beginning the practice of using war loans by dispcsing of them as dividend payments.

FORCED TO JOIN SOCIALISTS.

Bavarian Workers Discharged if They Resist Pressure.

WEIMAR, April 1, (Associated Press.)—Members of the Christian Textile Workers' Association of Augsburg are being forced, on pain of being deprived of work, to join the Social Democratic Textile Union, according to the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin. They have issued a protest to the Bavarian Minister of Social Affairs against having to give up their political organization.

The Socialists first demanded that the Christian workers desert their association, says the newspaper, and then brought such pressure to bear that even women and girls were discharged by employers if they would not agree to join the Socialists.

HARDING DEPLORES DELAY ON PEACE

Senator Says Fooh's Methods in Shaping Armistice Might Be Imitated.

WANTS LIGHT ON CHANGES

Original Peace Draft, He Asserts, Is "Doomed Here If Not Buried at Paris."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2. — Senator Harding of Ohio, who is spoken of as a Republican Presidential possibility, urged, in commenting today upon the League of Nations, that what the world needs more than anything else as a safeguard against strife among nations is a "clear and unmistakable interpretation of international law, to which the allied nations would be committed for enforcement."

"Under such an arrangement there would never be another world war," he said, "unless some madman of the future again undertakes the domination of the world. In that event the world would again do as it has so recently done. It would resort to force to strip him of his power.

"All the Leagues ever dreamed of will never eliminate world politics, such as is today halting the Peace Conference, or prevent the development of dangerous ambitions. Our problem is to commit the moral and, if need be, the physical force of America against the aggressions of both."

Deploring the delay of the Paris Conference in deciding upon peace terms, Mr. Harding said:

"It is impossible to ignore longer the serious concern of our people over delayed peace. General Foch fixed armistice terms in less than ten days, which rendered Germany impotent as an armed force. We might ask Foch to write a treaty and he would do it quickly and guard our security as he would that of France and Great Britain.

"The delay and shift have carried us, apparently, to a recognition of the Bolshevist destroyers in Russia and not only is Bolshevist destructiveness to be countenanced in fallen Russia, but the world will awaken pretty soon to the fact that Germany is dominant there and has expanded infinitely more through revolution and delay than it was expected to accomplish by force of arms.

"Frankly, it is difficult to say anything about the League of Nations now, because no one knows what the proposal is going to be. The original draft is doomed here, if not buried at Paris.

"It is regrettable that we know so little. In the face of the solemn pledge of 'open covenants openly arrived at,' we are astonished to read of threatened exposures of hindering influences; and my own reluctant impression is that the Peace Conference is not getting anywhere with actual accomplishment. I doubt if we have any serious proposal for a League of Nations with the treaty of peace, for which treaty all the world is calling.

"The oft-uttered demand for something constructive, in place of opposition to the President's first proposal, seems to have been met and has turned the course of events. If not literally constructive, it is at least corrective and preservative, and it was preservation that Washington was thinking about when he uttered his anxieties and warnings to the American people. Clearly, the original proposal is forsaken now and the sanctity of one-man dictation is ended. One-man power by force of arms has been proven impossible again and again. It will not prevail in the rhetoric of peace."

VROOMAN VINDICATED BY PALMER'S INQUIRY

Attorney General Says Hughes and Gregory Did Not Have All the Testimony in the Case.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2. — Attorney General Palmer announced tonight that there will be no prosecution of Lieutenant S. B. Vrooman, who was declared by the Hughes report on aircraft production to have been regarded as having violated a section of the Criminal Code prohibiting any person acting for the Government in transacting business with a corporation in which he is interested. The Attorney General explains that his action in refusing to prosecute the officer is based on new testimony which entirely satisfies him that Lieutenant Vrooman was in no way responsible for the inspection at the Vrooman plant, and that he is not even technically guilty of having violated the Criminal Code.

"I am quite sure," says the Attorney General's statement, "that if the testimony now before me had been before Justice Hughes and Attorney General Gregory they would not have reached the conclusion they did.

"Lieutenant Vrooman was in charge of the inspection of propeller lumber, including mahogany. The S. B. Vrooman Company, in which he was financially interested, was one of the companies which furnished such lumber to the Government. It was not claimed that he actually inspected any of the lumber furnished by that company. He did, however, select inspectors, or, at least, the managers of the district offices, who, in turn, selected the inspectors.

"Judge Hughes reported that, because those who did the actual inspection at the Vrooman plant, as well as others, were responsible to him for the efficiency of the inspection, he was the agent of the Government directly responsible for the proper inspection of the mahogany delivered by the S. B. Vrooman Company to the Government, and that acting in the capacity he violated the law. Attorney General Gregory, in transmitting Judge Hughes' report to the President, concurred in this conclusion.

"It appears, however, that Lieutenant Vrooman, after the publication of the report, claimed that neither he nor the men under him were responsible for the inspection at the Vrooman plant. He had testified that all the lumber furnished by this company was furnished under contracts originally made with the British Government and taken over by our Government, and that the inspection was under the original British contracts and not under aircraft specifications.

"His claim was that he meant to say that inspection was not only under different specifications, but that it was itself made not by the organization of which he was in charge, but by Inspectors of the National Hardwood Lumber Association, over which he had no jurisdiction. This evidently was not what either Judge Hughes or Attorney General Gregory understood from the statements made.

"After Lieutenant Vrooman made his complaint, Attorney General Gregory ordered a further investigation to be made to ascertain whether, in fact, either Lieutenant Vrooman or the men under him had any responsibility for the inspection at the Vrooman plant. This investigation, consisting of the taking of testimony of several witnesses under oath, was not completed in time for Attorney General Gregory to pass on the matter before retiring from office. It is now my duty to institute prosecution against Lieutenant Vrooman unless this additional investigation shows that the claim made by him after the publication of Judge Hughes's report is true.

"I have carefully examined the testimony on this point, and it leaves no doubt that the inspection of the lumber furnished by the Vrooman company to our Government under the British contracts was not made either by Lieutenant Vrooman or by the men under him. It was made by inspectors of the National Hardwood Lumber Association, who were entirely independent of him. The utmost that any man under him did was to receive the inspectors' reports and transmit them to authorities at Washington other than Lieutenant Vrooman.

"Under these circumstances, I am quite sure that if the testimony now before me had been before Judge Hughes and Attorney General Gregory they would not have reached the conclusion they did. The testimony entirely satisfies me that Lieutenant Vrooman was in no way responsible for the inspection at the Vrooman plant, and that he is not even technically guilty of having violated Section 41 of the Criminal Code. This completely vindicates him and there will be no prosecution.

BONAR LAW DEFENDS WILSON

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

but he will do all this with the one fixed object to open up connection with the allied countries and work for the overthrow of society in Western Europe and America.

Of course, Lenine will promise not to make propaganda in allied countries. He promised that to the Germans when he concluded the treaty of Brest-Litovsk, and all the hundreds of couriers who were sent to the Bolshevist envoy, Joffe, in Berlin carried with them literature and funds for revolutionary propaganda in Germany.

"Only open up connection and Lenine will take care of that, by all means, fair and foul. His ideas and his methods of action are known among the masses of Western Europe. Resumption of commercial operations and competition for concessions will raise the value of the Bolshevik ruble and make it a still more potent factor in the creation of the Bolshevist organization throughout the world.

"We hear, too, promises to abstain from militarism and aggression and to respect the principle of self-determination. We have heard that before. It is costly and burdensome to maintain an army, and if the opportunity is given to Lenine to promote insurrections, he would naturally prefer that course. As to self-determination, the various nationalities of Russia know by hard experience what the elusive word means in the mouth of Lenine.

"It is necessary at this time of day to demonstrate that no honorable men can have any dealings with the Bolsheviki, or are those who still occupy the position of leaders of Europe preparing to declare their bankruptcy? That is what it really comes to if negotiations are to begin with the Bolsheviki. That means that the gates will be opened to Bolshevist influences all over Europe, and Lenine, making concessions now, does so with the calculation that by so doing he will be in a position in a measurable time to overthrow the capitalists and concessionaires the world over and to establish universal Bolshevism. And he will turn to the Russian people and say:

"'You thought the Allies would come and help you. They talked of honor and liberty, but see, I have bought them off by giving them what they really want.'

"What protestations can we make to the Russian people, then?

"Bolshevism could have been made harmless months ago if we had set our mind to it. Months are passing and every day we are paying bigger penalties for our own inaction. The Prinkipo scheme was worth a score of victories to the Bolsheviki. Any further enterprise of the kind will bring the Peace Conference within sight of a catastrophe.

"The new world of liberty is being stifled by the twin forces of Bolshevism and reaction. Day by day we are alienating those Russians who believed in our truth and our honor. The Bolsheviki have depraved and demoralized the Russian masses. Suffering and repentant, they turn to us for help. Shall we cynically surrender them to the powers of evil and with our own hands complete their degradation?

"There is only one way to act. Feed Europe, organize Europe quickly, and our task is easy if it is undertaken with all material support to the opponents of Bolshevism and with an absolutely united front against Lenine and his allies—that is the beginning of deliverance."

LEVIATHAN ARRIVES WITH RECORD LOAD

Huge Transport Brings 12,287 Troops, Making 14,426 Persons with Crew.

MAKES TRIP IN 7 DAYS

Troops Suffer No Discomfort on Crowded Liner, but Get Only Two Meals a Day.

Out of the record number of troops arriving yesterday from France on six transports, 18,735, the floating city, Leviathan, as she is called in the service, had 12,287 on board. This added to the 2,142 officers and men of the crew totaled 14,426 persons, which is the largest number of persons ever carried on one ship.

To cater for this multitude required the services of 120 navy cooks and bakers, assisted by 200 army cooks, who had to work in watches day and night for the entire voyage from Brest to New York. The galley fires were never extinguished.

In one day the 14,426 persons on the Leviathan eat 35,000 eggs, 6,000 pounds of butter, 10,000 pounds of flour, 8,000 pies, 10,000 pounds of apples, 14,500 pounds of pork, 10,000 pounds of potatoes, 300 pounds of lard for making bread, 3,000 pounds of sugar, 1,000 pounds of coffee, and other items of food, such as 300 pounds of salt, 30 pounds of pepper, and 25 pounds of mustard and 1,000 cans of condensed milk. The soldiers, except those who were detailed for duty on the voyage, had two meals a day; breakfast from 8 A. M. and supper from 4 P. M. Eleven hundred men filed into the main mess hall on the F deck at once, and after helping themselves to the dishes as they passed along, they stood at long tables and ate their food with such rapidity that the entire complement of 12,287 were fed in one hour and twenty minutes, and in one day it was accomplished in one hour and sixteen minutes.

Officers and men of the army said they had nothing to complain of yesterday when they arrived at Pier 4, Hoboken. The Leviathan was kept clean, and there was plenty of ventilation during the voyage, which only lasted seven days.

The great transport would have carried 600 more troops this voyage but for a cable dispatch which was received from the War Department directing that no troops should be placed in the standee berths outside on C deck which had been specially rigged up for the purpose.

No reason was assigned for the order, but it was assumed by the officers of the ship that the military authorities did not wish to encroach on the deck space which the soldiers use for exercise during the day, but they had forgotten, apparently, that the berths folded up and required very little space.

Health Reported Good.

The naval surgeons said the health of the men had been very good and there had been only one death, that of a private, who was brought on board at Brest in the last stage of tuberculosis. The wards, where 1,153 sick and wounded from various divisions were accommodated, were well ventilated, and there were only 150 stretcher cases among them.

Brig. Gen. W. C. Rivers, the commanding officer of the troops, who was also the commander of the 160th Field Artillery on the transport, made a thorough tour of inspection during the voyage, and in his report he expressed satisfaction with the accommodations, but recommended that the number of troops on the Leviathan should not be increased, and this was confirmed by the naval officials at Hoboken.

The greater part of the troops on the Leviathan consisted of the 85th Division, mostly men from Michigan and Wisconsin, who had not been in action as a division, but many of them had served as replacement troops with other units.

The mammoth transport also made another record by bringing two complete regiments of infantry, the 340th Infantry, 62 officers and 3,924 men, and the 338th Infantry, 72 officers and 4,083 men. It also brought the 329th Field Artillery, 55 officers and 1,440 men, and a battalion of the 337th Infantry, 16 officers and 822 men.

320 Military Police.

To keep proper discipline on the floating city there were 320 military police, under the command of Lieut. Col. G. M. Buttle, of one of the Michigan regiments, who said the troops did not give him any trouble. Each company had its allotted deck space and the entire 12,284 on board could be up getting fresh air at once.

Captain W. W. Phelps, the commander of the Leviathan for the last five voyages, and before that eight voyages on the transport Great Northern, will be relieved this time, and after his leave he will be detailed for shore duty.

One of the casual officers on the Leviathan was Lieut. Col. Robert L. Bacon, who has been abroad for seventeen months. He was first attached to General Pershing's staff as liaison officer with the French General Staff, and was later made chief of the military mission which went to Marshal Sir Douglas Haig's headquarters. Lieut. Col. Bacon said that he saw a good deal of the 27th, 42d and 77th Divisions in action, and the men fought excellently.

It was a thrilling spectacle when the khaki-clad men poured forth from the Leviathan at 12:30 P. M. by four gangways onto Pier 4 in Hoboken. They looked like bees swarming from a gigantic hive, they came so fast. The ship was emptied in an hour.

About 10,500 of the 85th Division had not been into action. They were trained at Camp Custer, Mich., and reached France early last August, and were commanded by Major Gen. Joseph Dickman, now in command of the Army of Occupation. The 339th Infantry of the 85th Division is the only American unit still fighting in Europe. This is a part of the allied forces in Northern Russia warring against the Bolsheviki. Albert E. Sweeper, Governor of Michigan, and a large number of delegates from the Michigan organization of the Red Cross went down the bay on the department boat Correction to greet their home troops.

Wounded of 69th Aboard.

There were 190 wounded and sick men of the 165th Regiment, the old 69th New York, aboard. These are going to Camp Upton. Many of them were decorated for their fighting at Château-Thierry, St. Mihiel, and the Argonne.

The Orizaba brought 3,301 troops, which included 396 convalescent men and several units of the 91st Division under the command of Brig. Gen. John T. McDonald, a veteran army officer.

The Henderson was another transport to arrive. She brought 1,527 troops, including 1,121 sick and wounded. The Libertor had 1,259 troops, among whom were the Headquarters and 3d Battalion of the 363d Regiment of Infantry from San Francisco. The transport Philippines had 250 casuals, who were landed late in the afternoon.

The supply ship Culgoa, which was delayed five days through engine trouble, also docked. She had three officers and 111 enlisted men, casuals, on board.

RAINBOW COMING FIRST.

Entire Division Will Probably Reach Home Before 77th Starts.

Official records of scheduled sailings of troops from France maintained at the Port of Embarkation in Hoboken discloses that the entire Rainbow Division probably will be at home before the 77th Division begins its homeward trip, it was said there yesterday. According to the officers, the 77th Division is not scheduled to leave Brest until April 24. The movement of the Rainbow, from interior France to Brest already has begun, the officers said. Before the week is out all the units will be in camp at the French seaport.

In commenting upon the report that the 165th Infantry, the former 69th New York Infantry, had sailed from Brest on March 29, officers said that the records indicated that only part of the famous regiment had gotten away, probably the 1st Battalion. The remainder will embark some time this month. The advance contingent, it was said, should arrive at New York on April 9 and 10.

SAYS JAPAN MUST JOIN AS EQUAL

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

While we feel very keenly on this point, our precise position must not be misunderstood nor misrepresented.

ANSELL'S LETTER ARRAIGNS BAKER

Holds Secretary Responsible for "Gross, Terrible Injustice" in Courts-Martial.

FULL TEXT OF THE LETTER

Was Sent to Secretary and Returned to Writer—Accuses Crowder of Insincerity.

WANTS AN INVESTIGATION

But, Fearing Unfairness, Will Not Submit to Inquiry by Inspector General.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The full text of the suppressed letter of Lieut. Col. Samuel T. Ansell, former Acting Judge Advocate General of the Army, in rejoinder to Major Gen. Enoch Crowder's defense of the army court-martial system, came into the possession of THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today.

This is the letter which Secretary of War Baker refused to make public after he had been twice asked to do so in telegrams sent to him by Senator George E. Chamberlain of Oregon, Chairman of the Senate Military Committee. Senator Chamberlain said to Secretary Baker that "common fairness and justice" to Lieut. Col. Ansell required the release of his letter for publication, "not at a late date, but immediately, when the public mind is fresh with the subject and is desirous of receiving it," and characterized it as "a complete answer to the published defense of the present court-martial system." Secretary Baker did not publish the letter, but returned it to Lieut. Col. Ansell last Friday with the statement that it was "not helpful" and that "any suggestion he wants to make he can make either through military channels or directly to me as he may elect."

Colonel Ansell has long been waging a fight against what he declares to be the injustices of the present army court-martial system, and in his letter he says that "if responsibility for such maladministration as has existed in this office is to be located, it must be located first upon the Secretary of War." He also says that when he accused General Crowder of a change of attitude General Crowder explained it by saying:

"Ansell, I had to go back on you. I am sorry, but it was necessary to do it in order to save my official reputation."

After that, the letter asserts, Secretary Baker and General Crowder met at the Army and Navy Club in Washington and Crowder was "upbraided" by Secretary Baker, following which, according to Lieut. Col. Ansell, General Crowder said that, humiliated by such imputation, he went back to the Provost Marshal General's office, consulted some of his friends, and decided it was necessary for his self-protection to oppose the Ansell opinion.

"It is obvious," says the Ansell letter, "General Crowder committed himself to the opposing view, a view which he has ever thereafter maintained, out of a mistaken notion of the necessity for self-protection and a desire to soothe his wounded pride."

The full text of Colonel Ansell's letter, which, it should be said, was not given out by him, follows:

Text of Ansell's Letter.

"Washington, D. C., March 11, 1919.

"Executive.

"Ansell—H. E. W.

"The Honorable the Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.:

"Sir: The press yesterday morning carried statements made by you and by General Crowder, Judge Advocate General of the Army, in defense of the criticisms now being made against the existing system of military justice and the departmental methods of administering it. A representative of the press has just supplied me with an authorized statement. It is dated March 8, marked for release for the morning newspapers of Monday, March 10, and consists of a letter under date of March 1, signed by the Secretary of War but evidently prepared in the office of the Judge Advocate General, in which the Judge Advocate General is requested to respond with a statement 'which will permit ready perusal by the intelligent men and women who are so deeply interested in this subject.'

"The letter of the Secretary is one voicing general support of the system, a declaration of his faith in the justice of the system and of confidence in the Judge Advocate General and in condemnation of my own attitude and views with respect to that momentous subject. The statement of the Judge Advocate General is one that speaks in warm support of the system and in justification of his own responsibility for it, and in considerable part consists of severe personal criticism and accusation of me because of my efforts, in the face of his opposition, to modify the existing system so that a fair meed of justice to our enlisted men might be assured.

"The letter of the Secretary was designed as a vehicle for placing before the public General Crowder's statement in reply, which contains imputations upon my personal and official conduct which in justice and honor I cannot permit to go unchallenged. Since the Secretary himself chose this means to give to the public a bitter attack on me, it is but common fairness and justice, and I, therefore, accordingly request, that the same office should give to the public this statement of mine, which is designed to show the same intelligent men and women, the only forum now left to me, the character of the issues made by those who are opposed to me and my views, the extent to which they go and the methods which they employ to support and maintain a system which well-advised opinion pronounces bad and which those most familiar with it know has necessarily and inevitably led to injustice in the army.

Secretary Inadequately Informed.

"The Secretary of War says: 'My own acquaintance with the course of military justice, (gathered, as it is, from the large number of cases which in the regular routine come to me for final action,) convinces me that the conditions implied by these recent complaints do not exist and have not existed.'

"This is the Secretary of War's opinion. It is based upon inadequate evidence, very limited observation and the statements of biased witnesses. It is enough to say that, under the existing system, the Secretary of War sees and takes action only upon that relatively insignificant number of cases which are required under existing law to go to the President for confirmation. These few cases consist, for the most part, of sentences of dismissal of commissioned officers. These are not the class of cases in which appears the injustice of which I complain.

"The court-martial system is such, and the regard for rank in the army is such that a commissioned officer appears before a court-martial to far better advantage than does a private soldier. The Secretary of War believes that conditions of injustice do not exist. When he denied this department the revisory power over all courts-martial cases, he denied himself the opportunity to keep in touch with the administration of justice throughout the Army, and he speaks from the knowledge obtained from only a part of the cases of commissioned officers tried, and from those alone who are interested in supporting the existing system.

"I say the system does not do justice. It does injustice—gross, terrible, spirit-crushing injustice. Evidence of it is on every hand to those who will but see. The records of this office reek with it. The organization of the clemency board now sitting daily and daily recommending clemency in a hundred cases is a confession of it. Clemency, however, can never efface the injustice done. In my judgment, the army will never hold the place it ought to hold in the faith and affections of our people until the machinery for doing military justice be humanized.

Official Inconsistencies.

"The statement of the Judge Advocate General is a dexterous effort to divert public attention from the system of injustice, which he defends and the paternity of which he proudly proclaims, to mere personal differences which are not, or must soon cease to be, of public moment. When in so far as it is necessary for his purpose for him to do so, he discusses the system, he becomes involved in inextricable confusion and patent inconsistencies.

In one and the same breath he declares the system unusually excellent and then complains that Congress has failed to impose upon and above it a needed organ empowered to subject it to legal control; he declares that the military law can best be administered in the field and with virtual finality, and yet he now admits that the system would be much improved by the establishment of a departmental appellate power; he contends that courts-martial should be subject, not to legal control, but only to the power of military command, but at the same time objects to assuming the responsibility for the outrageously excessive sentences awarded when courts and commanding officers go wrong without legal restraint; he admits that our soldiery must be hurriedly drawn from civilian life and from the liberal operations of the civil code, but assumes that for such reason the military code must be the more concentratedly applied; he argues that, since the soldier must on occasion yield up his life on the battlefield, he should not be heard to complain if it be taken away by these 'courts of chivalry and honor,' applying not the modern rules of right, but the mediaeval principles that governed overlord and armed retainer; he says that the officers who sit in judgment upon the private soldiery cannot be considered military beings, since the civilian clothes they doffed are not yet out of style, but in the next paragraph asserts that they are steeped in military appreciations and are more competent in their place to do justice than am I, denominated a humane critic, inexperienced in military requirements; disagreeing with the Secretary of War, who asserted the contrary, he says that my briefs were not addressed primarily to the desirability of the power of departmental review, but to the question whether such power had actually been granted, and then elsewhere he accuses me of endeavoring to meet the exigent necessity of review by an earnest plea based on expediency, rather than a reason, of the language of the statute.

Misstatement of Issue.

"He misstates the issue by asserting that, according to my views, General Pershing in the battle of the Argonne could not have subjected one of his men to court-martial without the concurrence of his Judge Advocate, whereas such a question is clearly not involved; all that is involved—and that much is fundamentally involved—is that the charges should not be ordered to trial until the Judge Advocate could say that as a matter of law the charges sufficiently allege an offense known to the law, and that there is reasonable ground to believe they can be sustained.

"The issue is whether the convening authority, the court and the officer ordering the execution shall be a law unto themselves, or whether they shall be restrained by and required to keep within the limits prescribed by established principles of law; whether military justice shall be governed by the power of military command or whether it shall be the result of the application of legal principles.

"Asserting at one moment that there is but a small margin of controversy between us, he concedes at the next that we are separated by a world-wide gulf of principles. He insists that courts-martial shall be subjected from beginning to end to the power of military command, and I declare that military justice can never be done with assurance unless they be made responsible to applied principles of law alone, and answerable to no commander.

"In his statement, the Judge Advocate General recognizes some deficiencies to which he has been peculiarly blind ever before, and concurs, verbally at least, in remedies which he has ever hitherto opposed. He says that I contend that the great fault with the system is to be found in the lack of departmental power to review courts-martial proceedings and to modify or reverse unlawful judgments. I have ever contended that this was one great fault, but not the only one.

"Up to that one fault, he now says that he agrees with me and that there is no controversy about it. When did he become of that mind? In November, 1917, he went out of his way to reverse the opinion rendered by this office, and insisted upon misconstruing out of existing law that very power which this office had fairly found there; in doing so, he not only denied that the power was to be found in existing law, but contended there was nothing wrong with the absence of such a power, and also not only that there was not, but, in effect, that there ought not be in this department any such power of review. He has constantly voiced that view and acted accordingly.

Justice and Discipline.

"In his instant statement he argues that a commanding officer, in subjecting his men to court-martial, should suffer no legal restraint, and argues as a practicality that such legal restraint would work the destruction of all discipline. In his instant statement he contends that the purpose of the army is not to maintain justice, but to procure victory, as though the one can be achieved only at the sacrifice of the other! I say that there can be no discipline in an army without justice, and that the efficiency of our arms will ever be dependent upon the sense of our soldiery that they can expect justice.

"The Judge Advocate General says that he was so much in favor of establishing an appellate power over these unjust judgments that in January, 1918, he submitted a draft of legislation for that purpose, which the Committee of Congress permitted to die. It would be well for those who are interested to look up that bill. It is well that that bill was not taken seriously. That bill woud have virtually put this appellate power, not in the hands of the President, but in the hands of the Chief of Staff, the highest military official, whose every instinct and element of training is ultra-military, an official who cannot be actuated by the more lenient views which characterize those familiar with legal principles or skilled in the administration of justice. It would have authorized the setting aside of an acquittal, the changing of a finding of innocence to one of guilt, and the substitution of a heavier penalty for a lighter one awarded by a court. All this is consonant with the prevailing tendency of military practice.

"But did the Judge Advocate General make a bona fide effort toward the establishment of such an appellate power? Not only did he go out of his way to misconstrue that power out of the existing statutes; not only did he voice the view that the military code was one that could be most fittingly administered in the field, but there is another evidentiary circumstance that brings to my mind the absolute conviction that his efforts were not in good faith, and were simply designed to allay public apprehension and inquiry.

To Head Off Investigation.

"Shortly after he submitted this legislation to the committee of Congress he took occasion to address a letter to the senior officer of the Judge Advocate General's Department in France, in which he said, with reference to an administrative palliative which he had adopted as a remedy that it was necessary to do something to head off a threatened Congressional investigation, to silence criticism and to prevent talk about establishment of courts of appeal, and to make it appear to the soldier that he did get some kind of revision of his proceedings other than the revision at field headquarters. It is significant also that his interest was not such as to produce subsequent effort to secure the enactment of this legislation.

"It may well be that, now the constraint is removed which seemed to him to oblige him to take an opposite course, the Judge Advocate General reverts to his first view, which he on one occasion expressed as one of honest intellectual approval of the effort that our officers were making to establish such an appellate power in this department. That effort was made near the beginning of the war, in the latter days of October, 1917, and, with the concurrence of every officer serving at that time in this department, was reduced, out of 1109 Revised Statutes, that power. The views of this office were embodied in an office opinion to the Secretary of War, dated Nov. 10, 1917. It is of this opinion that General Crowder, in his statement, says: 'Indeed, the first time I was advised of such a view was in November, 1917, on the occasion of his presenting to you—not through me, and entirely without consulting me—the first of the elaborate briefs of which so much has been made.'

"And it is this same brief that he later refers to in the statement as one 'urging a revolution in the military system and his circulation of a document of such grave consequences among every officer in my office, without giving me the slightest information of his efforts.'

"The statements are at variance with the facts. When I came to be the head of this office, in the latter days of August, 1917, General Crowder, at that time doubtless placing in me the utmost confidence, came to me and said that he never intended to return to this office again, that he had always aspired to a line command, and that he intended to use his office of Provost Marshal General in the raising of this new army to secure for himself a field command. He told me to manage the office in my own way and without further reference to him.

"I particularly asked whether I should consult him upon matters of general policy, and especially upon appointments, of which many would have to be made. He said 'No,' but added, 'If I should wish the appointment of any particular Judge Advocate for my special purposes I will let you know.'

Had Crowder's Approval.

"The story and preparation for the opinion and obtaining the revisory power were participated in by all the officers, covered a period of two or three weeks and required many officers' conferences. One day, while I was at one of the conferences, General Crowder appeared in the adjacent room and took up with me some matter of common interest. I took that occasion to tell him what the office was then engaged upon and the subject of the conference in the next room. I explained to him the necessity of discovering some means for correcting the grave injustice done to a large number of non-commissioned officers who had been very unjustly tried and convicted in Texas, the record of which trial had just reached the office.

"I told him my view that with the new army it was absolutely essential to establish some such revisory power and that I was delighted to find that the office was about to agree unanimously that Section 1199 Revised Statutes was designed for that very purpose. His reply to me, in words that are impressed upon my memory, was: 'I approve heartily of your effort. Go ahead and put it over. I suspect, however, that you may find some difficulty with the military men arising out of Article 37.'

"He then adverted to the fact that he himself had drafted and had had enacted that particular article, and added that, of course, it was never designed to prevent any such power. I then returned to the conference and announced to my associates that General Crowder had spoken with approval of our course. Under my instructions I did not have to consult with him, and did so only because it was convenient and appropriate for me to do so on this occasion.

"I knew of no change of attitude until, shortly thereafter, I was advised in the department that he was preparing a brief in opposition to the office view, and two or three days thereafter he resumed charge of the office and filed the brief. When I found this to be so I went to General Crowder and accosted him about his change of attitude. In explanation thereof he said: 'Ansell, I had to go back on you. I am sorry, but it was necessary to do it in order to save my official reputation.'

Upbraided by Baker.

"He then added that he was nearing the end of his service, that he could not afford to be held responsible for the injustice that had gone on, if the existing law could have been construed to prevent it. He further adverted to the fact that fixing such a responsibility upon him would injure his career in this war.

"Upon my having told him that I was unable to see how he was responsible for a practice that had continued for nearly forty years, he went on to say that the Secretary of War held him personally responsible, that the Secretary of War had given him at the Army and Navy Club shortly after I had filed the opinion and had 'upbraided' him for sitting by during the time that he had been Judge Advocate General and permitting this injustice to go uncorrected, that the Secretary had particularly asked him how long he had been Judge Advocate General and charged him with his failure to seek a remedy for the situation which I had presented.

"General Crowder then said that, humiliated by such imputation, he had gone back to the Provost Marshal General's office, had consulted some of his friends there, and had decided that it was necessary for his self-protection to oppose the opinion this office had written and the effort it had made to establish this power, and that two of the officers there had helped him to prepare the counter-memorandum.

"It is obvious that General Crowder committed himself to the opposing view, a view which he has ever thereafter maintained, out of a mistaken notion of the necessity of self-protection and a desire to soothe his wounded pride.

"General Crowder further says that the order appointing me Acting Judge Advocate General and subsequently revoked had never been published, but was obtained by me from the Chief of Staff without consulting the Secretary of War, and without his knowledge. With respect to this order he says:

"'General Ansell asked me in a formal written memorandum to help him secure an order appointing him Acting Judge Advocate General in charge of my functions. I did not wish to be relieved, but did not wish to embarrass you. I therefore replied in writing that he could take the matter up directly with the Secretary of War in his own way. He did not take the matter up with the Secretary of War in his own way. He did with the Acting Chief of Staff, with the remark that I concurred. Upon this showing the Chief of Staff marked the draft of an order that General Ansell had prepared, for suspended publication. By accident I learned of this order.'

How the Order Was Obtained.

"This statement reproduces a story far different from what actually occurred. The facts are these: Colonel White, the executive officer of the department, called my attention to the fact that I was directing the policy of the office and exercising sole power, but had never been designated to do so under Section 1,132, Revised Statutes, and that for my protection I should place the matter before the department and suggest that I be designated in accordance with the statute. I told him that I ought to confer with General Crowder, called up his office on the telephone and found that he was out, and then wrote a memorandum, the purpose of which was not to help me secure an order for my own benefit but to present an official situation to him as it had been presented to me. I recommended for purely official reasons that such an order should issue, and asked whether or not he concurred. He replied by memorandum, saying: 'It would be entirely agreeable to me to have you take up directly and in your own way with the Secretary of War the subject matter of your letter of yesterday.'

"It never occurred to me that this language was not other than frank and candid and that his agreement was conditioned upon personal presentation to the Secretary of War. I took it up as I took up all other official business, except when the Secretary of War had manifested a desire for personal conference; that is, I filed a memorandum with the Chief of Staff, in which I used the language of General Crowder, and in due course I was furnished with a typewritten copy of the order signed by the Chief of Staff, by order of the Secretary of War. I know nothing about any mark on the order for suspended publication, nor do I know what the term means. I only know that I got the usual typewritten copy of the order. I saw nobody, not a person on the subject. Everything was done officially and by written memorandum.

"Surely General Crowder will not now deny that he concurred in the step taken, namely, that I should be designated by order to control the policy of the office, since I was responsible for all the work, and he cannot deny that in such matters the Chief of Staff acts for the Secretary of War and that regulations require that normal transaction of business be through him.

"A reference to the order itself will show that it is not in the form in which I recommended it, but that it proceeds to confirm the verbal directions which I assumed the Secretary of War had previously given. The language of the order is this:

"'By direction of the President, and in accordance with Section 32 of the Revised Statutes, the verbal orders of the Secretary of War of the date of Aug. 11, 1917, designating Brig. Gen. Samuel T. Ansell, Judge Advocate, National Army, as acting Judge Advocate General of the Army are hereby confirmed and made of record, and he will continue to take charge of the office and perform the duties of the Judge Advocate General of the Army until further orders and during the absence of the chief of that bureau upon other duty.'

Relief of Ansell From Duty.

"General Crowder says nothing is further from the truth than that I was relieved from duty in connection with the administration of military justice when I filed the original brief. He surely cannot mean this. He returned at that time, took over the duties of the office, and sent all matters to my desk for my views and supervision before presentation to him, except matters affecting military justice. He established for the officer in charge of that division of work a direct relation and channel of intercourse, whereby the work of the Division of Military Justice was not subjected to my supervision or to that of Colonel Mayes, my immediate assistant.

"Both Colonel Mayes and I believed that this method of office administration of military justice was bad, and on April 15, just before sailing from France, having been invited by General Crowder to express my views upon the management of the office, I frankly told him so. The fact is, from the middle of November until the 19th day of April, when I left for Europe, I had nothing to do with the administration of military justice, and, of course, nothing to do with it until after my return.

"I have not shared the view that the Department had done all it could under existing law. I so organized this office as to achieve what I believed the law the Department has contrued it, and in spite of the departmental practice and orders. I have at all times insisted upon the location of revisory power in this Department, and I have said, and said in the beginning, that, while I prefer that power be located in the highest law office of the army, I was content to have it located in this Department somewhere. This was not done.

"From the time of General Crowder's return to the office in November, 1917, to the time I left for Europe in April, 1918, I urged in several memoranda the necessity of closer supervision of court-martial procedure. I filed a report upon returning from Europe that indicated my mind, what I once said to the Secretary of War, that the enlisted man in our army receives less protection before a court-martial than an enlisted man in any other army with which we were associated.

"I organized two boards of review in this office, but they were limited by orders of the War Department to giving advice. I instructed the reviewing officers of this department themselves to submit cases to clemency upon their initiative, notwithstanding the fact that by general orders of the War Department my department was limited to advising simply upon the question of legality, and clemency consideration could be had only upon application, and application could be had once in six months.

Secretary of War Responsible.

"If responsibility for such maladministration as has existed in this office is to be located, it must be located first upon the Secretary of War. He specially instructed me in November that no matters of particular importance, no matter concerning the policies of the office, and no matters concerning appointments should be dealt with by me except with the aproval of the Judge Advocate General himself.

"The difficulties of administration have been due to the fact that I have been in fact responsible for the output, but have had no authority of direction of choice of help and means. That autnority was reserved for General Crowder, who had but little time and attention for this office. He knew little or nothing about the administration of this office during this war and was entirely absorbed and consumed in his other duties. Though charged by the Secretary of War with the policies of this office, he was at the same time the Provost Marshal General, Member of the War Council, and, as it was termed in the department for a while, Legislative Liaison Officer. It was impossible for one man to be both Provost Marshal General, Judge Advocate General of the Army and War Councilor and do his duty by either place, and this I clearly showed him when, in November, 1917, I asked for the issuance of an order under Section 1132, designating me, the senior officer in the office, as in charge of the policies of this office.

"It was a case in which General Crowder desired, and the Secretary of War permitted him, to assume more duties, duties that were in no sense related, than a man of greater capacity than General Crowder could carry. This was bad administration; operated to the great injury of this department. It proved an insuperable obstacle.

"General Crowder takes credit that the existing Clemency Board, upon which I am still held as the President, was established by him upon his return to this office, as though he discovered the situation necessitating it. As a matter of fact, that board came about from a report that I filed with the Secretary of War during General Crowder's absence—a report showing that the situation was fast growing intolerable, due to the more strenuous efforts that were being made to maintain a cetrain rigid standard of discipline after the signing of the armistice.

"I was charged with being a new convert to these views and that during the revision of the articles of war and before I contributed no constructive ideas. The views I now hold I have held since my cadet days. I held them and expressed them throughout my seven years of instructorship at West Point. I held them and practiced them, so far as able, in my company, as those who served with me would testify.

"In 1906, in the celebrated case of Grafton against the United States, then pending in the Supreme Court, Grafton, the soldier appellant, having no money for the employment of counsel, I asked the permission of the War Department to represent him as counsel, inasmuch as I desired to establish in that case, what I think the court did establish, that courts-martial are subject to the great principles of the bill of rights.

Always for Liberalization.

"General Crowder himself must remember my correspondence with him in 1911, in which I expressed the opinion that the revision proposed by him was not sufficiently liberal, and he must remember, also, and, if he does not, others will, that, upon the few occasions when I had an opportunity on evenings to assist in the revision of the Manual, I always insisted upon a liberalization.

"I recall one instance well. The old rule of the Manual was that the court, upon sustaining a plea in bar of trial, would submit their ruling to the convening authority and take his orders thereon, and I contended that the court should not be thus interfered with, and that a court, upon a final sustaining of a plea in bar of trial, should not be ordered to proceed, but that their judgment should dispose of the proceeding and operate like an acquittal as against double jeopardy, and this view after much resistance was but partially adopted in the present Manual.

"It ought to be said, however, that at no time until I came to the command of the office, were courts-martial matters a part of my duty. I was assigned to an entirely different and unrelated class of work.

"I think a comparison of the military code in its present form with the form in which it existed prior to 1916 will show that the so-called amendment of the code, for which General Crowder claims great credit, introduced not one single systematic change and not one single liberal feature, but, on the other hand, imported more of the old idea that a court-martial is a court of chivalry and honor, not governed by ordinary rules of law.

"General Crowder says that all the facts concerning this subject are now to be ascertained upon the investigation by the Inspector General. I have already notified the Inspector General that I would take no part in that investigation unless compelled to, for the reason that such matter is entirely beyond his jurisdiction, and for the further reason that he himself is absolutely disqualified. It was of him and his office that I spoke when I said in my brief to the Secretary of War, in November, 1917, that the views of the Inspector General of the Army, together with those of others of your military advisers, are reactionary and savor of professional absolutism. I stand upon one side of this question and he stands upon the other, and thus we have stood since the beginning. I will submit to no such unfair, partial, and unjust investigation and I have so expressed myself to him in a communication of the 10th instant, which is as follows:

Sent to Inspector General.

"'1. You state no specific controversy or issue which you are to investigate or to which I could intelligently address a statement, if I deemed it advisable so to do.

"'2. If, as seems to be the case, the investigation has to do with my statement before the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, that statement, for which of course I am responsible, speaks for itself.

"'3. Above all, however, it is my judgment that an adequate and helpful investigation of the existing system of military justice and the administration of it during this war falls beyond your province. That subject, my attitude toward it, and my connection with it, are not, when fairly considered, particular incidents to which your special capacity of inquiry can be properly applied; they are extra-departmental; they involve fundamental and general considerations of law and justice, the scope of which cannot justly be confined to the War Department or any bureau of it, and which are entirely beyond your legal competency.

"'4. Besides, whatever of controversy has arisen upon these fundamental considerations, concerning which I have given expression to my views, directly involves the Secretary of War, whose subordinate you are. Even more directly involves you and your office as well. I beg to remind you what the record will show that, in my original endeavor, made near the beginning of the war, to subject courts-martial to departmental supervision and control, the Secretary of War, the Judge Advocate General of the Army and War Councilor and the Judge Advocate General and the Inspector General opposed. I had occasion then, in a brief filed with the Secretary of War and read into my recent statement before the committee, to comment upon the views of these military officers and of the Secretary of War and to pronounce them professional absolutists upon this question of military justice. They and you stood upon the one side of this so-called controversy and I upon the other. I cannot, therefore, but regard you and your office as disqualified to make a full, fair and impartial investigation.

"'5. Knowing nothing specific of the subject, scope, and purpose of your investigation and excepting, as I do and for the reasons given, to your jurisdictional competency and likewise to your fair qualifications, to make such an investigation as that which you contemplate, affecting me, I am inclined to have nought to do with it, voluntarily.'

"Of course, this subject ought to be investigated. The part that the Secretary of War has played in it ought to be investigated. The part that the Judge Advocate General has played should be investigated, and I myself do not ask to be excused from such an investigation, but, on the other hand, I welcome any fair and impartial and helpful investigation, but because an investigation, to be helpful and impartial must come from without the War Department.

"There is a great principle in the issue here, and I have preferred that the discussion be confined to a discussion of principle, but it is obvious to me now that I am under attack because I stood for a principle, because I opposed the existing system, and because I have expressed my opinion of it, that it is unjust, un-American, and ought to be destroyed.

"S. T. ANSELL."

CLEMENCY TO ARMY SLAYERS.

In One Case Gen. Pershing Saved Soldier from Hanging.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Approval by President Wilson of the life imprisonment sentences imposed upon Corporal James C. Skiles, 321st Machine Gun Battalion, of Carthage, Mo., who was convicted of having killed Sergeant George Onken of Minonk, Ill., at Trondes, France, Aug. 10, 1918, was announced by the War Department today.

Another case of a member of the American Expeditionary Force being murdered by a comrade was made public today, when the War Department published the court-martial proceedings in the case of Anthony Dvoretcki, 5th Field Artillery Brigade, who was convicted of having killed Sergeant A. C. Bradley of the same organization at Camp Du Valdahon, France, July 28, 1918. The man was sentenced to be hanged, but General Pershing refused to approve the extreme penalty because the evidence showed that Dvoretcki's mind was in an abnormal state as a result of dissipation.

"A better administration of the accused's organization," said General Pershing's indorsement, "would have resulted in his restraint at such a time as would have prevented the crime."

Private Jeremiah Reese, 413th Reserve Labor Battalion, was convicted of having stabbed Second Lieutenant Austin Weedin at Camp Dix, N. J., Sept. 13, 1918. He also was sentenced to be hanged, but President Wilson ordered the sentence commuted to confinement at hard labor for twenty years.

In the case of Private Granville M. Reynolds, 51st Infantry, convicted of having been found asleep on his post in the face of the enemy, President Wilson remitted the death sentence on the ground that the soldier was not well at the time and had so reported to the officer of the guard. Reynolds did not desert his post, but was found "asleep, standing on his feet, his rifle in his hand."

WON'T RELEASE CARDINALE.

Habeas Corpus Writ for Witness in Baff Case Dismissed.

A writ of habeas corpus obtained in behalf of Antonio Cardinale, sent here as a prisoner-witness by the Italian Government to assist the prosecution in the trials of the conspirators implicated in the murder of Barnet Baff, was dismissed yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Cohalan, who sent Cardinale back to the Criminal Courts Building to continue as a witness in the investigation before Judge McIntyre to determine if perjury had been committed in the trial of Joseph Cohen, convicted as one of the slayers of Baff. Cardinale had refused to answer questions the day before, and when Judge McIntyre had warned him that the Grand Jury might be asked to indict the witness the latter's attorney, Walter R. Deuel, had applied for the writ.

It was charged by the prosecution that Cardinale was implicated in the Baff conspiracy, but he had fled to Italy and could not be extradited under the Italian law. On the ground that his knowledge of the conspiracy necessitated his presence here as a witness for the proper administration of justice the Italian Government consented to his return. But it was agreed that he was not to be prosecuted for any part he may have had in the crime, and when his testimony was concluded he was to be sent back to Italy. The writ was applied for on the ground that a threatened indictment would violate the agreement concerning the prisoner. When Cardinale resumed his testimony at the investigation he continued his refusal to answer certain questions on the ground that to do so would tend to incriminate him. Cardinale said he had known of the conspiracy to murder Baff a year before the poultry dealer at West Washington Market was shot to death.

"Who first spoke to you about killing Baff?" questioned Assistant District Attorney Pecora. Cardinale replied, "Joe Cohen." He was asked if he knew the gunmen. He admitted he had hired one of the gunmen three months previous to the murder, when a second assassin was hired, and he had talked with each of them, but again refused to give their names. He will be questioned again today.

CHAMBERLAIN AGAIN ATTACKS BAKER

Tells Natchez Audience Secretary Is Inefficient, but Disclaims Quarrel with Wilson.

CRITICISES COURTS-MARTIAL

Baker and Crowder Painted as Exponents of "Prussianized Militarism"—Attitude on League.

Special to The New York Times.

NATCHEZ, Miss., April 2.—In response to an invitation extended by Mayor W. G. Benbrook in behalf of citizens of Natchez, his native city, Senator George E. Chamberlain of Oregon delivered an address here tonight, in which he declared that his criticisms of the administration were intended to be constructive and had been justified by events.

He declared it was not true that he opposed a League of Nations, saying he held certain fundamental changes should be made in the draft. He said the Monroe Doctrine should be safeguarded and immigration regarded as purely a domestic question.

Senator Chamberlain declared he had no quarrel with President Wilson, that his quarrel was with Secretary of War Baker, who he termed, with the Chief of Staff and General Crowder, exponent of a "Prussianized military system."

"When the war came on I lost my politics and was an American citizen," said Mr. Chamberlain, "and if the time ever comes when I have to close my eyes to wrong through expediency, may God forgive me if I do not get out of public office. I could not have the blood of those men on my conscience, and so I placed my finger on those who were responsible for the delays.

"The Chief of Ordnance wasted six months trying to perfect the Lewis gun; the head of the Quartermaster Department practically surrendered his office, and there was a lack of heavy ordnance. We told the President about it, but he took the statement of the Secretary of War. Probably he was right in so doing, but the Secretary of War was wrong, and it was by no means the first time he was wrong. Our testimony came from men on the ground and who knew.

Defends New York Speech.

"I went up to New York and made a speech and told the truth, and I wish to say that I made no criticism of the President, but of conditions. I had no quarrel with the President; my quarrel was with the Secretary of War, and I am going to keep on quarreling with him so long as there is inefficiency. Nowhere can there be found a line except where I spoke in the highest terms of the President and his statesmanship and patriotism."

Touching on conditions in military hospitals, Senator Chamberlain told of a soldier suffering from cerebro-spinal meningitis, with no other attendant than a private soldier, who attempted to give the patient water by pouring it down his throat in a funnel, and of how the father of the boy, denied admission, had watched through the window and been compelled to witness the sufferings of his son. He said that the following morning the father again looked through the window, and, seeing no one, attempted to enter the room, but found the door obstructed by the body of his dead son.

Senator Chamberlain said this case had been brought to the attention of the Secretary of War and Mr. Baker had asked him for the names of those concerned, he had refused to give them until he knew that an inspector would be sent, instead of the matter being referred to those who had been responsible for it. The Senator added that an inspector, a distinguished army officer, had been sent and had found conditions exactly as had been represented.

"The President was not responsible, but there was inefficiency and there was no excuse for it," commented Mr. Chamberlain. He told of thirty soldiers, suffering from pneumonia, being compelled to wait in the snow until certain doctors finished playing a game of cards.

Senator Chamberlain declared that the report of General Pershing had confirmed the statement that there had been inefficiency; that there had been no American-built airplanes for use until August, 1918.

Discussing the problems of peace, Senator Chamberlain spoke of the soldiers in France and this country for whom places should be made in the industrial life of the country when they were mustered out of service, and of the duty of the Government to them. He said it had come to his knowledge that returning troops, who had fought heroically in the war, on arriving at certain debarkation camps, were loaded into dismantled cars, with the poorest kind of equipment, to be sent to the Pacific Coast. He declared that the trains were hardly fit for the commonest tramps and yet had been given to these heroes. He declared, that the soldiers were disgusted, and said that such occurrences made for Bolshevism.

Court-Martial Instances.

Speaking of the court-martial system, Senator Chamberlain declared that the "reactionary War Department" was against him, but the progressive, enlightened citizenship was with him in his fight against the system whereby young men were sent to prison for from six months to ninety-nine years. He said there were thousands of cases where the penalties had been too severe. One instance of a 17-year-old boy, who, he said, had the mind of a child, was given. This boy was absent from his post for two hours and was sentenced to a year's inprisonment. Acting on advice, he escaped, but was brought back. Every effort, said the Senator, was made to induce him to confess to assaulting an officer; on his refusal he received a sentence of five years.

Another instance of a Mississippi boy, about to go overseas, who skipped away to tell his mother good-bye and who received a sentence of twenty-five years was given and compared with an identically similar case where a sentence of ten years was imposed.

The court-martial system was characterized as a "reactionary Prussianized system" by Senator Chamberlain, who added that he had noted that Secretary Baker had recently said something of steps being taken to modify it.

"You have to kick some people into doing their duty," he declared.

Speaking on the League of Nations, Senator Chamberlain said that if the Japanese claims on emigration were recognized he would be compelled to vote against it, as would all other Western Senators. Expressing the greatest admiration for the Japanese, Senator Chamberlain said America could not afford to have such a question as this injected, for it would mean an Oriental invasion, not only of Japanese, but of Chinese.

RULING ON LUXURY TAX.

May Be Included in Selling Price, Says Commissioner Roper.

Jesse Isidor Straus, Vice President of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, made public last night a telegram from Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper regarding the luxury tax on jewelry, which said:

"Tax imposed by Section 905 may be included in the selling price and need not be specifically mentioned to customer at the time of sale. If price of article is increased to cover the tax, the tax is upon such increased price. If a dealer adds to his invoice as a separate item the exact amount of the tax, stating it to be the tax, such amount may be excluded in determining the price at which the article is sold."

The Untold Agony of War.

A graphic account of what the fighting men suffered will be given by Philip Gibbs in the second of his new series of articles on "Behind the Scenes of War," in The New York Tiems next Sunday, April 6. Order in advance from your newsdealer.—Advt.

WIRELESS TO GUIDE TRANSOCEAN FLIERS

Both American and British Pilots Expect to Keep in Touch with Land.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 2.—The Daily Mail says that at least one of the airplanes that will compete for the transatlantic flight prize will be navigated from wireless information, supplied every half hour or so by British Air Ministry officials. The pilot will send out an inquiry, and from the direction from which his message is received, wireless stations will calculate his exact position. This will be relayed by wireless to the pilot in a few minutes.

The British "Directional" wireless apparatus has been developed entirely by flying men during the war, and the Air Ministry claims its instruments are far in advance of those of any other nation.

"Listening at their instruments in shore stations," said a wireless officer yesterday, "hundreds of miles from the spot where an airplane is battling its way across the ocean, our operators will hear a short, prearranged code from the navigator at every coast station.

"Possibly a number of battleships will record the messages and instruments now perfected will point out in each instance the exact direction of the airplane.

"There will be a hasty conference between the stations, and within five minutes the navigator will be able to mark on his map exactly what his position was when he sent his inquiry.

"Fitted with 'directional' wireless and a good compass the airplane will be able to steer through fog or clouds without getting more than a trifling distance off its course."

WASHINGTON, April 2.—British destroyers will co-operate with the American Navy in patrolling the course to be followed by American naval seaplanes in the projected flight across the Atlantic Ocean next month. It was learned today at the Navy Department that forty to fifty British ships would be on duty from the Azores to the British Isles, where, under present plans, the flight will end.

American destroyers will patrol the course from St. John's, N. F., to the Azores. Fifty to sixty craft will be used and they will be stationed at intervals of less than 20 miles.

Along most of the course there will be an almost continuous stream of army transports gong to and returning from France, and these vessels will form additional safeguards for the crews of the machines in event accidents force any of the craft to descend. With reasonably good weather, however, the planes could ride on the water while minor repairs were being made to the motors.

The course of the flight will be charted in advance by naval vessels. Careful study is being made of weather conditions and the winds prevailing. As the result of experiments with radio telephones some naval officers think it will be possible for the planes to be in communication with the shore throughout the flight. Each boat will be equipped with wireless outfits so as to maintain contact with patrolling destroyers and passing transports or other vessels.

NORTH RUSSIAN REDS FAIL IN TWO ATTACKS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

railway near Odozerskaia and also made an assault against the lines east of Bolshoia Ozera yesterday, but at both places were repulsed. Along the railway front the enemy struck from the right flank, but was met by such a severe fire from machine guns and artillery that he speedily retired with heavy losses.

In the attack near Bolshoia Ozera the Bolsheviki succeeded for a short time in cutting telephonic communication to the allied outposts along the front at a point about two miles east of that village and twelve miles west of Odozerskaia, but were later driven off.

The enemy is apparently striving to take Odozerskaia before the thaw, which is rapidly approaching, makes the roads impassable and compels him to withdraw

O'RYAN TO ORGANIZE STATE UNITS AGAIN

General Will Direct Reorganization into Guard Troops at Governor's Request.

TO SERVE PUBLIC INTEREST

Commander of New York's Own Says Men Cannot Be Stampeded by Agitators.

Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan announced yesterday that the 27th Division, composed of the units of the old National Guard, which has just been mustered out of the Federal service, would be reorganized under his direction into units of State troops. He said he was conveying to all the officers and men who served with the division overseas the wish of Governor Smith that all should aid in re-establishing their old regiments of State troops in co-operation with those who volunteered for State service when the 27th went into the Federal service.

"I believe that the officers and men of the 27th Division will reorganize their division under the authority of the Governor and the laws of the State," said General O'Ryan. "I believe they will do that as speedily as possible, and I believe that such action is needed in the public interest. The officers and men of the division, whether they were formerly of the National Guard, Reserve Corps, or the National Army, are among the best and most dependable citizens we have to aid in the solution of very pressing problems. They are fearless and highly disciplined. They can be no more stampeded by the false teachings of professional agitators or by the selfishly ambitious than they were by force of arms in battle.

Calls Troops Stabilizing.

"They know that disciplined, loyal, and co-ordinated hearts and minds are essential for the accomplishment of a great objective, whether it be military, civic, or commercial, and with equal intensity of understanding they know that hearts and minds contaminated by prejudice, viciousness, or even Utopian idealism, will run amuck like a panic-stricken army if the restraints of constituted leadership are ignored or cast aside. The greatest influence for stability and constructive effort in America today is the returning army of citizen soldiery.

"Organize them as such, for they have demonstrated their worth in war and they will demonstrate in equally effective manner their worth in peace. I am conveying to the officers and men of the 27th Division the express desire of the Governor of the State that they re-establish their old regiments, and I believe that in this important work they will have the loyal and valuable assistance of those who have taken up the State obligations during our absence in the Federal service."

General O'Ryan spoke of the menace of a military class because of their interest in wars, and added that it was his opinion, and that of most of the officers and soldiers who had served under him, that overcentralization of military authority would tend to cause other wars. It was the common belief of his men, he said, that the decentralized system of training and service in use in Switzerland would be best for this country.

No Federal Aid Yet.

In speaking of the present status of the division, General O'Ryan said that "the Federal law and its interpretation by the Federal authorities appear to have resulted in the legal disintegration of the 27th." He pointed out that the numerical designation was to be given to a regular army division, with headquarters at Camp Upton. No provision or policy for the re-establishment of the National Guard units with help of the Federal Government has been outlined yet.

"I have much to do before my job is completed," continued General O'Ryan. "Aside from the reorganization of the division on a State basis, awaiting what might be determined by Congress, I have much to do in relation to awards of honors to officers and men for gallantry and exceptional service. There are inquiries by hundreds concerning the circumstances of the death of officers and men who were killed. The people look to me for this information, and I intend to do all I can for them. There are claims for property losses to be adjusted, historical records to be prepared, and citations to be considered and awarded. After that, I may have an opportunity to engage in some effort which will enable me to provide properly for my family. Any work I undertake will have to be something I can take up with the same zeal and interest I had in the work developing the New York division."

Recommendation already has been made by a commission, of which Brig. Gen. Cornelius Vanderbilt was a member, that all the officers of the 27th Division enter the State Guard with the same rank, and that the present officers of the State Guard should become a reserve force. No appropriation for the salary of a Major General commanding the Guard will be available until July 1. The salary is $8,000 a year, with $4,000 for expenses.

It was announced yesterday that General O'Ryan would give a series of lectures in this city on the war achievements of the 27th Division, under the management of Lee Keedick of 437 Fifth Avenue. His lecture will be illustrated with slides taken from official Signal Corps and British photographs. The first is to be given in Carnegie Hall on Thursday evening, April 10.

LISTS JOBS SOLDIERS SEEK.

Employment Service Issues Appeal to Provide 906 Men.

In its daily appeal to employers to report opportunities for work for discharged soldiers, the United States Employment Service announced yesterday that 906 additional men would arrive in the city tomorrow to search for jobs. That number registered with the employment service at Camp Upton yesterday and reported that they had no promise of work. They are classified as follows:

Farmers		Rubber workers	3
Electricians	6	Skilled woodsman	1
Pipe fitters and plumbers	30	Auto. mechanics	7
Structural iron workers	44	Blacksmiths	4
Carpenters	45	Machinists	77
Painters and paperhangers	14	Machine hands	23
Sheet metal workers	1	Millwright	1
Building trades mechanics	3	Molders and core makers	28
Building trades helpers	32	Polisher	1
Chemical workers	19	Helpers, &c.	8
Bookkeepers	2	Skilled miner	1
Stenographer	24	Printers and pressmen	6
Office clerks	1	Riveters, &c.	197
Other clerks	38	Theatrical	3
Garment workers	33	Chauffeurs	20
Shirt, collar, and cuff workers	15	Teamsters	12
Common laborers	18	Trainmen	8
Other laborers	22	Salesmen	45
Bakery workers	2	Shipping and stock clerks	43
Cooks and chefs	4	Cabinetmaker	1
Kitchen workers	13	Machine woodworkers	2
Waiters	2	Elevator operator	1
Boot and shoe workers	3	Engineers	4
	25	Firemen and oilers	13
		Watchmen	2

The Employment Service announced that a branch to find jobs for the men of the 27th Division had been opened in the Hall of Records, and it urged all employers to report their opportunities to that bureau. Soldiers will be sent then to visit the employers. The telephone number of the bureau is Worth 1947.

The New York War Camp Community Service announced yesterday that the thirty-seven States represented officially in the Hall of States at 27 West Twenty-fifth Street were co-operating to induce soldiers to return to their home States. An employment service has been created and several hundred soldiers have been placed in jobs outside New York. Letters have been written to all towns of more than 3,000 population, urging them to offer jobs for soldiers from their own States.

Nebraska telegraphed yesterday that she had found 800 jobs for discharged men and would pay the railroad expenses of Nebraska men who wished to accept them. Wisconsin also reported that 600 jobs awaited discharged soldiers there and detailed information upon the requirements of the employers was given, with information about pay, and the ages and qualifications of the men desired. Idaho has sent in a call for 3,000 men to work on road contracts there, with preference to be given to discharged soldiers from that State. The Chamber of Commerce of Sheldon, Mo., has promised to provide jobs for all discharged Missouri soldiers who wished to return to their home State.

'MONK' EASTMAN DISCHARGED.

Former Gunman Quits 27th with Record Marked "Excellent."

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, L. I., April 2.—When 4,500 officers and men of the 27th Division boarded trains for New York today following their discharge from the service, the happiest in the lot was "Monk" Eastman, former gang leader and gunman, whose discharge papers are marked "excellent," and whose officers and fellow-soldiers are making an effort to have him restored to citizenship.

Pinned in his shirt pocket was an envelope containing a petition bearing the signatures of his regimental officers, from the Colonel down to the Lieutenant who was his direct superior. On the same paper were signed the names of every man in his company and many in other organizations of the 106th Infantry. Eastman would not tell where he is going to make his home, or what the nature of the work that has been offered. He is to deliver the petition to Supreme Court Justice Morschauser, who will personally present it to Governor Smith. The officers of the regiment are writing to the Governor, attesting to Eastman's excellent conduct while in the service, and his loyalty and bravery in action.

The other units besides the 106th which went out today were the 107th, which was formed from the old 7th Regiment of New York; the 106th Machine Gun Battalion, the Train Headquarters, and Ordnance Repair Shop. The 106th had a long march to the station from its area in the old civilian camp near the base hospital. The general movement out of camp started early in the day, and was complete by evening.

Tonight five trains brought from Hoboken 7,000 freshly arrived troops, including men of the 364th Infantry, 340th Infantry, 337th and 348th Machine Gun Battalion.

Tomorrow the 105th Artillery, the Engineers, the 104th Machine Gun Battalion, and several small units will be mustered out, leaving but two small trains for the Sanitary and Supply to complete the demobilization of the 27th on Friday.

DISCUSS PLANS FOR 77TH.

Advance Party of Division Hears Suggestions for Reception.

Announcement was made yesterday at its headquarters in the Biltmore by the advance party of the 77th Division, sent by Major Gen. Robert Alexander to cooperate with local authorities in arranging a reception for the 31,000 men, that plans and suggestions to this end had been discussed at a luncheon held at the Downtown Association, 60 Pine Street. The luncheon was given by Major Archibald G. Thatcher, and among those who attended were the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, Cleveland Dodge, Stephen Olin, Lieut. Col. Charles W. Whittlesey, Lieut. Col. Douglas Campbell, Major S. F. Weaver, Major Allan L. Lindley, Major De Lancey Jay, Major Kenneth Budd, Major John Prentice, and Captain Beverley Robinson.

The Home Auxiliary of the 77th Division met at the Hotel Astor yesterday afternoon also to formulate plans for welcoming the men. Representatives of the individual auxiliaries of the various units comprising the 77th Division attended. The Rev. Dr. William T. Manning presided. Members of the auxiliary said that the organization intended making no plans for the parade, which was in the hands of the Mayor's Committee. Announcement was made that $16,000 had already been subscribed to the fund to provide a clubhouse for the 77th, and that funds had also been raised to be used in the work of seeking jobs for the men when demobilized.

The story of the heroism displayed by Acting Captain William McIlwain, a medical officer attached to the 308th Infantry, was told yesterday by Lieutenant Arthur McKeogh of the advance party. Captain McIlwain, who is sixty-three years old, was the idol of the doughboys, according to Lieutenant McKeogh, because he sacrificed himself constantly to minister to their wants. During an attack on Bazoches, a village west of Fismes on the Vesle River, last August, the 77th suffered heavy casualties because the enemy had machine guns mounted in the tower of a chateau, giving them a sweep of the region where the New York boys were fighting.

Disregarding his own safety, Captain McIlwain went out into the open and dressed the wounds of the boys while the machine gun bullets were landing all about him. On his left arm he carried his overcoat, while slung over his right was his bag of dressings. As he walked out into the range of the bullets, his bag was seen to sway backward and forward, a fact which Captain McIlwain said afterward puzzled him greatly, as there was no wind stirring. It was not until he bent down over a wounded doughboy did he discover the machine gun bullets had caused the swaying. Several bullets also went through his overcoat, but the physician himself escaped injury.

After the attack was over Captain McIlwain left his overcoat in the care of Cook Heller, a Jewish boy from the east side, who prepared the meals for Colonel Whittlesey. The boy was called away a moment and when he returned the coat was gone. It was never found. His concern was so great that he tried to induce Captain McIlwain to accept his own overcoat. Captain McIlwain was touched by the boy's sacrifice, but refused to accept the offer. There was a shortage of coats in the region, and several of the men who had lost their coats suffered from exposure. Captain McIlwain was among those who experienced discomfort because of the intensely cold nights.

NEW YORK MARINES CITED FOR BRAVERY

Two City Boys Receive Distinguished Service Cross for Heroism in Action at Mont Blanc.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The Commander in Chief, in the name of the President, has awarded the Distinguished Service Cross to the following-named officers and soldiers for the acts of extraordinary heroism described after their names:

First Lieutenant Leon Marchand, French Army, attached to 30th United States Infantry. For the following acts of extraordinary heroism in action near the Ferme de Madelaine du Cunel on Oct. 14. He is awarded an oak leaf cluster to be worn with the distinguished service cross awarded him Oct. 7. He twice voluntarily accompanied attacking troops through heavy enemy barrages, and on one of these occasions was caught between friendly and hostile machine-gun fire, displaying notable coolness and gallantry. Later, in the sa.. night, he volunteered and led a patrol into the Bois de Puilliere to locate a dugout for the advance regimental post of command, although he knew the woods were saturated with gas, by which he was overcome.

Corporal Mathew S. Fox, Battery F, 104th Field Artillery. For extraordinary heroism in action near Consenvoye on Nov. 4. While the battery position was being subjected to severe bombardment of gas and high-explosive shells, Corporal Fox, in an effort to rescue two wounded comrades, extinguished a pile of burning camouflage which was used as a cover for the ammunition and fuses. While fighting the burning camouflage the ammunition was exploded by another bursting shell. Home address, Mrs. Lillian Fox, sister, 867 West 181st Street, New York City.

Corporal David Bernstein, Co. F, 5th Marines. For extraordinary heroism in action near Blanc Mont on Oct. 5. Learning that a number of wounded soldiers were lying in No Man's Land, he immediately volunteered to help carry them in. He made several trips over an area constantly shelled and subjected to machine-gun and rifle fire. Home address, Israel Margulis, uncle, 427 East 134th Street, New York City.

Private (First Class) Henry Kopp, Co. G, 28th Infantry. For extraordinary heroism in action near St. Mihiel on Sept. 12. He displayed excellent courage in capturing a machine gun, which he turned upon an adjoining trench, forcing 20 of the enemy to surrender. Home address, Henry Kopp, father, 497 Stockham Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Private John W. Thompson, Co. H., 5th Marines. For extraordinary heroism in action near Blanc Mont Ridge on Oct. 4. After locating a machine-gun nest, Private Thompson destroyed one of the guns and returned to our lines with valuable information concerning the location of the nest. Home address, Dora Thompson, mother, 191 Lawrence Street, Astoria, L. I., N. Y.

Other awards are:

Capt. Gustav J. Braun, 47th Infantry, Buffalo, N. Y.; First Lieut. George W. Jones, 102d Field Artillery, Worcester, Mass.; First Lieut. Sidney Thayer, Jr., Co. H, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Haverford, Penn.; Passed Asst. Surgeon Dwight Dickinson, Jr., U. S. N., attached to 2d Battalion, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Washington, D. C.; Pharmacist's Mate (second class) Thomas N. Russell, U. S. N., attached to 2d Battalion, 5th Regt., U. S. M. C., Vallejo, Cal.; First Sergt. John J. McGinty, Co. B, 344th Battalion, Tank Corps, Carbondale, Penn.; Gunnery Sergt. Walter Cook, Co. F, 5th Regt., U. S. M. C., Priceburg, Penn.; Sergt. Leon W. Inman, Co. F, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Sauk Rapids, Minn.; Sergt. James Courtney, Co. F, 2d Battalion, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Falmouth, Ky.; Sergt. John E. Daughty, Co. F, 130th Infantry, Venice, Ill.; Sergt. Noel B. Paton, Co. A, 344th Battalion, Tank Corps, Fayetteville, N. C.; Sergt. Milledge A. Gordon, (deceased,) Machine Gun Co., 118th Infantry, Clemson College, S. C.; Corp. Will H. Lee, Co. F, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Liverpool, N. Y.; Corp. Guy H. Clark, Co. F, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., St. Paul, Minn.; Private (first-class) Bert J. Devlin, Co. F, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Lynn, Mass.; Private (first class) George O. Bishop, Co. G, 38th Infantry, Salem, Va.; Private Michael J. Hardiman, Co. E, 2d Battalion, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Chicago, Ill.; Private Herman Davis, Co. I, 113th Infantry, Big Lake, Ark.; Private Orr V. Lotspiech, 6th Regiment, U. S. M. C., 2d Div., Booneville, Mo.; Private Clarence J. McNulty, Med. Det., 128th Infantry, Chicago, Ill.; Private William A. Jacobson, (deceased,) Med. Det., 128th Infantry, Viroqua, Wis.; Private Edgar O. McDowell, Co. F, 118th Infantry, Ge.. S. C.; Private Clarence L. Richmo.. o. F, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Clev.. .. Tenn.; Private Frank D. Vollmer, Headq.. .rs Co., 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Cincinnati, Ohio; Private Zalme Luloff, Co. F, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Russia; Private Lester E. Seitz, Co. F, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., McArthur, Ohio; Private Robert E. Sieg, Co. F, 2d Battalion, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Hooper, Neb.; Private Carl H. Stennson, (deceased,) Co. E, 2d Battalion, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Framington, Mass.; Private Samuel C. Hirst, Co. H, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Purcellville, Va.; Private Leslie T. Gilbert, Co. H, 5th Regiment, U. S. M. C., Strum, Wis.

REST OF 26TH START HOME.

New England Artillerymen Sail from Brest—Movements of Troopships.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Sailing from France of the complete artillery brigade of the Twenty-sixth (New England National Guard) Division and the 102d Infantry, two companies of the 103d Infantry and the 101st Machine Gun Battalion, all of the same division, was announced today by the War Department. The troops are on the transports Mongolia and Agamemnon, which left Brest March 31. The latter is due at Boston April 6.

The War Department also announced that the remainder of the 332d Infantry, composed of Ohio and Western Pennsylvania troops, which has been stationed on the Italian front, has sailed from Genoa on the transport Duca D'Aosta, which is due at New York April 10.

The transport Pannonia also is due at New York April 10, with the headquarters of the Second Battalion and Batteries D and E, of the 328th Field Artillery; Companies A and C of the 310th Ammunition Train; 330th Field Artillery complete; a casual company of Illinois troops and thirteen casual officers.

The transport Mongolia, due at Boston at an unannounced date, has aboard the 51st Field Artillery Brigade Headquarters; 101st Field Artillery's Second Battalion Headquarters, supply and detachment of headquarters company, medical detachment and Batteries C to F inclusive; 102d and 103d Field Artillery complete. Brig. Gen. John H. Shurburne, commanding 51st Field Artillery Brigade, is aboard the Mongolia.

The transport Agamemnon is bringing the 102d Infantry complete, Companies L and M of the 103d Infantry, 101st Machine Gun Battalion complete, field and staff, detachment Headquarters Company, and Batteries A and B of the 101st Field Artillery, casual companies for New York and Ohio, and 213 casual officers. On board also is Major Gen. Clement A. F. Flagler, commander of the 42d Division.

The transport K. I. Luckenbach sailed from Brest for New York March 31 with the 52d Pioneer Infantry, less Companies L and S, en route for Camp Dix.

SMITH NOMINATES WOMAN.

Names Mrs. Smith of Buffalo as State Civil Service Commissioner.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 2.—Governor Smith sent to the Senate today the nomination of Mrs. Frances Stanton Smith of Buffalo to succeed Willard D. McKinstry of Watertown as State Civil Service Commissioner. Mr. McKinstry, who is a holdover on the Commission, retires on account of illness.

Should the Senate, as is expected, confirm the nomination, the Civil Service Commission will again be under Democratic control, for Mrs. Smith is an enrolled Democrat. Commissioner McKinstry is a Republican. The only Democratic member of the Commission at present is Colonel William Gorham Rice of Albany, whom Governor Smith reappointed when his term expired last February.

Decoration for Gen. March.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—General March today at the British Embassy was presented by the British Ambassador, Lord Reading, with the Knight's Grand Cross of the British Order of St. Michael and St. George, in observance of the honorary award ordered by King George.

CAVALRY CHASE BAND OVER MEXICAN BORDER

Five of the Marauders Killed and Loot Recovered After Hard Riding.

MARFA, Texas, April 2.—Following a raid across the Rio Grande during a blinding hailstorm by Mexican bandits last night, Troop E of the 8th Cavalry, in command of Captain Matlack, overtook and killed five of the bandits, recovered the horses and cattle stolen, and returned to the American side.

An official report was received by Colonel George T. Langhorne at District Headquarters late today.

The bandits were reported to have crossed to the American side between Ruidoso and Candelaria, on the river front. They stole cattle and horses and drove them back across the river under cover of darkness and the storm.

Troop K, in command of Captain Matlack, and Troop M, commanded by Captain Broadhead, were ordered to the scene of the raid. Troop K rode sixty miles and Troop M still further. The raid was the eighth successful pursuit into Mexico by the 8th Cavalry since it came to the Big Bend.

FOR NEW NATIONAL GUARD.

War Department Plans Tentative Reorganization on Old Basis.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Tentative plans have been framed by the War Department for the reorganization of the National Guard on the old sixteen-division basis, should Congress eventually decide to continue the State service as a portion of the settled military policy of the country. The effect would be to restore the National Guard on the same status that it held when drafted into the Federal service.

Revised tables of organization, covering elements of the military program, show that the War Department has provided tentatively for the assignment of 880 officers from the regular army and of 1,000 Sergeant-Instructors to the administration and training of the new National Guard. Nothing has been done beyond the preparation of this table, but it was said today at the department that, failing any change in military policy by Congress, the Guard would be reorganized as it was when taken into Federal service at the outbreak of the war.

Under existing law, the National Guard, or "organized militia," would be composed of 144 infantry, sixteen cavalry and thirty-two field artillery regiments in addition to the coast artillery units. At the full contemplated strength, of 800 men per Congressional district, the National Guard, under the National Defense act, would have a peace strength in excess of 500,000 men.

The department's preparation of these tentative plans was in response to a request of the Military Committee of Congress, submitted at the time Secretary Baker presented his bill for the reorganization of the regular army with an aggregate strength of 509,000 officers and men.

Flagship Post to Pelham Chaplain.

Lieutenant Thomas S. McGrath, Catholic chaplain of the Pelham Bay Naval Training Station, who has been at that post longer than any other officer, was detached yesterday and ordered aboard the U. S. S. Alabama, flagship of the Atlantic fleet. Father McGrath has been instrumental in maintaining the morale of 38,000 men who have passed through the Pelham Bay Station.

GLOBE SPRINKLERS
FIREMEN EVERY TEN FEET

A lesson from the newspaper

Almost daily this paper reports FIRES. Read the accounts. Note the number of properties "saved by sprinklers." Note also the losses due to inadequate protection.

The wisdom of having GLOBE never-failing protection is obvious.

GLOBE AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER CO.
140 Broadway Cort. 6700

The mammoth store of Stewart & Co., Baltimore, Md., has GLOBE protection.

THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES

EXAMINE MURDER WEAPONS.

Dr. Schultze Studies Blood Stains in the Wilkins Case.

MINEOLA, L. I., April 2.—A final examination of blood stains on the hammer and lead pipe with which Mrs. Julia B. Wilkins was killed was made today by Dr. Otto H. Schultze, medical examiner attached to District Attorney Swann's office, it was announced at the office of District Attorney Weeks, here. The result was not made public.

Dr. Schultze was one of the physicians who performed an autopsy on the body of the murdered woman.

After conferences between Dr. Walter K. Wilkins and his attorneys in the physician's cell at the county jail it was reported that efforts would be resumed to obtain a court order by which representatives of the defendant might enter Dr. Wilkins's home at Long Beach.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The Antiseptic Powder. Shake it in your Shoes, Use it in your Foot-Bath

Use it in the Morning

And walk all day in comfort. At night, sprinkle it in the foot-bath, and soak and rub the feet. It freshens the feet, takes the Friction from the Shoe, and by protecting your hose and stockings from this friction, saves ten times its cost each year on your stocking bill.

For over 25 years Allen's Foot-Ease has been the STANDARD REMEDY for hot, swollen, smarting, tender, tired, perspiring aching feet, corns, bunions, blisters and callouses. It acts like magic—No plasters or grease, clean, sanitary and cooling.

You will never know what real foot comfort is until you have used Allen's Foot-Ease. What better proof than that the Plattsburg Camp Manual advises men in training to shake Foot-Ease in their shoes each morning. You should have the same comfort for your feet.

Sold by Drug and Department stores everywhere.

Benjamin Franklin says:

"They that won't be counselled, can't be helped."

Co-operation With Attorneys

WHEN a person comes to us to discuss the matter of a will and the handling of his estate, our first question is, "Have you a lawyer?" If the answer is an affirmative one, we recommend that the task of drawing up the will be given to that attorney at once.

Of course, in cases where this Company is named as executor, the testator may want to have the will submitted to us to have our counsel go over it, and in any event we always desire to co-operate with attorneys to the fullest extent possible.

Franklin Trust Company
Established 1888
New York Office: 46 Wall Street.
Brooklyn Offices: 166 Montague Street
569 Fulton Street 1005 Wallabout Market

IMPORTERS SINCE 1866
LONDON PARIS
McGibbon & Co.
3 WEST 37TH ST.
ONE DOOR FROM FIFTH AVENUE

LINENS

For City House, Country Home and Bungalow

Forehanded purchases of Pure Linens give you the Opportunity to Replenish at UNUSUAL PRICES.

Irish Damask Table Cloths, attractive designs for Breakfast Room, 70x70 inches, $5.50

Extra Heavy Damask Cloths, exclusive designs, 2x72 in., $7.50; 72x90 in., $9.50

Napkins to match, Dinner Size, $12.00 doz.

Tea or Luncheon Cloths of Very Fine Plain Satin Damask with Band Border, 45x45 in., $9.00; 54x54 in., $12.00

Napkins to match, 13 in., $10.50 dozen 15 in., $12.50 dozen

STORE OPEN 9 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M.

McGIBBON FOR QUALITY

L.M. Hirsch SHOE CO.

Gentlemen

It costs you less to be particular about your footgear at Hirsch's. Shoes of dash, style and character are here at $1.00 to $2.00 the pair less than you might have expected to pay.

Cordovans

To be had in wine or black Cordovan. Custom Last.

$9.50

Every size and width.

Entire floor devoted to Men's Footwear.

L.M.HIRSCH SHOE COMPANY
Sixth Ave. at 39th Street

CELESTINS
VICHY
(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)
Natural Alkaline Water

For 50 years the standard Mineral Water for the relief of Sour Stomach, Indigestion and Uric Acid.

ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN

Bottled at the Springs

Authorized Exchange Dealers for NEW & USED
BUICKS
Glidden Motor and Supply Co.,
239 West 58th St.
On door East of Broadway.

EXPORT—SALES—DOMESTIC

Yesterday I gave up my business as mfr's. export agent. Good reasons, too! Want immediate connection where many years' profitable export and domestic sales experience as dept. head can be used. College man with energy and enthusiasm, plus real experience. Definite details gladly given in interview. Please say when! H 391 Times.

For Easter Costumes

The Gloves Extraordinary—

The Centemeri Seven

Just as you would like to have a connoisseur point out the finest paintings in a large exhibition—

We recommend to your choice an especial group of seven glove masterpieces—

Chosen from among seventy beautiful styles made in our factory at Grenoble, France.

In perfection of fit, in the matchless fineness of needlework, in the soft, lovely quality of the kid, such gloves as these can truly be said to represent the ideal of perfection striven after for nearly four centuries by the glovecraft of Grenoble.

Some one of the Centemeri Seven will exquisitely and aptly complete your spring costume.

There are only 3 Saturdays before Easter. Come early to see leisurely—

The Centemeri Seven
which is to say:

The Fielder	4.00	The Seville	3.00
The Bandalette	3.00	The Elsinore	3.00
The Van Dyke	3.50	The Isere	3.00
The Mousquetaire 8-button length	4.50		

Comprised of these seven gloves, or any number of your own selections, a Centemeri Glove Wardrobe* provides the perfect Easter Remembrance.

* Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

Centemeri Gloves

400 FIFTH AVE.
(Philadelphia Store, 123 South 13th St.)

Store Rented—Must Vacate April 30th

An unusual opportunity to purchase
MEN'S HIGH-GRADE 5TH AVENUE FURNISHINGS
while they last, at greatly reduced prices—a chance you'll regret to miss

2,100 Madras and Percale SHIRTS $2.50 to $3.50 Values 1.59

1,500 SILK SHIRTS 4.95
In Excellent Variety of Fabrics and Designs; Splendid Colors. Values Up to $10.00

All Shirts sold for less than last year's wholesale prices.

Large assortment of high-class Winter and Summer UNDERWEAR of well-known brands, HOSIERY, NECKWEAR, soft and stiff COLLARS, etc., at greatly reduced prices.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Back.

GURYAN'S ENGLISH SHOP
292 FIFTH AVENUE, Between 30th and 31st Sts., N. Y.

Shoe Specialists Since 1857
ANDREW ALEXANDER
548 FIFTH AVE. ABOVE 45TH ST.

MEN'S SPRING OXFORDS

In appearance they are a credit to a man's taste, and in comfort and quality, a credit to his judgment. Made of those soft, fine-textured leathers that are none too plentiful.

Dark brown and black calfskin, English last Oxfords . . . $10 a pair

Black waxed calfskin, patent leather and dark tan Russia calfskin, English last Oxfords . . . . $12 a pair

SENATE BOLTERS BEAT OLD GUARD

Republican Four Wins Skirmish Against Smothering Measures in Committee.

AIDED BY THE DEMOCRATS

Ruling by Lieutenant Governor Allows Reporting of Bills in Closing Days of Session.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 2.—With Democratic aid the little group of Republican insurgents in the Senate won a preliminary victory today in their battle against the attempt of the recognized Republican leaders of the upper house to have the fate of legislation decided behind closed doors by the standing committees. As a result, it is regarded as certain that the Health Insurance bill and other measures on the industrial welfare program, principally affecting women workers, will come up for debate in the Senate early next week and possibly be passed by means of a Democratic-Republican insurgent alliance.

Whether the majority leaders in the Senate gave in to the demands of the insurgents to avert future trouble or whether Lieut. Governor Harry Walker was prompted by Democratic counsel to rule in favor of the rebellious few on the Republican side could not be learned. His ruling, however, will open the way for a modus vivendi between the Republican insurgents and the Democratic minority, whereby they may absolutely control future action in the Senate by making common cause under a give-and-take agreement.

The ruling delivered by Lieut. Governor Walker will render four Republican Senators—Davenport of Oneida, Thompson of Niagara, Graves of Erie, and Fowler of Chautauqua—insurgents who hold the balance of power, in effect the most potential element in the Senate.

The Lieutenant Governor ruled that motions to discharge committees from further consideration of legislative measures could be made when reports from standing committees were being received by the Senate. The old guard leaders had contended that such motions could be made only when "motions and resolutions" had been reached. Under the present procedure that is the last order of business in the daily proceedings of the Senate and seldom reached in the closing days of a session when the leaders are determined that it shall not be reached. A motion to adjourn is always in order but the exercise of that power on the part of the leaders to block the insurgents, under the ruling of Lieutenant Governor Walker, would make it possible for the Senate to reach a third reading of bills in which all Senators alike are interested, for reports of standing committees under Senate procedure are received before the third reading calendar is taken up. Should the ruling of Lieutenant Governor Walker be the prevailing rule at future Senate sessions, it will virtually mean a death blow to the practice of strangling important legislation in committee.

During a discussion of the industrial welfare program in the Senate today Senator Thompson, one of the four insurgents, denied that the revolt yesterday had been inspired by Mrs. Norman De R. Whitehouse, Chairman of the New York State Woman Suffrage Party, who has been at the capital to promote these bills.

"We were perfectly agreed what we ought to do before Mrs. Whitehouse appeared here," said Senator Thompson. "Her presence has shed no additional light on the situation, or on our individual duty as members of the Senate, though I will admit that it has shed a new radiance through the Senate chamber."

The Senate spent practically all day working over legislation. The Sunday Baseball and the Sunday Moving Picture bills were advanced to the order of third reading, though a fight on both measures when they are taken up for final consideration was foreshadowed in a statement made on the floor of the Senate by Senator Charles M. Walton of Ulster. The Senate passed the bill introduced by Senator Lynch of Richmond creating a Department of Ferries in the New York City Administration. Under the present system, the Administration of the Municipal Ferries is under the Department of Plant and Structure.

On behalf of the Advisory Council of Real Estate Interests, Senator Charles C. Lockwood of Kings introduced an omnibus tax bill which, while providing for a personal income tax, an increase in the tax on mercantile and manufacturing corporations, and a tax on tangible personal property as provided in the program of the joint committee on taxation, also limits the levy on real estate in any locality to two-thirds of the entire tax levy, in no instance to exceed 2 per cent.

STATE SENATE ORDERS BRIBE STORY INQUIRY

Judiciary Committee to Investigate Rumor of $500,000 Offer to Senator.

ALBANY, April 2.—Although the yarn was first printed on All Fool's Day, the State Senate refuses to treat as a mere April joke the report that some mysterious person had dangled a $500,000 bribe and a sure promise of the Governorship before a certain Republican Senator in return for his support of the Carson-Martin bill, which would permit Public Service Commissions to order increased fares on street railroads, even where these had been fixed by contractual agreements between corporations and municipalities awarding the franchises.

The Senae took official notice of the story today when on motion of Senator Walker, one of the Tammany members, it sent the report to the Judiciary Committee for investigation. The inquiry will be begun tomorrow and the two newspaper correspondents who sent the report to The New York American and The Evening World have been "invited" to appear before the committee at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning and tell all they know, including the source of their information.

No authentic information has been forthcoming as yet to shed light either on the identity of the Senator alleged to have been tempted or the alleged tempter. It is rumored that Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara wil appear before the Judiciary Committee.

While the Senate was busy over the prospective investigation, the Assembly without dissent or debate advanced the Carson-Martin bill to third reading. It will probably appear on the calendar and come up for final consideration in the House tomorrow, unless the Senate investigation is taken as sufficient cause for delay. The enactment of the bill has been openly urged by the New York City traction interests as a means of enabling the Public Service Commission, independent of the Board of Estimate, to grant an increase of fares which, even before the receivership, they contended was th only thing that could save them from bankruptcy.

J. Henry Walters, President pro tem of the Senate, took the floor at the afternoon session and called attention to the report of alleged bribery to voice his resentment, but apparently with no idea of bringing about an investigation. It was left for Senator Walker to do this.

Senator Walker in making formal motion for an investigation said the report, unless denied, "would stand as an indictment against every member of the Senate."

"No newspaper correspondent 'dreamed' this," said the Senator. "Both men who sent this story are seasoned newspaper men who are used to and know how to deal with the average rumor. This report must have come to them with the color and strong appearance of truth or they would not have printed it. We must know how this insinuation came to them and whence. The lawmaking body of this State must not be made the but of insult or be help up to contempt."

Senator James A. Foley, Democratic leader, said the Senate was taking more seriously than was merited a report which was absurd on its face.

Every Senator who attended the session, and all but five were present, voted for the Walker motion.

Typhus Epidemic Rages in Baden.

BERLIN, April 2, (Associated Press.)—A terrible epidemic of typhus is raging at Pforzheim, Baden, according to the Tageblatt. Thousands of persons are stricken. The epidenmic is attributed to bad water, and it is difficult to combat owing to the famished condition of the people.

Hitch in Food Parley for Bavaria.

BERLIN, April 1, (Associated Press.)—Negotiations are under way between Bavaria and Italy regarding the delivery of food to Bavaria, the Tageszeitung says. The Italian demands, which are declared to be insurmountable, have thus far prevented conclusion of the negotiations.

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA"

THE TAILORMADE SUIT
Extensive selections of smart new models from Paris are now assembled for Immediate Selection

Fashioned in new materials and shades featuring styles particularly suitable for the Youthful Woman

NEW BUSINESS HOURS—9:00 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

CAPES AND COATS
for SMALL CHILDREN
FROM 2 TO 6 YEARS OF AGE.

Which Enhance the Charm of Childhood

AND such apparel must not be a matter of frills and furbelows, nor a noticeable severity of line, but rather the art of obtaining simplicity—the natural attribute of childhood.

These Capes and Coats especially designed for small children carry out this idea. No superfluous trimmings, but rather a choice of smart fabrics, originality in style treatment and fine workmanship.

The choice of fabrics includes Poulette, tricolette, silvertone, tricotine, serge, wool velour, novelty checked worsteds, covert cloth or tweeds, in navy, tan or French blue and other preferred shades.

9.75 to 59.50

(Illustrated)
Alsatian Cape of Navy Blue Serge 39.50

SMALL CHILDREN'S HATS TO MATCH CAPES AND COATS

Tailored Hats of milan or colored leghorn, also hand-made hats of novelty straws ornamented with flowers and ribbon.

3.95 to 18.50

CHILDREN'S COAT SHOP—Fifth Floor

FRANKLIN SIMON BOYS' SHOPS
FIFTH FLOOR

DOUBLE-SERVICE SHOES FOR BOYS

$5.00

MOTHERS who have about given up hope of ever finding a durable, long-wearing shoe for the boy, are invited to take a look at these. They are made of fine black or gun metal finish leather, on an orthopaedic last, with leather soles or on an English last, with Neolin soles. We do not say they will not wear out, but we do say that they will take a lot of wearing out. They are not imperishable, but they are patient and long-suffering and built for service.

C. D. and E. Widths—Sizes 1 to 6

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue—37th and 38th Streets

Saks
CLOTHES OF CUSTOM QUALITY

AMONG the many fabrics in our Spring Suits is an Unfinished Worsted that's as soft as a lover's whisper and as light as a clear conscience. It has a self-draping, self-shaping sort of texture that looks suspiciously like $90 or $100. The price we ask (and get!) is $50.

Suits: $30 to $65
Top Coats: $25 to $45

Saks & Company
BROADWAY AT 34TH STREET

Saks & Company

Announce An Exhibition and Sale Today of

Six Hundred New

"Hats Exquisite" at $10.85

Reproductions of very charming importations only recently arrived from Paris.

"Hats Exquisite" at $10.85 will soon be known from one end of America to the other for their absolute authenticity, rare beauty of contour, and wonderful value.

Hats of taffeta silk combined with rich straws recently caused a furore in Paris—they are here today in splendid variety; the newest sailor—with a saucy rolling brim, as pictured, is also represented in the very smartest colors.

Other very charming styles include large drooping brim hats of hair combined with maline or taffeta, small brimmed effects, smart pokes, natural leghorn hats, and chic turbans.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

FOUNDED·1880·LONDON

SPORTS CLOTHING FOR YOUNG MEN IN APPROVED ENGLISH MODELS

The shaggy tweeds, shetlands, and homespuns, the cricket flannels and whipcords, woven in England, Ireland and Scotland, particularly for sports clothing, give a character and distinction to golf suits, motoring coats, tennis trousers, riding breeches and riding coats, for young men, alone possible when such fabrics are used.

For our sports clothing, made after the most approved English models, which may be had ready for immediate wear, we have imported the most exclusive and distinctive fabrics.

Riding suits and golf clothes in the most approved English models.

Young men's suits in imported tweeds, homespuns and flannels.

Sport jackets of fine imported shetlands, worn with trousers of imported English cricket flannel, make a very smart combination.

Full evening dress suits and dinner jackets.

Young men's top coats and motor coats in loosely draped English models.

"Prep" suits made especially to the proportions of young men wearing long trousers for the first time.

Complete assortments of furnishings, headwear and footwear for formal and informal wear.

DE PINNA
Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

GREYHOUND MODEL $8.
TONEY BROWN RUSSIA CALF

The Emerson Shoe
HONEST ALL THROUGH

The Greyhound Model is an Aristocrat. It gives that long, beautiful, slender effect, so much desired by the man who insists on having the very latest style.

THE wearing quality and actual retail value of Emerson Shoes are guaranteed to you because we brand our trade mark and price, based on the net factory costs, on the soles of every pair in the process of manufacture.

We cordially invite you to call and look over our wide variety of smart Spring Models. You will find just the model you wish at the price you want to pay.

From $5.00 to $10.00 per pair

EMERSON SHOE STORES
133 Nassau St. 383 Fulton St., Brooklyn
1380 Broadway 827 Broad St., Newark
1433 Broadway

"I demand for myself absolute comfort in shoes which are at the same time smart looking, well fitting and long wearing, and I can't expect any other man to demand less."

Chas. O. Emerson

Safe Milk for Infants and Invalids
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking.
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

NATIONAL
CASH REGISTERS
25 to 50%
LESS THAN FACTORY PRICES

Here is your opportunity to buy Latest Models backed by our written guarantee. We have just received a shipment of unused registers ordered by large Government plant. CALL & SEE US—IT WILL PAY YOU. Catalog on request.
THE STORE SPECIALTIES CO.
1476 B'way, cor. 42d St. (Subway Arcade, N. Y.)
WE WILL BUY OR EXCHANGE YOUR OLD REGISTER.
No connection with the National Cash Reg. Co.

Army Comfort *Plus* Civilian Good Looks

AS you army men return to civil life, you can keep right on enjoying the comfort and freedom from foot ills that army shoes have given you.

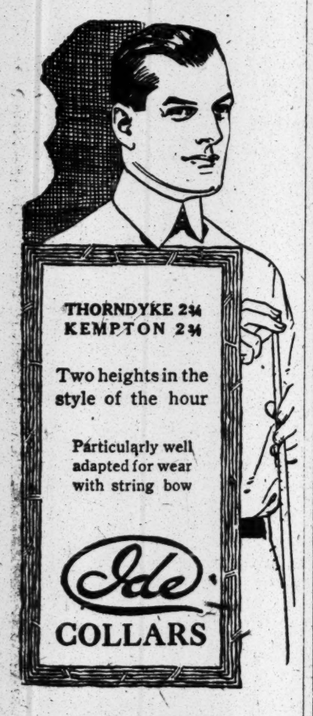
You can remain free from corns, callouses, bunions, and ingrown nails that you used to have when you wore narrow pointed shoes. For you get the army-shoe comfort, *plus* good looks when you put your feet into Educators—the shoes that let the feet grow as they should.

MADE FOR MEN, WOMEN *and* CHILDREN

Always look for EDUCATOR stamped on the sole. There is no protection stronger than the famous Educator trade-mark. It means that behind every part of the shoe, stands a responsible manufacturer. So get your feet into Educators the moment you discard your army shoes. Rice & Hutchins, Inc., Boston.

RICE & HUTCHINS
EDUCATOR SHOE®

Dull Calf Blucher Educator for Men.



THORNDYKE 2¼
KEMPTON 2¼

Two heights in the style of the hour

Particularly well adapted for wear with string bow

Ide COLLARS

All Vogel Shoes made on the premises. For fit, style and wearing qualities they cannot be equalled.

Shoes made to order $14 up.

E. VOGEL, Inc., 64 Nassau St.

PAWN TICKETS BOUGHT

Cash Paid Immediately for Pawn Tickets, Diamonds, Precious Stones and Jewelry. Your Valuables Saved for You; Confidential.

FORGOTSTON'S

903 5th Ave., N. E. Cor. 42d St. Est. 1885. Tel. 5331 Vanderbilt.

CRAZE FOR GAMBLING SEIZES BERLINERS

Some Streets Lined with Tables Edge to Edge, Where Even the "Workless" Bet.

CLUBS BAFFLE THE POLICE

Resorts Multiply in Mansions and Cafes, Where Rich and Poor Play Eagerly.

BERLIN, April 1, (Associated Press.)—Gambling has so increased since the armistice that the widest opportunity and license are not sufficient to satisfy the passion of residents of Berlin, who have taken to playing games of chance, even roulette, in the open streets in certain sections of the city.

The police say they are unable legally to prevent gaming clubs from operating as long as the weak membership regulations are observed. It is said to be a fact that the police cannot stop games in the public streets.

A few weeks ago it was common for the police to make eight or ten arrests for gambling daily, but it has increased by leaps and bounds until certain streets are lined with tables edge to edge. The bets have been increasing gradually in size until men and women, apparently of the poorer classes, often "workless", and drawing Government support, wager 25 marks at a time.

The police occasionally come on the scene, whereupon the gamblers disappear, only to reappear instantly when the police have gone. The scene is enlivened frequently by bettors who, after losing, snatch money from the table and dash through the crowd, followed by the wails of the cheated gamester.

Bad as is the gambling in the open streets, that in the "clubs" is declared to be far worse. Membership in the clubs is a mere formality, as membership cards are pressed upon all who enter them. The clubs are springing up like mushrooms even in the formerly aristocratic sections of Berlin.

The police last night raided a well-known hotel of the first class and discovered a club, but they were unable to disturb it because every player had a membership card as required by law. The fashionable West End is full of clubs, while gambling places have been opened on Unter den Linden. The clubs are patronized by a strange mixture of rich and poor and the strata between, including many well-known persons who made large amounts of money on war contracts. Bets on roulette run as high as 5,000 marks.

The clubs, both old and new, are striving to outdo each other in schemes to attract a constantly new clientele. One means is to serve better meals than can be obtained in the restaurants without cards. Many beautiful homes have been hired for club purposes and the gaming rooms are surrounded with every luxury.

For those who cannot patronize the expensive clubs there is always gambling in certain cafés, particularly in the West End, where the dice rattle steadily until late at night, and where roulette and baccarat are prevalent. Street gambling is not always with cash, stolen valuables of various kinds being put up as stakes.

BELGIAN EXPLOSION WOUNDS 60 AMERICANS

Automobile Fire Spread to Gasoline, Injuring 200 Persons at Echternach.

BRUSSELS, April 2.—Two hundred persons were injured, including sixty American soldiers, in an explosion of gasoline at Echternach Tuesday. Fifteen of the injured are in a serious condition.

An American automobile stopped in the town to take on fuel. The machine caught fire and the flames spread to stored gasoline. Most of those burned were spectators who had gathered to watch the fire.

HUMBERT MAKES PROTEST.

French Senator Denies Treasonable Relations with Germany.

PARIS, April 2.—Senator Charles Humbert was examined today at his trial on a charge of having carried out communication with the enemy.

M. Humbert explained the purchase by him of the Journal. During his recital his tone was violent, and he gesticulated excitedly, thumping the bar in front of him as he volubly described his patriotic campaign. He said his book "Are We Defended?" was translated into German without his knowledge, and that he received 740 francs as an author's compensation, but that he did not know that any of the money came from the German translation.

SUBMIT ALLEGED CHAMBERLAIN STORY

British Court Withholds Decision on Admission of Photographic Evidence.

MR. GREGORY TESTIFIES

Ex-Attorney General Tells of Entertaining Court-Martialed Aviator at Home.

LONDON, April 2.—Three large volumes of enlarged photographic reproductions, prepared by employes of the British War Office, of the handwriting of Captain Edmund G. Chamberlain of San Antonio, Tex.; typewritten copies of reports alleged to have been made by Captain Chamberlain, and the supposed signatures of British officers on the reports, which the prosecution charges that Captain Chamberlain wrote, were introduced late today at the court-martial of Captain Chamberlain growing out of his alleged air exploits on the British front last July.

After a long argument between the opposing lawyers regarding the admissibility of the volumes as evidence the court deferred decision and adjourned the trial for the day.

In the course of his argument, the Judge Advocate said:

"We offer these documents for the reason that no one other than the accused himself has drawn up the instruments." By "instruments" the Judge Advocate meant the originals from which the photographs were made. The witness who brought the documents into the court was William Webb, who said he had been employed by the War Office to examine the documents in question. He said he had been engaged on similar work for several years, having been employed by Scotland Yard in forged passport cases. He testified that he had prepared the reproductions at the request of Captain Proctor.

The defence objected to the admission of the documents, contending that Webb was not qualified to give expert testimony and, in preparing the reproductions, had undertaken "to prove a thesis." Furthermore, it was urged by the defence, the documents contained notes in connection with the photographs, drawing conclusions and expressing opinions.

Another character witness was introduced by the defence early in the afternoon in the person of Thomas W. Gregory, former Attorney General for the the United States, who arrived in London last night. Mr. Gregory said he had known Chamberlain when the latter was a student at the University of Texas, and in Washington, where Chamberlain had visited Mr. Gregory's home.

Emperor Charles Goes to Lugano.

GENEVA, April 2.—Former Emperor Charles of Austria, who came to Switzerland recently, has gone to Lugano, where he intends to remain a few days. He was accompanied by a British officer and servants.

Red Flag Pulled Down at Hamburg.

HAMBURG, April 1, (Associated Press.)—The red flag which had been flying from the tower of the City Hall here since the revolution last November has been hauled down.

RUMOR OF SERB RISING.

But London Legation Calls Report of Jugoslav Republic Untrue.

LONDON, April 2.—The Serbian Legation in London has heard nothing of the reported proclamation of a republic in Belgrade, the capital of Serbia and of Jugoslavia. It says that the report is untrue.

A wireless dispatch from Rome today said that the newspaper Vetcherim Listy of Agram, Jugoslavia, had announced that the dynasty of Karageorgevitch had been deposed and a republic proclaimed in Belgrade.

Crown Prince Alexander has been acting as Regent of Serbia for several years for his father, King Peter I. Recent reports have been that King Peter was in very poor health and that he would soon abdicate the throne in favor of Alexander. The Serbian Crown Prince left Paris on March 2 for Belgrade.

BRITISH CENSOR TO QUIT.

London Press Bureau to Close April 30—Responsibility on Publishers.

LONDON, April 1.—The censorship of press telegrams will be raised on April 30, it was officially announced this afternoon.

The text of the official announcement reads:

"Unless an emergency arises the Press Bureau in London will close on April 30, after which date there will be no censorship of press telegrams, press articles, books or pictures. The provisions of the Defense of the Realm act regulations are binding as heretofore, but the responsibility rests upon the publisher. The responsibility as to matter telegraphed abroad rests upon the senders of the telegrams."

PROMOTION FOR BEATTIE.

King Approves Nomination of Him and Jellicoe as Admirals of the Fleet

LONDON, April 2, (Associated Press.)—The King has approved the promotion of Admiral Viscount Jellicoe and Vice Admiral Sir David Beatty to be Admirals of the Fleet, in recognition of their distinguished war services.

Admiral Jellicoe, who was created Viscount Jellicoe of Scapa a year ago, served as Commander of the Grand Fleet during the early part of the war and also as First Sea Lord and Chief of the Naval Staff.

Vice Admiral Sir David Beatty succeeded Admiral Jellicoe in command of the Grand Fleet.

NORTH, EAST, SOUTH, WEST

Our instructions to our salespeople should give you the same prompt and courteous service in New England, New York, Minnesota, Louisiana, Texas, or in any LIGGETT DRUG STORE wherever located. If such service is not up to standard, ask the store manager why.

THE SAFE DRUG STORES Liggetts

Oxygen Tanks are in Big Demand

AND the Air Reduction Sales Co.—the biggest in the business—use Autocar Motor Trucks to deliver them.

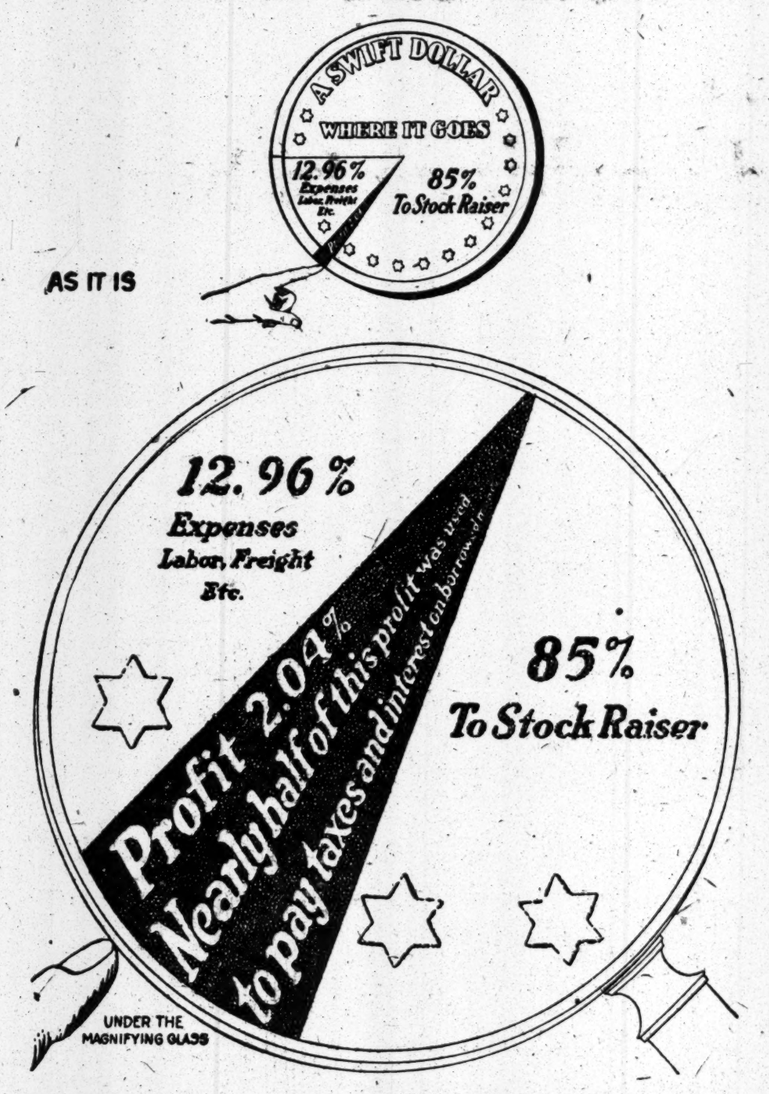
You See Autocars Everywhere

Autocar

BRONX: 2431 Grand Concourse
MANHATTAN: 549-57 W. 23rd St.
BROOKLYN: 1026 Atlantic Avenue

A "Close-up"

Swift & Company's Profit of 2.04 cents on each dollar of sales



The diagram at the top shows the distribution of the average Swift dollar received from sales of beef, pork and mutton, and their by-products, during 1918. The magnifying glass brings out the distribution of the 2.04 cents profit per dollar of sales:

.94 of one per cent goes to pay interest on borrowed money, taxes, etc.
.50 of one per cent goes to pay dividends to shareholders.
.60 of one per cent remains in the business to help in improving and financing the business.

Total 2.04 per cent

1919 Year Book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request. Address Swift & Company Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

See This Advertisement, in Color, Today in The Ladies Home Journal

"Never mind, It will wash out all right"

That's one thing about "Slipova" play-clothes. Mother knows they're fast color, and that the washtub holds no harm for them.

Turn the boys and girls out in "Slipova" economy clothes and let them play. They are slipped on and off in a minute. *Play-proof!* Notice the strong double seams, and the tightly sewed buttons.

Made in many styles and fabrics, all standard and guaranteed fast color. In full sizes, from 2 to 8 years. The "Slipova" label (in the pocket of the garment) is your guarantee of workmanship and material.

Economy Clothes for Children

McCawley & Company, Inc.
Sales Office, 253 Church Street, New York
Factories, Baltimore, Md.

To Dealers: Our garments are sold exclusively through the jobbing trade. Consult the nearest jobber.

Slipova Play Clothes

On sale by all prominent jobbers in your section

BUSINESS RONALD PUBLICATIONS

Your Final Income Tax Return

must be filed this month. Montgomery's "1919 Income Tax Procedure" will tell you more in five minutes than you can worry out for yourself in a week.

See it at—

The Baker & Taylor Co., 354 Fourth Ave.
Brentano's, 5th Avenue at 27th Street
Broun-Green Co., 48 John Street
A. M. Brown, Inc., 5 Beekman Street
Dixie Book Shop, 41 Liberty Street
Liberty Tower Book Shop, 55 Liberty
McDevitt Wilson, Inc., 30 Church St.
Henry Malkan, 42 Broadway
G. P. Putnam's Sons, 2 West 45th St.
D. Van Nostrand Co., 23 Park Place
Wanamaker's, Astor Place
Baker Voohres & Co., 45 John Street
Banks Law Pub. Co., 23 Park Place
Matthew Bender & Co., 26 John Street
Fallon Law Book Co., 88 Nassau St.
Lawyers' Co-op. Pub. Co., 55 Liberty.

7000 Pages Price $6.00

THE RONALD PRESS COMPANY
Publishers New York City

Fownes Filosette. American-make and Fownes *quality*. The suede-finished fabric glove—superior to any formerly imported. You will appreciate its beauty. Washable, durable, kid-fitting.

FOWNES FILOSETTE
REG U S PAT OFF.

Seasonable shades. At shops everywhere.

Revillon Frères

Russian Sable
Canadian Marten
Fisher
for spring wear

5th Avenue at 53d Street
New York

LONG WEAR AND ECONOMY

"Last year I purchased a standard make of shoes, and in sixty days the soles were worn through. I had them re-soled with Neolin Soles—which lasted me six months in the same service that wore out the other soles in two," writes E. A. Lancaster of Lancaster & Company, jewelers, Greeneville, Tenn.

Mr. Lancaster's experience with Neolin Soles is not unusual. Millions of people can testify to their long wear and economy. To reduce your shoe expense, buy Neolin-soled shoes. You can get them in many styles for every member of the family.

Neolin Soles are created by Science to be comfortable and waterproof as well as long wearing. Good repair shops carry them. They are made by The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio, who also make Wingfoot Heels—guaranteed to outwear all other heels.

Neolin Soles
Trade Mark Reg. U.S. Pat. Off.

Tan and Brown
Norwegian Grain

A leather that is different. Developed in a number of styles, including Wing Tip Brogues.

Prices $9.00 to $13.00

PARKER & DIEMER
1376 BROADWAY, at 37th St.

IDEAL PIANO PURCHASES
CHRISTMAN SONS OFFER THEIR
UNIQUE STUDIO GRAND
with its unequaled tone values
The Christman Player Piano
famous for its superior interpretation, the
VERTICAL GRAND UPRIGHT
which represents the nearest approach to grand tone quality.
Bargain: Steinway Baby Grand $375.
CHRISTMAN SONS,
753 6th Av., bet. 42d & 43d

THE NEW EUROPE.
A review of the various boundary disputes in Europe, with maps, Poland's three wars, Northern Epirus, Albania, Asiatic claims, etc., and 25 other big features in April CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, published by The New York Times Company. On news stands, 25c.—Advt.

BECK FOR ALLIANCE IN PLACE OF LEAGUE

Favors a Temporary Agreement for America with Present Allies.

WOULD OBEY WASHINGTON

Says America Now Faces One of Those Emergencies Which First President Foresaw.

In a speech delivered at the eleventh semi-annual dinner of the Carpet Association of America at the Waldorf-Astoria last night, James M. Beck, formerly Assistant Attorney General of the United States, urged that this country steer a middle course, in the matter of the League of Nations, by making a temporary alliance with England, France, Belgium, Italy, and instead of entering wholly into the permanent League organized by the covenant.

"Wisely or unwisely," said Mr. Beck, "our representatives at Paris have held out to the European nations in their state of bewilderment and almost stupor the panacea of a League of Nations, and it may well be that unless a League of some kind is constituted even the free and conservative nations of Europe might be overthrown by the wave of Bolshevism that is sweeping over Europe. In the lives of nations, as in those of individuals, a faith cure is sometimes effective, even though the remedy be only an ineffective nostrum. America cannot refuse to take into account this condition. It cannot immediately withdraw from a situation that concerns all mankind.

"Here, indeed, is one of those 'extraordinary emergencies' which Washington clearly foresaw would come to pass in which, to meet an immediate exigency, America could wisely make temporary alliances. America is in Europe for better or worse and she cannot withdraw honorably until normal conditions are again restored. For this reason Senator Root's suggestion of a five-year period deserves careful consideration; but, in my judgment, a better expedient would be for the United States to continue its temporary alliance with Great Britain, France, Italy, and Belgium to reconstruct Europe upon sounder foundations and, in doing so, to assume for the necessary period of time all the obligations that would fall upon it if it were a European State.

"The League of Nations, as proposed in Paris, contemplates a permanent and indissoluble alliance of many nations, and, while the dream is a fair one, it will prove a great and dangerous delusion if the consistent lesson of history teaches anything. Such a league has always failed and will always fail as long as human conditions remain are they are, for no league of nations, such as is contemplated by the Paris Conference, can be successful unless the constituent nations have, in the first place, a common standard of civilization; in the second place, reasonably identical interests, and, in the third place, entertain for each other sincerely pacific feelings.

"Great Britain, France, the United States, Italy, and Belgium are nations of a common standard of civilization, and between whom there is a reasonable harmony of feeling. These nations should stand together in peace, as they have stood together in war, and not complicate a natural alliance, growing out of common ideals, interests, and purposes, by an unnatural partnership which would inevitably lead sooner or later to fatal dissensions."

TELLS OF MICHIGAN DRY LAW

Gov. Sleeper, Here to Welcome Troops, Explains Drastic Features.

Governor A. E. Sleeper of Michigan, who arrived in New York yesterday to welcome the homecoming Michigan troops on the Leviathan and other transports, told at the Hotel Commodore of the drastic Anti-Liquor act that he signed just before he left Lansing for New York on Tuesday.

"We have had prohibition in Michigan for more than a year," he said, "and we have found that there has been a great deal of smuggling of liquor into the State from Toledo and other places. It was to eliminate this condition that the State Legislature passed a bill which I signed making it a felony to be found with liquor in one's possession.

"The maximum punishment for the offense is a fine of $1,000 and imprisonment for two years. Of course the bill does not permit any officer to enter a house without a search warrant. No, I don't expect that passengers in trains traveling through Michigan will be molested. But of course we can have officers meet passengers as they get off the trains if they come from outside the State."

Asked what the public sentiment appeared to be on the stringent measure, h esaid he did not know, but that it was a law that appeared to be necessary if prohibition were to be maintained. As to the effect of prohibition in Michigan, he said that the jails have fewer occupants since the measure was enacted. The jails of Mount Clemens, he said, harbor only 25 per cent. of the lawbreakers they did a year ago, before the passage of the measure.

Approximately 150,000 to 200,000 men went to the war from Michigan, he said, and he believed that jobs for these men would be available without much difficulty. He said the large industries of the State would absorb many of the men, others would get back their old situations, and additional numbers would be kept busy on public works. An amendment to the State Constitution is being urged permitting the Legislature to borrow $50,000,000 for public works, and if this should pass a part of this large sum would be made use of as soon as possible.

Governor Sleeper told of an Industrial Relations Commission which is making a study of labor and manufacturing conditions in Michigan. He said that its preliminary report was along the lines of the Whitley report in Great Britain. The Governor departed for Michigan last night to attend the closing days of the Legislature.

Commenting on Michigan's drastic anti-liquor law, James A. Seavey, executive Secretary of the Association Opposed to National Prohibition, said yesterday: "The measure is so severe and puritanical that it will react against itself in a way that the legislators who put it through never dreamed of. It is the bluest kind of blue law and is an example of what the prohibitionists drunk with power will do."

AGREE TO PROHIBITION TEST

Rhode Island Senate Passes Resolution Asking a Ruling.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 2.—The Senate today passed the resolution directing the Attorney General of the State to ask the United States Supreme Court for a ruling on the constitutionality of the prohibition amendment to the Constitution. The resolution had already been adopted by the House. The resolution will go to the Governor tomorrow and he will, it is understood, sign it without delay.

When the resolution came up on the calendar today a motion for indefinite postponement was lost by a vote of 9 to 2. A motion to lay it on the table also was defeated. Senator Robert G. McMeehan, in urging indefinite postponement, questioned the right of the State "to sue the United States," and said such a proposal would put Rhode Island in a ridiculous position. Senator W. A. Morgan also favored indefinite postponement.

"If we pass this resolution it is going to be entirely futile," he said. "So far as I can find out, there is no way the Attorney General can get this matter before the Supreme Court. The resolution is discreditable and is a reflection upon the intelligence of the people of the State and the members of the Legislature."

Senator Max W. Saugy, in urging the passage of the resolution, said he accepted the Judiciary Committee's recommendation. He said everybody wanted to know about this question. Senator George T. Gorton favored the resolution, declaring that no two lawyers could agree on a constitutional question.

Senator Max Levy said the question was how to get the matter before the Supreme Court. He assumed that this problem had been thought out by some one and urged that the resolution pass.

Peace League Disowns Stamps.

The League to Enforce Peace is not responsible for the "League of Nations" stamps now being offered for sale in certain cities, according to a statement made yesterday by the organization. Persons to whom the stamps or any other propaganda material are offeerd for sale under such representation are asked to communicate with the National Headquarters of the League to Enforce Peace, 130 West 42d Street.

Brooklyn Bridge Traffic Blocked.

A Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, train bound for Manhattan became disabled yesterday morning at the Brooklyn end of the Brooklyn Bridge, blocking the tracks, and several thousands persons were compelled to walk across the bridge to get to their work. Elevated trains were switched back at the Sands Street loop. The block lasted from 8:25 to 10 o'clock.

The HOWARD YOUNG GALLERIES
620 Fifth Ave.
Announce their first
EXHIBITION
of
13
PAINTINGS
by
GUY C. WIGGINS

Children's HICKORY Garters

Mothers of America:

YOU occasionally may find a reliable dealer who cannot supply you with children's Hickory Garters. May we ask you to send us his name and to tell us his reason for not having Hickory?

We produce Hickory Garters for you and do not want to spare any efforts to make it possible for you to secure them conveniently.

HICKORY *Garters at your dealer: Twenty-five cents and up—depending upon style and size*

A. STEIN & COMPANY
MAKERS
PARIS GARTERS
for men
Chicago *New York*
214

ORDER
Ballantine's
GOLDEN GLOW
GINGER ALE

The world's best-dressed woman
A man left 2 million dollars
To buy her a set of furs

They should be of Russian sable, he stipulated: the most perfect in the world. They were the most wonderful furs ever seen.

Around her neck she wore
30 ropes of pearls
A diamond necklace to her waist

of stones as large as walnuts and of pear-shaped pearls. European courts envied her marvelous jewels. Rubies and gems worth fabulous amounts were hers such as no woman ever possessed.

She had 120 dresses each year
Kept 4 dressmakers busy

It is a dazzling picture of a woman's amazing extravagance that is given by one who knew her; who shows us a marvel of a woman's wardrobe the like of which we will never see again.

In the Easter Ladies' Home Journal

More than 1,900,000 Copies

9 Radiant Stories
60 Articles
6 Full-Color Pictures

15 CENTS

The Highest in Quality
The Biggest in Size—188 Pages
The Lowest in Price

424 NAMED IN FOUR NEW ARMY CASUALTY LISTS

Include 196 Dead and 10 Missing; Marine Corps Reports Loss of 59 Men

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Four army casualty lists were issued by the War Department today, which contained 424 names, bringing the total for the army up to 276,162, including 4,584 prisoners released and returned, after the official weekly recheck, which takes into account changes of status and eliminates duplications.

One Marine Corps casualty list also was issued today, containing 59 names, which brought the total for the Marine Corps up to 5,827, after the official weekly recheck. Over 85 per cent. of the army men reported as wounded in action have now returned to duty. The total for army and Marine Corps is now 281,989.

The army casualty lists issued today contained the names of 28 killed in action, 12 died of wounds, 33 died of accident, 123 died of disease, 12 severely wounded, 51 wounded to a degree undetermined, 155 wounded slightly, and 10 missing.

The Marine Corps list given out today contained the names of 26 killed in action, 22 died of wounds, 5 died of disease, 4 missing in action, 1 wounded slightly, and 1 wounded to a degree undetermined.

Summary of Army Casualties to Date.

	Previously Reported.	Reported April 2.	Total.
Killed in action	31,769	28	31,797
Lost at sea	732	..	732
Died of wounds	13,400	12	13,412
Died of accident	3,947	33	3,980
Died of disease	22,203	123	22,326
Total	72,051	196	72,247
Wounded	194,144	218	194,362
Missing	5,009	10	5,019
Total	271,204	424	271,628

Summary of Marine Corps Casualties to Date.

	Officers.	Men.
Deaths	98	2,388
Wounded	121	3,113
Missing	..	107
Total	219	5,608

The following abbreviations are used to indicate rank and the nature of the casualty:

(DA) Died from Accident or Other Cause.
(DD) Died of Disease.
(DP) Died from Airplane Accident.
(DW) Died from Wounds.
(KA) Killed in Action.
(LS) Lost at Sea.
(MA) Missing in Action.
(P) Prisoner.
(RD) Returned to Duty.
(WL) Wounded Slightly.
(WS) Wounded Severely.
(WU) Wounded, (Degree Undetermined.);

Gen. General. Col. Colonel. Maj. Major. Capt. Captain. Lt. Lieutenant. Sgt. Sergeant. Corp. Corporal. Bgl. Bugler. Mch. Mechanic. Wagn. Wagoner. Mus. Musician. Hrs. Horseshoer.

The names for which no rank is indicated are those of privates. The list is given in full for the States of New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut; in other States the names of only the dead are given.

NEW YORK CITY.

BORAM, ED. F., 221 West 141st St....(WL)
BYRNE, CHAS. A., 77 West 128th St.—Sgt.....(DD)
CLARK, J. C., 208 Marion St., Bklyn..(DD)
ENGEL, H., 251 Irving Av., Bklyn....(WU)
GHUZZI, ADOLPH, 248 West 67th St..(WL)
HOGAN, PHILIP, 258 Dean St., Bklyn..(KA)
HOYT, ANSON S., 809 Park Av.....(WU)
KASDAN, JACOB, 2,825 Prospect Av...(WL)
KELLY, JOHN W., 1,268 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.....(DA)
MIERAN, THOMAS, JR., 150 West 47th St.—Lt.....(DA)
KURILOFF, MORRIS, 42 Hinsdale St., Brooklyn.....(KA)
KANE, P. M., 537 58th St., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WU)
LAGONE, DOMINICK, 421 E. 15th St...(DD)
MARRA, JOHN, 40 Downing St.....(DA)
MASSONI, ANTONIO, 29 Vanderbilt Av., Brooklyn.....(DA)
MANEY, PATRICK, 164 Newton St., Brooklyn.....(WL)
McENEANEY, EDWARD P., 701 East 168d St.....(DA)
MITCHELL, REGINALD T., 958 Brooklyn Av., Brooklyn—Lt.....(WS)
MUNZINGER, CHARLES, 529 East 89th St.....(DD)
QUINN, J. M., 339 E. 122d St.—Corp..(DD)
SMITH, THOMAS E., 333 20th St., Brooklyn.....(DD)
STABILE, NICHOLAS, 104 North Portland Av., Brooklyn—Corp.....(WL)
SULLIVAN, EDWARD J., 401 West 22d St.—Lt.....(WS)
VICTORY, EDWARD, 629 Boyd Av., Woodhaven—Corp.....(DD)
WINSHIP, HAROLD, 109 Milton Av., Brooklyn.....(WL)
WEINBERGER, MEYER, 940 Wales Av.(DD)
WILSON, HOWARD, 448 Crescent St., Brooklyn.....(DD)
YARMOLINSKI, Wladislaw, 4 1st Av..(DW)

NEW YORK STATE.

ARNOLD, J. H. C., Rochester—Mus...(DD)
BARBER, HOMER, Middle Falls.....(KA)
COLBY, G. V., Cape Vincent.....(DD)
CIOFFI, JOSEPH, Troy.....(DW)
DETZ, MONTE, Buffalo—Corp.....(WL)
HEATH, C. T., Binghamton—Cook....(DA)
KANE, ARTHUR J., Waverly.....(WU)
LANE, L. V., Houghton.....(WL)
LEWIS, W. L., Clinton—Lt.....(WL)
POACH, PETER J., Sidney.....(DD)
RITCHIE, THOMAS L., Harkness.....(DD)
REICH, F. P., Buffalo.....(WL)
ROSSEGUIE, C. N., Endicott.....(DP)
SCHLENKER, WILLIAM, Rochester..(MA)
SMITH, W. J., Far Rockaway.....(WL)
SPINK, F. P., White Plains.....(WL)
TANTODONATO, PAOLA, Peekskill...(DA)
THOMAS, HOWARD, Bemadeville....(DD)

TENNESSEE.

GRUBB, W. A., Nashville—Corp.....(DA)
PEKLER, WM. E., Lexington.....(DD)
RICKEY, F. B., Memphis.....(DD)
SMITH, WILLIE, Springfield.....(DD)

TEXAS.

BEEZLEY, LUTHER T., Van Horn....(DD)
BIGGERS, ERNEST, Jones Prairie....(DD)
LARMON, G. E., Big Spring.....(DD)
PRICE, WILLIAM, Tyler.....(DD)
TOLSON, DUNCAN, Somerville.....(DA)

VIRGINIA.

ALLEN, MANUEL, Dogue.....(DD)
BANKS, R. A., Meadville—Sgt.....(DA)
PURWELL, LITWICH P., Clarksville.(DD)
SHAVER, JOHN W., Staunton.....(DD)
THOMPSON, H. C., Darlington Hgts.—Corp.....(DA)
TUTOR, OTIS O., Bracy.....(DD)
WALKER, EDDIE, Brookvail.....(DD)

WASHINGTON.

ANDERSON, WILLIAM, Poulsboro....(KA)
LEWIS, WILFRED, Seattle—Capt....(DD)

WEST VIRGINIA.

CLAIR, BERNARD, Charleston.....(DA)
DIXON, ARTHUR G., Independence...(DW)
MACKAY, A. G., McMechen—Lt.....(DW)

WISCONSIN.

BERNDT, HERMAN, Cedarburg.....(DD)
CARBERRY, M. L., Fond du Lac.....(DD)
COOLEY, C. F., Jr., Madison.....(DD)
LUXEM, L. P., West Boro—Corp.....(DD)
WELKER, HERBERT, River Falls.....(DD)

CANADA.

POWERS, GORDON H., Woodstock....(DD)

CUBA.

CARDENAS, OSCAR, Habana—Corp....(KA)

GREECE.

KARANTZIAS, JOHN, Cecopyer, Korinlos .....(DA)

MONTENEGRO.

BAROVIC, PETER, Alen.....(KA)

NORWAY.

VATSVIK, THOR, Skerge, Bergen.....(DA)

NO HOME ADDRESS GIVEN.

PURCELL, JAMES A.....(DD)

Marine Corps Casualties.

NEW YORK STATE.

COLON, GEORGE, O., Clayton—Sgt..(DW)
CURTICE, REX, Jamesville.....(DW)
SAVERCOOL, DAVID, Johnson City..(DW)

ALABAMA.

SMITH, JOE, Gadsden.....(DW)
THOMAS, J. H., Camp McClellan.....(KA)

CALIFORNIA.

ESTES, JASPER N, Arbuckle.....(DW)

COLORADO.

CANDLIN, VICTOR G., Greeley.....(DW)

CONNECTICUT.

HEALY, J. F., Ansonia.—Corp.....(DD)

GEORGIA.

DAVENPORT, C. L., Egan.....(DW)

ILLINOIS.

MONROE, F. J., Chicago—Gunnery Sgt.(KA)
PLACOK, JOSEPH T., Chicago.....(KA)
VINYARD, HOWARD, Hicks—Corp...(DW)

INDIANA.

BOCK, FRED E., Bedford.....(KA)

IOWA.

CAREY, THEO T., Walnut.....(DW)

MARYLAND.

LILLEY, C. E., Baltimore—Sgt.....(KA)

MASSACHUSETTS.

ALDRICH, EDWARD J., Westboro....(DW)
LOVE, JOHN D., Boston—Sgt.....(DW)
STEEVES, JOHN B., Dorchester.....(DW)

MINNESOTA.

AHL, MAX H., St. Paul—Corp.....(KA)

MISSOURI.

HENSIEK, A. C., Jonesburg—Corp....(KA)
JAROSIK, JACOB F., St. Louis.....(KA)

NEBRASKA.

ANDERSON, A. W., Valparaiso—Corp.(DW)

NEW JERSEY.

RISKA, JOHN J., Newark.....(KA)

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Reptd.	Prev. Reptd.
HERNE, T. V., 76 Smith St., Bayshore, L. I.	(WU)	(MA)
SKOLNICK, H., 135 E. B'way...	(D)	(MA)
SULLIVAN, W. J., 1,647 E. 12th St., Brooklyn—Sgt.	(WU)	(MA)

NEW YORK STATE.

CADY, M., Greenfield Centre..... (D) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

BALDYSKI, ROMAN, Berton, W. Va.....(D) (MA)
BIGLEY, V. H., Graysville, Ohio.(D) (MA)
EISSETT, J. H., Ned, Penn.....(D) (MA)
BRADLEY, J. N., Chester, Penn.(D) (MA)
BRENNAN, E. J., Punxsutawney, Penn.—Corp.....(D) (MA)
BROUSSARD, J. C., Edgerley, La.....(D) (MA)
BRUCE, J. H., Paterson, N. J...(D) (MA)
BURDETT, D. M., Pendleton, S. C.....(D) (MA)
CALDWELL, HULEN, Bremen, Ky.....(D) (MA)
COLEMAN, F. D., Falls Creek...(KA) (D)
COLLINS, R. R., Cobbs Creek, Va.....(D) (MA)
CONANT, NELSON, Salisbury, Vt.....(D) (MA)
CREED, C. A., Worcester, Mass.(D) (MA)
CURTIS, H. K., Mt. Vernon, Ind.(D) (MA)
DEMARO, RALPH, Tacony, Penn.....(D) (MA)
ENGLE, J. D., Monaca, Penn.—Corp.....(KA) (D)
FAILOR, JAMES, Newville, Penn.(D) (MA)
FISHER, JOHN, Bemidji, Minn..(KA) (D)
FISHER, T. W., Petersburg, Va.(D) (MA)
GARROW, W., Menasha, Wis....(D) (MA)
GOODSPEED, F. N., Kinney, Minn.(D) (MA)
INGENITO, JOS., Pasetino, Italy.(KA) (WS)
KING, W. S., Iliad, Mon.....(D) (MA)
KISSICK, T. L., Ringos Mill, Ky.(KA) (D)
LEROW, H., Fall River, Mass...(D) (MA)
MALM, C. A., Detroit, Mich.....(KA) (D)
MIZIVKRI, JOHN, Detroit, Mich.(D) (MA)
SCANNELL, J., S. Hamilton, Mass.(RD) (DD)
SCOTT, W. E., Kansas City, Mo.—Lt.....(KA) (D)
SIDARIS, N., Omaha, Neb.....(D) (MA)
SMITH, ALBERT, Newark, N. J.—Cook.....(RD) (KA)
TAYLOR, R. C., Alliston, Miss.—Lt.....(D) (MA)
TYACK, JOHN A., North Bergen, N. J.—Corp.....(WU) (MA)
HARRISON, W. H., Ashland, Wis.....Erroneously KA
MURPHY, T. A., E. 112th St., New York City.....Erroneously DW
SKELLY, J. S., Philadelphia, Penn.—Lt.....Erroneously DA
STONE, JOHN, Coffeyville, Miss.—Lt.....Erroneously DA

ALABAMA.

McCOY, REUBEN, Watson.....(DD)
MATTHEW, WILLIAM, Jacksonville..(DD)
TROTTER, EARL W., Cherokee—Corp.(DW)

ARKANSAS.

GENTRY, ALFRED, Okolana.....(DD)

CALIFORNIA.

BRACHMANN, BENJ., San Francisco.(KA)
CAVALLINI, CHARLES, Raymond....(DD)
BRICKSON, RALPH E., Sacramento...(DW)
HAVENS, LESTER D., Simi—Sgt.....(DD)
HEERY, JOSEPH M., Taylorsville....(DD)
MICKELOTTI, JOHN, Bonny Doon!...(DW)
MORGAN, JOHN H., San Francisco....(DA)
MORRISSEY, KENNETH, Orland.....(DD)

COLORADO.

HOGUE, CURTIS F., Canon City.....(DD)

CONNECTICUT.

BEWS, JOSEPH, New Haven—Corp...(DA)
BEMIS, LESLIE C., Meriden.....(DD)
COYLE, BERT E., Bridgeport.....(DD)
MILETT, WALTER J., New Haven...(WL)
MULREED, JOHN F., Glenbrook.....(WL)
PALMER, MERWIN H., W. Haven—Corp.(WU)

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

FISCHER, ALBERT G., Washington..(DA)

FLORIDA.

BENBOE, HERMAN T., Pensacola....(DD)

GEORGIA.

BARBER, CLAUDE J., Manor.....(DD)
BELL, HENRY, Dixie.....(DD)
CRAFT, AUSTIN, Hardwell.....(DD)
FRANKLIN, BENNIE, Erick—Corp....(DD)
PADGETT, WILLIAM R., Woolsey....(DD)
TAYLOR, MARION H., Hahira.....(DD)
VICKERSON, IRA, Hawkensville....(DD)
WASHINGTON, ED., Dublin.....(DD)

IDAHO.

SNEVE, EDDIE, Kendrick.....(DD)

ILLINOIS.

ALLMAN, GEORGE J., Springfield....(DD)
BATTAGLIA, GIONNI, Chicago.....(KA)
DESALVO, ANTONIO, Chicago.....(DD)
GRZYBOWSKI, F., Chicago.....(DA)
LEIDING, WALTER F., Crescent City.(DD)
REED, CLIFTON V., Kankakee—Lt....(DD)
STROBEL, EZRA D., Marion.....(DD)
SMITH, JOHN C., Philo.....(DD)

INDIANA.

GARRINGER, JAMES N., Portland....(DD)
KENDALL, MARTIN V., Shelbyville..(DW)
LEDBETTER, L. H., Hagerstown.....(DD)

IOWA.

LEE, J. D., Burlington—Lt.....(DD)
SANDAHL, R. E., Charlton.....(KA)

KANSAS.

McWILLIAMS, C. C., White Cloud...(DD)

KENTUCKY.

BARNETT, M. E., Greensburg.....(DD)
FORBES, M. F., Cove Dale—Mch....(DD)
HAY, PERCY, Calhoun.....(DD)
LAMON, G. E., Owensboro.....(DD)
LEE, Jeptha D., Burlington—Lt....(DD)
TOWNSEND, A. H., Hickman—Sgt....(DD)

LOUISIANA.

BALL, A. C., New Orleans—Lt.....(DD)
LEGGETT, R. D., Ewell.....(DD)
SLAY, LESTER, Mire.....(DA)

MAINE.

SPAULDING, D. W., Gardiner.....(DW)

MARYLAND.

ADAMS, LEROY, Fishing Creek.....(DD)

MASSACHUSETTS.

LUND, C. S., Somerville—Corp.....(DD)
McOONVILLE, EDWARD, Shawmut...(KA)
PLOUFFE, A., Winchendon—Cook....(DD)
WELCOME, A. A., Arlington.....(DD)
WELSH, R. A., North Hadley.....(DD)

MICHIGAN.

DELGOFF, RODNEY, Limestone.....(DA)
MAYBOUR, R. J., Sterling—Corp....(DD)
PELTO, HENRY, Ishpeming.....(DA)
REDMOND, N. L., Detroit—Corp.....(KA)
SMITENDORF, E. D., Three Rivers...(KA)
STANTON, A. W., Mesick.....(DD)
SWANTY, M. F., Allegan—Corp.....(DD)

MINNESOTA.

HARRISON, ERVIE W., Waterville...(KA)
HARSHMAN, W. R., Princeton.....(DD)
KLADT, EINARD, Pine River.....(DD)
KOWASEWICH, TADY, Chisholm.....(DA)
LANGEMO, NICKOLAIE, W. Concord..(KA)
NYLEN, SAMUEL J., Foreston.....(DD)
WELLENS, PAUL, Chaska.....(DA)

MISSISSIPPI.

COOPER, WESLEY, Burdette.....(DD)

MISSOURI.

ARNOLD, B. H., Princeton.....(DA)
BURK, J. C., Sedalia—Corp.....(KA)
HEDRICK, A. L., Kansas City—Capt...(DD)
JOHNSON, A. W., Kansas City—Sgt..(DD)
PIERCE, H. A., Kansas City.....(KA)
WHITE, A. F., St. Louis—Lt.....(KA)

MONTANA.

ROGERS, HARVEY E., Savoy.....(DD)

NEBRASKA.

BAKER, STERLING, Seward—Corp....(DA)
JONES, FRED A., Wymova.....(DD)
MEYERS, HARRY E., Preston.....(DD)
RUZICKA, EDWARD V., Pishelville..(KA)

NEW JERSEY.

BAYER, PHILIP A., Newark.....(WU)
BOWLBY, EARL C., Newark.....(DD)
DUFFY, JOHN F., Newark.....(DD)
HAAS, JACOB, Vauxhall.....(WL)
KASZINSKI, FRANK, Jersey City.....(MA)
KENYON, ARTHUR T., Bradley Beach —Army field clerk.....(DA)
KOSSO, PETIR A., Newark.....(KA)
LEADER, ARTHUR L. B., Rutherford.(MA)
LOEFFLER, HENRY J., Newark.....(MA)
MILLER, RAYMOND A., Newark.....(WL)
MYERS, JOSEPH E., Jersey City.....(WL)
PASNIK, MICHAEL, Passaic—Corp...(WU)
PALMER, JOSEPH R., Englishtown..(WU)
SICILIANO, C., West Grove—Bgl.....(WU)
STAEP, KARL, Phillipsburg—Corp....(WL)
STOEPKER, HENRY, Paterson—Lt.....(WL)
TOMOSETTI, LUIGI, Ardsley.....(KA)
WADE, JOSEPH P., Bayonne.....(DD)
WINSTON, LEO, Newark.....(WL)

NEW MEXICO.

COFIELD, WILLIE, Maryhill.....(DD)
JOHNSON, MARION S., Durham—Corp.(DD)
TAYLOR, ERNEST C., Furches—Corp.(DW)
WOODSBY, NORMAN, Barnard.....(DA)

NORTH CAROLINA.

CAMERON, GILBERT, Jonesboro.....(DD)
THOMAS, JOHN, Clarkton.....(DD)
TURNER, SAM, Woodland.....(DD)

OHIO.

BOLINGER, GEORGE L., Marion.....(DD)
BOWER, D. E., Chillicothe—Corp.....(DD)
BRUNS, HERMAN J., Port Clinton....(DD)
BURZYCH, PETER, Boston—Corp.....(DA)
FURLONG, BERGIN G., Newtown.....(DD)
GILLESPIE, ROY M., Canton—Sgt.....(DA)
HANTERICK, GEORGE, Cincinnati....(DD)
McLEAN, RAY L., Tronto—Corp.....(DD)
MARTIN, CARL, Elliston.....(KA)
PETER, FRANK D., Canton—Lt.....(DW)
SMITH, ROBERT M., Cleveland.....(KA)
SCARBROUGH, WM. D., Gallon—Capt..(DD)
STILLMAK, JOHN M., Barton.....(DA)
STRATMAN, WM. H., Cleveland.....(DD)

OKLAHOMA.

HANNA, GROVER C., Headrick.....(KA)

OREGON.

BABCOCK, A. E., Albany—Corp.....(DD)
SMITH, CLYDE, Suplee.....(KA)

PENNSYLVANIA.

ASTURINO, JOSEPPE, Jeanette.....(DD)
BEISTLINE, E. I., Mechanicsburg....(KA)
BOLINSKY, G., Mahanoy Plane—Corp..(DD)
DIEHL, HENRY GEARY, Bedford....(KA)
DAVIS, LLOYD C., Norwood.....(DD)
DETLING, EARL R., Miller Run.....(DD)
DEWEY, T. R., Scranton—Sgt.....(DA)
EVANS, H., Brandywine Summit.....(DW)
EVANS, THOMAS, Johnstown.....(DW)
McANDREW, JAMES P., Vandling.....(DD)
PORTEUS, FRANCIS L., Philadelphia.(DA)
PUGH, JOHN, Jr., Philadelphia.....(DD)
RYNARD, CHARLES A., Carlisle.....(DD)
SAGER, ROY, Nanticoke.....(DW)
SCHUMAN, JAMES F., York—Lt.....(DD)
SHILLING, CHARLES R., Beech Creek.(DD)
STEINER, MORAND A., Beaver Falls.(DD)

RHODE ISLAND.

GOFFE, A. P., Providence.....(DD)
PELOQUIN, P. E., Woonsocket—Cook.(DD)
ST. AMOUR, E. K., Cantinicut.....(DD)

SOUTH CAROLINA.

AYERS, RUFUS S., Greenville.....(KA)
DAVIS, ULYSES, Jonesville.....(DD)
HARRISON, W. H., Spartanburg.....(KA)
LEATHERWOOD, JIM, Greer.....(DD)
LISTER, R. L., Greer.....(DD)

OHIO.

COCANOUR, JOSEPH E., Newark....(DD)
GILLEN, ARTHUR A., Trenton.....(DD)
NELSON, OTTO C., Fowler.....(DD)
STEINMETZ, EDW. T., Hamilton.....(KA)

PENNSYLVANIA.

ARNOTT, JAMES B., Philadelphia...(KA)
BRACKEN, HARRY, Wilkinsburg—Sgt.(DW)
HAMERSLY, J. H., Philadelphia....(DW)
JOSEPHSON, CHARLES A., Drifting..(KA)
MARKUSIC, FRED, Uniontown.....(DW)
TAUNT, CLARENCE, Philadelphia—Corp.....(DW)

TEXAS.

BUFORD, DAVID L., Frankston—Gunnery Sgt.....(KA)
CASH, ROY ALFREAD, Beaumont...(DW)
FLORENCE, TULLIE, Pate.....(DD)
GRAHAM, ROY BARNIE, Rogers.....(DW)

WASHINGTON.

CORN, DAVID PEABODY, Outlook....(DW)
MULFORD, JOSEPH ALLEN, South Tacoma.....(DW)

Revised List of Casualties.

NEW YORK CITY.

	Now Reptd.	Prev. Reptd.
HERNE, T. V., 76 Smith St., Bayshore, L. I.	(WU)	(MA)
SKOLNICK, H., 135 E. B'way...	(D)	(MA)
SULLIVAN, W. J., 1,647 E. 12th St., Brooklyn—Sgt.	(WU)	(MA)

NEW YORK STATE.

CADY, M., Greenfield Centre..... (D) (MA)

OTHER STATES.

BALDYSKI, ROMAN, Berton, W. Va.....(D) (MA)
BIGLEY, V. H., Graysville, Ohio.(D) (MA)
EISSETT, J. H., Ned, Penn.....(D) (MA)
BRADLEY, J. N., Chester, Penn.(D) (MA)
BRENNAN, E. J., Punxsutawney, Penn.—Corp.....(D) (MA)

1878 A. Jaeckel & Co 1919
Furriers
384 Fifth Avenue
Between 35th and 36th Sts.
NEW YORK
FURS OF DISTINCTION
For
SPRING WEAR
Telephone 2044 Greeley

Two Minutes For Lunch
I tell Ma, and she says — "Here's your POST TOASTIES"
Bobby.

Better Carbon Copies and Faster Work

The "Royal" typebar gathers speed continuously as it flashes to the printing point. It hits the paper at the high point of its speed—gives a clearer, sharper, exact impression that is carried out to the very last carbon.

Because the "Royal" typebar is the fastest as well as the strongest ever made, it effects a cumulative time saving in the course of a day that shows in the record of greater production.

Get a "Royal" demonstration—compare the work—note the clear-cut letterpress beauty of the type impression. You will see why big business standardizes on this machine that gives the extra years of service and ends the trading out evil.

ROYAL TYPEWRITER COMPANY, INC.
364-366 Broadway. Telephone Franklin 4400.

"Compare the Work"

ROYAL

PRINCE ALBERT
the national joy smoke

Copyright 1919 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

YOU can't help cutting loose joy'us remarks every time you flush your smokespot with Prince Albert—it hits you so fair and square. It's a scuttle full of jimmy pipe and cigarette makin's sunshine and as satisfying as it is delightful!

It's never too late to hop the fence into the Prince Albert pleasure-pasture! For, P. A. is trigger-ready to give you more tobacco fun than you ever had in your smokecareer. *That's because it has the quality* that makes its flavor and its fragrance so enticing.

And, quick as you know Prince Albert you'll write it down that P. A. *did not* bite your tongue or parch your throat. *And, it never will!* For, our exclusive patented process cuts out bite and parch and lets the man with the touchiest tongue simply smoke the roof off the house!

Man, man, what a wad of smokesport there's stored in that P. A. package that's addressed directly to you!

Toppy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and—that clever, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

MUSIC

By James Gibbons Huneker

The Presselle Sisters.

The Presselle sisters, Rose and Charlotte—as they would be announced if in vaudeville—appeared in a two-piano recital at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon. Rose is a brunette; Charlotte, while not precisely blonde, is lighter in coloring as to hair and complexion and touch than her sister. They are not twins. They are pretty, unaffected, and play effectively. They do not use notes, and their accuracy, speed, synchronization, and technical fluency are admirable. Pupils of Felix Fox, a well-known pianist and pedagogue, of Boston, himself a pupil of Isidore Philipp of the Paris Conservatoire—the master of Guiomar Novaes—these two young ladies may boast not only sound training but artistic lineage. Their ensemble work chiefly lacks variety in warmth and tonal shading, faults that time and study should remedy.

Their program began with the inevitable variations by Saint-Saëns on the trio of the menuet in Beethoven's E flat sonata, Opus. 31, No. 3. The first performance we heard of this ingenious and musical composition was that of the composer and his pupil Mme. Montigny-Remaury, and at the Trocadero Palace in early October, 1878. The receipts were donated to the yellow fever sufferers in New Orleans, and as it was the year of the exposition there was a distinguished audience present. We also recall the fact that the playing was scholastic and bone-dry. The greatest ensemble playing on two pianos in this city took place in old Steinway Hall, when Rafael Joseffy and Moriz Rosenthal, who not only interpreted these Saint-Saëns variations and the familiar Schumann music, but several études of Chopin in unison, and how magically we need not add.

The program yesterday was composed for the most for two pianos. The high water mark was Liszt's Concerto Pathetique for two pianos, which was introduced to New York by Joseffy and the late Samuel Sandford, professor at Yale. Since then a Liszt pupil, Richard Burmeister, has arranged the piece, more of a rhapsody than concerto, for solo piano and orchestra, with capital results. Liszt has refurbished old material, the chief declamatory theme being suspiciously like the entrance to the B minor solo sonata. Sentimental to excess, yet it is full of dramatic feeling, and, of course, the inevitable chorale occurs. One encore of the pianists was an arrangement by Duvernoy that bore a startling resemblance to the rondo in the C major sonata of Weber, the so-called perpetual movement. It was brilliantly delivered by the Presselle sisters; indeed, brilliancy is their chief characteristic. They were warmly applauded.

A Musicale de Luxe.

Théophile Gautier declared that music was the most expensive of all noises. Théo, like Victor Hugo and Tolstoy, was tone-deaf; nevertheless, there is some truth in his epigram. Anyhow, if he had sat in the grand ballroom of the Commodore Hotel last night and had listened to Manager Johnson's bevy of artists sing and play, and had also "counted the house," he would have been more firmly convinced of his contention.

It was a de luxe musicale, the first of the Pershing Square series, and on the stage there appeared such artistic heroes and heroine as Mary Garden, Enrico Caruso, Arthur Rubinstein, and Mischa Elman. And the audience was equally de luxe. The odd part of the affair was that it turned out, contrary to our expectations, a musical event of prime importance. The mingling of society and music has never been a chemical success; the disparate elements usually refuse to precipitate. But last night was the exception that proved the rule. There was electricity in the air and each artist contributed to the voltage.

Place aux dames: There was only one, but she was an army and terrible as banners. Although Mary Garden has been ill with incipient grip since last week she has seldom sung so eloquently, with such vocal prodigality and exquisite art. That she looked wonderfully charming is set down now merely as a matter of record. The Fauré-Debussy songs were poems in phrasing, diction, interpretation. Then she sang "Annie Laurie" in a way that would have melted the heart of Jon D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie, Colonel W. Bryan, or any other prominent emotionalist.

Caruso was in superb voice (touch wood!) and delivered himself of an aria from "La Forza del Destino," and the aria from "Manon," "Fuyez," in splendid style. Such encores, "La Baiser" and the Neapolitan air, captured the house. Such lungs, such beautiful "noise"! Elman and his magic fiddle and Rubinstein with his rhythmic Spanish dances aroused great enthusiasm. As for Miss Garden and Caruso—let us drop the curtain on the superlatives! In the audience were well-known faces: Mr. and Mrs. Robert D. Garden, Mrs. Burke Roche, Anna Fitziu, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, John McE. Bowman, Mrs. Alexander Dallas Pratt, Mrs. John Logan, Mrs. Hamilton Wilkes Cary, Mrs. Enrico Caruso, and Police Commissioner and Mrs. Richard E. Enright among the rest.

REVIVE "IOLANTHE" AT PARK

Americans Give Faulty Performance of Fairy Opera Classic.

For their last new production of the year, the Society of American Singers at the Park Theatre revived last night the charming fairy opera "Iolanthe," by the immortal Gilbert and Sullivan. It was opening night only in the sense that the first-night audience was there, for the singers, it became painfully evident, were not ready for the production and "not there." A lack of rehearsals resulted in an equal battle with the difficult dialogue and songs of Sir W. S. Gilbert. The result was cumulative, and became something like a panic in the company, due to the shock of a closing season, shell shock, or some other cause not known to the audience. It was the two hundredth performance of the Society of American Singers—ample proof that last night's performance was an exception, and the faults for the most part those that can be cured within a period sufficient for some thorough repetitions.

"Iolanthe" has always been one of the most popular of the Gilbert and Sullivan operas in America, although it is leveled solely at British institutions. It contains some of Sullivan's most charming music. There is the duet of the shepherdess and Strephon, "None Shall Part Us From Each Other"; the wonderful chorus of the peers, the Lord Chancellor's "Said I to Myself, Said I," the well-known tenor ballad, "Spurn Not the Nobly Born"; the song in the Old English style that Sullivan loved, sung by the sentry, and the nightmare song, a nightmare for singers surely, but remarkable for Sullivan's accompaniment. All these good things the audience heard again last night, although for the most part they were served up "underdone."

Last night's cast brought out a familiar Fairy Queen in Kate Condon, remembered from the Casino production of a few seasons ago, and the part has not lost point or embonpoint. "Oh, Amorous Dove," by this imposing queen was one of the best sots of the evening. Craig Campbell as Strephon was also up to the mark. Gladys Caldwell was Phyllis, but although a delightful portrayer of a dozen Gilbertian rôles she shared in the common misfortune of unknown lines, and the music was not suited to her voice. But she was, as she was told by her noble suitor, "of all the young ladies the fairest," and she must be forgiven for the excellence of her manner of speaking the lines she knew and for the great personal charm of her characterization. Other parts were Private Willis by Herbert Waterous, whose clear delivery of the sentry song was welcome; Lord Tolloller by John Phillips, who helped over some rough spots by his good acting; Earl of Mount Ararat, by Betram Peacock, who suffered from a cold.

Cory Tracy, usually a tower of strength with her fine and well-trained hand, could not always find the elusive Gilbert line, but sang beautifully Iolanthe's ballad in the last act. William Danforth, as the Lord High Chancellor, did the most difficult nightmare song with fair success, and he also will come up to his usual high mark as a comedian through more time in the character.

The leaders of the fairies were Brooks Brown, Edna Broderick, and Adelina Harrold. They were equal to the principals in point of preparation, and Miss Broderick ahead of some of them, for she spoke her lines clearly.

"Butterfly" Sung for Seventh Time.

Puccini's "Madame Butterfly" was performed at the Metropolitan last evening for the seventh time this season, a record shared only by Verdi's "Aïda" among nearly forty operas in the current list. In the cast were Mmes. Farrar, Fornia, Egener, Messrs. Lazaro, Scotti, Bada, Ananian, d'Angelo, and Mr. Moranzoni conducting. The audience was a large one.

WALTER J. POND'S
WONDERFUL BALLAD
"As the Rose Kissed the Lily Goodnight"
NOW SWEEPING THE COUNTRY
All Music Counters, Woolworth Stores

METROPOLITAN OPERA
Today, 8—Matinee at 2. ($1 to $5). Verdi Festival. Act 4 Trovatore; Acts 2 and 3 Forza del Destino; Act 3 Aida. Rappold, Ponzillo, Muzio, Galli; Caruso, Martinelli, Whitehill, Chalmers, Mardones. Cond'rs Moranzoni and Papi.
Tonight, 8:15, Barber of Seville, Barrientos, Mattfeld; Hackett, De Loes, Bothier, Malatesta. Cd. Papi.
Fri. at 8, Triple Bill: Legend, Temple Dancer, Sheherezade. Pontzillo, Boston, Braslau; Althouse, Kingston, Chalmers, Bada. Cond., Moranzoni.
Sat. at 2, Samson et Dalila. Matsenauer; Caruso, Chalmers, Mardones, Reiss. Cond., Monteux.
Sat. at 8, (75c to $5.) Thais. Farrar, Howard, Galli; Althouse, Whitehill, Ananian. Cond., Monteux.
Sunday Evening, 50c. to $3.
VERDI REQUIEM
Ponzillo, Matsenauer, Hackett, Mardones. Chorus and Orchestra. Cond., Setti.
Last Week But One of Season.
Next Mon. at 8:15, Amore dei Tre Re. Muzio; Matthelli, Mardones, Chalmers. Cond. Moranzoni.
Wed. at 8, Prophete. Muzio, Matsenauer, Galli; Caruso, Rothier, Dias, Mardones. Cond., Bodanzky.
Thurs. at 8, Faust. Farrar, Delaunois, Galli; Martinelli, Whitehill, Chalmers. Cond. Monteux.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AEOLIAN HALL, Sun Aft., Apr. 6, at 3
SONG RECITAL BY RAFAELO DIAZ
Seats $1 and $2 at Box Office.
Management Metropolitan Musical Bureau.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily. 2 Pop. Prices Bowery Burlesquers, with Billy Foster & Frank Harcourt

The Rexall Store
Tobacco War Ends!

THE LIGGETT DRUG STORES have, during the past two weeks, sold a number of the popular brands of Cigarettes at prices representing very deep cuts.

Our reasons for doing this have been announced in the columns of this paper. Two large retail tobacco companies entered into a cut-rate campaign which threatened to demoralize a large and legitimate industry, and created a menace to thousands of dealers in tobacco products.

The Liggett Drug Stores took no part in creating this situation—we were entirely out of sympathy with it—but we determined to take action which we thought would be effective in bringing it to a speedy conclusion.

We, therefore, reduced our prices on a number of brands to a figure which was not met by any of the aggressors. In doing so, we defended our own Tobacco Departments, with a business of nearly four millions of dollars, and also, we believe, acted in the interests of dealers generally who are seeking to make a fair living profit out of their business.

The reason for our action has now disappeared. Those who started this campaign have restored their prices to a normal basis.

Therefore, we are giving below a price list of popular brands which will be in effect in our stores on Friday. Until then our low prices remain in effect.

We again serve notice that we will not allow competitors to take an unfair advantage, through deliberate and sustained cuts, whether direct or indirect.

We believe that such methods are antiquated and not in keeping with the spirit of the times. We believe the public approves of a business policy which contemplates the sale of merchandise of tested and reliable quality, at fair and dependable prices.

The Liggett Company is trying to run its business that way.

CAMELS CHESTERFIELD PIEDMONTS MECCAS LUCKY STRIKE	pkge. of 20 — 17c	TROPHIES HELMARS EGYPTIAN STRAIGHTS ROYAL NESTORS	pkge. of 10 — 14c
FATIMAS OMAR	pkge. of 20 — 22c	MURADS MOGULS MELACHRINOS (No. 9) NATURALS EGYPTIAN LUXURY	pkge. of 10 — 19c
LORD SALISBURY (Ovals)	pkge. of 15 — 16c		

Liggett's SAFE DRUG STORES
The Rexall Store

Demand

The volume of advertising now being submitted for publication in The New York Times is so large that frequently advertisements are crowded out.

Today 16 columns of advertisements are omitted and 110 published.

It is recommended that schedules be revised if possible to include Saturday, Sunday or Monday, when more advertising space is available than on other days of the week.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40 St. Evs. at 8:30. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:30. "BARRIE AT HIS BEST."—Times.
William Gillette — BARRIE'S BEST PLAY.—Herald — Dear Brutus
GLOBE Broadway at 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:30. Times—"AN OVATION"—Herald
Otis Skinner — His Greatest Success — THE HONOR OF THE FAMILY
Cohan & Harris' 4 Big Hits
COHAN & HARRIS Thea., W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
The Royal Vagabond — Biggest Success Since "The Merry Widow." — A Cohanized Opera Comique
GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way & 43 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
THE CUTE LITTLE PLAY THAT TURNS 'EM AWAY
A Prince There Was
GEO. M. COHAN as the Prince
HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30
Mrs. FISKE
in "MIS' NELLY OF N'ORLEANS" — A Comedy of Moonshine, Madness and Make Believe
LONGACRE West 48th St., Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
Most fascinating mystery play ever written
THREE FACES EAST
with Emmett Corrigan and Violet Heming
BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:20.
MATINEE TODAY at 2:20.
FRANCES STARR
in "TIGER! TIGER!" — A New Play by Edward Knoblock
CORT West 48th St. Evs., 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
"Ulio: 'ere's a 'it." — The Better 'Ole
With MR. and MRS. COBURN

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Evs. at 8:15. MATINEES SATURDAY & WED., 2:15.
KLAW & ERLANGER'S GALLOP OF FUN AND MELODY
The VELVET LADY
MUSIC BY VICTOR HERBERT
ON THE ROOF 9 o'Clock Revue & Midnight Frolic — Ziegfeld
LIBERTY THEA., W. 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
Henry Miller, Blanche Bates, Holbrook Blinn, Estelle Winwood
in a new play by Philip Moeller. "MOLIERE"
LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. MATINEES TODAY AT 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
DADDIES
KNICKERBOCKER THEATRE B'way and 38th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:15.
JOHN COHT'S NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LISTEN LESTER!
STANDARD, B'way, 90 St. MATINEE TODAY
A TAILOR-MADE MAN with Grant Mitchell.
Next Week—"THE INVISIBLE FOE"
The Big Sensation of New York—Follow the crowd to the HARRIS THEATRE
Spirit Mystery THE INVISIBLE FOE grips — LAST 4 TIMES
NEXT TUESDAY at 8:30.—SEATS NOW
Margaret Illington Wilton Lackaye
Robert Edeson Katharine Kaelred
in "A GOOD BAD WOMAN."
LIGHTNIN'
GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. MAT. TOMORROW (FRIDAY) 2:30.
AND ANOTHER SMITH & GOLDEN HIT
3 WISE FOOLS
CRITERION B'way, 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Sat. & Wed., 2:30.

HIPPODROME SUNDAY EVENING, APRIL 6, 8:30 P. M.
Season's Final Concert
BOY SOLOISTS. Masters: Billy Probst, Soprano; Hallet Dolan, "; Joe McMannus, Contralto
Paulist Choristers
Box Office Sale Opens Monday, March 31.
Prices, $1.00—$1.50—$2.00—$2.50.

CARNEGIE HALL, THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 10, at 8:30
An Announcement of Supreme Importance
Major General JOHN F. O'RYAN
COMMANDER OF THE FAMOUS 27TH DIVISION
Has consented to tell the public the first, complete, intimate story of the heroic fighting of New York's own regiments. Hear their famous Commander reveal just what our men did, and how they did it.
A graphic, gripping narrative of Yankee pluck and persistence
"Breaking the Hindenburg Line"
Profusely illustrated with remarkable lantern slides made from official photographs.
Seats 50c. to $2.50 at Box Office or Management. General O'Ryan's lecture tour is under the exclusive management of Lee Keedick, 437 Fifth Avenue, New York City. Manager of the world's most celebrated lecturers.

Carnegie Hall—Tonight at 8:30
FAREWELL LECTURE BY CAPTAIN A. F. B.
CARPENTER, V.C.
OF H. M. S. "VINDICTIVE"
Positively the Last Opportunity to hear him tell his remarkable story of
THE RAID ON ZEEBRUGGE
Illustrated by Lantern Slides.
DR. W. T. MANNING, Chairman.
Auspices British-American War Relief
A Few Seats Left at all Prices.
Mgt. J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau, 50 E. 42

REVEL of FOLLY
The Greatest Event of the Year
A COSTUME BALL
TOMORROW NIGHT
FRIDAY, APRIL 4TH
Hotel Commodore
CLEF CLUB SYNCOPATED ORCHESTRA
TICKETS $5. BOXES $25.
ALL TICKET AGENCIES OR REVEL OF FOLLY BALL
48 West 38th St.
CIRCLE 3619

CARNEGIE HALL, Tomorrow at 8:30.
MAJ.-GENERAL SIR F. B. MAURICE K.C.M.G. C.B.
HEAR HIM TELL ALL ABOUT THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS
Seats 50c to $2.50. At Box Office and office of Lee Keedick, 437 Fifth Ave., Sole Manager Gen. Maurice's Lecture Tour.

Carnegie Hall, Wed. Eve., April 9th
SCHOLA CANTORUM
KURT SCHINDLER, Conductor
Sacred Works of Victoria & Morales (Easter Week Music of Old Spain)
Three Chansons of Claude Debussy
Bergerettes of Old France & Flanders
Music from a New Liturgy of RACHMANINOFF
(First performance outside of Russia)
Soloist: Merle Alcock, Contralto.
Seats $2 to 50c, on Sale at Box Office.

UNEMPLOYMENT!!
Open Forum, April 3rd, 8 P. M.
SPEAKERS:
CHARLES E. CLARKE, Asst. to Federal Director, U. S. Employment Service.
H. W. METCALF, Bureau Mun. Research.
ORDWAY TEAD.
ADMISSION FREE.
CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION, FIFTH AVENUE AND 10TH STREET.
American Council of Young Women, (Office 287 W. 12th St.)

Aeolian Hall, Fri. Ev., Apr. 11th, at 8:30
Last American Lecture before sailing by
PHILIP GIBBS
on "THE SOUL OF THE WAR."
Tickets $2.50 to $1. Mail Orders Now
J. B. Pond Lyceum Bureau, 50 E. 42.

McBride's
THEATRE TICKET OFFICES
Our charge for service is 50 cents per ticket over the box office price. No exceptions.
UPTOWN OFFICE: 1497 Broadway. DOWNTOWN OFFICE: 71 Broadway.

Aeolian Hall, Saturday Aft., April 5, 2:30
PIANO RECITAL
GABRILOWITSCH
Tickets 50c to $2. Schumann-Chopin Program.
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

Punch & Judy THEATRE. Evgs. 8:45. Mats. Thurs., Fri. & Sat., 2:30.
PENNY WISE with MOLLY PEARSON
"MASTERPIECE."—Globe. $1.00 to $2.50.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'way & 47th St. — MARIE DRESSLER, Van & Schenck, Sheila Terry, Toney & Norman, and JACK NORWORTH.
B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96th St. — BERT WILLIAMS, VAN & SCHENCK, CHESON-OHRMAN, LILLIAN SHAW, FORD SISTERS & CO.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th St. Evenings 8. MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
MONTE CRISTO, JR.
"A diamond mine of entertainment." —Stephen Rathbun, Eve. Sun.
Sunday Night Concert
15—HEADLINE ACTS—15

MAT. TODAY, 2:30.
TOBY'S BOW
With NORMAN TREVOR
REAL COMEDY at the COMEDY THEATRE W. 41st. Evs. 8:30.

48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. Matinees Today & Saturday.
MABEL TALIAFERRO in "LUCK IN PAWN"

NORA BAYES Thea., W. 44th. Evs. 8:30. Next Mat. Sat., 2:30.
The Smacking Musical Hit — THE KISS BURGLAR
Beginning TUES., APR. 8—Seats Today
A New Musical Comedy — COME ALONG
By Bide Dudley & John Louw Nelson

BOOTH Thea., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
THE WOMAN IN ROOM 13

ELTINGE WEST 42D ST. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"UP IN MABEL'S ROOM"

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evenings, 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
SAM BERNARD & LOUIS MANN
FRIENDLY ENEMIES

BELMONT THEA., W. 48 St. Evgs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:45.
MAETERLINCK'S "A Burgomaster of Belgium" — "MAETERLINCK'S NEW PLAY A TRIUMPH."—Eve. Journal.

LYRIC 42d Street, West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
THE SEASON'S HIT — With RICHARD BENNETT — 8TH BIG MONTH
Roland West's Thriller of Thrillers
UNKNOWN PURPLE

ARTHUR —HAMMERSTEIN'S HITS—
NEW YORK'S LATEST MUSICAL HIT
"TUMBLE-IN"
SELWYN THEATRE, West 42d Street. Evgs. 8:20; Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
"A decidedly merry and lively musical comedy."—WORLD.
MUSICAL PLAY—DIFFERENT
"SOMEBODY'S SWEETHEART"
CENTRAL THEATRE, B'way & 47th St. Evgs. 8:15; Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
MERRY MUSICAL ROMANCE
"Sometime" With Ed. Wynn
CASINO THEATRE, B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15; Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.

PAUL SWAN and DANCING GIRLS with SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
SELWYN THEATRE West 42nd St.
THURSDAY, APRIL 10
3 o'Clock
Only dance recital this season.
Seats 50c to $2.50 Now.

French Thea. du vieux Colombier 65 W. 35. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15
Farewell Week — Le Mariage De Figaro

PRESIDENT WILSON INDORSES TAFT'S VIEWS OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.
EX-PRESIDENT TAFT INDORSES RACHEL CROTHERS' BRILLIANT COMEDY
A LITTLE JOURNEY
(with Cyril Keightley & Ethel Dane)
When he says: "I enjoyed this immensely. My handkerchief is wet and my sides are aching."
Vanderbilt Thea., 48th, E. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
5TH MONTH. 117TH TIME TONIGHT.

LITTLE THEATRE, 44th St., W. of B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Starting Mon. EVE., APR. 7th. Seats Now.
F. C. Whitney Presents PAPA! An Amorality in 3 Acts by Zoe Akins.
SHUBERT-RIVIERA, B'way 97th St. Mat. Today, 50c. KALICH in "THE RIDDLE: WOMAN" Next Week ..... MAYTIME

Broadhurst 44th W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
FIRST MAT. TODAY, 2:30.
Mighty Comedy Triumph
"Positively thrilled the audience." —John Corbin, Times.
RACHEL CROTHERS' NEWEST COMEDY
"39 EAST"
with HENRY HULL and CONSTANCE BINNEY
"Will deserve the popularity it will be sure to have. Better than 'A Little Journey.'" —Louis De Foe, World.

44th ST. Thea., W. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
A New Musical Play
"Take It From Me"

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
A Tobacco Dash of Musical Comedy.
GOOD MORNING, JUDGE
All Girls, Music, Dancing and Fun. With George Hassell, Mollie King, Charles King.

39TH ST. Thea., Ft. Bryant 413. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Keep it to Yourself
THE PLAY OF 1000 LAUGHS

BIJOU Theatre, 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:45. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:45.
Funniest Farce in 20 Years. A SLEEPLESS NIGHT

CENTURY GROVE, Roof of Century Thea. MORRIS GEST at 11:30—A SENSATION—Phone Col. 8800
Grand Anniversary Ball Monday, April 7
MIDNIGHT WHIRL

PLAYHOUSE West 48th. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
ALICE BRADY
Personally in FOREVER AFTER

SELWYN HITS
JANE COWL IN THE CROWDED HOUR — Manhattan Op. Ho. W. 34th. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Always 500 Orch. Seats at $1.00
TEA for THREE — Maxine Elliott's W. 39th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
Visitor Should See It.

Original Monologues Request Program BOOTH THEATRE
BEATRICE HERFORD
Last Mat. Next Monday

EAST IS WEST
With FAY BAINTER
ASTOR THEA., Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
COURTENAY & WISE IN THE FUN HIT "CAPPY RICKS"

FULTON West 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
Oliver Morosco's Whirlwind Farce
LEASE GET MARRIED
with Ernest Truex & Edith Taliaferro

REPUBLIC THEA., W. 42nd St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
ARTHUR HOPKINS Presents
MARJORIE RAMBEAU
(by Arrangement with A. H. Woods) in "THE FORTUNE TELLER"

PARK Columbus Circle, 59th | Phone 9500 Col. | Evs. 8:15 | Mat. Sat. 2:15.
LAST 2 WEEKS — Society of American Singers
Tonight & Fri. and Sat. Eve., 8:15 ..... IOLANTHE
Saturday Mat., 2:15 ..... MIKADO

PLYMOUTH W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. LAST 4 Last Matinee Sat. TIMES
JOHN BARRYMORE in Tolstoi's REDEMPTION.
Last 2 Times Sat., April 5, at 10:30 A. M. Sat., April 12, at 10:30 A. M.
WALTER AS HAMPDEN-HAMLET
"THE BEST HAMLET OF A GENERATION." —J. Rankin Towse, Eve. Post.

PRINCESS Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. Pop. Mat. Wed. Orch. Seats $1.50-$1.50
Smartest & Brightest of All Princess Musical Successes
OH, MY DEAR!
"BETTER THAN 'OH, BOY.'"—Herald.

LOEW'S 7th Av. at 125th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25c & 50c.
The 13th Chair
Next Week: KALICH, "The Riddle: Woman"

THE East Is West Ball
At the Hotel des Artistes
On West 57th St.
Thursday, Apr. 10th
The Baron de Meyer Fashion Show
Illustrating the Superlative Models of Western World
AND
Japanese Feast of a Thousand Lanterns
by Michio Itow and others
and
Continuous Dancing
Tickets, Five Dollars
Make Table Reservations Immediately from M. Nels, Hotel des Artistes, Columbus 4204 or Mrs. R. W. Hawkesworth 44 E. 58th St. Phone Plaza 7885.
Ball Committee Includes:
Miss Fay Bainter, Chairman
Miss Constance Talmadge, Vice Chairman
E. D. Anderson — Ethel Plummer
Blanche Bates — Livingston Platt
W. K. Harris, Jr. — Olga Petrova
J. Knowles Hare — Walter Russell
Howard Chandler Christy — Roshanara
Michio Itow — Penrhyn Stanlaws
Nikolski — Max Spero
Nevea M. Mein — Miss Norma
Clark Tice — Talmadge
Clarence Underwood — Sasha Votichenko

MADISON SQ. GARDEN Short Season. TWICE DAILY, 2:15 & 8:15. Doors Open 1:15 & 7:15.
Now Ringling Bros. AND Barnum & Bailey COMBINED CIRCUS
The Colossus of All Amusements
ALL NEW YORK MARVELS AT THIS, THE MOST AMAZING CIRCUS—GIGANTIC ZOO—CONGRESS OF FREAKS
ADMISSION TO EVERYTHING, including seats, 50c to $2.75, according to location. (War Tax included.) Children under 12 at reduced prices, all matinees except Saturdays, to $1.10 seats and over. Branch Ticket Offices, (No advance in prices), Gimbel Bros., R. H. Macy & Co.

BROOKLYN.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC
SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 8:15 P. M.
CAPTAIN EDDIE RICKENBACKER
Commander of 94th Aero Pursuit Squadron
AMERICA'S GREATEST ACE
In His Own Story of Adventure in "The Arena of the Sky"
TICKETS NOW—75c TO $2.50.

Academy of Music, April 12, at 8:15 P.M.
WALTER AS HAMPDEN-HAMLET
With the Cast now Playing at the Shakespeare Playhouse, Plymouth Theatre.
"The ablest American actor of the younger generation in the particular domain of the poetic drama."
Tickets Now 50c-$2.00

MOTION PICTURES.
PLAZA MADISON AVE. AT 59TH ST. Performances Begin at 1 P.M., 3 P.M., 5 P.M., 7 P.M., 9 P.M.
THE HEART OF HUMANITY
The Great Drama of Our Time. The Great Drama for All Time.
RIVOLI B'way, 49th St. — COMEDY WEEK. Mr. & Mrs. Drew, Marguerite Clark. CHAPLIN REVIVAL.
RIALTO Times Square — CHAS. RAY "The Sheriff's Son." RIALTO ORCHESTRA
BROADWAY B'WAY AT 41ST ST.
Priscilla Dean IN "THE EXQUISITE THIEF"
Intimate and Exclusive.
"The Land of the Bolsheviki"
STRAND B'way at 47th St. — BILLIE BURKE "Good Gracious Annabelle." Soloists. STRAND ORCHESTRA.
81 st St. Theatre on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980
ENID BENNETT in "PARTNERS THREE."
Also Creolo VAUDEVILLE.
Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF Every Eve. at 8:15 17-20-30
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
FRANK KEENAN, "The Silver Girl"

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way. "TEMPTATION," MAURICE FREE & CO., BARRY McCORMACK & CO., and 7 OTHER BIG ACTS. All Seats Reserved $5, $4, $3

Century Theatre, 62d & Central Park West. Phone Col. 8800. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday, 2:15.
Professional Mat. Today 2:15
Popular Prices, 25c to $1.00.
???? HAVE YOU SEEN ????
THE 27TH DIVISION'S BIG MUSICAL SUCCESS
"LET'S BEAT IT"
LAUGHTER AND MUSIC IN EVERY LINE. AN ALL-SOLDIER PRODUCTION.
"AS GOOD & BETTER THAN PROFESSIONALS."—Alan Dale.
SOLE BENEFIT 27TH DIVISION FUND.

EVERYTHING AT THE Hippodrome
Matinee Today. Best $1.00 Evgs. Seats (Except Boxes) at 8:15

LAST 2 WEEKS
DON'T FAIL TO SEE
JACOB P. ADLER'S TRIUMPH
THE POWER OF NATURE — NOW IN ITS 4TH BIG MONTH
HIS GREATEST SUCCESS SINCE "SHYLOCK."
AT THE 2d AVE. THEATRE, 35 2nd Ave. 3466 Orchard
DIRECTION OF MAX R. WILNER.

National Academy of Design — 94th ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS AND SCULPTURE
215 WEST 57th ST. 10 A. M. TO 6 P. M. SUNDAY 1:30 TO 6. ADMISSION 50c. Includes catalogue

Gala Concert MET. OF. HOUSE Tues. Eve. 8:15
GERALDINE FARRAR
SERGEI RACHMANINOFF
PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
SEATS NOW ON SALE. Vacation Association, 33 W. 39th. Mgt. Op. House, Tyson's, Bullman and McBride's Agencies. Prices $1 to $10. Benefit VACATION ASSOCIATION. WAR TAX EXEMPT.

Aeolian Hall, THIS AFTERNOON at 3.
EDWARD MORRIS
Piano Recital. (Mason & Hamlin.)

AEOLIAN HALL, Tomorrow Aft. at 3
Seats Now—Song Recital by Rachel
MORTON-HARRIS

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE Sun. Eve., Apr. 6 SEATS NOW
GLESSNER'S MILITARY BAND — Greatest Band in America
40 PIECES—Every Member a Star Musician Who Has Done His Bit Over There.

Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Apr. 6 at 3
LAST RECITAL of SEASON—JASCHA
HEIFETZ
SEATS NOW AT BOX OFFICE

AEOLIAN HALL, Apr. 8, 3 P.M.
WINIFRED BYRD Pianist
SEATS NOW ON SALE. Steinway Piano.

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE 4th St. & 7th Av. Phone Spring 6460
7th Avenue Subway to Christopher Street.
Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
HOBOHEMIA A Comedy of Greenwich Village

OPERA TICKETS — Seats today Mat. CARUSO, AIDA, ALL-STAR CAST, Eve., BARBER SEVILLE, box office price. All operas. 1435 B'way (40-41 St.) Phone Bryant 7877-7878.
SEATS FOR HEIFETZ RECITAL
OPERA TICKETS — Subscriptions bought, sold, exchanged. JACOBS TICKET OFFICE, NORMANDIE HOTEL, B'way and 39th St. TELS. GREELEY 6100, 6101, 6102

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1919.

OFFICES: [Telephone Bryant 1000.]
Times Building.....Times Square
Times Annex..43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....7 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem..2,109 Seventh Av., near 125th St.

Bronx.....2,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn.....401 Fulton Street
Staten Island....93 Stuyv. Pl., New Brighton
Queens.....317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Hoboken.....61 Second Stree.
Jersey City.....89 Montgomery Street
Newark.....810 Broad Street
Paterson.....13 Park Avenue
WASHINGTON.....Riggs Building
CHICAGO.....1302-1304 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....1008 Fullerton Building
DETROIT.....403 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Salisbury Square, E. C.
PARIS.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TWO CENTS in Metropolitan District (50 mile radius). Three Cents within 200 miles. Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents City; Seven Cents elsewhere.

	One Year.	Six Months.	One Month.
By Mail, Postpaid.			
DAILY & SUNDAY....One week, 35c.	$11.00	$6.00	$1.00
DAILY only.....One week, 30c.	9.00	4.50	.85
SUNDAY only.....	3.00	1.75	.30
SUNDAY only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55
FOREIGN RATES.			
DAILY & SUNDAY....	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
DAILY only.....	17.40	8.90	1.45
SUNDAY only.....	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Mondays) one year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5.
Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3. (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.
All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, OF

The New York Times

Published daily at New York, N. Y., for April 1, 1919.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: Before me, a Registered Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Adolph S. Ochs, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Publisher of The New York Times and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, and circulation of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in Section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:
Publisher—Adolph S. Ochs, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.
Editor—Charles R. Miller, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.
Managing Editor—C. V. Van Anda, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.
Executive Manager—George McAneny, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.
Business Manager—Louis Wiley, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.
Treasurer—Charles H. Grasty, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.

2. That the owners are:
Owner—The New York Times Company.
Stockholders holding 1 per cent. or more of total amount of stock:
Adolph S. Ochs, majority stockholder, The Times, New York City; Charles R. Miller, The Times, New York City; Elisabeth Luther Cary, The Times, New York City; C. V. Van Anda, The Times, New York City; Louis Wiley, The Times, New York City; Iphigene Ochs Sulzberger, The Times, New York City; Estate of John Norris, The Times, New York City; Jeanet E. L. Sullivan, 154 E. 54th St., New York City; John G. Agar, New Rochelle, N. Y.; Annie M. McClymonds, Morris Plains, N. J.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent. or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are:
New York Trust Company, New York City, Trustee for The New York Times Co. Sinking Fund.
Mrs. Caroline E. Richmond, 501 Vine St., Chattanooga, Tenn.
Charles H. Grasty, The Times, New York City.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company, but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as Trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such Trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as Trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

5. That the average number of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to paid subscribers during the six months preceding the date shown above is 393,178

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st day of April, 1919.
[Seal.] Arnold Sanchez.
Notary Public, New York Co., Nov. 20; New York Register's No. 10,065. Commission expires March 30, 1920.

VICTORY LOAN PROSPECTS.

The combination of sense and sentiment in Secretary GLASS'S rebuke to pessimists about the victory of the Victory Loan is convincing and inspiring. If he can send his own spirit down through the ranks of his assistants, and the twenty or thirty millions who have learned the merits of national bonds, there will remain only formalities before calculating the customary oversubscription. The country is better able to take the last loan than it was to take the first one. The series of loans have rather enriched than straitened the national resources. By as much as the Treasury is debtor the bondholders are creditor on the bond account, with great trade credits to be added. The interest burden on the Treasury is distributed throughout the land as surely as the taxes are collected. The thirty billions the war has cost both stimulated war trade and left great increase of capacity of production in peace. It is true that the cost of Government in taxes has been trebled, but there is nothing in the figures to frighten citizens of this billion-dollar country. Great as our financial burdens are, they are the smallest but one among the Allies. In proportion to wealth the debt of Japan alone is less than ours, about in the proportion of 4 per cent. to 8, whereas the other Allies' debts run to half their national wealth, more or less, in the various cases. Comparing our condition with that when last we were engaged in a great war, there is everything in favor of the present. The civil war cost about four billions, less than one-seventh the amount we have spent in one-third the time of the civil war. But our growth in population and wealth is tenfold at least.

Instead of thinking of the greatness of our burdens it is better to think of their comparative lightness. For instance, if we had contributed men in the proportion of England our armies should have numbered ten millions, and the money burden would have risen correspondingly. England's soldiers and sailors totaled five millions, more than double ours for less than half our population. The money burden is no more favorable to England, and yet is faced stoutheartedly. The reason for making this comparison is to bring out the fact that the war has strengthened us as much as it has weakened England. As Secretary GLASS remarks, our bank reserves have risen with our war expenses and are now over 51 per cent. They are the greatest in the world and are backed by almost too much gold. At the time of the world's greatest need for credit, and the incapacity of the world's previously greatest bankers, we possess both the greatest stores of credit and the greatest productive capacity. We are not crippled by loss of foreign lendings, like France. We have not been turned from a creditor nation into a debtor nation, like England. The case is reversed. England for a time cannot lend abroad as she used to, and therefore cannot sell abroad in accustomed volume. The world will suffer unless we supply that trade, and we shall suffer unless we use our productive capacity in that work of succor and profit. These considerations show more than our ability to float the Victory Loan. They show the approximate certainty of profit by taking it, and of a premium where now there is a discount for temporary reasons without relation to the worth of the Liberty issues.

The country is strong enough for anything, even for a prosperity rivaling that from which once we almost prayed to be delivered. We must show a financial morale equaling our military morale. If our millions of bondholders follow Secretary GLASS'S inspiriting appeal as our boys followed their leaders, the Victory Loan will go "over the top" as irresistibly as they. The Treasury is bound to make a fair offer, but the Secretary truly says that other conditions than the terms of the bonds account for the discount on the earlier issues. If he were to offer terms which should produce a premature premium he would as much overbid his market as Senator CALDER says the present market is oversold. The Treasury's previous appeals have been to patriotism. There still remains an appeal to duty. The country is in no need of being saved, for it is not threatened as other countries are, but its bills must be paid. A stronger present appeal is to self-interest. The bonds are the best reserves for banks and traders alike. They are the surest help in time of need for the taxpayer, and an unfailing reliance for any emergency for anybody. Hardly any family can be happy without its share.

THE CHICAGO ELECTION.

On account of a division in the Democratic vote WILLIAM HALE THOMPSON, Republican, has been re-elected Mayor of Chicago. His plurality over Mr. SWEITZER, the regular Democratic candidate, is about 17,000. Mr. HOYNE, the Independent Democratic candidate, whom, a year or two ago, the Sullivan machine was expected to nominate, got 110,000 votes. Many Republicans, however, are supposed to have voted for SWEITZER and many for HOYNE. The campaign was nearly as confused and fantastic as that of 1915, and it is difficult for outsiders to understand the complicated interplay of machines, and personalities, and more or less artificial issues, and considerations of race, and even of religion, that enter into a Cook County municipal election. Four years ago Mr. THOMPSON'S plurality over Mr. SWEITZER was more than 147,000, but in the last days of that campaign the chief Chicagoites of Austrian and German descent were kind enough to insure Mr. THOMPSON'S election, if there was any doubt about it. They issued to the voters a circular curiously ornamented with pictures of WILHELM II. and FRANZ JOSEF. They begged all voters of Austrian, Hungarian, and German birth or origin to vote for SWEITZER. Such a vote would approve the course and policies of the two empires in the war and "save the Fatherland." Naturally this made genuine Americans of whatever strain furious. Mr. SWEITZER was beaten in his own precinct, the very centre of one of the West Side "Democratic strongholds." Hitherto "reliable" Democratic wards were "swept" by THOMPSON. The folly of his adversaries gave him an easy victory.

What a bitter joke as a patriot Mr. THOMPSON was to be, Chicago and the rest of us were to learn to our disgust. It would be fruitless to recapitulate the distressing words and acts of the Mayor of "the sixth German city in the world." Chicago is entitled to say of him, if she feels like it, "a poor thing, Sir, but my own." Talk about "the poor man pays the bills" and "war profiteering" is always flowing from him. He is an industrious and a remorseless spoilsman. He makes large promises before election, and seldom takes the trouble to carry them out. Chicago, under the sway of this eccentric Caliph, is not only bedraggled and dirty, but is extravagantly governed. His genius is for the sensational and spectacular, for exhibition rather than administration.

State Attorney HOYNE has won high reputation and popularity by his prosecution of grafters and crooks. He was approved by the Harrisonians, but was out of favor with Mr. ROGER C. SULLIVAN. It is unfortunate that he did not receive the support of the regular Democrats. Unfortunate also, save in the view of believers in class parties and class government, was the appearance, the first in the history of Chicago politics, of a separate Labor Party, whose candidate got some 53,000 votes.

At the last election the voters were not permitted to answer the question: "Shall Chicago become anti-saloon territory?" As the result of a suit brought by the Drys and lately decided in their favor by the Supreme Court this question was appended to the Mayoralty ballot Tuesday. Specifically, should the saloons, whose life is supposed to end at midnight of June 30, be executed on May 1? It was a square question of local option against prohibition. Prohibition was beaten by 247,228 votes, a majority so large that it is difficult not to regard it as one of many other contemporary evidences of a revulsion against prohibition, as prohibition seems to draw near.

The myth that woman suffrage has always been obstructed by "the forces of evil," by the saloon, and that most women are prohibitionists, is again dissipated. Nearly 125,000 women voted to keep the saloons open; a little more than 76,000 to close them. In short, the women voted substantially as the men.

THE INDISPENSABLE LEAGUE.

If up to the present moment nobody had ever thought of a League of Nations it would be necessary to call the League into existence in the interests of peace and harmony between the nations represented at the Peace Conference in Paris. The matters in respect to which differences have developed are numerous, they are important. There were views widely divergent upon questions concerning Germany. It was not easy to determine whether the German Navy should be sunk or distributed; what the payment exacted from Germany should be; whether the blockade should be raised at once and food and materials liberally supplied to Germany, or whether she should be held in check for some time yet. Over the demand of France for the Saar Valley, or at least for its coal, and for a separation of German lands west of the Rhine from the Fatherland, there was further difference. The dispute over Italy's claims upon the east coast of the Adriatic and for possession of the Dodecanesus has been acute. Greece has been very patient, but, ably represented by VENIZELOS, she has submitted to the Conference questions of vital interest to her upon which thus far no agreement has been reached. Poland's demands that provision be made for her present safety and future welfare have been under active discussion for weeks, and only recently are there signs of agreement. As to Russia and the whole question of Bolshevism, the Conference appears to be still very much divided. Nothing short of a League agreement could ever dispose of the many questions arising out of the necessity of disposing of the German colonies.

There are other contentious matters, but these are enough in number and in seriousness to demonstrate the imperative need of a code of principles, accepted by all, the terms of which shall serve as a guide in these individual adjustments. Mr. WILSON did the world a greater service perhaps than he imagined when he formulated the fourteen points. He exposed himself to the terrible charge of being an idealist, and the accusation was so true and well founded that he seems to have despaired of making any reply to it. Beyond question, there is idealism in the fourteen points, but it was so inseparably blended with international justice and right, as the modern world understands them, and there was such an astonishing deal of plain, practical common sense in the fourteen points that the nations rather promptly, and even eagerly, notwithstanding their possible distaste for the ideal, accepted them as a present help in time of obvious need. They have been justified, as the League of Nations has justified itself to the intelligent public opinion of the world.

It would be hard to say what might not have happened at Paris had there been no fourteen points in existence and no League of Nations under consideration. Here was a body of principles, a table of constants, a set of standards by which conflicting claims and pretensions could be tested. Their service to the Conference and to the world has been incalculable. So at last it is pretty evident that there is real progress. One evidence of it is the impartial distribution of blame for delay. Mr. WILSON has borne his share of it, and manfully owns up that no one country is to blame, that all are responsible. ORLANDO and SONNINO, by reason of their demands in behalf of Italy, have been pointed to as obstructionists, but that does not seem to trouble them. CLEMENCEAU and PICHON and BOURGEOIS have been much criticised for their insistence that, League or no League, France must be assured of protection against her old enemy, but they, too, are untroubled. Now it is LLOYD GEORGE'S turn again. It was he who thought that $120,000,000,000 would be about the sum Germany should pay, yet now he is accused of too much tenderness toward the Germans. All these things, of which we hear after the event, show that the Conference is advancing toward determinations, that it is overcoming obstacles, reconciling differences, which are no more numerous or serious than was to be expected from the immensity of the task. The nations are at one in their main purpose, to establish peace upon a just and enduring basis. That is the foundation of the whole work, an agreement upon that implies and compels harmony upon all the minor points.

Even the declaration from the representative of Japan yesterday, unfortunate in its phrasing and sharply discordant in tone, need cause no anxiety as to the final result. The Japanese at Paris are disappointed at the practically unanimous opinion of the representatives of the other nations that it would be inadvisable to include in the League Constitution the assurance they request concerning race differences, but the words used yesterday doubtless express rather a feeling of passing impatience than a permanent state of mind. The Japanese are naturally sensitive about what they call discriminations, but they ought to see that the difference is economic in its nature, it does not rest upon racial grounds. And restrictions which in their own land they set up in respect to Chinese and other foreigners are hardly an occasion for this positiveness of speech when they are established by other nations. Inasmuch as this demand, by raising questions seriously disturbing to the internal policies and politics of other peoples, would be an obstacle to the adoption of the League plan, it may confidently be expected that the Japanese representatives at Paris, with the usual good sense of their nation, will, in the interests of harmony, take a more moderate attitude.

REPUBLICANS ON TRIAL.

Mr. WILL H. HAYS is understood, or alleged, or credibly reported to have said that the Republican Party is on trial. Accordingly he is supposed to have associated himself with the movement of Mr. GILLETT and Mr. LONGWORTH to liberalize the leadership in the House of Representatives which will make whatever positive record the Republicans will bring into the Presidential campaign next year. The qualification of the above statements is due to the fact that certain highly respectable Republican organs, themselves waiting to see "which way the cat will jump," credit Mr. HAYS with similar intentions.

But it appears that Mr. HAYS has done his own jumping already. He appears to realize what some veterans of the party do not, that there is a difference between winning one Congressional election and winning the next when there is a Presidency at stake. He knows that the Republican Party lost control of the Government because its leadership in internal affairs had fallen into hands in which the public had no confidence, and he does not want to see these same men or their heirs lead it to another disaster. He knows that when the party had a chance to recover some prestige by a firm stand on war issues it rejected the leadership of Colonel ROOSEVELT, made a somewhat pathetic attempt to please everybody, and pleased nobody. He knows that the overturn of last Fall was due to dissatisfaction with certain Democratic leaders, and he suspects that something better must be offered than was given by the Democrats to retain public favor very long. That is not likely to be offered by men of the sort who put the party on the rocks in 1912, or tried to straddle the fence on war issues in 1916.

What success the Republican liberals will have remains to be seen, but it can hardly be doubted that intelligent Republicans have been alarmed by recent events. The Republican Senators who a few days ago were so outspoken in opposition to the League of Nations are seizing hurriedly at such opportunities to save their face as have been offered by Mr. ROOT'S amendments. Mr. ROOT and Mr. TAFT and a few more, including Mr. HAYS, succeeded in saving the party from a fatal blunder on the issue of the League, and perhaps this instructive example will have its effect on Republicans in the House. They cannot win very many elections by virtue of merely not being Democrats.

THE SAAR BASIN.

Germany built the machine with which she tried to win the world out of coal and iron. Most of the iron—three-fifths, according to a French calculation—she got with Lorraine in 1871, the coal for the most part she had already. We know what her armies did to the industrial plants of France and Belgium, and to the mines on which those plants must rely for their supplies. Germany had to give up Briey, she will lose the Lorraine iron fields; but she still has her coal.

France has not. Before the war France imported, according to a computation by a French writer quoted in The New Europe, some 22,000,000 tons of coal a year. Her own principal mines, those around Lens, have been so thoroughly treated by German sabotage that they will be utterly unworkable for two years, and of very little value, if any, for not less than five. Half of the coal which France imported before the war came from England, the rest from Germany and Belgium. It will be long before the Belgian mines will be of much use for export, and England has Belgium and some of the neutrals to look after, to say nothing of the possibility that the eccentricities of her miners may materially reduce her output.

The Saar basin before the war produced about 17,000,000 tons of coal yearly, which was only 8 per cent. of the total German production. The loss of this coal, then, would not bring ruin to Germany, but it would help materially in the upbuilding of France. The iron industry of the Saar district produced about 9 per cent. of German cast iron, about 12 per cent. of German steel. If these industries were turned over to the French their output of both products would be at least as large as that of Germany.

Annexation of a large German population by the French would be a measure of doubtful practical benefit, though we know how thoroughly Alsatians originally of German blood became attached to France. A more satisfactory solution would be that which the Conference is now reported to favor, of leaving political sovereignty with Germany, but giving France industrial control of the district until her industries are fully re-established. This double control would not be without its difficulties, but it seems the least objectionable arrangement; and there should be no hesitation about giving the French full power to enforce their economic claims. It is hard to see the state of mind of those who are horrified at the idea of weakening or dissatisfying Germany, but are less troubled by the prospect of a weakened or dissatisfied France.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Making a Law Detested.

Prohibition laws labor under the same disadvantage as do any laws that have not behind them a close approach to unanimity of public sentiment—their enforcement creates a large number of grievances, some real, the others imaginary or exaggerated, but all bitter and capable of exploitation with effect by those whom the laws offend.

Nobody minds, or at any rate is not beyond fairly easy reconciliation with his fate, when arrested, though innocent, for theft or murder. It is assumed that the police wouldn't do it without reasonable ground for suspicion, and there is no doubt in anybody's mind that theft and murder are crimes. The case is quite different with regard to action taken in enforcing prohibition, especially in its more drastic phases, for there are great numbers of people who are not told by either conscience or judgment that the possession of intoxicants or moderate indulgence in them is a crime deserving of punishment, and they invariably become intensely indignant if subjected to undeserved annoyance or worse by the agents of the law.

This accounts in great part for the anger that has flamed up in Virginia over the searching of the baggage and persons of passengers in trains passing through that State, and while not a little of the rage has apparently been justified by the brutality and the dishonesty of some of the officials doing the work, a good deal of it is probably due to the existence of a widespread feeling that the law permitting or compelling such searches is an intolerable invasion of personal rights. That being the situation, it behooves the friends of prohibition to be first and most stern in putting an end to abusive and properly resented exercise of prohibitory powers, and to see to it that the officers delegated to enforce the law are men not only honest, but notably endowed with intelligence and discretion.

Arguments Based on Outrages.

Happenings such as are now reported from Virginia will result not only in serious injury to the cause of prohibition—that would cause far from universal grief—but also to that of temperance. They will have the latter effect because they can be used by the representatives of the liquor interests—men who were fast coming to be entirely without friends—as arguments against the display of any real rigor in the regulation of their miserable business. They will say, "Behold the natural and inevitable working of sumptuary laws!" and the fallaciousness of their plea will not be appreciated by men or women who have been subject to, or fear, outrageous or insulting treatment for no better reason than that in the opinion of some dull-witted constable they might be carrying a pocket flask of whisky through a "bone dry" State.

Thus will the rapid progress which the country, without much reference to prohibition, was making toward reasoned abstinence be considerably slowed down, or, for a time, even stopped. That will be a calamity, to whatever extent it occurs, and the only beneficiaries of it will be the saloon men.

Now Barnard Wants Some Money.

Whoever believes in the higher education of women—and who, in these days, does not?—will give what aid he or she can to making successful the effort of Barnard College to complete before July 1, this year, the raising of the million it needs to free itself from debt and to make sure the maintenance of its various activities.

This task was undertaken in 1914, and doubtless it would have been completed long before now had not the war closed so many purses to other than military needs. Even with that great hindrance, contributions not a few or all small have been received, and at present there is lacking from the $800,000 which must be obtained to secure the $200,000 promised by the General Education Board only about $100,000. The college wants and needs, however, $175,000 more than that, or $275,000 in all, to be on a sound financial footing, and that sum it is now seeking.

Among the most cogent of the many reasons why Barnard should get this money are the wonderfully numerous, and even more wonderfully varied, services of a public nature which the Barnard alumnae have rendered since the country took up arms and became a belligerent. A list of these services has been compiled, and nothing could more clearly show that college training bestows on women both the ability and the inclination to give practical help in the winning of a just war. It would be much easier to tell what they have not done than to tell what they have done, for they have done, seemingly, everything except actual fighting at the front. They have been found in all the governmental departments, in many cases filling important and highly responsible positions, and scores and scores of them have gone abroad to take part in all the works of relief and supply.

Most of it was work which not long ago only men were supposed to be capable of performing, but that it has been admirably done is proclaimed, not admitted, by the departmental chiefs, both military and civil. And $275,000 is so little, in these days when so many transactions are in billions!

On the Death of a Russian Musician

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The death of W. W. Andreeff, the originator and leader of the world-famous Russian Balalaika Orchestra, brings back to me a historic moment of the Russian revolution.

I was in Petrograd in April, 1917, a few weeks after the revolution. Andreeff was giving a concert at the circus before a packed house of citizens and soldiers. The orchestra had just finished a thrilling rendering of Andreeff's "Polonaise Brillante," and the walls were shaking under the applause from the enthusiastic gathering. The leader put down his baton and began to talk to the audience, saying that the success of the orchestra was due only to hard work, co-operation, and willingness to obey orders, and he added that he was going to let them play the next piece alone, because, if people were bent on order and working together, they could achieve anything. And thus he hoped that Russia would work united and only for the one good cause, because only then could Russia succeed.

He then sat down and the orchestra played the fascinating dance "Bright Shines the Moon"—wilder and wilder all the time, in brilliant rhapsody, but in perfect harmony.

Today—Russia ruined, Andreeff starved to death by the Bolsheviki.

Andreeff is dead, but his memory will live.

A. O. CORBIN.

Mountain Lakes, N. J., March 31, 1919.

BACK TO THE ROAD.

"The Romany men, the freedom-loving gypsies who for four years have worn the khaki, are being demobilized and go back to their home—which is the whole, wide world."

The long road, the white road, the road without an end
Has called its children back again from out the bloody fray.
The task we had to do is done,
The war we had to win is won,
With faces to the setting sun
We're tramping on our way.

The white stars, the bright stars, the velvet sky above!
And oh, the endless joy of life that's in the earth beneath!
The bird that thrills the dusk at eve
With throbbing notes of pain that grieve,
But gladden ere the echoes leave—
The hedgerow and the heath!

The few loves, the true loves, we know are waiting still.
We have a rendezvous with some whose lips long since we kissed.
And over hill and moor and plain,
Through golden sunshine, silver rain,
We go to find our own again,
Who keep the faithful tryst.

The old trail, the bold trail that ever lures us on!
The days and nights of beauty in the sky, the sea and sod.
The life of love and joy and song,
The sky-roofed home where we belong,
The road that winds through right and wrong
About the feet of God.

HARRY VARLEY.

THE AMERICAN PEACE MISSION AND RUSSIA.

Our Policy Condemned as a Support of Bolshevism and a Betrayal of the Democratic Russian Elements.

By Dr. FRANK BOHN.
FOURTH ARTICLE.

The pillar of strength upon which Bolshevism rests today is not in Moscow or in Berlin. It is in Paris. It functions at the Hotel Crillon and its name is the "American Mission to Negotiate Peace." Our American Mission clings steadfastly to its policy of friendship with the Bolsheviki. This means if continued that the proposed League of Nations will begin by accepting Bolshevist Russia and Hungary and possibly Bolshevized Germany as members of the League.

Concerning Bolshevism the civilized world has now made up its mind. I have during the past four months listened to dozens of exiled Russians, mostly Socialists, in Switzerland and Paris. I have just read enough documentary evidence to convince anybody who is not a religious fanatic in the Bolshevist cause. Our policy as regards Russia has been such as to fill any American with shame. As a member of the European Mission of the Social Democratic League, I share the disgust and despair which have made every member of our mission quite hopeless of the course of events.

Let us begin at the beginning. Trotzky and Lenine did their work with German consent and German money. Ludendorff assigned them the task of destroying Russia. No job during the whole war was better done. It is said that Trotzky and Lenine are "honest" in the advocacy of their theories; so is a maniac honest when he sets your house on fire. The Turks were honest enough when they slaughtered a full million Armenians in cold blood. The German Army was absolutely honest when it plunged upon Belgium to pillage a whole nation, rape the women, and carry the working people into abject slavery. When I look upon the deeds of Lenine and Trotzky, what in the name of facts do I care whether they are honest or not?

At the signing of the armistice the task before the Allies was simplicity itself. When Bulgaria surrendered it was stipulated that every inch of Bulgarian territory could be used in the campaign against Austria and Germany. When Austria surrendered the same essential clause was inserted in the terms of the armistice. When Germany surrendered we had been at war with Bolshevism for many months. What could be more logical, what more critically necessary than to stipulate that the territory of Germany could be used to liberate the peoples of Russia from the Ludendorff-Bolshevist tyranny? The United Russian Democracy, (Menshéviki, Social Revolutionary Party, Constitutional Democrats,) were then as now pleading and clamoring for help. These democratic groups have been as solidly united by the Bolshevist tyranny as they ever were against the tyranny of the Czar. "Believe us," said their representative in Paris, "if you, our allies, will only rescue our 1,600,000 war prisoners in Germany and Austria from extinction by starvation and cold, we will organize a campaign of democratic education among them. Then give us arms for 250,000 selected men and we will save our country from complete destruction by July 1."

As all the most active workers in this democratic group are Socialists they naturally came to the American Socialist Mission for help. Our mission met their executive group in general council. For weeks after, various members of both groups met often. We examined very carefully into the facts they presented and into their arguments and plans. Our American Mission delegated me to assist them in securing support for their policy. The request we wished to make was simple and, we thought, reasonable enough. We decided to take up only the matter of the Russian prisoners of war. Let me here emphasize the fact that these sixteen hundred thousand Russians were our allies. They were captured while fighting bravely in our cause during the first three years of the war. On Nov. 11 they were in rags, barefooted, and subsisting in many camps by eating the bodies of those among them who had died of starvation and disease. Why were the American, the French, and the British prisoners of war rescued and the Russians left to perish like rats in a trap? Who dare say that it was not a sacred duty on the part of ourselves and our allies to treat these men as our very own? However, two months had passed before we took up this matter in the way described above, and planned to conduct democratic propaganda and organization among these prisoners while they were being fed and clothed. I went to the one with whom I was then working on terms of the greatest possible intimacy, a man who was in the service of our Peace Mission and who had spent many hours with President Wilson and with Colonel House. "Tell your Russian friends," said he, "that you cannot now get a hearing for your plan. There are forces favorable to the Bolsheviki which surround our mission and they will check you and defeat you at every point. You will be wasting your time." "What can be done for the Russian democracy?" I asked.

"You must wait until after the Prinkipo conference, then a policy may be forthcoming."

The Prinkipo affair I shall not discuss at length here. Suffice it to say that when that feeble proposal, for which our American Mission made themselves wholly responsible, was made the Bolshevist "stock" went up in Western Europe from nothing to a good deal. It threw the Russian democratic representatives in Paris and everywhere else into confusion and almost hopeless pessimism. Our Social-Democratic mission stimulated them by emphasizing the known character, strength, and perfectly sound Russian position of the American Commissioners, Professor George D. Herron and William Allen White. Of this we had assured ourselves by repeated and most satisfying conferences with them. So we waited and waited while the American Peace Mission wriggled and dawdled over Prinkipo. Then Prinkipo was suddenly abandoned, apparently without one word of explanation even to the two Commissioners themselves. A much worse project was put into execution.

The Bullitt-Steffens mission to Moscow replaced that of Dr. Herron and Mr. White. Lincoln Steffens is an ardent and tireless advocate of the Bolshevist cause. A year ago he confided to me his matured opinion concerning this whole matter. The trouble with democratic countries like America, Great Britain, and France, he said, was their worthless popular education. Much formal learning makes the people foolish. "An illiterate Russia," he continued, "had a successful revolution. Likewise Mexico. Only educated people are prevented from making true social progress." In Paris, two weeks before he was appointed to go to Russia, he decried the Wilsonian League of Nations in conversation with me and argued that only the Bolsheviki could create a successful federation of the peoples. His fellow-Commissioner to Russia, Mr. Bullitt, is one of the most intimate personal advisers of the Secretary of State and of the President. He shares, in large degree, Mr. Steffens's opinions. When I heard his conversation I found his views even more ridiculous and utterly hopeless of improvement than those of Mr. Steffens.

The American Peace Mission, of course, must depend for information and advice upon somebody. It contains not a single member who has the slenderest knowledge, at first hand, of the labor movement in general or of revolutionary Europe in particular. So, amid the storms of war, revolt, and wild new problems by which these sorely beset gentlemen are environed, they flounder helplessly about, grasping for such straws and floating débris as they think will guide their course. This matter of the European revolutionary movements is, of course, a subject which requires for its understanding many years of patient investigation and study. For an old American statesman, diplomat, or army officer to grasp all of this by himself in three months is about as possible as for him to become a consulting mine engineer in three days. But help was secured. They laid hold of youthful American College Socialists of distinguished social standing, philosophical anarchists, and members of that old, hardened, and impenitent pacifist group who never favored the war even in the day of victory. There has been a veritable swarm of all these in the Hotel Crillon, and they are sponsors for our Russian débâcle.

Let me emphasize by repeating—not one more British, French, or American soldier is needed to clean up Russia. Probably a million Russian soldiers in Germany have escaped starvation. These include 15,000 officers who will be happy to leave them. A quarter of these troops, carefully selected, would be enough. Exiled Russian democrats by the hundred are aching to co-operate. There are in France captured German arms and ammunition piled up by the square mile. On the conclusion of the armistice some hundreds of Russian officers tried to go home to their families. On the frontier they were foully murdered by the Bolsheviki. Very well. Let those who still remain in Germany and Austria go home in arms and possess themselves of their country.

As our Russian friends, the exiled democracy, wait and wait, it seems to them that the very sun hides its face and they give up hope. Is there no stout cudgel with which a way to the truth and a sound Russian policy may be broken at Paris?

[Copyright.]

LESSONS LEARNED BY WAR SURGEONS

Dr. Blake Puts Re-establishment of Aseptic Principles Foremost.

DISCOVERIES ABOUT SHOCK

Transfusion of Blood Successful—Nitrous Oxide Likely to Supplant Chloroform.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 1.—"There has been little new in the development of surgical knowledge during the war," was the statement of the famous American surgeon, Colonel Joseph A. Blake, to a distinguished medical audience at the Sorbonne today. Colonel Blake has been for several months the chief surgical officer of the American hospitals in Paris.

Previously the French Government had given a striking recognition of his services in putting him in charge of the hospital of the late Dr. Doyen, in the Rue Rossini, in Paris, which is one of the most up-to-date in France. After nearly four years of war work in France, Colonel Blake is about to return to America, where he has been asked to deliver an address before the American Medical Association in New York.

Dr. Blake in his Paris address continued:

"There have been fruitful investigations and observations in regard to the treatment of wound infections and shock. In the first two years of the war a search for novel treatments led surgeons toward a universal panacea for wound infections by antiseptic means. It is only more recently that aseptic principles have become re-established."

Colonel Blake himself was one of the pioneers in wound treatment. At the Doyen Hospital he developed an apparatus of swings and pulleys for fracture cases which has been widely imitated in the allied armies. The point he made in today's speech was that in the early days of the war there was a tendency toward violent antiseptics of the old school, which did kill microbes, but at the same time prevented the surrounding tissue from healing normally.

The latest treatment, which Colonel Blake says began only in the Spring of 1917, is based on the principle that well-nourished tissues cannot only withstand but can eliminate infection. He attributes its success to the methods of the French surgeon Lemaitre, who simply cleansed the wound, removed all devitalized tissues and foreign materials, and then closed it immediately without the use of an antiseptic.

Similarly, in the case of gangrene, whose ravages were very great in the early years of the war, it is now recognized that the ideal treatment consists in removing the conditions favorable to the microbes' growth.

French discoveries have shown that shock is caused by deficient oxidation of red corpuscles, either from loss of blood or body heat. Artificial warmth and transfusion of foreign blood have both been found satisfactory. These remedies enabled the wounded to stand operation for the removal of injured tissue or muscle, which, if allowed to remain, would again bring about weakness through the introduction of acid in the blood. It is in this connection that the use of nitrous oxide, combined with oxygen, has become general, as an anaesthetic, because it permits the oxygen contents of the blood to be kept at a high point. Colonel Blake predicts that in future this form of anaesthetic will supplant chloroform.

He concluded his address with the expression of the hope that the interallied surgical work during the war would be continued by a free exchange of ideas, lectures, and visits between the leading allied medical bodies and universities.

LUNCHEON FOR ROOSEVELT.

Colonel Tells of Aims of Veterans' Association at Aldine Club.

Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt, who has charge of organizing the new association of men who served in the war, was the principal speaker and guest of honor at a luncheon held yesterday at the Aldine Club. He was urged by many friends and in two addresses by Albert Shaw and Lyman Abbott to enter immediately into politics.

"The new veteran association," said Colonel Roosevelt, "is something which properly belongs to every one in the United States who has been in the military or naval service, whether he has been overseas or whether his duties have kept him here. The association must represent the private equally with the General. If this is not done, the association will fail to create the influence which it is intended to have."

Colonel Roosevelt, to illustrate the democratic spirit which the life in the trenches created, related an incident which occurred in his regiment. The men of a certain company were told that a chauffeur was needed to operate a General's automobile, and all with experience were told to step forward. One of the privates was seen in a heated discussion with his sergeant, and when asked what the trouble was the private begged to recommend the sergeant as a capable driver and excellent mechanic. When asked what he knew about it, the private answered that Sergeant Smith had been his chauffeur for two years before they enlisted. Colonel Roosevelt will be the guest of honor today at the regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York and he will address the meeting.

OPPOSES HOSPITAL MERGER

Jewish Philanthropic Federation Speakers Prefer Central Bureau.

The needs of the Jewish hospitals and dispensaries and the advisability of the consolidation of those hospitals which belong to the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies of New York City, were discussed last evening at a conference of the federation, which was held at the Academy of Medicine, 17 West Forty-third Street.

All the speakers maintained that such a coalition would be inexpedient and impossible, inasmuch as the personal touch between director and the institution, which now prevails, would be lost and a great amount of work would necessarily have to be done by each director on the consolidated board. "The individualism and initiative of a hospital," said Dr. S. S. Goldwater, Director of Mount Sinai Hospital, "would be destroyed."

Instead of a consolidation of hospitals, it was stressed that the thing need

HONOR THE MEMORY OF DR. ISAAC M. WISE

Rabbis from All Parts of United States Attend Central Conference at Cincinnati.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS LAUDED

Rabbi Grossmann Says Time Has Come When Judaism Can Serve the World.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, April 2.—More than 150 rabbis from cities throughout the United States gathered in Cincinnati today to attend the thirtieth annual convention of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, held as a celebration of the 100th birthday anniversary of Rabbi Isaac M. Wise, founder of the Hebrew Union College and organizer of the Central Conference of American Rabbis.

Many former pupils of the noted educator were among the visitors. Through his nearly half-century occupancy of the pulpit of Plum Street Synagogue and ten years' Presidency of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, Dr. Wise established an acquaintanceship throughout the United States.

Almost all Jewish leaders of repute had met the great leader personally and many had been his colleagues in the establishment of reformed Judaism in America.

That the plan for a League of Nations points to the fulfillment of a prophecy of the assurance of confidence in humanity, which the Jews had entertained for many centuries and which had supported them in trials throughout their existence as a religious body, was asserted by Rabbi Louis Grossmann of Plum Street Temple, President of the Conference, in an address at Hebrew Union College this morning.

"This conference is the organ of American-born Judaism, which is purged of every trace of alienism and expresses the genius of democracy as much as of our faith," Dr. Grossmann said. "This is the psychological moment for us to offer and for the world to receive our constructive ethics. The war has disheartened man and Government has collapsed where it is needed most.

"Sinister threats fulminate and the spectre of Bolshevism stalks over large tracts of ruined Europe. Perversions of moral values dominate and the sane order of law must seek refuge behind the sword. Judaism must now come to its own. The opportunity has come when it can serve an eager and confused world. We can give to reconstruction of its soul.

"It matters comparatively little that we Jews eventually will receive that justice which we have craved and for which we have suffered martyrdom for centuries. But it matters very much that civilization be purged of the evil influences which have bungled, retarded, and perverted that all-inclusive justice which is the hope and right of every man.

"No settlement of Jewish difficulties is satisfactory to Jews unless it is at the same time a settlement of the moral difficulties of mankind."

Other addresses were made by J. Walter Freiberg, Cincinnati; Leon M. Franklin, Detroit; Rabbi Harry Merfeld, Greenville, Miss., and Rabbi William Rosenau, Baltimore, Md.

The centenary address in honor of Rabbi Isaac M. Wise, citing reminiscences of his life and his achievements as a Jewish worker, was made at Plum Street Temple tonight by Rabbi Henry Berkowitz of Philadelphia, Chancellor of the Jewish Chautauqua Society.

FORM WORKMEN'S THEATRE.

Season to Begin in August, with Richard Ordynski a Director.

Announcement is made by the United Labor Education Committee of the formation of the Workmen's Theatre, with headquarters at 41 Union Square. Richard Ordynski, B. Iden Payne, and Emanuel Reicher will be the directors of the enterprise and it is planned to begin a season in August. At least three plays will be produced.

The project is affiliated with many labor unions through the Education Committee. All seats at the performances will be $1.50 and the location will be determined by the drawing of numbers from an urn.

The Hippodrome Will Celebrate.

The fourteenth anniversary of the opening of the Hippodrome will be celebrated on Saturday, April 12, with a street parade by the entire Hippodrome organization, numbering 1,074 persons. There will be a jubilee performance at the Hippodrome on the following day.

America's Biggest Art Show

SOCIETY of INDEPENDENT ARTISTS | THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION

Open Daily from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Sunday from 2 to 10 P. M.

WALDORF-ASTORIA ROOF Fifth Avenue and 34th St. Admission 25c

WEDS CAPT. KUHN IN PARIS.

Miss Pauline Lange, War Worker, Marries New York Lawyer.

The marriage has been announced from Paris by cable of Captain John J. Kuhn, Jr., of the 78th Division, First Army, and Miss Pauline Lange, a daughter of Mrs. Marie T. Lange of 508 West 114th Street, this city. It took place last Saturday in the chapel of St. Joseph's Church, Paris. Captain Kuhn is a son of John J. Kuhn of Brooklyn, a lawyer, and was a member of the law firm of Ocland & Kuhn, 115 Broadway. When war began he gave up his law practice, went to Plattsburg, and was commissioned a First Lieutenant. He was at the battles of the Argonne, St. Mihiel, and Chateau-Thierry as a liaison officer and was promoted for bravery, and is now in the Judge Advocate's office of the First Army doing legal work. He is 42, eleven years older than his bride, and has ten brothers and sisters.

Mrs. Kuhn, then Miss Lange, at the commencement of war paid her expenses to France to drive a motor car at the front. She returned here for a time, as her mother was taken ill, but when the United States declared war she returned to France and had been teaching shell shock patients. She then met Captain Kuhn, whom she had previously known here merely as an acquaintance.

MISS DOROTHY LEITH WEDS.

Captain of Deal Women's Motor Corps Marries Stanley A. Brown.

Stanley A. Brown, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Brown of Chicago, and Miss Dorothy Leith, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Leith of the Hotel Chatham, were married in the private apartment of the bride's parents at 7 o'clock last evening. The Rev. Dr. Silverman officiated.

Miss Leith has been the Captain in command of the Deal Women's Motor Corps, her father being the Mayor of Deal, N. J.. During the war she has been active at Camp Vail and Camp Mills.

A. L. HUMES MARRIES.

Lawyer Weds Mrs. Elsa P. Graham in Her Fifth Avenue Apartment.

The marriage of Augustine Leftwich Humes, a son of Mrs. Andrew Russell Humes, who lives at the Plaza, a lawyer of this city, and Mrs. Elsa Portner Graham, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Portner of Washington, D. C., and a sister of Mrs. Henry D. Flood, the wife of Congressman Flood, took place yesterday in the bride's apartment, 787 Fifth Avenue, the Rev. Theodore Ainsworth Greene of the Brick Presbyterian Church officiating.

Mr. Humes is a member of the firm of Taylor, Humes & Begg. He was graduated from Princeton in 1896, from the Harvard Law School in 1899, and is a member of several Bar associations and the Metropolitan, University, Princeton, Harvard, and Piping Rock Clubs.

Capt. Begoon Weds Miss Williams.

The wedding of Captain George F. Begoon, 58th Coast Artillery, U. S. A., a son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Jackson Begoon of Harrisonburgh, Va., and who recently returned from eight months' service overseas, and Miss Gertrude B. Williams, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert D. Williams, was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Ambrose Chapel of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Morningside Heights, by the Rev. Dr. Nash. The bride, in white satin, tulle and lace, was attended by Miss Ethel M. Sempster. Captain Begoon's best man was Lieutenant Lucien V. Henderson, and the ushers were Liteutenant Charles R. Jackson, Lieutenant Wilmer H. Carter, and Lieutenant Franklin W. Carter, all of the United States Army, and Ensign Roscoe C. Taylor, United States Navy. The reception was held at the residence of the bride's father, 930 West End Avenue. On their return from their honeymoon Captain Begoon and his bride will live at 70 Riverside Drive.

Capt. Schwab Marries Miss Bliss.

The marriage of Captain Hermann C. Schwab, a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Hermann Schwab of 118 East Thirty-ninth Street, and Miss Ruth Baldwin Bliss, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Phelps Bliss of this city and Wendover, Bernardsville, N. J., was solemnized at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in Grace Church by the rector, the Rev. Dr. Charles L. Slattery, and the Rev. Dr. William G. Thayer of St. Mark's School, Groton, Mass. Miss Bliss was attended only by her younger sister, Miss Katharine B. Bliss, as maid of honor, and Henry B. Schwab was his brother's best man. A reception was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Bliss, 6 East Eighty-seventh Street.

The ceremony was originally planned for April 21, but as Captain Schwab is to sail for China on April 17 it was arranged for an earlier date.

Hutchinson-Baker Engagement.

Dr. Robert G. Hutchinson and Mrs. Hutchinson of Montclair, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Alice Ostrander Hutchinson, to Sylvester Emmons Baker, a son of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Baker of Oak Park, Ill. Before enlisting in the naval air service Mr. Baker lived for a year in Montclair. The wedding is set for next September.

OWEN BRAINARD DIES SUDDENLY

Architect Who Assisted in Designing Public Library Stricken While Visiting Friends.

FAMOUS CIVIL ENGINEER

His Work Included the Extension of U. S. Capitol and Building of New Century Theatre.

Owen Brainard, widely known in this city and elsewhere as an architect and consulting engineer, having superintended the construction of a number of important buildings, died suddenly of heart disease last night while visiting friends at 14 West Fifty-fourth Street.

Mr. Brainard, who lived at 58 West Fifty-eighth Street, was born in Haddam, Conn., in 1865, coming to New York when a boy. After attending public and private schools he went with the firm of Carrere and Hastings, architects, in 1893, as chief engineer, becoming a member of the firm in 1901. He was with this firm until 1907, during which time he assisted in designing and supervising the structure of the New York Public Library, the Senate and House office buildings, Washington; the extension of the United States Capitol, the Yale Memorial buildings, and the Cornell University building.

In 1907 Mr. Brainard established a business of his own as consulting engineer at 32 Vanderbilt Avenue. Since then some of his most important work has been the designing of the New Theatre, now the Century, and the industrial villages of the United States Steel Corporation.

Mr. Brainard was a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the American Institute of Architects, Architectural League of New York, City Planning Association, the Century, Engineers', and Apawamis Clubs.

Mr. Brainard is survived by his wife, Mrs. Jean Sawyer Brainard. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock at St. Agnes's Church, 121 West Ninety-first Street. Interment will be at Higganum, Conn.

SIR JAS. M. DAVIDSON DIES.

Radiology Authority Who Gave Valuable Services in War.

LONDON, April 2.—Sir James Mackenzie Davidson, widely known surgeon, died here today. Sir James was an authority on radiology, and during the war was consulting radiologist to the military hospitals in the London district. One of his inventions was a precise means for the localization through X-rays of foreign bodies in the eye and the orbit in general, and of bullets. He was born in 1856.

Lieutenant Henry S. Hayward.

Lieutenant Henry Selby Hayward, a member of the Naval Reserve and who had been stationed at the Charleston Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C., died in the Brooklyn Naval Hospital on Monday of pneumonia. The funeral services were held yesterday at St. John's Episcopal Church, Elizabeth, N. J., with interment in that city.

Lieutenant Hayward was born in Elizabeth and was graduated from the Stevens Institute of Technology in 1900. Prior to his enlistment a year ago he was President of the Roybel Packing Company of 30 Church Street, Manhattan. He was a member of the Engineers and Railroad Clubs of New York, the Union Club of Philadelphia, and of Chi Phi Fraternity of Stevens Institute.

George Henry Allen.

George Henry Allen, President of Paris, Allen & Co., 160 Broadway, importers of wines and liquors, of which business he had been at the head virtually ever since it was established some fifty years ago, died early this morning of pneumonia at his home, 41 West Fifty-sixth Street, in his 79th year. Mr. Allen was born in Granville, N. Y. He was a member of the New York Athletic Club. Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Charlotte C. Allen, and a son, George Marshall Allen, of this city.

Obituary Notes.

CLINTON BERNARD HAZEN, 31 years old, died of influenza and pneumonia on Saturday at his home, 286 Dean Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Hazen enlisted in the Naval Aviation Service at the beginning of the war and was an instructor in the workings of the Liberty motor at Columbia University and later served in the same capacity in France.

Mrs. JULIA HALPIN KEENAN, widow of Andrew Keenan, who was in the steampipe manufacturing business, died on Tuesday at her home, 201 Baltic Street, Brooklyn, where she had lived for the last thirty-six years. She was 70 years old.

JOSEPH DOMMINEY, connected with the Realty Associates, died on Tuesday at his home, 553 Park Place, Brooklyn.

ROBERT WHEELAN, well known among real estate dealers throughout Brooklyn and manager of the sales department of the Realty Associates, died of apoplexy on Tuesday at his home, 123 Rutland Road, Flatbush. He was 60 years old.

Mrs. MARY HAMPTON, widow of James Hampton, a contractor and builder of Ashland, Penn., died in her ninety-sixth year on Tuesday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John C. Creveling, 235 Arlington Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARY ELIZABETH CAPES, widow of William H. Capes, died on Monday at the home of her daughter, 357 Highland Boulevard, Brooklyn, in her seventy-ninth year. Mrs. Capes was the oldest member of the Andrew's M. E. Church, which she joined when it was organized in 1854, and until her death was active in war work for the Red Cross Society.

THEODORE C. HAMMOND, for many years in the heating and contracting business in Newark, N. J., died Tuesday at his home, 26 Myrtle Avenue, Irvington, N. J. Mr. Hammond was born in Stroudsburg, Penn., seventy-six years ago.

Mrs. AGNES WICKFIELD CRAWFORD, widow of a Middle West merchant, who has made her home in this city for the last two years, died yesterday at the Hahnemann Hospital. Her home was at 515 West 122d Street. Mrs. Crawford was born in Marion, Ohio, fifty-one years ago.

ALFRED BRONSON WEBB, 38 years old, chief clerk for the Ocean Steamship Company, and who had recently been soloist at All Angels' Church, New York City, died yesterday at his home, in Montauk Avenue, Bayside, L. I., of pneumonia.

Mrs. MARGARET M. WILSON, wife of Edward L. Wilson, of 117 South Fullerton Avenue, Montclair, N. J., died Tuesday. She was a sister of Dr. Martin J. Synnott, of Montclair.

Mrs. ANNA KNOX ADAMS, widow of John Quincy Adams and daughter of the late Elisha M. Attwater of 2,056 Ryer Avenue, this city, died in Greenwich, Conn., Tuesday night, at the age of 80, of paralysis.

L. TOWNSEND HOWES, who had been engaged in business in this city, died Tuesday in Stamford, Conn., where he had lived for thirty-three years. He was born in this city and was graduated from West Point in 1867, but after serving in the first U. S. Artillery in Texas for two years he resigned to enter business.

F. W. HASKELL of Buffalo, N. Y., President of the Carborundum Company, died in Daytona, Fla., yesterday of heart disease.

WILLIAM P. DENHAM, 77 years old, a veteran of the civil war, died Monday at his home, 11 Chestnut Street, Brooklyn. Born in Scotland, he came to this country when a boy, and during the civil war was a member of the 9th Regiment, New York Volunteers.

GEORGE W. McGLORY, 55 years old, who ten years ago was Coroner in Paterson, N. J., died Tuesday at his home, 521 Main Street, that city, of pneumonia.

Mrs. MELISSA MURRAY FOBES, 28 years old, wife of George Shaw Fobes, died suddenly yesterday at her home in Cambridge, Mass. They formerly lived in this city, where Mr. Fobes was in the dry goods business.

Mme. MARIE DU BOIS, wife of M. Auguste Du Bois, died Feb. 28 at her home in Paris, according to word which has just been received by relatives here. Mr. Du Bois is steward of the Steeplechase Society, in Paris.

DANIEL BOONE LOGAN, 65 years old, of Pineville, Ky., lawyer and financier, died Tuesday night at his Winter home at St. Petersburg, Fla. In the middle eighties he led a small army of "Regulators" against Craig Tolliver and his gang of outlaws and feudists in a battle at Morehead, Ky., in which Tolliver was killed and most of his band were wiped out.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

ST. STEPHEN'S, 124 West 69th St. "7 Days' Mission."

Dr. CYRUS TOWNSEND BRADY, TONIGHT at 8, "JESUS AS A CITIZEN; UNTO CAESAR."

All Welcome. Nathan A. Seagle, Rector.

REV. HENRY J. LYONS DEAD.

Vice President of Fordham University for Thirteen Years.

The Rev. Henry J. Lyons, for thirteen years Vice President of Fordham University, and for the last few years a member of the staff of America, the National Catholic weekly, published in this city, died yesterday at St. Vincent's Hospital. Father Lyons, who was a member of the Society of Jesus, was born in this city June 8, 1868, and entered the society at Frederick, Md., Aug. 17, 1891. He studied philosophy and theology at Woodstock College, Woodstock, Md., being ordained in June, 1905.

He then taught classics at Georgetown University, and later spent a year in study at Trouvhiemes, Belgium, before becoming Vice President of Fordham University. Father Lyons lived at 39 West Eighty-sixth Street.

Myer Dittenhoefer.

Myer Dittenhoefer, one of the pioneers in the rubber business in this country and for many years President of the Vulcanized Rubber Company, from which position he retired about five years ago, but remained Chairman of the Board of Directors, died yesterday morning in his apartment at the San Remo Hotel, Seventy-fourth Street and Central Park West. Mr. Dittenhoefer, who was a brother of the late Ex-Justice Dittenhoefer, was 81 years old and was born in New York City. During the civil war he was American Consul at Mannheim, Germany.

Born.

LIVINGSTON.—To Mr. and Mrs. George L. Livingston, (nee Broan) of 120 West 112th St., a son, April 2, 1919.

Confirmed.

KAUFMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Kaufman, 674 West 161st St., announce the bar mitzvah of their son Ira on Saturday, April 5, at Temple Peni El, 325 West 147th St.

Married.

NEIGHBOUR—FORREST.—At All Saints' Church, Great Neck, L. I., on April 2, 1919, by the Rev. Kirkland Husks, Gertrude Keith, daughter of Mr. H. A. Forrest and the late Mrs. Forrest of New York City, to Harry Cecil Wynne, second son of the late Judge Neighbour, M. A., LL. D., K. C., and Mrs. Neighbour of Melbourne, Australia.

SMELL—ROWE.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Rowe of Orange, N. J., announce the marriage of their daughter Jessie to Harold A. Smell of Erie, Penn., March 22.

Died.

ALLEN.—George Henry, on Thursday, April 3, at his late residence, 41 West 56th St., in his 79th year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BARTLETT.—April 1, 1919, at 300 West End Av., Anna Kate, beloved wife of Edward Everett Bartlett and only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Schnakenberg of this city. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

BEATON.—On Tuesday, April 1, 1919, James R., beloved husband of Elsie M. Beaton. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services at his late residence, 78 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, on Thursday evening, April 3, at 8 o'clock.

BECKER.—On April 2, 1919, George Becker, in his 62d year, beloved husband of Carrie A. Becker of Seacliff. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his brother, Philip Becker, 329 McDonough St., Brooklyn, on Friday, April 4, at 8 P. M.

BEMIS.—Of bronchial pneumonia, while in the service of his country, Leslie Carter Bemis, 29th Engineers, at Base Hospital 53, Langres, France; oldest son of Fred and Bertha C. Bemis of Meriden, Conn. New York and Oswego papers please copy.

BRAINARD.—Suddenly, in New York, April 2, 1919, Owen Brainard, beloved husband of Jean Sawyer Brainard. Services Friday, April 4, at 10 A. M., at St. Agnes's Chapel, 121 West 91st St. Interment at Higganum, Conn.

BROAS.—On April 2, 1919, Catherine Titus, widow of Benjamin S. Broas, aged 82 years. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Rupert B. Thomas, 259 Broadway, Flushing, N. Y., on Friday, April 4, at 5 P. M. Interment Poughkeepsie Rural Cemetery.

BUCK.—Charles H., on March 31, 1919, at his residence. Funeral services at the office of the Woodlawn Cemetery, Jerome Av. entrance, at 2:30 P. M., April 3, 1919.

BURKE.—On Tuesday, April 1, at his residence, 160 Bush St., Bronx, Michael, husband of Mary (nee O'Brien) and father of Rev. William M. and Agnes L. Burke. Funeral Friday, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn requiem mass Church of the Holy Spirit, Burnside and University Avs., 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary.

CALDER.—At Glenridge, N. J., April 2, 1919, Henry Calder, at his home, 50 Wildwood Terrace. Funeral services Friday evening, April 4, at 8 o'clock. Toronto (Canada) papers please copy.

COCHRAN.—Alexander M., April 2, 1919, beloved husband of Maggie R. and father of Marshall, Christina and Mary Belle, aged 65. Funeral services at his late residence, 600 East 164th St., Friday, 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

COCHRANE.—April 1, 1919, George, son of Mary Woods and the late James Cochrane, aged 25 years. Funeral services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 225 8th Av., near 21st St., Thursday evening, 8 o'clock. New Brunswick (N. J.) papers please copy.

CRAWFORD.—On April 2, Agnes Wickfield. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Campbell Bldg.,) B'way and 66th St., Thursday afternoon, 2 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

CROCKETT.—At South Norwalk, Conn., April 2, 1919, William G. Crockett, aged 74 years. Services at the funeral parlors of D. W. Raymond, South Norwalk, Conn., Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Burial Woodlawn Cemetery, New York, Friday, 11 A. M.

DIGNEY.—At his residence, 136 East 94th St., on Tuesday, April 1, Joseph J. Digney, in his 52d year, son of Edw. L. Digney and Catherine Skinnon Digney. Funeral Friday at 10 A. M., St. Francis de Sales Church, East 96th St.

DITTENHOEFER.—Myer, April 2, 1919, in his 81st year. Funeral Friday morning, 10 o'clock, from his late residence, San Remo Hotel, 146 Central Park West.

DITTENHOEFER.—Myer. City Lodge, 408, F. and A. M.: Brethren—The Supreme Architect of the Universe has called to his eternal rest our late Right Worshipful brother, Myer Dittenhoefer. You are earnestly requested to attend the funeral on Friday, April 4, at 10 A. M., from the San Remo Hotel, Central Park West and 74th St. Interment at Salem Fields Cemetery.

HENRY SCHEIBEL, Master.
HENRY J. MULLER, Secretary.

Died.

DU BOS.—Suddenly, in Paris, France, on Feb. 28, 1919, Marie Du Bos, (nee Dustie Johnston,) wife of Auguste Du Bos of Paris.

FAILE.—On Tuesday, April 1, 1919, Cecilia Dwyer, wife of the late Samuel Faile. Funeral services at her late residence, 72 Mamaroneck Av., White Plains, N. Y., on Thursday, April 3, at 2 P. M.

FENOUILLET.—In France, March 24, Sergeant Lucien J., aged 21, beloved son of Louis A. and Maria M. Fenouillet of 1,262 76th St., Brooklyn.

FOBES.—Melissa Murray, wife of George Shaw Fobes, formerly of New York City, suddenly at Cambridge, Mass., on April 1, 1919. Funeral Thursday, 2 P. M.

FRANCISCO.—William T., on April 1, 1919, husband of Lillian Francisco. Friends are invited to attend funeral service at funeral parlors, 340 West 36th St. on Thursday at 2 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

GOLDVOGEL.—April 2, in his 75th year, Alexander, beloved father of Sigmund and Mrs. Newman Josi. Funeral from chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 2,603 7th Av., Friday, April 4, 10 A. M.

GOODWIN.—John Goodwin, suddenly, April 1, 1919, at his residence, 320 Central Park West, in his 69th year. Funeral Thursday morning, 10:30, at the West End Presbyterian Church, 105 West 105th.

HENDRICKSON.—On Monday, March 31, 1919, Sarah Frances Ludlum, widow of Townsend C. Hendrickson and beloved mother of Mrs. George E. Bergen, in the 76th year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, Creed Av., Queens, L. I., Thursday, April 3, 1919, 2:30 P. M. Interment Greenfield Cemetery, Hempstead, L. I.

HOWES.—At Maplewood Farm, Stamford, Conn., on Tuesday, April 1, 1919, Leander Townsend Howes, late Lieutenant of 1st Regiment, U. S. Artillery, and Class of 1867 U. S. Military Academy, West Point. Funeral private. Interment West Point, N. Y.

HUTTON.—Suddenly, Tuesday, April 1, 1919, at the home of her cousin, Mrs. G. C. Wilde, 130 East 34th St., Harriet Hyatt, wife of the late Rev. Alfred J. Hutton, D. D., and daughter of the late Edgar and Mary Wise Hyatt. Services and interment in Penn Yan, N. Y.

ISAACS.—On Wednesday, April 2, 1919, after a lingering illness, Esther Isaacs, widow of the late Abraham Isaacs. Funeral services at her late residence, 842 Park Place, Brooklyn, Friday, April 4, 2 P. M.

JAMES.—Emily Conover, on Monday, March 31, widow of T. Fosdick James. Funeral Thursday, April 3, at 11 A. M., from her late residence, 102 West 80th St.

JESS.—On Tuesday, April 1, 1919, at her residence, 236 West 103th St., Bertha Jess. Funeral services will be held on Thursday evening, April 3, 8 o'clock, at August Eichelberg's Parlors, 984 8th Av., near 55th St. Interment at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

KELLY.—Wednesday, April 2, 1919, at her home, 206 Waverly Place, Agnes M. Kelly, beloved wife of William Ashley Kelly. Funeral mass at St. Joseph's Church, 6th Av. and Washington Place, Saturday morning, at 9:30. Interment Calvary.

LYON.—At St. Vincent's Hospital, the Rev. Henry Lyon, S. J., son of Susan Lyon, formerly Vice President of Fordham College and of the staff of The American Catholic Weekly. Funeral at the Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, Park Av. and 84th St., New York City, Friday, April 4. Divine Office 9 A. M.; mass 9:30. Interment Poughkeepsie. Kindly omit flowers.

McCARRELL.—At 202 Montgomery St., Newburgh, N. Y., Juliet McCarrell, daughter of the late Dr. Joseph McCarrell. Funeral Thursday, 2 P. M.

McCORMACK.—On April 2, William F., beloved son of Catherine and the late William McCormack and brother of Richard F. and Mary McCormack. Funeral from his late residence, 71 Barrow St., on Saturday, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Joseph's Church, where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary.

McNAMARA.—At Beacon, N. Y., April 1, 1919, John C. McNamara. Funeral will be held on Friday morning at St. John's Church, at Beacon, N. Y. Interment at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

MACLIN.—Of pneumonia, March 31, Gertrude Winchester, wife of William C. Maclin, and daughter of the late Frank S. and Agnes Brundage Winchester. Funeral services Thursday, 10:30 A. M., Church of Our Father, Grand Av. and Lefferts Place, Brooklyn. Interment private.

MERRITT.—Grace. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St., (Frank E. Campbell's,) Thursday, 11 A. M.

MEYER.—Hortense, aged 24, beloved daughter of Jacob and Lena, devoted sister of Elsie and Sidney. Funeral from late residence, 815 West 180th St., Friday, 1 P. M.

MOREY.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, April 2, 1919, at her late residence, Lakewood, N. J., Clara Wilson, beloved wife of James W. Morey. Notice of services later.

MORSE.—April 1, 1919, Asper Benta Morse, at his residence, Southwesterlow, N. Y. Services at 2 P. M. Thursday.

NICHOLSON.—At his residence, Odell Av., Yonkers, N. Y., on Wednesday, April 2, 1919, Thomas Nicholson. Funeral private. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery Friday morning.

MOSES.—Suddenly, at Upper Montclair, N. J., Wednesday, April 2, 1919, Oscar Lea Moses, in his 53d year. Funeral services at his home, 14 Glenwood Road, Friday afternoon, April 4, on arrival of train leaving Jersey City, Erie Railroad, 4:22 P. M., for Mountain Av. Station.

RINTOUL.—On Wednesday, April 2, 1919, Stephen Rich Rintoul, in his 74th year. Funeral services at Catholic Apostolic Church, 417 West 57th St., on Friday, April 4, at 11:30 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

ROSS.—April 1, 1919, Arthur E. Ross, aged 33 years. Funeral from his sister's residence, Mrs. E. E. Handel, 647 East 219th St., Bronx, on Friday, April 4, at 2 P. M. Funeral private.

RUPLEY.—At Poughkeepsie, N. Y., April 2, Samuel Kendig Rupley, aged 75 years. Funeral from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Albert E. Schwartz, 15 Adriance Av., on Saturday at 2:30 P. M. Relatives and friends invited. Kindly omit flowers.

Willis F. Mead UNDERTAKER

The Influenza epidemic put upon New York undertakers the greatest test in their history. But perfect organization enabled the House of Mead to maintain its high standard of service throughout. 1989 Madison Ave. Phone Harlem 3715. Day or night

JACOB HERRLICH'S SONS, Funeral Directors—Chapel. 332 East 86th St. Lenox 6652

1963 Osborne, nr. 179th. Tel. 2626 Tremont.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY

233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley Office, 20 East 23d St., New York. Lots of small size for sale.

FLORAL DESIGNS

a specialty; moderately priced at $1.00 and up. BLOOMINGDALE BROS., 59th St. and 3d Av.

Died.

SANDKAUT.—On Wednesday, April 2, 1919, Louis F. Sandkaut. Masonic funeral services at his late residence, 1,724 40th St., Brooklyn, Friday, 8:30 P. M. Officers and members of Tuscan Lodge, 704, F. and A. M., respectfully invited to attend divine service by the Rev. Charles J. Aiken, Saturday, 10 A. M. Automobile cortege. Kindly omit flowers.

SANGER.—On Wednesday, April 2, 1919, suddenly, Fanny S. Sanger. Funeral notice hereafter.

SIMPSON.—In Poughkeepsie, Tuesday, April 1, 1919, of pneumonia, Albert Adriance Simpson, son of the late Dr. Francis Henry Simpson and Anna Elba Beth Adriance, beloved husband of Elizabeth Borden Campbell, aged 43 years. Funeral services at Christ Church, Poughkeepsie, Friday, at 2:30 P. M.

STOLZENBURG.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, April 1, 1919, George C. P. Stolzenburg, beloved husband of Louise Stolzenburg, (nee Bank,) in his 58th year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at the First Reformed Church, corner of 10th St. and 1st Av., College Point, L. I., on Friday, April 4, at 2:30 P. M. The body will remain at P. Kolb & Son's Funeral Parlors, 904 3d Av., New York, until Friday, 9 A. M.

SWENTZEL.—On Tuesday, April 1, 1919, Charles Henry Swentzel, formerly of the New York Consolidated Exchange. Funeral services at his late residence, 457 3d St., Brooklyn, Friday, April 4, at 2:30 P. M.

TAYLOR.—On April 1, 1919, Sarah Louise Taylor, daughter of the late John and Hannah Draper Taylor, in her 81st year. Funeral services in Grace Church Chantry, on Thursday, April 3, at 10 A. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

UNGER.—Eleanor Jeanne, aged 2 years 7 months, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Henry H. Unger, on Wednesday, April 2, 1919, at 308 West 94th St. Funeral Thursday, April 3, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

WAKEMAN.—On Wednesday, April 2, 1919, at the Presbyterian Hospital, New York City, Robert Peel Wakeman of Southport, Conn., after a brief illness, in the 70th year of his age. Funeral at the home, Southport, Conn., Friday, April 4, 4 P. M.

Died.

WEISBACH.—April 2, Josephine Ricker Weisbach, beloved sister of Elizabeth A. Kircher. Funeral Friday, 9:30 A. M., from her late residence, 2,333 Davidson Av., Bronx. Requiem mass, 10 A. M., at the Church of St. Nicholas of Tolentine, Andrews Av. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege. Kindly omit flowers.

WHITE.—April 2, 1919, at 251 West 46th St., Sarah White, mother of Mrs. William Putnam, aged 76 years. Funeral and interment Standish, Mich., Sunday, April 6, 1919.

WILLE.—Suddenly, Anna Catherine Wille, (nee Hesser,) in her 46th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 1,414 East 94th St., Flatbush, Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

WILSON.—At Montclair, N. J., on Tuesday, April 1, 1919, Margaret M. Synnott, beloved wife of Edward L. Wilson. Funeral will be held from her late home, 117 South Fullerton Av., on Friday, April 4, at 9 A. M., thence to requiem mass at Church of Immaculate Conception at 9:30. Interment in family plot at Cemetery of Holy Sepulchre, Newark, N. J.

WURTZ.—On Wednesday, April 2, Charles S. Wurtz, in his 47th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 317 East 120th St., on Friday evening, April 4, at 8 o'clock.

In Memoriam

ENDRES.—In sad and loving memory of Frederick Endres, who died April 3, 1918. May his soul rest in peace.

MOTHER, SISTERS, AND BROTHERS.

MANSFIELD.—Richard Mansfield II., the loved son of Richard and Beatrice Mansfield, who gave his life for his country at the age of 19 years.

"For me, who can think no more of dreams of life.
For me, upon whose days descend the night,
I salute in you the youths of all the world."

SILBERSTEIN.—In loving memory of our dearly beloved father, John L. Silberstein, who departed this life April 3, 1918.

ANITA S. MEYER,
SAMUEL S. SILBERSTEIN,
J. GEORGE SILBERSTEIN.

TURNOWSKY.—In everlasting memory of our beloved sister, Marie Turnowsky, who died on April 3, 1918.

ROSENBERG-WERNINGER.

A "CAMPBELL FUNERAL" means—superior service at a moderate price.

The famous "CAMPBELL SERVICE" accompanies every funeral, irrespective of its cost.

Call "Columbus 8200" Any Hour Day or Night

FRANK E. CAMPBELL "THE FUNERAL CHURCH" (NON SECTARIAN)

Broadway at 66th St. 23rd Street at 8th Ave

Flowers for all occasions. Artistic Funeral Designs our specialty.

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

562 Shares of the Capital Stock of Compania de Minerales y Metales, S. A. and Voting Trust Certificates Representing 34,644 Shares of the Capital Stock of

THE AMERICAN METAL COMPANY, LTD.
NEW YORK CITY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned, Francis P. Garvan, Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale, at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the office of The American Metal Company, Ltd., 61 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York, on the 7th day of April, 1919:

First. At 10:00 o'clock, A. M., 562 shares of the capital stock of 25,000 shares issued and outstanding, of the par value of one hundred (100) pesos each of Compania de Minerales y Metales, S. A., a Mexican corporation; and also, but separately therefrom,

Second. At 10:30 o'clock, A. M., voting trust certificates issued under an agreement dated December 5, 1918, between the owners of stock in The American Metal Company, Ltd., of the first part, and Joseph F. Guffey, Henry Morgenthau and Berthold Hochschild, representing 34,644 shares, of the par value of $100 per share, of the capital stock of The American Metal Company, Ltd., a New York corporation.

The said voting trust certificates representing 34,644 shares will first be offered for sale in one parcel, all bids therefor to be per share, and after all bids for the same shall have been made, the bid of the highest bidder will be reserved until completion of bidding for the separate parcels. The said voting trust certificates will then be offered for sale in blocks of 100 shares each (except the last block which shall be 44 shares), all bids therefor to be per share.

The American Metal Company, Ltd., has an authorized capitalization of $25,000,000, of which $7,000,000, divided into 70,000 shares of the par value of $100 each, are issued and outstanding, of which 53,064 have been deposited under said voting trust agreement.

Full description of, and information concerning, the properties to be sold, the terms and conditions of inspection and sale, and the orders thereof, may be obtained by application to JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, Director, Bureau of Sales, 110 West 42nd St., New York City.

FRANCIS P. GARVAN,
Alien Property Custodian

"STAMPING THE PRICE ON EVERY PAIR OF SHOES AS A PROTECTION AGAINST HIGH PRICES AND UNREASONABLE PROFITS"

W. L. Douglas

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$4.00 $4.50 $5.00 $6.00 $7.00 & $8.00

IF you have been paying $10 to $12 for fine shoes, a trial will convince you that for style, comfort and service W.L. Douglas $7 and $8 shoes are equally as good and will give excellent satisfaction. The actual value is determined and the retail price fixed at the factory before W.L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom. The stamped price

TILDEN BEATS VOSHELL, NATIONAL INDOOR TENNIS CHAMPION, IN THRILLING MATCH

INDOOR CHAMPION LOSES TO TILDEN

Voshell Drops Bitterly Fought Tennis Match in Title Net Tournament.

RICHARDS IN SEMI-FINALS

Boy Net Star Is Extended to Limit in Disposing of Fred Anderson, Jr.

S. Howard Voshell of Brooklyn lost the indoor tennis championship of the United States at the Seventh Regiment Armory yesterday, and with it the opportunity to gain permanent possession of the trophy which he had captured for two successive seasons. His conqueror was William T. Tilden, Jr., of Philadelphia, and the match was about as close an affair as the scoring system allows, going to three sets at 4-6, 8-6, 13-11. In addition to Tilden, Frank Anderson, Peter Ball and Vincent Richards reached the semi-final round, and from this quartet the new champion will emerge.

Those who picked the Voshell-Tilden contest as the real feature of the tournament made no mistake. The Brooklyn southpaw was determined to defend his title and knew that Tilden was the biggest obstacle in his way, while the tall technician of the courts was equally anxious to have a look at another national championship, with the added possibility of playing the final against his youthful doubles partner, Vincent Richards.

It was a battle of service that the gallery saw yesterday morning, and in the end it was variety that won, rather than speed or consistency. Voshell has seldom if ever appeared to better advantage on the court, and his delivery was fast and well-placed throughout, with accurate ground-strokes and generally good volleying to back it up. His chief weakness was overhead, where he threw away many a possible point.

Tilden played his usual brilliant, but erratic game, mixing dazzling drives and volleys with glaring errors. He served a bit too willing to play to his opponent's strong forehand, but used his head well in the pinches.

Voshell broke through Tilden's service in the third game of the match and succeeded in maintaining this advantage to the end of the opening set, which he won at 6—4. It was not until the sixth game of the second set that Tilden was able to return the compliment. Up to this point the left-hander's twisting delivery had had distinctly the better of the argument. A double fault contributed to the break, aided by Tilden's unexpected counter-wallop of a good smash and the flubbing of an easy kill by Voshell.

Here the real struggle began. Tilden made it 5—2 by winning on his own service, then dropped a game, and with the set well in hand, put himself in the hole with three successive errors, one of them resulting from an attempt at an over-elaborate back-hand half-volley. He picked up two points with a placement and a hard serve, but was then cleanly passed by Voshell for the third break of the match.

Tilden, however, seemed on the way to still another break and the set when he had the champion 0—40 on a trio of sensational shots, with a perfect lob for a climax. But Voshell came back with three equally brilliant plays and then tied up the set on Tilden's errors.

They divided service again and Tilden made it 7—6 with a love-game, left-hander appearing to be upset by several close decisions which went against him. He served two double faults and missed an easy smash, after which Tilden found an opening for a good placement shot and squared the match at 8—6.

The rubber found both players overanxious and inclined to be wild. After a long deuce game, the alternating service became again the chief weapon of attack and prospects of a break seemed remote. There was good sportsmanship on both sides of the net when the contestants refused to take advantage of the linesmen's bad eyesight. It was anybody's match at this stage, although Voshell was slowing up a little, with a kink in one of his leg muscles.

At 6—7, with Voshell serving, Tilden was within a point of the match, but netted the ball in an attempt to hook it across court, and eventually lost the game through the death of a short lob and another net-finder. For eight games more the advantage alternated with the service, but Tilden was winning more and more easily on his own versatile delivery, and making it increasingly difficult for Voshell to respond.

The final break came when the weary southpaw, after flubbing a volley, misjudged a deep lob and again vollied out of court. He fought out one more remarkable rally to no purpose, for with the score at 30—40, Tilden again found a set-up for his fore-hand drive. This time he trusted to speed and the ball shot straight down the court for the winning point, score 13—11.

Frank Anderson's victory over L. B. Dalley was one-sided, and Peter Ball ran true to form in eliminating W. J. Toussaint, although the veteran landed the opening set. Vincent Richards, however, was driven close to his limit by Fred Anderson, Jr., who started in convincing style with a 6—1 victory and worked the youngster hard all the rest of the way. Richards won through superior placement and some exceedingly helpful errors by Anderson, 6—4, 6—3.

In the doubles Tilden and Voshell again faced each other, partnered by Richards and Biddle respectively. The teamwork of the national champions was too much for the Brooklyn-Philadelphia pair. Alexander and Rosenbaum eliminated the former indoor title holders, Shafer and King Smith, in a somewhat closer match, and will meet the Anderson brothers today in the semi-final round. Behr and Steinkampf moving into the last of the remaining brackets.

The semi-finals of the singles are scheduled at 2 P. M. today, with the doubles following immediately afterward, and the entire tournament closing tomorrow.

The summaries:

National Indoor Tennis Championship Singles.—Fourth Round—Frank Anderson defeated Louis B. Dalley 6—0, 6—3; W. T. Tilden, Jr., defeated S. Howard Voshell 4—6, 8—6, 13—11; Peter Ball defeated W. J. Toussaint 2—6, 6—2, 6—3; Vincent Richards defeated Fred Anderson, Jr., 1—6, 6—4, 6—3.

Doubles.—Second Round—Shafer and Smith defeated Cragin and Campbell 6—4, 1—6, 6—4.

Third Round—Fred and Frank Anderson defeated Toussaint and F. Letson 6—2, 6—4; Alexander and Rosenbaum defeated Shafer and Smith 6—7, 6—4; Tilden and Richards defeated Voshell and Biddle 6—3, 6—3; A. Behr and Steinkampf defeated Post and Wagner 6—3, 10—8.

PLAYOFF FOR MRS. HURD.

Defeats Mrs. Barlow in Competition for Qualifying Medal.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., April 2.—Mrs. Dorothy Campbell Hurd defeated Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow, the North and South champion, at Pinehurst today, in the second playoff on their tie for the qualifying medal in the women's North and South tournament.

The first attempt to settle the matter resulted in a second tie, and Mrs. Hurd won today by a single stroke. Neither was going particularly well, Mrs. Hurd winning with a 98 to Mrs. Barlow's 94.

YALE GETS ATHLETES BACK.

Reed, Prizer, and Heffelfinger Return to New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 2.—Three former stars returned to the Yale track team today, greatly increasing its chances for winning the dual meets with Harvard and Princeton. They are Harvey Reed, mile runner; J. F. Prizer, sprinter and football star, and Totten Heffelfinger, hurdler.

DODGERS HIT BALL HARD.

Brooklyn Regulars Make 15 Hits, Beating Second Team, 8 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., April 2.—The Dodgers got some good batting practice in the game played at their camp here this afternoon between the regulars and yannigans. A total of twenty-six safe hits were spilled over the lot, the regulars making fifteen blows off the curves of Leon Cadore and Maines, a local lad. The regulars won by a count of 8 to 2. The game went eight innings.

Jimmy Hickman, who reported last night, slightly injured his right ankle while fielding around second base in the morning workout, but it did not prevent him from covering left field for the regulars. Jimmy Johnston played first, and showed up well. Hickman appears to be in fine fettle, and made two safe hits, one of them a double, during the batting fray.

Lew Malone is covering second in place of Ray Schmandt on the regulars, and he is proving to be a worthy substitute. He is a good fielder, and handles himself well picking up hot grounders. He got a double and three singles off Cadore and Maines. Ollie O'Mara, who has been hitting in fifth place on the regulars lineup, was moved up to second for this afternoon's battle. The change seemed to agree with him, as he came through with three safe hits.

Hunter Goodbred twirled the entire game for the victors, and although he was hit hard he was given good support with men on the bases. Zack Wheat is expected here tomorrow.

ORIOLES DEFEAT MIDDIES.

Baltimore International Leaguers Win Easily at Annapolis.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 2.—The midshipmen opened their baseball season this afternoon by losing to the Baltimore club of the International League by 8 to 2. R. S. Baker and N. Baker pitched well, holding their opponents to 4 to 2 up to the eighth, when Sproul went in and was batted for four runs in a single session.

The score:

BALTIMORE.	AB	R	H	Po	A	NAVAL ACADEMY.	AB	R	H	Po	A
Maisel,3b	4	1	1	2	4	Stubbs,lf	4	0	1	1	0
Bishop,2b	4	1	1	0	6	Blakeslee,cf	4	0	1	1	1
Carraway,cf	5	1	2	2	0	Whelchel,3b	4	0	1	0	1
Boley,ss	3	1	0	2	1	Doyle,1b	4	0	2	9	2
Cook,rf	3	2	1	0	0	Rawlings,rf	3	0	0	0	0
Beal,1b	4	1	1	13	1	Milner,as	3	1	0	3	5
Elliott,lf	4	0	2	4	0	Cl'ghley,2b,c	3	1	2	6	2
Carroll,c	3	0	0	4	1	Pino, 2b	1	0	1	0	1
Leffler,c	1	0	0	0	0	Hartman,c	1	0	0	6	1
Hersperger,p	2	0	0	0	3	R.S.Baker,p	1	0	0	0	3
Foster,p	0	1	0	0	0	Jones,1b	1	0	0	0	0
Frank,p	1	0	0	0	0	N.Baker,p	0	0	0	0	1
						Sproul,p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	8	7	27	16	Total	30	2	7	27	16

Errors—Maisel, Whelchel, Doyle, (2,) Milner.

Baltimore	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	4	0—8
Naval Academy	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0—2

Three-base hit—Maisel. Two-base hit—Cook. Sacrifice hit—N. Baker. Double plays—Whelchel, Doyle, and Hartman; Milner, Doyle, and Cloughley. Wild pitch—Foster. Passed balls—Hartman, 2. Bases on balls—Off R. S. Baker, 1; N. Baker, 2; Sproul, 1; Foster, 1; Hersperger, 1. Struck out—By R. S. Baker, 5; N. Baker, 1; Sproul, 1; Hersperger, 2; Foster, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Hersperger, (Hartman.) Umpires—Messrs. Byers and Clark. Time of game—2 hours 15 minutes.

FORDHAM WINS FIRST GAME.

McNamara Has Ten Strikeouts and Allows No Hits—Score, 5 to 0.

Fordham defeated Cathedral yesterday afternoon at Fordham Field in the opening baseball game of the local season. The score was 5—0. McNamara pitched the first five innings for the Maroon and registered ten strikeouts without allowing a hit. Finn, the Maroon captain, finished the contest, and allowed three singles.

Fordham got off to a good start and scored two runs in the initial round on three errors and Schonberg's hit to left field. Bill Klem, the veteran National League umpire, was the arbiter of the contest.

The score by innings:

									R.	H.	E.
Fordham	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	—5	7	3
Cathedral	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	3	4

Batteries—McNamara, Finn and Sweetland; Boyle and Corrigan. Umpire—Bill Klem.

SETON HALL DOWNS ARMY.

West Point Loses Opening Baseball Game of Season, 5 to 4.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., April 2.—In an eight-inning game, called because of cold weather, the Army succumbed to Seton Hall in the opening game of the baseball season this afternoon by a score of 5 to 4. The visitors lead of two runs was tied in the third by the soldiers, and the cadets, by a severe bombardment of Flynn, who pitched well until the final frame, came near tying the game again at the finish.

Hans Lobert, Army's coach, tried out a quartet of pitchers, Milton and McGrath doing the best work.

The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Army	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	—4	8	4
Seton Hall	0	1	1	0	2	0	1	0	—5	6	4

Batteries—Milton, Wedemeyer, McGrath, Whitesides, and McCarthy; Flynn and Brennan. Umpires—Cullum and Marshall.

GOULD WINNER AT SQUASH.

Advances to Third Round in Title Tourney at Columbia Club.

Jay Gould was a winner in the club squash championship at the Columbia Club yesterday, defeating Milton L. Cornell in a second round match in straight games, 15—3, 15—3. From the start, Gould was too fast for his opponent.

Fred S. Keeler, the club veteran, advanced to the third round by defeating Irving H. Cornell, 15—4, 15—3. Keeler was steady, and repeatedly fooled his opponent with speedy drives around the court.

The summaries:

Class A Championship.—First Round—I. H. Cornell defeated R. E. Wigham, 4—15, 17—16, 17—15; F. S. Keeler defeated P. Benshaw, 15—2, 15—11; Milton L. Cornell defeated H. Kellock, 15—9, 19—14.

Second Round—F. S. Keeler defeated Irving H. Cornell, 15—4, 15—3; H. D. Bulkley defeated B. Whitlock, 15—10, 15—6; Jay Gould defeated Milton L. Cornell, 15—3, 15—3.

Class B.—First Round—H. W. Warner defeated P. Renshaw, 15—10, 9—15, 15—5.

Second Round—R. E. Wigham defeated B. Whitlock, 15—6, 15—3; F. S. McGrath defeated H. R. Burt, 15—9, 15—12.

Marsans Asks for Release.

HAVANA, April 2.—Armando Marsans, who played in the outfield last year with the New York American League team, has asked for an unconditional release from that team on the ground of insufficient monetary consideration for playing this year. Marsans, in his letter, said he would prefer to play with a minor league team, under the circumstances.

Athletics Defeat Swarthmore.

PHILADELPHIA, April 2.—The Philadelphia Americans played the first exhibition baseball game of the season here today, defeating Swarthmore College by heavy hitting, 15 to 4.

HUGGINS AT SECOND, BUT HIS TEAM LOSES

Yankee Manager Fails to Aid Yannigans and Regulars Win Game, 9 to 4.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla, April 2.—Miller Huggins became field leader of his Yannigans this afternoon in the practice game against the Regulars and held down second base for the Rookies through the six inning engagement. But the presence of the Yankee leader was not enough to swing the verdict in the youngsters' favor. The Regulars had a busy day with the stick at the expense of Neal Brady and Luther Nelson, winning easily by the score of 9 to 4.

Pete Schneider did some fancy flinging for the Regulars for three innings, allowing only four hits and one run. Ferguson was not so effective. The big fellows combed his delivery for four slams, three of them coming in rapid succession after a pass in the fifth inning and accounting for three runs.

Pratt, O'Doul, and Baldwin carried off the hitting honors of the slugfest. The first named punched out a single, a double, and a triple, while O'Doul got a double and a pair of singles. Baldwin hit over Duffy Lewis's head for three bases in the third inning and later he lashed out a clean single. Bodie, Ward, Hannah, and Miller got two hits apiece. Peckinpaugh did not participate in the game, as he is still troubled with a charley horse. Halas, who is suffering from a similar ailment, started the game as right fielder of the Regulars and pounded out a clean single the first time he toed the plate. Before the game was over he had to give way to a substitute, Allen Russell finishing the game in right field. Halas did some good fielding before he left the game, despite the handicap of a sore leg.

Infielder Mooers joined the crippled list today and did not get into uniform. He is suffering from a strained muscle in his throwing arm, and will be ready again after a short rest. It was his indisposition that brought Huggins into active play this afternoon.

The Yankees play their third game of the Brooklyn series tomorrow, and Bob Shawkey is slated to make his début in the box. It is possible that Ernie Shore will also be called upon to limber his arm against the Dodgers. Quinn and Mogridge are other pitching possibilities for the American Leaguers. Huggins expects that Peckinpaugh will be able to return to his place in the infield for this game. It will not be surprising if Duffy Lewis is out of the game, as he is limping around with an ingrown nail on the right foot.

The lineup and score of today's game:

Regulars—Halas, right field; Russell, right field; Vick, centre field; Ripp, first base; Pratt, second base; Lewis, left field; Bodie, third base; Ward, short stop; Hannah, catcher; Schneider and Ferguson, pitchers.

Yannigans—Kane, centre field; O'Doul, left field; Miller, short stop; Lamar, first base; Ruel, third base; Quinn, right field; Shawkey, right field; Huggins, second base; Baldwin, catcher; Brady, pitcher; Nelson, pitcher.

The score by innings:

									R.	H.	E.
Regulars	1	5	0	0	2	0	—	9	13	3	
Yannigans	0	0	1	0	3	0	—	4	8	3	

Umpires—Kelley and Connery.

FAVORITES LOSE AT GOLF.

Many Surprises in Title Play on Pinehurst Links.

PINEHURST, N. C., April 2.—Match play in the North and South amateur championship golf tournament today brought several unexpected results.

In the championship division contest A. J. Mendes, Siwanoy Country Club; Edward Styles, Wasnington Golf and Country Club; James D. Standish, Jr., of Detroit, and C. G. Waldo, Jr., Detroit, lost their matches.

Irving S. Robeson, Rochester, who is defending his title, played against Styles and won at the nineteenth hole.

Coleman Wins with Cue.

In the 18.2 balkline billiard tournament for metropolitan amateur laurels under A. A. U. auspices at Fuller's Academy Hal Coleman defeated William Gershell last night by 200 to 153.

The Kum-a-part makes its appeal to the fastidious man, who is as much attracted by the distinction of the designs at $5 to 50c. per pair as he is by the unique convenience, which is the cornerstone of its nation-wide fame.

JOHN S. SAMPSON & SON
Wholesale Dealers, 2 E. 23d St.
At Your Haberdashers.

Special Display and demonstration this week at Nat. Lewis, 1578 Broadway.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
THE HOUSE OF HATS

You save 1/3 whether it's a FELT HAT at $2.90 or SILK HAT at $6.50

Follow 5th Ave., but buy here.

CHANGE TO REIS UNION SUITS

THORPE'S STAR NINE FAILS TO PRODUCE

Fletcher's Aggregation of Giants Has Better of Practice Tussle by 7 to 5.

Special to The New York Times.

GAINESVILLE, Fla., April 2.—McGraw's plan to split up the Giants squad and to produce two teams of about the same relative strength quickly brought fruit, as the game played on the university grounds this afternoon between the Fletchers and the Thorpes proved by far the best and most interesting played so far. However, Jim Thorpe remains on the losing side. The former Olympic hero yelled for his team this afternoon until he got blue in the face, but it didn't help much. Fletcher's nine won the practice tiff by a score of 7 to 5.

Captain Fletcher and Thorpe were selected by McGraw to choose sides after the manner of the old back lot game, and when the lineups of the two teams were announced it looked as if Thorpe had been the better picker. He had Benny Kauff, Hal Chase, Heinie Zimmerman, Rube Benton, and Lew McCarty on his side, which, with himself, made quite a powerful combination. But Jim says the jinx has him this Spring and he simply can't get by with a winner.

Thorpe selected Rube Benton from among the pitchers who were available for duty today, and therein the famous Indian made his mistake. This wasn't Rube's day to work. The team which swore fealty to Fletcher simply tore right in and beat Benton's offerings all over the university campus. Nine hits were jolted out of the left-hander in four innings, and they included a homer by Pep Young and triples by Winters and Doyle.

Jesse Winters, the discharged Lieutenant, started off for the Fletchers, and the Thorpes hit him hard in alternate innings. Frank Noel, the former University of Virginia crack, pitched the last three innings and did some fine work.

Young took the first good thump at Benton in the first inning when he hit a home run to deep centre field.

The Thorpes held the lead for a few minutes in the second inning when they scored twice. Kauff walked and scored on Thorpe's triple. However, Jim had a horseshoe in his pocket when he hit that one, as it was an ordinary single which bounded over Pitt's head when he set himself to field it. Thorpe scored on Holden's single.

Benton took his lacing in the third when five runs were scored off him. Winters got his side off to a good start when he drove a triple down the left field foul line. Burns walked and Young sent the lean pitcher home with a single to right.

Fletcher beat out a bunt and then Doyle hit one which broke Jim Thorpe's heart. Larry sent a long drive to deep right centre for three bases and the trio on the bases happily pranced home, giving Thorpe the merry laugh.

Even then the cannonading did not cease. Pitt hit an infield single to Zimmerman, who held Doyle on third. Pitt stole second. On Smith's bounder to Baird Doyle was thrown out at the plate for the first out. Miller came along with a single and sent in Pitt with the fifth run of the inning.

Thorpe's team did not take defeat without a fight and tried hard to tie the score. They did reduce the four-run lead of the Fletchers to one run. They scored two in the fourth on Zimmerman's double, Duff's triple, and Pitt's muff of Holden's fly. In the fifth Chase's double and Zimmerman's single hatched another run. Fletcher got three more hits, giving him six in his last eight times up.

At a rotary dinner in honor of the Giants and their press representatives last night. President Murphy of Florida University invited the Giants to make Gainesville their permanent training camp.

In answer McGraw said that the New York team had not yet made any plans for 1920, but that when it came time to select a camp for next Spring the great weather and fine treatment that the Giants received here would not be forgotten.

The lineup and score by innings:

FLETCHER'S.	THORPE'S.
Burns, lf, and cf.	Gillespie, 2b.
Young, rf.	Baird, ss.
Fletcher, ss.	Chase, 1b.
Boyle, 2b.	Zimmerman, 3b.
Pitt, cf. and lf.	Kauff, cf.
Smith, c.	Thorpe, rf.
Miller, 1b.	Holden, lf.
Rommel, 3b.	McCarthy, c.
Winters, p.	Benton, p.
Noel, p.	Jones, p.

									R.	H.	E.
Fletchers	1	0	5	0	0	1	0	—7	11	1	
Thorpes	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	—5	6	1	

Runs—Burns, (2,) Young, (2,) Fletcher, Pitt, Winters, Kauff, Chase, Zimmerman, Thorpe. Two-base hits—Zimmerman, Chase. Three-base hits—Thorpe, Doyle, Winters, Kauff. Home Run—Young. Stolen bases—Burns, (2,) Pitt, Fletcher. Bases on balls—Off Winters, 2; Noel, 1; Benton, 1; Jones, 2. Struck out—By Winters, 1; Noel, 2; Jones, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Jones, (Burns.) Hits—Off Benton, 9 in 4 innings; Jones, 2 in 2; Winters, 4 in 4; Noel, 2 in 3. Umpires—O'Neill and Brogan.

Eighteen players will be taken on the trip to Tampa tomorrow night, including seven pitchers, which gives a pretty line on the twirlers McGraw intends to carry this year. The players who will go to Tampa are Burns, Young, Chase, Kauff, Doyle, Zimmerman, and Fletcher of the regular lineup; catchers, McCarthy and Earl Smith; pitchers, Barnes, Benton, Causey, Winters, G. Smith, Steele, and Jones, and Thorpe and Baird, utility men. It may be observed that Schupp is not included among the pitchers. This is because McGraw does not want him to work against any big league batters so early in the year.

KOSTICH DEFEATED AGAIN.

Loses Third Straight Chess Game to Capablanca at Havana.

HAVANA, April 2.—By defeating Boris Kostich, the Serbian expert, in the third game of their match of eight games up at the Union Club, José R. Capablanca, the Pan American champion, scored his third victory in succession, somewhat to the astonishment of those who regard themselves as good judges of form and had recognized in Kostich a good match for the Cuban.

In the third game Kostich again had the black pieces and resorted to the Petroff defense. As in the first games he held his own well throughout the opening, but he weakened just enough in the middle game to enable his opponent to obtain a slight advantage, which is all he needs to enable him to turn a seemingly drawn game into a winning ending. Kostich resigned after forty-seven moves had been recorded.

The score to date: Capablanca, 3; Kostich, 0.

West Point Football Squad Out.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, April 2.—TheArmy's football squad turned out for its first Spring practice today. Over fifty candidates for next Fall's eleven reported to Major Hugh Mitchell, who gave the men an hour's workout on the plains.

WISEST FOOL FIRST IN BENNINGS PURSE

Musanti Entry Wins Feature Event on Long Card at Maryland Track.

BOWIE, Md., April 2.—Wisest Fool raced home in front in the Bennings Purse, the feature event on today's card, finishing a length in front of Frizeur. Wisest Fool got away to a poor start and was running fifth at the half mile. Rice sent his mount along at the three-quarters, and in the stretch he sent the Musanti entry to the front in a pretty drive.

Flying Witch, of the Whitney Stable, won the first race in a romp from Kallipolis. Robinson rode the winner and also sent Tan II. under the wire in front in the third race.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; maiden fillies; four furlongs. Flying Witch, 114 pounds, (Robinson,) $2.80, $2.80, and $2.70, won; Kallipolis, 114, (Corey,) $6.80 and $8.60, second; Marcelle M., 114, (Pauley,) $8.60, third. Time—0:50. Miss Stathem, Beck and Call, Hush, Lady Ione, and Super Girl also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six and a half furlongs. Transpero, 107 pounds, (J. McTaggart,) $21.50, $2.90, and $4.20, won; Genevieve B, 107, (Obert,) $5.40 and $3.80, second; Beauty Sleep, 92, (Carswell,) $5.90, third. Time—1:22 2-5. Fairy Prince, Clip, Old Bill Bender, Matooka, Plurenzi, Baby Rasch, Keynote, Positive, and Miss Fay also ran.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six and a half furlongs. Tan II., 112 pounds, (Robinson,) $3.60, $2.70, and $2.60, won; Houdini, 105, (Erickson,) $4.60 and $3.70, second; Sibola, 109, (Metcalf,) $3.40, third. Time—1:22. Roederer, Vigilante, Man Slayer, Newoka, Miss Filene, Miss Fauntleroy, and Pocket Change also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; the Bennings Purse; five and a half furlongs. Wisest Fool, 112 pounds, (Rice,) $97.60, $40.40, and $16.70, won; Friceur, 103, (Obert,) $23 and $7.60, second; Duchess Lace, 110, (J. McTaggart,) $3.10, third. Time—1:08 1-5. Hanky Panky, Dr. Rae, Plureen, Romeo, Billee Bluff, John Cullinan, Jill, and Liberty Bond also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; six and a half furlongs. Haliax, 113 pounds, (Buxtel,) $5.90, $4.10, and $2.80, won; Broom Peddler, 109, (Shapleton,) $7 and $4.10, second; Firing Line, 110, (Metcalf,) $3.10, third. Time—1:21. Crump Sal, Widow Bedotte, Thornbloom, N. K. Beall, and Comancho also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile. Kilts II., 104 pounds, (Carswell,) $27.50, $18, and $7, won; Simon Pure, 107, (Pauley,) $18 and $7, second; Indian Chant, 109, (Sterling,) $4.30, third. Time—1:45. Don Dodge, Ballad, and Sleeth also ran.

SEVENTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Luther, 112 pounds, (Rice,) $17.50, $3.90, and $3.70, won; Puts and Calls, 112, (Metcalf,) $2.90 and $2.60, second; Harwood, 112, (Sneidman,) $5.50, third. Time—1:52. Capt. Hodge, Garbage, Flora Finch, and Huda's Brother also ran.

JOHNNY MACK IS HONORED.

Yale Athletic Trainer Awarded "Y" for Faithful Service.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, April 2.—John J. Mack, Yale's track athletic coach and football trainer, was today awarded a "Y" in major sports by the university Athletic Association for "untiring and faithful service covering a period of thirteen years."

NEWMAN WINS LONG MATCH.

Defeats Gardner in First Amateur Three-Cushion Tourney.

Arthur Newman scored the opening victory in the first national amateur three-cushion carom billiard championship, under the auspices of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players, last night, when he defeated Gus Gardner at the Amateur Billiard Club by a count of 50 to 33. The contest went ninety-four innings. Both players made high runs of 3.

Newman displayed superior ability from the outset and held the lead throughout. Gardner was decidedly off form. Many of his attempts which ordinarily would be comparatively easy went astray.

Newman, on the other hand, failed to show any marked consistency. He got off to a good start, however, and gradually worked up an advantage which Gardner never threatened. Newman's first score came in the sixth inning, when he clicked off three caroms. Gardner made a brace of points as his opening effort in the eighth inning.

Clarke Beats Weiner with Cue.

George P. B. Clarké defeated D. Weiner last night in the amateur 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at Osborne's academy by a score of 200 to 160, in fifty innings. Clarke had high runs of 47 and 27. Weiner's highest run was 32.

DIXON'S GRAPHITE Transmission and Differential LUBRICANT

Easy riding, noiseless cars are the result of Dixon's Lubricants. Squeaks and knocks quickly disappear.

Also ask your dealer about Dixon's famous Cup Grease

JOSEPH DIXON CRUCIBLE COMPANY
Jersey City, New Jersey
Established 1827

The finest flowers of eloquence are needed to do justice to our suits and overcoats.

This, however, is just a plain businesslike invitation to men accustomed to the best, to drop in here before paying a fancy fee for a high priced tailor's label. We don't charge a cent for ours!

Fabrics as fine as they come. Imported novelties. Many our own ideas. We work direct with the mills on both sides "the pond."

Tailoring, the highest type. We are our own manufacturers. A grading of sizes that includes all types.

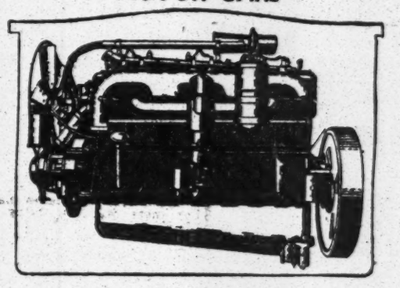
Pure silk linings if you like the added luxury.

We encourage looking.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

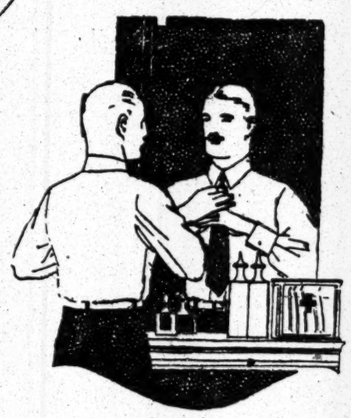
Studebaker
MOTOR CARS



THE *motors* in the new Studebaker Motor Cars embody many refinements and important mechanical improvements. A perfected method of timing together with increased valve lift and hot-spoted manifold gives a 20 per cent increase in power, smoother operation and greatly reduced gasoline consumption.

Beautiful in Design
Thoroughly Modern
Mechanically Right

STUDEBAKER
Retail Salesrooms: Broadway at 56th Street
Service and Repair Department: 219-223 West 77th St.



a peep behind the scenes—

This is a little account of the activities of the Neckwear Buying Division of these stores.

A peep behind the scenes of cravat building for the Metropolis.

* * *

We need not touch upon such fundamentals as quality and value, for no organization watches these points more zealously.

But we do believe you'll be interested in the fact that a properly tied cravat is not necessarily the result of individual skill.

* * *

Our first concern is color. Color law is not a loose statute. Its restrictions are very definite. It tolerates no "off" shades. It frowns upon garish combinations. It looks with equal favor upon harmony and proper contrast. And we take infinite pains to apply the correct color law as it is interpreted in Metropolitan circles.

* * *

Many an un-Metropolitan color combination is a so-called "best seller." But we will have none of it. Serving a knowing clientele, our choice must be strictly governed by discriminating practice.

Colorings in Weber & Heilbroner scarfs are thus precisely correct.

Next, we critically review the "lines" of the scarf. Does it "tie up" properly? Is the knot one that a well groomed New Yorker will approve? We confess frankly that this is a field for our best endeavors. Often we "trim" the shape a tiny fraction—often we increase it—always we change to improve. And the improvement is always effected.

* * *

Then, the matter of linings. They must be of a carefully balanced weight. Neither too bulky nor too gauze-like. They must prevent "tugging" when you tie your scarf. They must reinforce the scarf to prevent "bunching." We apply the right principle.

* * *

There are many other features. The same care is exercised. A Weber & Heilbroner scarf is a scientific development. It expresses Metropolitan favor. Always it is evolution of correctly applied thought.

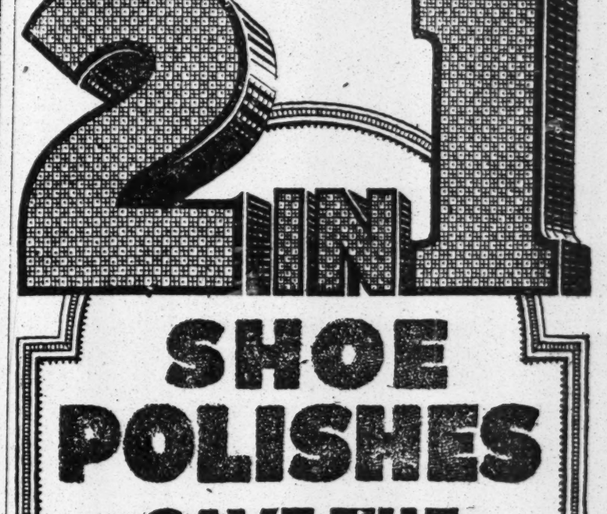
* * *

You'll appreciate these points as you stand at your mirror. The knot will please you. The effect will be splendid.

Spring Neckwear Exhibits now at their best, 65c to $3.50.

Weber and Heilbroner
Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters—Eleven Stores
*241 Broadway 345 Broadway 775 Broadway *1185 Broadway
*44th and Broadway 1363 Broadway 58 Nassau 150 Nassau
20 Cortlandt *30 Broad *42nd and Fifth Avenue
*CLOTHING AT THESE STORES

CHARLES F. JACOBSON, Inc.
"Individualistic Ideas"
Clothiers—Haberdashers—Hatters
WANTED For enlarged business
"EXPERIENCED MANAGER"
"BUYERS FOR ALL DEPARTMENTS"
"SALESMEN FOR ALL DEPARTMENTS"
Must have A1 references. All employed must be bonded.
Men who are looking for a future. Will have splendid opportunity.
No Others Need Apply
Personal interview evenings only, 7:30 to 9 P. M., (except Saturday.)
1571 Broadway - - - Strand Cor.



SHOE POLISHES
SAVE THE LEATHER
AND
KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

LIQUIDS and PASTES: For Black, White, Tan and Ox-Blood (dark brown) Shoes

THE F. F. DALLEY CORPORATIONS LTD.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

U. S. ARMY TO HAVE 5,100 AIRPLANES

Flying Service Definitely Recognized as the Fourth of the Line or Combat Forces.

WILL HAVE 87 SQUADRONS

Forty-two for Coast Defense—Great Loss to Government in the Surplus Machines.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Army organization plans upon which the War Department is now working, it was learned today, provide for an air service with approximately 1,700 airplanes in actual commission and a minimum available reserve of 3,400 additional planes. This is based upon the proposed military establishment of 509,000 men in which total the air service personnel will be 1,923 officers and 21,833 men.

The organization tables show that the air forces on a peace basis will be comprised of eighty-seven service squadrons, of which forty-two will be assigned to coast defense work in the United States and insular possessions, twenty will be pursuit squadrons, and twenty-five observation and bombing squadrons. The typical army airplane squadron includes eighteen planes in service and their personnel.

The table also call for the maintenance of forty-two balloon companies, divided into three wings of fourteen companies each.

The general plan of the army reorganization calls for twenty-one divisions, including one cavalry unit of nine regiments, to be formed into five army corps, each to be commanded by a Lieutenant General. To each corps will be attached five observation and bombing squadrons of airplanes and four pursuit squadrons, representing a wing formation for each type of machine.

The effect of this will be to give the air service definite recognition as the fourth of the line, or combat forces of the army, the others being the old trio of artillery, cavalry, and infantry. All other units are supplemental forces, generally known as auxiliary arms or staff corps troops.

Carrying out the organization of this new element of the line, the tactical formation of the airplane branch of the air srvice will be in squadrons, groups, and wings and the balloon section in companies, groups, and wings. The formation is elastic, however, above the squadron, two or more squadrons, as circumstances require, forming a group and two or more groups a wing. The same arrangement prevails with infantry divisions, two or more of which form a corps.

Machines in sufficient number to equip all of the air units planned for are now being stored at the various aviation fields that are being retained by the Government. Storage capacity has been provided for approximately 6,000 complete planes, not including those in service or in immediate reserve with the squadrons. In addition, airplane motors by the thousands have been stored, the upkeep of any unit in service requiring three or four extra motors per plane.

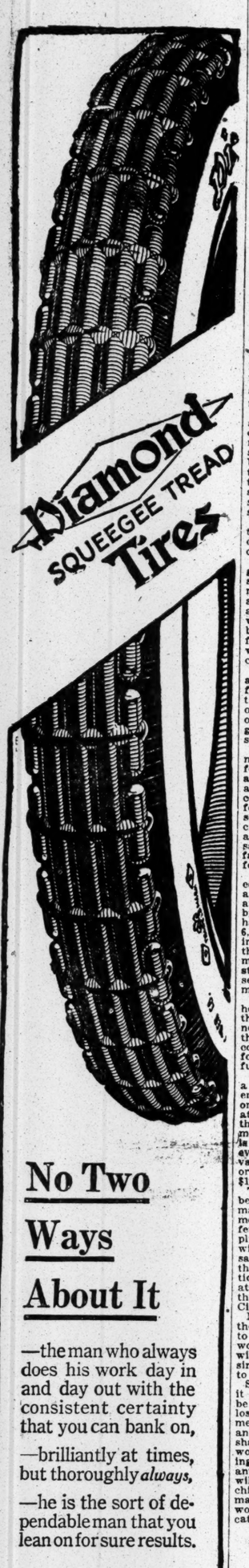
The production of planes has exceeded, however, even the storage capacity of the fields. The War Department is now negotiating with airplane builders for the disposal of all training and of a considerable number of service machines for which it has no present or indicated future use nor place of storage.

The surplus machines are said to form a separate problem. There is no general market for the extra planes and the only offers received have been for relatively small numbers and at prices that mean to the Government a tremendous loss on its investment. There is no reason to expect, it is said, that even a tenth of their cost can be salvaged. Probably planes that cost $15,000 or more will not bring more than $1,000.

The only offers thus far received have been from the contractors who built the machines. There is practically no commercial market for airplanes. The offers received for the Government's surplus represent risks the builders are willing to take in the hope of finding sales for the planes later at much less than cost price. To illustrate the situation from a commercial point of view, attention was called to a report that the recent airplane show in New York City had resulted in only two sales.

Many Government planes bought by the manufacturers, it is understood, are to be converted into seaplanes. This would permit their use for pleasure without having landing fields available, since they could rise from and return to the water.

So far as the Government is concerned, it appears likely that the surplus will be disposed of eventually at whatever loss, since to retain the machines would mean building of new storage facilities and increased personnel to keep them in shape, all without any assurance they would ever be of any value. The training planes are already out of date, and anticipated development of new types will soon make even the service machines obsolete. Whatever the surplus machines may bring now, it is argued, would be a net saving against an indicated total loss if they are retained.



No Two Ways About It

—the man who always does his work day in and day out with the consistent certainty that you can bank on,

—brilliantly at times, but thoroughly *always*,

—he is the sort of dependable man that you lean on for sure results.

Diamond
SQUEEGEE TREAD
Tires

—the tires with the red sidewalls,

—are just like that sort of dependable man:

—they have the rugged, robust tenacity,

—the grim road determination,

—that does a great deal of honest, hard work.

If you want a tire that will make you come back for more, buy one DIAMOND.

The Diamond Rubber Co., Inc.
1780 Broadway
Factories, Akron, Ohio.

FRICKE'S TRIAL OPENS.

Prisoner Long In Tombs Is Accused of Treason.

The trial of Albert Paul Fricke, a naturalized citizen, on an indictment charging him with treason, began yesterday before Federal Judge Mayer. Because of the absence of the defendant's counsel, Thomas J. O'Neil, who was engaged in a case in White Plains, and William H. Daly, who is ill, a recess was taken until this morning, after twelve tentative jurors were called to the box. The tactics of Mr. Daly in previous proceedings in the Fricke case have so disturbed Judge Mayer that he announced that the lawyer would have to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt.

Fricke, who was the representative in this country of a German toy manufacturer, was indicted in December. He was charged with having aided Hermann Wessels, alias Carl Rodiger, a spy and secret agent of the German Government.

Federal Judge Knox yesterday fixed bail at $10,000 each in the cases of Karl Kipper, a retired merchant, who was indicted with Fricke, Mme. Victorica, and others indicted for violation of the Espionage act.

When You Have Holmes Protection

Holmes Service means quick and reliable protection.

It means a service that guards against burglary and prevents loss from other unforeseen irregularities, such as fires, leaks, broken windows, etc.

It is a service which you should have and about which we would like to tell you more.

May We Have an Opportunity

HOLMES
ELECTRIC · PROTECTIVE · COMPANY
26 · CORTLANDT · ST · tel.-Cortlandt · 10

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Corps.

Mount, Col. J. R., will report to the Director of Purchase, Storage, and Traffic; he is relieved from duty in office of Surgeon General.
Bliss, Lt. Col. R. W., to Hosp. No. 20 at Whipple Barracks.
Whitney, Maj. J. L.; Wegeforth, Capt. P., and Sweet, 1st Lt. C. D., to Letterman Hosp.
Streng, Maj. S. M., to Carlstrom Field.
Wilson, Maj. P. D., to Hosp. No. 3 at Colonia, N. J.
Coon, Maj. C. E., and Fitzpatrick, 1st Lt. M. J., to Hosp. No. 38 at Eastview, N. Y.
Devereaux, Maj. R. T., detached, from 52d Art. at Camp Eustis, and will report to Cmdg. Gen. at that camp.
Harndon, Maj. F.; Dixon, Capt. E. K., and Lipshuich, Capt. G. U., to Hosp. No. 41 at Staten Island.
Newhouse, Maj. O. T., to Manila.
Freeland, Maj. H. L., to Camp Custer.
Yarnell, Maj. O., to Sparta, Wis., Ord. Depot.
Morrison, Maj. W. A., to Camp Kearny for discharge.
Burns, Capt. F. M.; Healy, Capt. M. F., and Liss, 1st Lt. I. E., to Hoboken.
McEachern, Capt. G. G., to Ft. Sill.
Meyer, Capt. C. M., will report by wire to Cmdg. Gen. of West. Dept.
Acatin, Capt. A. E.; Katterhenry, Capt. E. H., and Wearn, 1st Lt. J. T., to Walter Reed Hosp.
Hastings, Capt. L. E., to Camp Sheridan.
Fiske, Capt. E. W., to Hosp. No. 2 at Ft. McHenry.
Massey, Capt. J. F., to Philadelphia, in office of Attending Surg.
Dudgeon, Capt. L. O., will report by wire to Cmdg. Gen. of Cent. Dept.
Wetherby, Capt. S. D., to Camp Taylor for examination.
Thomas, Capt. B., to Ft. Douglas.
Hatcher, Capt. G. A., to Newport News.
Von Dahm, Capt. H. C., will report to Cmdg. Gen. at Camp Gordon.
Garrenton, Capt. C., to Camp Jackson.
Albee, Capt. G. MacD., to Camp Meade.
Saltzstein, 1st Lt. H. B., promoted to be a Capt.
Jones, 1st Lt. A. B., hon. discharged.
Buchanan, 1st Lt. J. A., to Hosp. No. 16, at New Haven.
Ward, 1st Lt. P. A., to Hosp. No. 29, at Ft. Snelling.
Burkes, 1st Lt. DeW. C., to Hosp. No. 6, at Ft. McPherson.
Rose, 1st Lt. J. C., to Honolulu.
Rohr, 1st Lt. L. M., to Langley Field.
Rawls, 1st Lt. G. F., and Reinartz, 1st Lt. E. G., to School for Aerial Observers, at Post Field.
Flamm, 1st Lt. G., to Camp Dix.
Hunt, 1st Lt. A. G., to Ft. Houston.

Infantry.

Wright, Col. W. K., to Camp Sevier.
McMaster, Col. G. H., to Camp Wadsworth.
Wilder, Lt. Col. W. M., to Camp Grant, with 14th.
Neill, Lt. Col. W. H., will report to Special Asst. Sec. of War.
McCuniff, Maj. D. E., detailed as Insp. Instructor of N. G. of Colorado.
Ovenshine, Maj. E. G., and Tomlinson, 1st Lt. E. M., to Camp Funston, with 41st.
Crawfis, Maj. J. D., hon. discharged.
Gunner, Maj. M. J., assigned to 13th.
McCaslin, Maj. F. J., to Camp Lee in the Insurance Sec.
Lewis, Capt. T. K., promoted to be a Major.
McClung, Capt. R. L., and Brown, 1st Lt. C. W., assigned to statistics branch, this city.
Arnold, Capt. R. McD., to Camp Grant.
Leftwhich, Capt. S. M., hon. discharged.
Putnam, Capt. H. D., to Camp Dodge for discharge.
Warren, Capt. W. L., (provisional 1st Lt., Inf.,) hon. discharged as a temp. Capt. only.
Cotter, Capt. J. P., to Camp Sherman for discharge.
Roberts, Capt. C., Jr., to Camp Gordon for discharge.
Lord, Capt. F. T., to Ft. Jay with 22d.
Kernan, Capt. F. W., assigned to 63d at Potomac Park.
Rhodes, Capt. J. M., and Dibblee, 1st Lt. H. H., to Camp Devens for discharge.
Peters, Capt. W. L., to Camp Lee.
Emerson, Capt. H. J., to Camp Bowie for discharge.
Low, Capt. M., to Camp Jackson for discharge.
Fowler, Capt. C. K., to Camp Dix for discharge.
Clowry, Capt. P. J., attached to Motor Transport Corps at Camp Normoyle.
Bantleon, 1st Lt. C. A., to Camp Funston for discharge.
Kremer, 1st Lt. L. N., to Boston.
Warron, 1st Lt. W. L., appointment is terminated.
Fleming, 1st Lt. L. F., from Asst. to Mil. Attache at Rome, Italy, to Padova, Italy, for discharge.
Armstrong, 1st Lt. R. N., hon. discharged as 1st Lt. only.
Luce, 1st Lt. A. B., to Camp Travis for discharge.
McDonough, 1st Lt. L. V., hon. discharged.
Wright, 1st Lt. R. L., to Camp Pike.
Candee, 1st Lt. J. S., detailed as Asst. Prof. of Mil. Tactics at Johns Hopkins Univ., Baltimore.

Coast Artillery.

Hazebrouck, Col. A., will report to Retiring Board at Wash. for examination.
Heiner, Lt.Col. G. G., promoted to be a Col. in permanent establishment; to Nashville; thence to Mississippi A. & M. College as Prof. of Military Science.

Following to Coast Defenses indicated:
Frank, Maj. J., and Callicutt, 1st Lt. E. C., Fort Warren.
Picley, 1st Lt. J. A., Fort Dupont.
Davis, Capt. R. W., Fort Monroe.
Donovan, Lt.Col. R., and Kimble, Capt. S. R., to Fort Washington.
Fulton, Maj. W. S., and Bodenhammer, 1st Lt. L., to Fort Winfield Scott.
Pease, 1st Lt. C. E., Fort Stevens.

Scofield, Maj. F. C., to Sewanee Mil. Academy, Sewanee, Tenn., as Assistant Professor of Military Science.
Fraser, Maj. W. D., will report to Chief of C.A.
Dubois, Maj. J. S., to 44th, at Fort Totten.
Fulton, Maj. W. S., to Fort Winfield Scott.
Hyde, Maj. E. B., to 51st, at Fort Hamilton.
Newcomb, Capt. M. S., and Monell, Capt. T., to Fort Hamilton.
Wingate, Maj. H. A., to Fort Wright.

Following to recruiting officers at points indicated:
Mossman, Maj. A., Newark, N. J.
Bentley, Capt. J. B., Birmingham, Ala.
Small, Capt. G. W., Baltimore.
Cotable, 1st Lt. L. M., Buffalo.

Stewart, Maj. S. T., will report to the Adjt. Gen. for recruiting duty.
Schlandt, Capt. F. P., will report to Cmdg. Gen. of North Atlantic C.A. Dist. at Boston.
Andrews, 1st Lt. W., to Honolulu.

Quartermaster Corps.

Powers, Col. R. B., to Jeffersonville, Ind., as Asst. Zone Supply Off.
Tarbutton, Lt.Col. L. H., to San Antonio as assistant to Zone Supply Off.
Grant, Lt.Col. F., retired from active service.
Chamberlain, Maj. F. G., will assume duty as Const. Qm. for Mexican border project, in addition to other duties.
Artold, Maj. W. S.; Rubensohn, Capt. D., and Gaston, Capt. M. M., will report to Chief of Const. Div.
Raschke, 1st Lt. E., to Auxiliary Remount Depot at Camp Meade.
Matthews, Maj. H. H., to command Auxiliary Remount Depot at Camp Sherman.
Krusat, Maj. W. S.; Blake, Capt. C. H., and Hamilton, Capt. D. K., will report to Dir. of Purchase, &c., at Wash.
King, Capt. W. S., to Ft. Harrison as Deputy Zone Supply Off.
Mattison, Capt. H. C. K., to Port of Embarkation, Hoboken.
Marye, Capt. R. T., and Van Duzen, 1st Lt. C. K., to Port of Embarkation, Hoboken.
Smith, Capt. M. M., to Fort Sill.
Tuck, Capt. H. W., to Front Royal Remount Depot at Va.
Hurley, 1st Lt. F. E.; Myers, 1st Lt. D. W., and Shedd, 1st Lt. A. P., to Washington.
Comstock, 1st Lt. G. G., to Port of Embarkation at Newport News, Va.
Robertson, 1st Lt. W. F., to Fort Moultrie.

Ordnance.

Bowley, Lt.Col. F. W., to School of Fire, Fort Sill.
Hamilton, Maj. E. A., and Mercer, Capt. A. L., will report, to Director of Purchase, &c., at Wash.
Hansom, Maj. W. H., and Green, Capt. E. C., to plant of Old Hickory Powder Co. at Nashville, Tenn.
Phillips, Maj. W. G.; Dover, Capt. W. T.; Nichols, Capt. W., and Kron, 1st Lt. F. P., will report to Chief of Ord.
Van Fleet, Capt. J. S., to Bridgeport, Conn.
Wood, Capt. S. W., to Charleston port terminal.
Mailler, Capt. J. W., to Aberdeen Proving Ground.
Null, Capt. W. F., and Hassell, 1st Lt. J. M., to Rock Island Arsenal.
Boberson, Capt. W. L., and Cowenhoven, Capt. G. M., to Morgan, N. J.
Clarke, Capt. R. E., to Raritan Arsenal.
Hunt, 1st Lt. W. H., Jr., to District Ord. Co. at Camp Meade.
Casey, Capt. J. H., will report to Dist. Ord. Off. at Cleveland, Ohio.
Doyle, 1st Lt. W. J., to Tullytown Arsenal.
Troth, 1st Lt. J. T., to Philadelphia, Dist. Ord. Office.
Moore, 1st Lt. E. B., will report to Chicago, Ord. Off.
Kirkpatrick, 1st Lt. W. M., will report to Boston Dist. Ord. Off.
Stone, 1st Lt. J. T., will report to Rochester Dist. Ord. Off.
Comings, 1st Lt. W. W., to 116th Ord. Depot at Camp Lewis.
Pate, 1st Lt. R. E., to Morgan, N. J.
Nicoll, 1st Lt. I., to Fort Schuyler.

Field Artillery.

Corwin, 1st Lt. W. G., to Washington.
Marr, Col. H. E., to Chicago as inspector of the 7th Dist. R. O. T. C.
Calvert, Lt. Col., to Auxiliary Remount Depot at Camp Dodge.
Bryant, Maj. F. W., will report to Chief of F.A.
Tetton, Capt. W. J., to Motor Transport Office at Philadelphia.
Keller, Maj. J. W., and Bryden, Maj. W., will report to the Chief of Field Artillery.
Carruth, Lt. Col. J. H.; Crosby, Capt. L. J.; Doerr, Capt. W. A.; Griffith, Capt. W. H.; Jones, 1st Lt. J. B.; Ferree, 1st Lt. A. I.; Cunningham, 1st Lt. S. R.; Marshburn, 1st Lt. O. M., and Booth, 1st Lt. R. E., will report to the Director of Purchase.

Air Service.

Smith, Maj. D., and Dickman, Capt. R. S., to Dayton, Ohio.
Crockett, Maj. E. W. and Page, 1st Lt. E. M., to Garden City.
Turpin, Capt. P. R., to Gerstner Field.
Herrick, Capt. G. P., to Hosp. 41, at Fox Hills.
Maenner, Capt. T. H., will report to the Dir. of Air Serv.
Harper, Capt. E. G.; Boggs, 1st Lt. M. S.; Armstrong, 1st Lt. M., and Brown, 1st Lt. O. W., to Wash.
Chandler, Capt. W. H., to Dayton, O.
Andrew, 1st Lt. F. T., to Gen. Hosp. at Hot Springs.
Long, 1st Lt. B. G., to Camp Wise.

Engineers.

Dunn, Col. B. C.; Crawford, Lt. Col. R. C.; Johnson, Capt. F. M. S., and Steese, Capt. G. M., to Camp Humphreys, as instructor in Engineer School.
Miller, Lt. Col. B. F.; Pittman, Maj. H. V.; Smith, Maj. M. W., and Hinshaw, Capt. J. C. W., to 5th, at Camp Humphreys.
Wallace, Maj. H. U., and Granger, Capt. A. H., will report to Chief of Engineers.
Wears, Capt. H. C., to Const. Div. at Boston.
Cristal, Capt. P. T., to Engineer School, at Camp Humphreys.
Following assigned to 5th:

CAPTAINS.

Avery, H. T. — Ober, R. H.
Boland, F. J. — Ritchey, A. E.
Ritchie, E. W. — Heilman, C. A.
McComb, A. H.

Jackson, Capt. A., to 8th, at Fort Bliss.
Morris, Capt. H. W.; Stoops, 1st Lt. W. G.; Veran, 1st Lt. G., and Reynolds, 1st Lt. J. M., to Camp Cody, with 9th.
Chamberlain, 1st Lt. G. T., and Schoff, 1st Lt. F., to 5th, at Washington Barracks.
Blacke, 1st Lt. M. H., will report to the Judge Adv. Gen.

Veterinary Corps.

Cramer, Capt. E. J., to Battle Creek, Mich.
Lynn, 1st Lt. E. M., to Camp Pike.
O'Grady, 1st Lt. A. J., to Camp Travis.
Handley, 1st Lt. G. A., to Fort Myer.
McClellan, 1st Lt. J. R., will report to the Surg. Gen.
Ward, 1st Lt. R. M., will report to Cmg. Gen. of South. Dept.

Cavalry.

Ryan, Col. J. A., retired after 32 years' service.
Gilleem, Col. A. C., and Hornbrook, Col. J. J., assigned to 5th.
Mayo, Lt. Col. C. R., to Fort Myer.
Herringshaw, Capt. G. M., 7th, to M. T. C., at El Paso, Tex.
Rodney, Capt. G., 10th, will report to Director of Purchase.

Sanitary Corps.

Barker, Capt. Q. J., to El Paso Zone Supply.
Harrington, 1st Lt. A. W., to Ellington Field.
Harrington, 1st Lt. C. H., to Hosp. No. 12, at Biltmore, N. C.

Signal Corps.

Gilkeson, Maj. A. H., to 1st Reserve Wing, at Hazelhurst Field.
Cooper, Capt. E. H., to Boston.
Viljoen, Capt. W. W., to Hosp. No. 21, at Denver.

Motor Transport Corps.

Hubbard, 1st Lt. A. W., to Co. No. 578, at Fort Wingate.
Christopher, 1st Lt. A. W., to Hospital No. 2, at Fort McHenry.

Dental Corps.

Benedict, Maj. J. I., to Hosp. No. 14, at Fort Oglethorpe.
Mentz, Capt. H. C., to Port of Embarkation, at Hoboken.
Baird, 1st Lt. W. G., hon. discharged.

Miscellaneous.

Lansing, Capt. L. S., to Schenectady.
Goelet, Capt. R. W., will report to the Chief of Staff.
Nee, Capt. P. J., Sig. C., to Hosp. No. 14, at Fort Oglethorpe.
Ordway, Capt. F., Ord. Dept., to Hosp. No. 14, at Fort Oglethorpe.
Lennox, 1st Lt. W. W., to Hosp. No. 41, at Fox Hills.
Sutton, Capt. F. E., and Raser, Capt. W. G., Tank Corps, to Camp Meade.
Roberts, Maj. W., assigned to Gen. Staff Corps.
Dowd, Capt. R. S., hon. discharged.
Moore, Capt. W. E., will report to the Adjt. Gen.
Church, Maj. E. C., Gen. Staff, will report to the Sec. of War.
Paxson, Maj. F. L., and Dudley, Maj. J. H. M., assigned to the Gen. Staff Corps.
Norris, 1st Lt. E. C., Adjt. Gen. Dept., hon. discharged.
Keene, Lt. Col. M. S., to port of embarkation at Hoboken.
Falls, Maj. J. G., will report to the Chief of Staff.
Blanchard, Capt. R. H., to New York, regarding shipping situation.
Oakes, 1st Lt. A., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., to Camp Shelby.
Swift, Lt. Col. E., Jr., Insp. Gen., to Camp Wadsworth.
Ganglow, Maj. E., will report to the Judge Adv. Gen.
Greene, Lt. Col. G. K., Insp. Gen.'s Dept., hon. discharged as Lieut. Col. only.
Crooker, Maj H., Judge Adv., to Fort Sam Houston as Judge Advocate.

Following relieved from duty with General Staff Corps:
Embick, Maj. S. D., C. A. C.; Craig, Maj. D. F., F. A.; Dearmond, Maj E. H., F. A.; Raymond, Maj. W., C. A. C.; Bjornstadt, Maj. A. W., Inf.; Ross, Maj. T., Inf.; Morrill, Maj. D. T., Inf.; Booth, Maj. E. E., Cav.; Locke, Maj. M. E., F. A.; Greer, Maj. E. J., Inf.; Bryden, Maj. W., F. A.; Casser, Maj. L. D., Inf.; Fitch, Maj. R. S., Cav.; Fenton, Capt. C. T., C. A. C.; Hodges, Capt. C. B., Inf.; Brabson, Capt. F. W., Inf.; Lull, Capt. E. T., C. A. C.; Wildrick, Capt. W. G., C. A. C.; Lynch, Capt. G. A., Inf.; Gleaves, Capt. S. R., Cav.; Parrott, Capt. R. S., F. A.; Carlington, Capt. C., Engrs.; Clark, Capt. F. V., C. A. C.

Following to schools indicated as Asst. Professors of Military Science:
Fray, Capt. J. M., F. A., to Culver Military Academy, Culver, Ind.
Campbell, Capt. W. A., F. A., Univ. of Utah, Salt Lake City.
Bennett, Capt. C. A., F. A., Univ. of Ill., Urbana.
Bellinger, 1st Lt. J. B., F. A., Univ. of Ill.
Norrick, 1st Lt. W., F. A., Univ. of Ill.
Wilkinson, Maj. J. E., F. A.; Knight, Capt. C. C., F. A., and Gardner, Capt. A. F., to Carnegie Inst. of Technology, Pittsburgh.
Dick, Capt. J. B., F. A., to Harvard Univ.
Orr, Capt. J. T., F. A., Alabama Polytechnic Institute, Auburn.

Resignations.

Whittelsey, Capt. C. S., Jr., C. A. C.
Kimmel, 1st Lt. W. D., C. A. C.
Sibert, Maj. H. W., Engs.
Whittlesey, 1st Lt. M. M., C. A. C.
Hennessey, 1st Lt. R. A., M. C.
McDonald, Capt. H. J., Engs.
Clifford, 1st Lt. D., Inf.

Leaves.

Hodgson, Maj. F. G., M. C., 14 days.
Smoot, Capt. P. M., Inf., 25 days.
Leslie, Capt. H. G., Air Ser., 1 month.
Clark, Lt. Col. F. S., C. A. C., 10 days.
Lemay, 1st Lt. A. A., Inf., 10 days extension.
Barnard, Lt. Col. J. H., 354th Inf., 1 month extension.
Longino, Lt. Col. O. H., C. A. C., 14 days.
Gilliland, 1st Lt. O. S., M. C., 14 days.
Pattison, Col. H. H., Inf., 2 months extension.
Leith, Capt. H. D., M. C., 10 days.
Cramer, Capt. E. J., Vet. Corps, 10 days.
Hamilton, Col. A., C. A. C., 10 days extension.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Transfers and Assignments.—Patrol., to take effect 8 A. M., April 3, from 80th to precincts indicated: Nathan Peckius, 83; Albert Douglas, 87; H. J. Whitelaw, 98; J. E. M. Warner, 85; P. J. Keenan, 96; W. F. Pfannkueh, 98. Hostlers: William Doyle, from 68th to 80th; John Glander, from 70th to 68th; Andrew Schleider, from 70th to 80th.

Application for Full Pay While on Sick Report Approved.—Sergt. William McCauley, 25th, from 1 P. M., March 25, during disability; Patrol. F. P. King, 6th, from 9:05 P. M., March 24, to 12 P. M., March 28; William Nally, 28th, from 6:30 P. M., March 17, during disability; W. Q. Sexton, 42d, from 9:40 A. M., March 21, during disability; George Wagner, 45d, from 6:15 P. M., March 20, to 12 P. M., March 23; J. M. Kane, Traffic Div., Sub. B, from 10:10 P. M., March 20, to 12 P. M., March 24; Anthony Wollack, Traffic Div., Sub. B, from 2:20 P. M., March 23, during disability; Joseph Williamson, Headquarters Div., Special Service Div., from 2 P. M., March 25, during disability.

Fire Department.

Transfer to take effect 8 A. M., April 3: Fireman 1st grade L. A. Abbott, H. & L. 147, to Eng. 268.

Revocation of indefinite leave of absence, to take effect at 8 A. M. April 5, he having been honorably discharged from the army: Fireman 3d grade A. F. Pfister, H. & L. 107.

Special leave of absence: Engineer of Steamer Frederick Bellosa, Eng. 84, for 24 hours, from 8 A. M., April 3.

Education Notes.

The New York University will this Summer again offer Dr. James P. Haney's courses for art teachers. These were interrupted by the war, but until 1917 they formed a feature of the Summer school system of the university. Dr. Haney for twenty years has been art director in the New York school system, and for the last ten years has been head of the art department of the high schools. One of the interesting aspects of these art courses is their condensation. They are all given in the first three weeks of July, the lectures being so dovetailed together that the work of three Winter terms is completed in this time.

The Committee of the Whole of the Board of Education has decided in favor of twenty-two new school buildings for 1919. The Bronx will get four, Manhattan ten, Brooklyn six, and Queens two. The buildings will cost about $10,000,000, while nearly as much more will be asked for sites. The Manhattan school buildings include two new high-school buildings, the Julia Richman and the Washington Heights, and a new structure for the New York Training School for Teachers.

The Board of Education has reconsidered its action in appointing, at a secret session, a committee to investigate the books and records of the department. The City Superintendent of Schools was not present at the secret session, and it is agreed that he should have been. For this reason the appointment of the committee has been withdrawn.

Three cases of employes charged with neglect of duty were tried by the Board of Education yesterday. The charges against Charles Putnam, an inspector of heating and ventilating, were dismissed, the evidence failing to prove anything against him. A. B. Simpson, another inspector of heating and ventilating, was fined five days' pay for carelessness in his work. William A. Storey, an attendance officer, was fined one day's pay for absence from duty without permission. His record was shown to be otherwise good.

The Civil Service.

City

Applications for inspector of meters and water consumption will be received until 4 P. M. on April 6. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: Technical, 6; experience, 4. The minimum age is 21 years. The salary is $1,100 a year.

United States.

The commission announces for April 15 an examination for tugmaster, for men. A vacancy in the Navy Yard Service, New York, at $6 a day, including Sundays, will be filled from this examination. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, training, and experience. Each applicant must show that he holds a license as master of coastwise steamers and as first class pilot for New York Harbor and Long Island Sound, by submitting with his application his license or a certificate from the proper officers showing that such license has been issued to him. Applicants must have reached their thirtieth, but not their sixtieth birthday on the date of the examination, and must be in vigorous physical condition. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

TO-DAY—EXCELLENT LUNCHEON
TRY OUR SPECIAL LENTEN DISHES.
Janssen want to see you
Formerly the Famous Hofbrau
30th Street and Broadway
SPECIAL TABLE D'HOTE DINNER $1.50
With Elaborate Entertainment Planned Nightly.
TO-NIGHT—DOMINO NIGHT—DON'T MISS IT

STRAND ROOF
TABLE D'HOTE DINNER DE LUXE
No Admission Charge. B'way at 47th Street.
5:30 to 9 P. M. | $1.50 Per Cover.
A la Carte All Hours—After-Theatre Specialties.
AN ENTIRELY NEW & ELABORATE REVUE—DANCING.

THE HOUSE OF SUNSHINE
HOTEL HAMILTON
73D STREET
bet. Col. Ave. and Broadway
An ideal family hotel situated in a refined section, catering to a select clientele. All the comforts of a private home without housekeeping cares. Apartments Available for Immediate or Fall Rental.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 B'way, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH ST.
RATES: Single, $1.50 to $4.00 a day. Double, $2.00 to $5.00 a day.
Phone 2924 Riverside.

HOTEL ALBERT
11th St., near 5th Ave.
Single rooms and meals for 1, $3.50 per day; weekly rate, $17. Double rooms with meals for 2, $6 per day; weekly rate, $34.
Under Knott Management.
E. D. FOWLER, Manager.

If you enjoy Home-Cooked Food—plus exceptional service—at reasonable prices, try a Business Lunch or Special Dinner or Supper at
Times Square Restaurant
206 West 43rd St. Phone Bryant 5638

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice is hereby given that the STANDARD OIL COMPANY, (N. J.,) owner of the steamship CUSHING, has filed a petition for the limitation of its liability for any loss, damage, or injury arising out of a collision between the said steamship CUSHING and the steamship PROTEUS on the 19th day of August, 1918, value of the vessel and freight, $1,235,000.

All persons claiming damages because of such loss, damage, destruction, or injury must prove their claims before Louis Bennett, Commissioner, at his office, Room 234, Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 30th day of June, 1919, or be defaulted.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D., N. Y.

ASSIGNEE SALES.

PROPERTY OF H. AMY & CO., AND OF Louis H. Amy and Ernest J. H. Amy, individually, to be sold at public auction, Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, at the offices of the late firm of H. Amy & Co., 44 Wall Street, Manhattan, New York City, on Tuesday, April 15th, 1919, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. The property consists of office equipment: Roll top desks, tables, bookcases, wood carving, electric fans, letter press, Roneo Copying Machine, large safe, wardrobes, Underwood typewriter, No. 5; telephone booths, double and single bookkeeper's desks, rugs, chairs, clocks, also Commercial and Financial Chronicle, from 1866 to date, except one volume missing; Poor's Manuals, 1873 to date; also lot of miscellaneous jewelry, comprising rings, chains, scarfs pins, cuff links, studs, watches, gold cigar case, gold match case, &c.

EDWARD J. McGUIRE, Assignee.
JAMES F. McNABOE, Attorney for Assignee, 68 William St., N. Y. City.
Dated, New York, April 2nd, 1919.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Temperatures are still below the seasonal average east of the Mississippi Valley, and there were more frosts Wednesday morning as far south as Southern Florida. In the Missouri Valley, the Plains States, and the Southwest temperatures have fallen to, somewhat below the seasonal average on account of rains, while in the Far West they are moderately high. There was no precipitation in other districts, except some light snow flurries at points in New England and the Middle Atlantic States.

Moderately low pressure overlies the Plains States and the Southwest, and its eastward drift will be attended by scattered showers Thursday and Friday in the upper lake region, the Lower Ohio and Lower Mississippi Valleys, and on Friday in the lower lake region, the Upper Ohio Valley, Tennessee, and the East Gulf States. In the Atlantic States fair weather will prevail Thursday and Friday.

It will be warmer Thursday in the lower lake region and the Atlantic States and somewhat cooler Friday in the upper lake region, the Ohio Valley, Tennessee, and the East Gulf States.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate northwest, becoming variable, with fair weather; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate variable, becoming south, fair; South Atlantic Coast, gentle and mostly northeast, fair.

FORECAST—TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair and warmer Thursday and Friday.

Southern New England—Fair and slightly warmer Thursday; Friday, fair and warmer.

New Jersey—Fair and warmer Thursday; Friday, fair, warmer in the interior.

Western New York—Fair and warmer Thursday; Friday, cloudy, probably with showers in the western portion.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair and warmer Thursday; Friday, fair, warmer in the eastern portion, partly cloudy in the western portion.

Northern New England—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; somewhat warmer in the interior.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1918.	1919.		1918.	1919.
3 A. M.	53	24	4 P. M.	76	42
6 A. M.	52	25	7 P. M.	75	43
9 A. M.	60	28	9 P. M.	69	37
12 M.	70	35	11 P. M.	67	37

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 32; for the corresponding date last year it was 54; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 43.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 26; at 8 P. M. it was 39. Maximum temperature, 44 degrees at 4:30 P. M.; minimum, 21 degrees at 2:30 A. M. Humidity, 53 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 41 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.91 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.01 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M. — Loss.
12:05—92 Greene St.; not given — Slight
1:40—40-42 E. 19 St.; Joseph Dourdun Co. — Not given
3:22—67 Old Broadway; not given. — Not given
4:15—208 W. 16 St.; St. Joseph's Home for the Aged. — Not given
4:15—253 Church St.; McCauley & Co. — Slight
4:55—339 E. 84 St.; Lutheran Church. — Slight
7:15—159 E. 83 St.; not given. — Slight
8:15—4:01 1 St.; Pyrene Mfg. Co. — Not given
9:15—132 St. & N. R.; McLoughlin Coal Yard — Not given
10:00—142 5 Av.; not given. — Slight
10:50—56 E. 134 St.; Meyer Rapport. — Slight
11:25—969 Columbus Av.; Joseph Franzes — Not given
P.M.
1:15—164 E. 72 St.; Dr. J. M. Ballin. — None
1:30—44 Greenwich St.; not given. — Slight
1:55—141 St. Nicholas Av.; Goodwin & Co. — Slight
2:00—61 Manhattan St.; John Ingiebrandt — Slight
2:30—223 E. 4 St.; Jacob Weiss. — Slight
2:35—328 E. 116 St.; Berkowitz & Bane. — Slight
3:25—256 W. 36 St.; Ludwig Baumann & Co. — Slight
8:30—632 W. 42 St., (auto:) American Railway Express — Slight
10:00—B'way and Mail St.; P. O. Bldg. — Slight
10:10—657 B'way; F. Nirenberg. — Not given

Hotel THERESA
7th Ave., 124th to 125th Sts.
One block from "L" and Subway Sta. Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES.
Dining Room At Top of Building
Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals
Tel. 7600 Morningside.
R. F. LEUBE, Manager

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway station at 86th St. corner.
NEW YORK
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel. Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
TRANSIENT RATES
For Either One or Two Persons, Room and Private Bath, $3

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY

April Offerings

EVERY investor will find our April circular of interest; 66 issues of bonds and short term notes are listed:

11 U. S. Government
7 Foreign Government
12 State and Municipal
9 Railroad and Industrial
11 Public Utility
16 Short Term Issues

Attractive selections; high yields
Send for circular AG-216.

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43rd St.
Correspondent Offices in 47 Cities

City of Omaha

Nebraska

5% Coupon Bonds

Due March 1, 1939

Price on application

Legal investment for New York Savings Banks

Send for descriptive circular

E. H. Rollins & Sons

43 Exchange Place, New York

Boston Philadelphia Chicago
San Francisco Denver

Tilney, Ladd & Co.

Railroad Bonds

New York

INVESTMENTS LEGAL IN NEW YORK

Trustees of Estates are invited to confer with us with respect to the proper investment of funds.

Merrill, Lynch & Co.

7 Wall St., New York

Chicago
Detroit

Members New York Stock Exchange.

High Grade Municipal Public Utility & Railroad Bonds

Blodget & Co.

54 PINE ST., New York. 60 STATE ST., Boston.

Safety Car Heating & Lighting
National-Bank of Commerce
Cities Service Securities

McCLURE, JONES & REED

Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway 'Phone 7062 Rector

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Industrial Stocks Ignoring Unfavorable Factors Rise Easily —Sterling Exchange Higher.

The ease with which a number of industrial shares advanced yesterday in the face of not altogether favorable information from trade quarters supplied fresh testimony to the strong substructure of the market. The steel stocks were worthy of particular reference in this respect and the advance of Steel common to par appeared to be scored over fairly active operations on the short side. Surveys of the steel industry for the week showed further falling off in mill operations, and while active blast furnace capacity was substantially curtailed during March it was noted that the accumulation of pig iron stocks continued steadily throughout the month. In considering pig iron production due reference must be made, of course, to the fact that the great demand of the war period brought many furnaces into operation which could not expect to remain long, as conditions tended toward normal and prices declined. At the same time the speculative fancy is not usually wont to make allowance for hard and fast statistics, and it might be expected that steel shares would reflect somewhat fresh news of a rather dull state of business. The strength of the steel shares therefore reflected again the forward looking quality of trading that has been in evidence for some time. Copper stocks gained ground for the most part, helped by additional predictions of larger sales to be made in a few weeks at advancing prices. Shipping issues were bid upward by what looked like pool transactions, and some of the petroleum stocks, both on and off the Stock Exchange, were in demand. The railroad issues were irregular, some making good advances.

The specific economic influences having effect on security prices seem harder to define as the days go by. There are so many uncertainties surrounding the refusal of stocks to fall back is a puzzling matter, even to seasoned and far-sighted speculators. The investment calibre of the stock market is so largely overshadowed by these uncertainties that the Street has taken the attitude that business must be largely professional. No adequate method exists to determine whether this point of view is correct or not. Current information indicates declining earnings of a great many producing organizations; in the case of the copper companies this is emphasized by all the known facts. New steel orders are appearing slowly despite the effort to coax buyers in by establishing a minimum price schedule and, as The Iron Age points out, the situation seems to be controlled to a large extent by the delay in new buying by the Railroad Administration. Much was expected of the strong intimations from certain Government quarters a few weeks ago that the railroads would quickly enter the market if lower prices were quoted, but so far the rank and file of consumers have not had the way pointed by the carriers. The delay may be accounted for, of course, by the absence of adequate funds in railroad treasuries, and while steps are being taken to correct this situation it may be some time before the roads have money enough for a really substantial buying program. The money which has been raised for them in the last fortnight is on account of arrearages, and part of the funds likely to be made available by the War Finance Corporation's sale of $200,000,000 short-term paper is for the same amount. In banking quarters it was reported yesterday that the corporation's one-year notes were being disposed of rapidly.

Emphasis on the strong position of commercial finances was disclosed in reports to mercantile agencies on failures during the first quarter. Dun's Review announces that the number of insolvencies was 42 per cent. less than in the same period last year, while the amount of indebtedness showed a decline of 28 per cent. Call money displayed an easier tendency, although most of the day's borrowing was at 5 per cent. Sterling exchange recovered with a fair amount of vigor, seemingly the product of a reverse movement in speculation for the decline which began when support was removed from the market. Franc exchange was steady.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

MIXED COLLAT'L.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
High	5	High	5¼
Low	4½	Low	5
Renewals	5	Renewals	5½
Last	4½	Last	5

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances..... 4½

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days	5¼@5⅜	Sixty days	5¾@6
Ninety days	5¼@5⅜	Ninety days	5¾@6
Four months	5⅜@5⅝	Four months	5¾@6
Five months	5⅜@5⅝	Five months	5¾@6
Six months	5¼@5⅜	Six months	5¾@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days..... 4¼@4¾
Nonmember and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 4⅝@4¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days..... 5½@5

Commercial Paper.

30 to 90 days..... 5¼
4 to 6 months..... 5½
4 to 6 months. Other Names..... 5½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Sterling—				
Demand	4.63	4.60	4.62¾	+.03¾
Cables	4.64	4.61	4.63¾	+.03¾
France—				
Demand	6.03	6.05	6.05	..
Cables	6.03	6.03	6.03	..

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
		$4.62¼	$4.63¼
4.8693	London	6.03	6.03
5.1813	Paris	6.25	6.20
5.1813	Belgium	50	50½
	China—		
	Hongkong	76.25	76.35
	Peking	120.00	120.25
	Shanghai	111.50	111.75
		40.125	40.375
40.29	Holland	19.25	19.30
19.30	Greece	4.36	4.36
32.44	India—		
	Bombay	35.75	36.00
	Calcutta	35.75	36.00
		7.10	7.05
5.1813	Italy	20¼	20¾
	Japan—		
	Kobe	51.50	51.625
	Yokohama	51.50	51.625
19.30	Spain	20.10	20.20
50.00	Philippine Islands—		
	Manila	49.875	50.00
26.80	Scandinavia—		
	Stockholm	26.70	26.90
	Copenhagen	25.00	26.00
	Christiania	25.75	
	South America—		
42.84	Buenos Aires	43.50	43.625
44.42	Rio	25.75	23.875
5.1813	Switzerland	Bid.	Asked.
$1.46	Russia, (currency)—	14.15	14.25
	100 rubles	14.05	14.15
	500 rubles		

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.	Commercial.
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
Nominal.		$4.58	$4.56¼

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $859,084,177; balances, $89,376,059; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $47,903; Federal Reserve credit balance, $51,726,069.

Domestic Exchanges.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, 25.6250 premium.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 49 3-16d; in New York, $1.01⅛, official; Mexican dollars, 77½@80½c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$17,876,270	$122,039,445
Internal revenue—		
Income and excess prof. tax	1,129,821,269	1,888,277,647
Miscellaneous	118,240,807	914,457,902
Miscellaneous rev.	31,555,382	338,733,182
Total receipts	$1,207,493,818	$3,263,808,208
Exc. of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	255,311,293	9,032,880,010
Exc. of total disb. over total rects.	148,402,182	36,402,902
Expenditures	1,042,182,523	12,296,647,878

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2, 1919.

	1919.	1918.	1917.
Day's sales	847,325	178,616	761,285
Year to date	46,564,914	33,538,157	50,827,017

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge
26½	27	900	Advance Rumely	27½	27¾	27	27	— ⅜
61½	62½	300	Advance Rumely pf	61¾	62	61¾	62	+ ⅛
		100	Ajax Rubber	74	74	74	74	+ ¼
¾	1	800	Alaska Gold Mines	3½	3½	3½	3½	
2	2½	800	Alaska Juneau	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	
38	39¾	5,300	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	39	39	38	38	+ ⅛
89	90	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	89	89	89	89	— ⅛
103	103¼	1,800	Allis-Chal. Chem.	103	103¾	103	103¼	+ ¼
75½	76¼	900	Am. Agricul. Chem.	75½	76	75	75½	+ ⅜
51	51½	9,400	Am. Beet Sugar	51½	52	51½	51½	— ⅜
101	101¾	800	Am. Can	101¾	101¾	101	101	— ⅛
90¼	90¾	800	Am. Can pf	89¾	90¼	89¾	90	— ⅛
49¾	49¾	1,400	Am. Car & Fdry	49	49¾	48¾	48¾	— ⅛
13½	13¾	1,400	Am. Cotton Oil	13½	13½	13	13	— ⅛
22¾	23	27,700	Am. Drugglsts pf	21½	22¾	21½	22¾	+1⅛
100¼	101	5,100	Am. H. & L.	101½	101¾	100¼	100½	— ⅝
45¾	46¼	15	Am. H. & L. pf	46¼	46¾	46	46¼	— ⅛
63½	64	700	Am. Ice	63¾	64	63¾	64	+ ⅛
71¼	71½	20,000	Am. Ice pf	71¼	73½	71	71	+ ⅛
49½	49¾	800	Am. International	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾	+ ⅛
89¼	89¾	300	Am. Linseed	89¼	90	89¼	89¾	+ ⅛
66¾	66¾	1,200	Am. Linseed pf	65¾	66¾	65¾	66¾	+1⅛
1¼	1⅝	1,000	Am. Locomotive	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	
51	52	300	Am. Malting	50¾	50¾	50¾	50¾	+ ⅛
51½	52	500	Am. M.1st pf.c.of d.	51	52	51	51	
70¾	70¾	200	Do. stamped	70	70¾	70¾	70¾	
104½	105	7,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	105	105	105	105	+ ⅛
97½	98	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	98½	98½	98½	98½	+ ⅛
92¾	93½	100	Am. Smelt. pf. A	80	93½	93½	93½	+ ⅛
80¾	81	400	Am. Steel Fdries	124¾	125¾	124¾	124¾	+ ⅝
124¾	125	1,500	Am. Sugar Ref	111¾	113¾	111¾	112	+ ⅞
112	112½	1,800	Am. Sumatra Tob	105	106¾	105	105	+ ⅞
104½	105	1,200	Am. Tel. & Tel	100¼	100¾	100¼	100¾	+ ⅝
100	100¾	4,500	Am. Tob. pf. new	56¾	57¾	56¾	56¾	
56¾	57¼	300	Am. Woolen	96¼	98¼	96¼	96¾	+1
98½	99¼	5,400	Am. Woolen pf	41¾	42¼	40¾	40¾	
40¼	40¾	25	Am. Writing P. pf	40¼	43¾	43¾	43¾	
13½	13¾	11,600	Am. Zinc, L. & S	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	
62¼	62¼	200	Anaconda Copper	62	62¾	62	62¾	+ ⅜
23¾	24	100	Asso. Dry Goods	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	+ ⅛
74	75	100	Associated Oil	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	— ⅛
91½	92¾	100	Atch., Top. & S. F	92	92	92	92	— ⅜
96	97½	28,200	Atlantic Coast Line	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	+ ⅛
121¼	121½	300	At., Gulf & West I	119	122	119	121¾	+1½
67	68	26,900	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	67	67¼	67	67¼	+1½
89	89¾	700	Baldwin Loco	87¾	90	87¾	89¾	+ ⅝
48	48¼	10	Baltimore & Ohio	48¾	48¾	48¾	48¾	— ⅛
54	56	3,700	Baltimore & O. pf	54	54	54	54	
114¾	125¼	300	Barrett Co	125	125	120	125	+ ⅝
1¾	1½	100	Batopilas Mining	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	— ⅛
70	70½	29,500	Bethlehem Steel	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾	— ⅛
70¼	70¾	365	Beth. Steel, class B	70¾	71	70¾	70¾	— ⅛
106	106½	600	Beth. Steel 8% pf	106	106	106	106	
21	21½	3,500	Booth Fisheries	21	21¼	21	21¼	— ⅛
22¾	23	400	Brklyn Rapid Tran	22¾	23¼	22¾	22¾	— ⅛
22¾	22¾	400	Do. cfs. of dep	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾	— ⅛
140¼	141	2,300	Burns Brothers	139¾	140¾	139¾	140¾	+ ⅜
22¼	22⅝	900	Butte & Superior	22¾	23¼	22¾	22¾	— ⅛
20	22		Butterick Co					
		2,300	California Packing	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾	+ ⅛
61¼	61¼	1,900	California Petrol	25½	25⅝	25	25⅛	— ⅛
25⅝	25⅞	700	California Pet. pf	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	— ⅛
69	69¾	200	Calumet & Arizona	60	60	60	60	
60	61	200	Canadian Pacific	150	150	150	150	+ ⅛
159	160	100	Central Fdry pf	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	+ ⅛
		9,900	Central Leather Co	77	77¼	77	77¼	+ ⅛
75¾	76	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	+ ⅛
107¾	107¾	5,300	Cerro de Pasco Cop	37¾	38¾	37¾	37¾	+ ⅛
38¼	38¾	500	Chandler Motor	125	125	125	125	
124½	126	500	Chesapeake & Ohio	125¾	125¾	125¾	125¾	+ ⅛
58½	58¾	900	Chi., Mil. & St. P	58¾	58¾	58¾	58¾	+ ⅛
38	38¼	300	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	38¾	38¾	38¾	38¾	+ ⅛
60¼	60¾	100	Chi. & Northwest'n	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	+ ⅛
93	95½	2,300	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	95	95	95	95	
24¼	24¾	6,600	Chile Copper	24¼	24¾	24¼	24¾	+ ⅛
23¾	24	6,300	Chino Copper	23¾	24	23¾	24	+ ⅛
36¼	36¼	100	C., C., C. & St.L. pf	63¾	63¾	63¾	63¾	+ ⅛
64	72	100	Cluett, Peabody	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾	+ ⅛
62¾	64	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	24	24¼	24	24¼	+ ⅛
42	43	200	Col. & Southern	44¾	45¾	44¾	45¾	+ ⅛
23¾	25	1,000	Columbia Gas & El	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	+ ⅛
43¾	45	300	Consolidated Gas	93¾	93¾	78	78	— ⅛
93½	95	1,000	Continental Can	77¾	78½	77¾	78½	— ⅛
77½	78¼	300	Corn Products Ref	60	60	58¾	58¾	— ⅛
58¾	58¾	31,500	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	104½	105	104½	105	+ ⅛
105	106	200	Corn Exch. Bank	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾	+ ⅛
66¼	66¾	2,000	Crucible Steel	93½	93¾	93¼	93¾	+ ⅛
93	93¾	200	Crucible Steel pf	24	24¾	23¾	24	+ ⅛
23¾	24¼	5,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	74	74¾	74	74¾	— ⅛
74¼	74¾	1,600	Cuba Cane S. pf	104¼	104½	104½	104½	+ ⅛
			Delaware & Hud	178	180	178	180	+ ¼
103	103	100	Del., Lack. & West		77¼	77¼	77¼	+ ⅛
175	180	300	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	63¾	64¼	63¾	63¾	+ ⅛
7	7¼	8,200	Distil. Secur. x d	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	+ ⅛
63⅝	63¾	400	Dome Mines	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	+ ⅛
12½	12¾		Elk Horn Coal	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	+ ⅛
27	28	100	Erie	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	+ ⅛
16¾	16¾	100	Erie 1st pf	19	19	19	19	
28¾	28¾	100	Erie 2d pf	54	54	54	54	+1
18½	19	100	Fisher Body	52	52	52	52	
53	54¾	100	Do. odd lot	30¾	30¾	29	53	−1½
		4,700	Gaston, W. & W	55¾	56¾	55¾	55¾	+ ⅛
29½	29¾	50	General Cigar	156¾	157	156¾	156¾	−1
55	55½	300	General Electric	170¾	171½	170¾	170¾	
156¼	156¾	8,700	General Motors	90¾	91	90¾	91	+ ⅛
170¾	170¾	600	General Motors pf	66¾	67¼	66¾	67¼	+ ⅛
91	91½	1,600	General Motors deb	66¾	68	66¾	68	−1
90¾	91	200	Goodrich Co	67½	68	67½	67¾	+ ⅛
66¾	67¼	900	Granby Consol	93¼	94	93¼	93¼	
69	71	2,900	Great Northern pf	41	41¼	41	41	
93½	93¾	1,600	G. N. ctfs. for O. P	43¾	44	43¾	43¾	+ ⅛
40¾	41	2,500	Greene-Can. Cop	54½	54½	54½	54½	+ ⅛
43½	44	100	Gulf States Steel	45¾	46	45¾	45¾	+ ⅛
51	56	800	Haskell & Barker	50¾	51½	50¾	51	+ ⅛
45¼	46	20,600	Inspiration Copper	4	4¼	4	4	— ⅛
50¾	51	5,300	Interboro Consol	14	14¾	13¾	14	
4	4¼	4,700	Interboro Con. pf	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	+1
13¾	14¾	300	Int. Agricultural	66¾	67¼	66¾	67	
17½	18	600	Int. Agricultural pf	125½	126¾	125½	125½	+ ⅛
67	67¾	1,700	Int. Harvester new	117	117	117	117	
125	126	100	Int. Harv. pf., new	26¾	27½	26¾	26¾	+ ⅛
110	117	2,900	Int. Mer. Marine	115¾	117¾	113¾	114½	+ ⅝
26¾	27	47,500	Int. Mer. Marine pf	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	+ ⅛
114	114½	5,800	Int. Nickel	44¾	46	44¾	46	+ ⅛
26	26½	11,000	Int. Paper	72	73	72	73	+ ⅛
46¾	46½	900	Int. Paper pf. sta	39	40¾	39	40	+ ⅛
72	73½	4,500	Jewel Tea	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	+ ⅛
39¾	40	100	Kansas City South	117¾	118¾	117¾	118	+ ⅛
18¾	18¾	600	Kelly Springf. Tire	36	36	36	36	
117¾	118	400	Kelsey Wheel	32	32½	32	32	+ ⅛
33	40	8,000	Kennecott Copper	70	70¼	70	70	+ ⅛
32¼	32¼	1,200	Lackawanna Steel	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾	+ ⅛
70	71	100	Lee Rubber & Tire	55	55	55	55	
25½	26	800	Lehigh Valley	48¾	49¾	48½	48½	+ ⅛
55	55¼	1,700	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	108¾	109¾	108¾	108¾	+ ⅛
48¾	49¼	100	Loose-W. B. 2d pf	64	64	64	64	
109	112	100	Mackay Cos. pf	74½	75	74½	74½	+ ⅛
64	65	300	Manhattan Elev	67	67	67	67	
73	76	2,800	Max. Motors 1st pf	30¾	31	30¾	30¾	+ ⅛
66¼	67	650	Max. Motors 2d pf	76¼	76¾	76¼	76¼	+ ⅛
31	31½	500	May Dept. Stores	108	108	108	108	
76½	76½	300	May Dept. St. pf	181	183¾	181	182	+ ⅛
108	108	33,200	Mexican Petroleum	24	24¾	23¾	24¼	+ ⅛
182	182½	1,400	Miami Copper	45½	46¼	45¾	46	+ ⅛
24	24¾	17,700	Midvale Steel	10	10¾	10	10	−1½
45¼	45¾	100	Minn. & St. L. new	88½	88½	88½	88½	
10	10¼	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M	110	110	110	110	
88½	88½	50	M.St.P. & S.S.M. pf	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	+ ⅛
110	110	200	Mo., Kan. & Texas	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	+ ⅛
	6¾	200	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	23¾	24	23¾	24	+ ⅛
6¾	7	2,000	Missouri Pacific	51½	51¾	51½	51½	+ ⅛
11¾	12	100	Missouri Pacific pf	37¾	39	37¾	37¾	+ ⅛
23¾	24	3,400	Nat. Acme	117¾	118	117¾	117¾	+ ⅛
51¾	51¾	6,200	Nat. Biscuit pf	76	76	76	76	
48	48	100	Nat. Cloak & Suit	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	+ ⅛
178	178	100	Nat. Cond. & Cable	53	53	53	53	
71	73	8,100	Nat. Enam. & St	68	68	68	68	
17	17¼	2,100	Nat. Lead	101¼	101¾	101¼	101¾	+ ⅛
53½	53½	400	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	
68	68¼	500	Nevada Con. Cop	73½	74⅝	73½	74⅝	+ ⅛
10	10	1,200	N. Y. Central	26	26½	26	26½	+ ⅛
16¾	16¾	200	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	70	70	70	70	+5
75	75	100	N.Y.,C.& St.L.1st pf	20½	20½	20½	20½	+ ⅛
26	26½	100	N. Y. Dock	105	105	105	105	
70	70	2,100	N. Y. Dock pf	93	93	92¾	92¾	+ ⅛
20	20½	3,100	Norfolk & Western	387¾	387¾	387¾	387¾	+ ⅛
105	105	500	Northern Pacific	6½	6½	6½	6½	
92¾	93	2,100	Ohio Cities Gas	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	
38¾	38¾	3,100	Ontario Mining				11	+1
6½	6¾	500	Okla. Prod. & Ref	48	49	48	48	
8¾	8¾	3,800	Do., rights	34	34	34	34	
	11	6,400	Owens Bottle Mach	80	81¼	80	80¼	+ ⅛
48	49	1,200	Pacific Mail	44¼	44¾	44¼	44¼	−1½
34	34	300	Pan-Am. P. & T	50	51¾	50	50	+ ⅛
80	81½	3,000	Penn. R. R	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	+ ⅛
44¼	44⅝	700	People's Gas, Chi	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	
13¾	13¾	800	Pere Marquette	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	
45¼	45¼	300	Pierce-Arrow	48¼	49¼	48¼	48¼	−⅛
18¼	18¼	1,100	Pierce Oil	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	
48¼	49¼	1,600	Pierce Oil pf	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾	+ ⅛
36¾	36¾	1,000	Pittsburgh Coal	118¾	119¾	118¾	118¾	+ ⅛
69¾	69¾	900	Pitts. & West Va	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼	+ ⅛
118¾	119¾	300	Pressed Steel Car	20¼	20¾	20¼	20¾	+ ⅛
78¼	78¼	600	Pullman Co	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼	+ ⅛
20¼	20¾	1,800	Railway Steel Sp	84¾	85¼	84¾	84¾	+ ⅛
84¾	84¾	4,800	Ray Con. Copper	81¾	82¼	81¾	81¾	+ ⅛
81¾	82¼	1,300	Reading	101½	102¼	101½	101½	+ ⅛
101½	102	1,300	Rep. Iron & Steel	92¼	93¼	92¼	92¾	+ ⅛
92¼	92¾	1,900	Rep. Iron & S. pf	88¾	89¾	88¾	89¾	+ ⅛
88¾	89¾	6,500	Royal D., Am. shs	124¾	125¾	124¾	125¾	+ ⅛
124¾	125¾	100	Do., N. Y. shs	61¾	62¾	61¾	62¼	+ ⅛
61¾	62¼	400	St. Louis-San Fran	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛
7¾	7¾	1,300	Savage Arms	84	84¼	84	84¼	+ ⅛
84	84¼	100	Saxon Motor	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	+1
12¾	12¾	100	Seaboard Air Line	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	
11¾	11¾	3,300	Shattuck-Arizona	46¼	46¼	45¾	45¾	+ ⅛
45¾	46¼	8,000	Sinclair Oil Refin	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾	
53¾	53¾	200	Sloss-S. Steel & I	102	102½	101¾	101¾	+ ⅛
101¾	102	14,300	Southern Pacific	28	28¼	28	28¼	+ ⅛
28	28¼	2,200	Southern Railway	68¼	68¾	68¼	68¾	+10
68¼	68¾	100	Southern Ry. pf	142	143	142	142	+ ⅛
142	143	400	Standard Milling	65	65½	64¾	64¾	+ ⅛
64¾	65	7,800	Studebaker Co	40¼	41¾	40¾	40¾	+ ⅛
40¾	41¼	2,300	Superior Steel	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	+2½
13¾	13¾	2,000	Tenn. C. & C	211½	212¾	210¾	212	+ ⅛
211½	212	4,800	Texas Co	32½	32¾	32½	32¾	+ ⅛
32¼	32¼	2,400	Texas & Pacific	91	91¾	90¾	90¾	+ ⅛
90¾	90¾	4,400	Tobacco Products	101	101¾	100¾	101¼	+ ⅛
101¼	101½	300	Tobacco Prod. pf	42¼	42¾	42¼	42¾	+ ⅛
43¼	43¾	1,800	Tobacco Prod. x d	128¾	129½	128¾	129⅜	+1½
129¼	129⅜	100	Tran. & Wms. x d	73	73	73	73	
73	73½	1,800	Union Pacific	44¾	45	44¾	44¾	+ ⅛
44¾	45	125	Union Pacific pf	133¾	134½	133¾	133¾	+ ⅛
133¾	134½	3,600	United Alloy Steel	118¾	119¾	118¾	118¾	+ ⅛
118¾	119¾	8,400	United Cigar Stores	160¾	161¾	160¾	160¾	+ ⅛
160¾	161¾	100	United Drug	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	+ ⅛
113¾	114	1,400	United Fruit	24¼	24¾	24¼	24¾	+ ⅛
24¼	24¾	100	United Ry. Invest	20	20¼	20	20¼	+ ⅛
20	20¼	200	United Ry. Inv. pf	149¾	151¼	149¾	149¾	+ ⅛
149¾	151¼	300	U. S. C. I. P. & F	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	+ ⅛
83¾	83¾	28,700	U. S. Indus. Alco	83	83¼	83	83¼	+ ⅛

A 7% MORTGAGE BOND

A TEN-YEAR CONVERTIBLE BOND OF A LARGE AND WELL-KNOWN COMPANY WHICH HAS BEEN OPERATING SUCCESSFULLY FOR OVER SIXTY-TWO YEARS.

To Yield

7%

Circular on Request.

Sutro & Kimbley

Members New York Stock Exchange

66 Broadway, New York

Telephone Rector 8297

Correspondence Invited

We invite correspondence on stock market commitments and all investment subjects. Frequent analytical reports issued and mailed gratis. Special weekly cotton letter and grain review

Sent upon request

E. W. Wagner & Co.

Established 1887. Chicago

Members — NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE; NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE; NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE; NY COFFEE AND SUGAR EXCHANGE; NEW ORLEANS COTTON EXCHANGE; CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE; CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE; CLEVELAND STOCK EXCHANGE; MINNEAPOLIS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE; ST. LOUIS MERCHANTS EXCHANGE; MILWAUKEE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

33 New Street (Ground Floor) New York

Branches — Mad. Av. & 42d St.; 105 West 82d St.; 26 Court St., Brooklyn.; 810 Broad St., Newark.

Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade

Prosperity and The Railroads

Letter sent upon request.

61 Broadway New York

Branches

3 E. 44th St. and 1123 Broadway

CARBO-HYDROGEN CO.

7% PREFERRED STOCK

Par Value $5.00.

Price $4.87½ and Accrued Dividend; BONUS 25% Common Stock

Standard Gas for Cutting Iron and Steel.

Established Company.

Five plants in operation.

Dividends paid on preferred since organization.

Common Stock now earning at rate of over 6 per cent.

Send for Circular H-6.

Farson, Son & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

115 Broadway, New York City

Five Suitable Investments *for* Business Men

INFORMATION on request

SECURITIES, listed or unlisted, bought and sold in small or large amounts. Listed Stocks carried on margin. Correspondence Invited.

MacQuoid & Coady

Members New York Stock Exchange

14 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 9970

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

Pouch & Co. Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 14 Wall St., N.Y.

Mark A. Noble — Theodore C. Corwin

NOBLE & CORWIN

25 Broad St. — New York

Bankers Trust — Royal Baking Pfd.

Columbia Trust — Otis Elevator

Telephone 1111 Broad.

FINANCIERS DISCUSS WAYS TO AID EUROPE

Education of Small Investor to Purchase Foreign Securities One of Suggestions.

INVESTMENT TRUST URGED

Must Give Long Credit Even to Enemies to Help in Rehabilitation, Says P. C. Williams.

Need of educating the small investor to purchase foreign securities as a means of caring for post-war international financial conditions was emphasized last night at a meeting of the Council on Foreign Relations, in the Metropolitan Club, to discuss "Investment of American Capital Abroad."

Establishment of an Investment Trust to protect the investor and a suggestion that America contribute to the rehabilitation of Europe by donating annually the interest on the foreign war debt were ideas offered by Paul M. Warburg, ex-Vice Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and John J. Arnold, Vice President of the First National Bank, Chicago, respectively.

After outlining the necessity of having the wage-earner maintain his war habit of thrift, in order to invest in foreign securities, Mr. Warburg said in part:

"The small investor needs protection—that is why in the past he resorted to the instrumentalities of the savings bank or the life insurance companies who took it upon themselves to scrutinize and pick out and choose on his behalf the investments to which his savings should be applied, and to give him an interest in a largely diversified investment where the risk had been spread. This consideration has led me to believe that it would be very opportune for us to consider whether at this juncture the creation of a large investment trust would not render a very timely service.

"Of course it could not be considered a 'cure-all'; the present problem is too large for that. The War Finance Corporation, which in its structure is an investment trust with a limited span of life and restricted powers, is expected to bring substantial relief, and many other remedial measures will have to be devised. As one of these, however, a large investment trust, organized on a countrywide basis, might offer the twofold advantage of, on the one hand, bridging the interval necessary for the better understanding and further development of foreign propositions, and for the operation of a better market, while on the other hand it would enable the small investor to buy the obligations of such investment trust, representing diversified holdings closely examined by the most competent people and guaranteed by a very substantial paid-in capital stock.

"This, however, is predicated upon the thought that such investment trust would be started upon a sufficiently broad basis to permit of wide diversification and thorough investigation. It is obvious that no small concern could be liberal enough in incurring the heavy cost of thorough studies and examinations, and of employing the best experts. No investment trust would be safe or successful that would be forced to stint this item of expense."

Mr. Warburg added that the establishment of such a trust should wait upon the flotation of the Victory Loan, the solution of the transportation problem and the re-establishment of the $18,000,000,000 of railroad securities on their proper level.

Mr. Arnold said in part:

"One method of aiding"—he was referring to normalizing world finance—"and one which I believe we ought to consider very seriously, is to have our Government make an annual contribution for some years at least, toward the rehabilitation of Europe to the amount of the interest which the European Governments will owe us from time to time. This would demonstrate to the world our desire to be of service to the outside world without imperialistic designs."

Mr. Arnold also advocated the establishment of an international bankers' association, declaring that the American Bankers' Association ought to take the lead in organizing such a body, and urged the necessity of an educational campaign to popularize foreign securities.

"All the nations of Europe," said Pierce C. Williams, Commercial Attaché at Paris, "Allies, neutrals, new-born States, even our enemies, must be given long credit if they are to buy our goods. Disagreeable as the prospect may be, I see no way out of lending money to those who have tried to put us out of existence as a nation. If Germany is to furnish electrical apparatus, coal-hoisting equipment, and railway locomotives to France and Belgium in return for that which she deliberately and wantonly destroyed, she must be given raw materials and other goods to enable her to resume manufacturing."

Others who spoke were J. G. Lonsdale, Vice President of the National Bank of Commerce of St. Louis; Archie W. Dunham of the National City Company; John E. Bolinger, Vice President of the National Shawmut Bank, Boston; Wallace D. Simmonds of the Simmonds Hardware Company, St. Louis; C. W. Barron, and Theodore Stanfield.

TOOLE, HENRY & CO. FAIL.

Creditors Storm Brokers' Office Demanding a Settlement.

Toole, Henry & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, failed yesterday, and a crowd of creditors stormed their offices on the twenty-sixth floor of the Equitable building clamoring for a settlement of their accounts and the return of securities delivered earlier in the day. Three creditors of the firm had filed an involuntary bankruptcy petition in the Federal District Court, and all inquiries were referred to Edward H. Childs, who was appointed as receiver by Federal Judge Hand.

When the bankruptcy papers were served on the firm a crowd of customers rushed to the cashier's window for a settlement of their accounts, and for a time excitement ran high. Charles B. Toole, senior member of the firm, tried to quiet the crowd and to explain the situation, but could do little more than tell his creditors to take their demands to the receiver.

One man representing another Stock Exchange firm demanded the return of securities which were delivered earlier in the day, and threatened to go to the District Attorney unless the delivery was made, and similar requests for the return of securities were made.

The firm, which was formed in 1916, maintained two branch offices, one in the Hotel McAlpin and the other at 553 Fifth Avenue. Douglas Henry was the floor member of the firm. He was admitted to membership in the Stock Exchange Feb. 2, 1882.

John T. McGovern, counsel for the firm, made the following statement after the announcement that the firm had suspended had been made from the rostrum of the Stock Exchange:

"An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed against Toole, Henry & Co. by three creditors, upon which Toole, Henry & Co. consented to the appointment of a receiver. Edward H. Childs, 53 Wall Street, was appointed receiver. At the same time the firm notified the Stock Exchange and the Cotton Exchange that they were unable to meet their obligations. The receiver has taken possession and is taking steps to determine the condition of the assets and liabilities."

Harry Zalkin of Zalkin & Cohen, counsel for the creditors, said last night that he estimated the firm's liabilities at $950,000, and assets at $600,000.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	62.23	62.00	62.06	+ .10
25 industrials	91.85	90.90	91.36	+ .33
50 stocks	77.05	76.45	76.71	+ .22

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
April 1	76.92	76.14	76.49	+ .12
March 31	76.67	76.11	76.37	+ .08
March 29	76.60	76.12	76.29	+ .06
March 28	76.38	76.63	76.23	+ ..
March 27	75.75	74.95	75.50	+ .40
March 26	75.84	74.96	75.10	— .89

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

April.	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919.	77.06 Apr. 2	76.14 Apr. 1	76.71
1918.	89.19 Apr. 22	66.22 Apr. 11	67.56
1917.	85.56 Apr. 3	70.57 Apr. 23	81.29
1916.	88.78 Apr. 6	80.91 Apr. 22	85.43
1915.	73.36 Apr. 30	64.54 Apr. 1	72.60

*To date.

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1919.	78.12 Mar. 12	69.74 Jan. 21	76.71
†1918.	70.95 Feb. 19	64.12 Jan. 15	67.50
Full Years.			
1918.	80.16 Nov. 13	64.12 Jan. 15	73.39
1917.	90.46 Jan. 4	57.43 Dec. 20	66.83
1916.	101.52 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915.	94.13 Oct. 22	58.90 Feb. 24	91.33

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues 76.86	+.13	—1.07	+1.04

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Apr. 1	76.73 +.13	Mar. 25	Holiday.
Mar. 31	76.60 —.08	Mar. 24	76.84 —.23
Mar. 29	76.68 +.03	Mar. 22	77.12 —.03
Mar. 28	76.65 —.05	Mar. 21	77.15 —.19
Mar. 27	76.70 —.01	Mar. 20	77.31 —.13
Mar. 26	76.71 —.13	Mar. 19	77.44 —.10

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—	/—Low.—	Last.
*1919.	79.01 Jan. 3	76.60 Mar. 31	76.86
†1918.	77.43 Jan. 31	75.79 Apr. 2	75.82
Full Years.			
1918.	82.36 Nov. 12	75.85 Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.48 Jan. 29	74.24 Dec. 20	74.54
1916.	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 29	88.64

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

SEES GOOD COPPER TRADE.

Guggenheim Tells Smelters Stockholders Prospects Are Bright.

At the annual stockholders' meeting of the American Smelting and Refining Company yesterday in Jersey City Simon Guggenheim, President of the company, said in response to questions by a stockholder that under normal conditions 6 per cent. could be earned on the common stock. He also said that the prospects for the company were bright and that conditions in Mexico were steadily improving. He said that assurances have been received that Mexican bandits would be driven out of the northern part of that country within two or three months. That is the district in which the company's valuable properties are located.

There was criticism of the company's management for the reduction of the dividend on the common stock to 4 per cent. annually, and Edward Brush, Vice President, in replying said that the company was now turning out about 35,000 tons of refined copper every month, little of which is being sold. This, he said, created a serious temporary situation, as it tied up the company's money, and the cut in dividend followed.

Mr. Guggenheim said that the greatest disturbing factor at present is the high wage being paid to workers. He said that reductions had been put into effect at some of the smelting plants, but that refinery employes were still being paid on the "war scale." E. R. Reets was added to the company's Board of Directors.

ADVANCE IN COTTON PRICES.

Gains Ranging from 19 to 40 Points Scored in Day's Trading.

The same factors which influenced Tuesday's cotton market conspired to further advance yesterday's, and at the end of business gains ranging from 19 to 36 points had been scored by the old style contracts and advances of 30 to 40 points were the rule in the new style contracts. The business was not on a heavy scale at any time, and buying orders appeared to be much more plentiful than selling orders. This was especially so at times when buyers were forced to stop trading pending the arrival of new selling orders for fear of driving the market up too abruptly. The undertone was very strong and the market appeared in good hands.

Accumulation by spot interests again was in progress. Wall Street houses were conspicuous only because of their extreme inactivity. The South appeared to be selling, although it is hard to believe that this could be so as most bullish news came from Southern sources. For instance, there were reports of a new agitation for reduced acreage and conservative estimates of probable plantings had it that fully a third less acreage would be put in this year than last. However, houses with Southern connections supplied cotton on the bulges.

Liverpool sent over some bullish news and a firm market report. The cables told of a very bad trade situation at Liverpool and Manchester, and at the latter place, it was said, there is an agreement to close down the mills from April 10 to April 28, in order to obviate a further accumulation of supplies.

Cold weather over virtually all of the belt, added to the reports of reduced acreage, helped the market both here and at New Orleans. At the high point of the day prices were up 40 to 55 points and at the close they maintained an advantage over Tuesday of 19 to 40 points for the active months.

Yesterday's quotation follow:

OLD CONTRACTS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
May	24.50	24.75	24.50	24.75	24.40
July	22.45	22.90	22.45	22.65	22.41
Sept.	..	..	..	21.00	20.80
Oct.	20.75	20.95	20.51	20.63	20.41
Dec.	..	20.28	20.28	20.14@20.34	19.95
Jan.	20.14	20.50	20.14	20.50	20.14

NEW CONTRACTS.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
May	25.45	25.77	25.44	25.63@25.65	25.33
July	22.90	23.25	22.90	23.12@23.17	22.73
Oct.	20.95	21.30	20.94	21.06@21.10	20.77
Dec.	20.45	20.80	20.45	20.63@20.64	20.30
Jan.	20.35	20.70	20.35	20.46	20.12

The local market for spot cotton was quiet at 5 points advance to 28.65c for middling upland; sales, none.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 26.25c; New Orleans, 25.50c; Savannah, 26.25c; Augusta, 25.88c; Memphis, 26.50c; Houston, 25.90c; Little Rock, 26c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	15,020	18,204	10,834
Exports	38,705	21,835	.....
Exports, season	3,470,882	3,351,563	3,046,580
New York stocks	93,396	89,552	143,849
Port stocks	1,286,764	1,308,166	1,556,591
N. Y. arrivals	1,901	780	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was in more demand at 15.97d for middling and 18.87d for good middling. Sales, 4,000 bales, all American. Imports, 6,000 bales, all American. Futures opened steady, unchanged, to 4 points up and closed quiet, unchanged, to 7 points advance. Prices: April, 16.24d; May, 14.83d; June, 14.55d; July, 14.24d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were firmer.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair and warmer Thurs.; Fri. fair except showers extreme west, warmer E.

S. C. and Ga.—Fair, warmer Thurs.; Fri., fair.

Fla.—Fair Thurs., warmer N.; Fri., fair.

Ala.—Fair Thurs., showers at night or Fri.; slightly cooler Fri. interior.

Miss.—Showers Thurs. or Thurs. night; Fri. probably fair.

Tenn.—Fair Thurs., except showers extreme W., warm E.; Fri., probably showers and somewhat cooler.

Ky. Fair, warmer E.; showers W. Thurs.; Fri. showers and somewhat cooler.

Ind.—Showers Thurs. and prrobably Fri.; somewhat cooler Fri.

Mich.—Showers Thurs. in W. and Thurs. or Thurs. night in E.; Fri. showers and somewhat cooler.

Ohio—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Thurs.; showers at night and Fri.; somewhat cooler Fri.

GUARDED 'ALCOGAS' SECRET DURING WAR

More Efficient Than Gasoline as Motor Fuel, but Won't Be Cheaper, Says Official.

NOT AFFECTED BY COLD

H. S. Rubens of U. S. Industrial Alcohol Co. Tells How Chemists Overcame Obstacles.

Coincident with the distribution of the annual report of the United States Industrial Alcohol Company yesterday, showing earnings on the common stock equal to $35.95 a share, as compared with $54.67 in 1917, H. S. Rubens, Chairman of the board, told of the possibilities of "alcogas," the new gasoline substitute developed by the company's chemists during the war, which was announced briefly by the Government in Washington last Tuesday.

Mr. Rubens said that the new motor fuel which has been approved by the Navy Department and the Bureau of Standards, will produce from 10 to 12 per cent. more efficiency than gasoline, and will run with unimpaired strength in cold atmospheres. Speaking of the new discovery of the company's chemists, which has been one of the jealously guarded secrets of the war, Mr. Rubens said in part:

"Even before the United States entered the war we had determined that we ought to compete with the Germans in the production of industrial alcohol, which gave them virtual command of the dye industry. We founded a research laboratory in September, 1916, with M. C. Whittaker at its head. Mr. Whittaker is one of the leaders in industrial chemistry, and formerly was a professor of industrial chemistry at Columbia University.

Developed Eleven Different Fuels.

"We now have a larger research laboratory than any university in the country situated at Curtis Bay, Md., a short distance from Baltimore. It is the largest in size, staff, and equipment, having twenty-one graduate research chemists and three mechanical research engineers. We have in addition a bacteriological laboratory for investigating new processes of fermentation.

"At the outset we realized that many other countries had tried to produce an efficient alcohol motor fuel but had always met with some obstacle. We decided to get all the processes we could find and 'shuffle the cards,' so to speak. That is, we took all the known processes and tried their various ingredients in different proportions.

"Finally we succeeded in developing eleven different kinds of fuels containing different proportions of the same ingredients. These we have patented. The eleven fuels will do for use in any kind of internal combustion motor, either automobile or airplane. Alcogas has been tested in many airplanes and in all kinds of motors under every conceivable condition, and it has been found that in cases where gasoline has become less efficient, it has shown increased efficiency. This has been true where an airplane has gone to a high altitude and the temperature was low. The new fuel will give the same results at 60 degrees below zero as at normal temperature."

Mr. Rubens said he had tested the new substitute himself in his automobile, as well as in a small two-cycle power-plant engine, and that in every instance it worked the same as gasoline with the exception that it produced from 10 to 12 per cent. more power.

The company plans to produce the new discovery, probably at the rate of 150,000,000 to 200,000,000 gallons a year. This, Mr. Rubens admitted, is only a small percentage of the annual gasoline requirements of the country, but it will keep the company's plants, which have been making alcohol for smokeless powder, working at capacity.

New Motor May Be Developed.

He said that it has been planned to market the new fuel through gasoline stations already established, and that the price of "Alcogas" would parallel that of gasoline. He also said there was a probability that special automobile motors would be developed to raise the efficiency of the new fuel, as the Navy Department and Bureau of Standards had made such tests with gratifying results. Such motors, he said, would have a higher compression than the average gasoline engine.

Asked if the Navy Department planned to utilize the new fuel when it sends away its flying boats on the approaching transatlantic light, Mr. Rubens could not say.

Interesting items in the company's income statement contained in the annual report for 1918 follow:

	1918.	1917.
Earnings after exp., depreciation, &c.	$14,073,102	$12,511,277
Reserved for Fed. tax.	6,098,182	5,239,861
Profit and loss surplus.	15,808,350	13,414,247

The balance sheet of the company as of Dec. 31, 1918, showed current assets amounting to $15,451,884, of which $1,648,573 was in cash, while current liabilities totaled $6,402,884.

The report also shows that in 1918 the company erected at deep water at Curtis Bay, Md., a plant equipped to repair ships, as well as to repair and construct apparatus for use in its various plants. This business was carried on by the Curtis Bay Copper and Iron Works, all of the capital stock of which is owned by the United States Industrial Alcohol Company.

Malting Company's Plan in Force.

The liquidation plan of the American Malting Company, proposed several months ago by a readjustment committee of stockholders, has been declared operative. A total of 65,000 out of 70,000 shares of first preferred stock have been deposited in the support of the proposal. The stock of the successor company, the American Malt and Grain Company, has been oversubscribed by holders of the American Malting first preferred and it is proposed that the new company acquire all the plants of the old concern. The new corporation has $1,500,000 cash to be used in the purchase.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Bonbright & Co. and H. M. Byllesby & Co., have purchased a new issue of $2,500,000 Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company, one-year, 7 per cent. notes due April 1, 1920. The notes are callable at 101½ and interest within six months, and thereafter at par and interest. The proceeds of the sale will be used chiefly to retire $2,500,000 two-year notes which fall due on June 1. The notes will be offered publicly soon.

The American Trust Company statement of March 31, which was issued yesterday, shows that since Jan. 31, of this year, deposits have increased more than 100 per cent. The company opened for business Jan. 27.

Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co. have issued a circular entitled "Prosperity and the Railroads."

According to the records of "The Daily Bond Buyer," the total output of permanent State and municipal issues in March of this year was $51,920,194 as compared with $26,443,277 in March a year ago.

Major Frederick Bull, formerly of the 367th Infantry, is now associated with Chandler Brothers & Co.

Morton Lachenbruch & Co. have prepared for distribution an exhaustive analysis of the Freeport Texas Company.

Captain H. M. Addinsell, 167th Field Artillery, has returned to his desk at Harris, Forbes & Co., after an absence of two years.

Mark Cowen has been elected a Director of the New Netherland Bank.

A. U. Suprenant, commercial loans, has incorporated under the name of A. U. Suprenant & Co., Inc., and has moved his offices to 20 Broad Street.

The Standard Bank of South Africa, Ltd., has received advices that arrangements have been made for the establishment of an agency in Amsterdam, Holland, which will be ready for business about the middle of next month.

Barcelona

Through the action of the Spanish Government the port of Barcelona has been designated a free customs zone. This, with the fact that credits in Spain no longer require the same liberality as heretofore, cash against documents being generally given, is important to American merchants.

Our branch in Barcelona, and four other offices in Spain, can assist materially in facilitating your business in that country. Our other branches in Europe and South America afford equal facilities for service.

Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.

New York Agency

60 Wall St.

BUY—SELL

MIDWEST REFINING CO.
MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM CO.
NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
NORTHWEST OIL CO.
COSDEN AND CO.

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.

Dealers in Standard Oil Securities

Phone 4320-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

BORDENS

Condensed Milk Co.

We deal in the Common and Preferred stocks of the above company and solicit your inquiries.

McCLURE, JONES & REED

Members New York Stock Exchange

115 Broadway 'Phone 7662 Rector

Lawyers Title & Trust STOCK

CLINTON GILBERT

2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

STOCKS

Wade Templeton & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

42 Broadway New York

BUCYRUS

MORTON LACHENBRUCH & CO.

PHILADELPHIA: LAND TITLE BUILDING. Tel Spruce 381

NEW YORK: EQUITABLE BUILDING. Tel Rector 5354

ITALIAN CURRENCY AND BONDS

Bought & Sold On Order.

Shuman & Seligmann

Members New York Stock Exchange

30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7270

Investment Suggestions

Glidden, Davidge & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

5 Nassau St., New York

LIBERTY BONDS

Bought & Sold for Cash

Recommended for Investment

Crawford, Patton & Cannon

Established 1903

Members N. Y. & Phila. Stock Exchanges

61 Broadway, New York

Philadelphia Office, Morris Building.

New York City Bonds

Barr & Schmeltzer

Members New York Stock Exchange

14 Wall St. *Specialists* New York.

STOCKS—BONDS

Complete facilities for the execution of orders in any amount.

Hartshorne, Fales & Co.

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange

71 BROADWAY. Tel. 7610 BOWLING GREEN.

International Motors Com.
Hendee Manufacturing Co.
Splitdorf Electrical Co.

FILOR, BULLARD & SMYTH

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange

61 BROADWAY NEW YORK.

Telephone Bowling Green 9840

CIVIL WARFARE IN GERMANY.

5,000 word review of the civil warfare in Germany, during month ended March 20, official facts, proclamations, form one feature of 30 others as big. April CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, published by The New York Times Company. On news stands 35c. —Advt.

A NEW ISSUE 7% PREFERRED STOCK

Exempt from Massachusetts and Normal Federal Income Taxes

$1,000,000

S. D. Warren Company

Cumulative 7% Prior Preference Stock "Series A"

Dividends payable quarterly, January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1.
Preferred as to Assets and Dividends

CAPITALIZATION

Upon completion of present financing

	Authorized	Outstanding
Prior Preference Stock, * "Series A" and "B"	$4,000,000	$2,461,300
Preferred Stock, Class A	4,000,000	2,904,800
Preferred Stock, Class B	2,000,000	820,300
Common Stock	3,500,000	3,423,200

*Provision is made for the exchange of the Prior Preference "B" stock, share for share, into Prior Preference "A" stock.

The Company's business was established in 1854 at Westbrook, Maine. It owns valuable real estate and mill properties, at Westbrook, Gardiner and Augusta, Me.; also over 10,000 acres of woodland. The water and hydro-electric plants owned by the Company aggregate 11,500 H. P.

The mill properties recently appraised at valuation exceeding $6,000,000. The hydraulic and hydro-electric plants recently appraised at valuation exceeding $2,000,000.

Product: Book, magazine, high-grade printing papers, including India and Bible papers.

The Company manufactures and distributes the Warren Standard Lines, which are nationally advertised and sold throughout the country.

The Company has outstanding Serial Mortgage Notes amounting to $1,357,909.25.

NET ASSETS, after this financing, and making provisions for taxes, approximate $380 for each share Prior Preference stock outstanding. Net quick Assets are equivalent to approximately $130 per share.

EARNINGS

Net earnings applicable to dividends, after depreciation, for the ten years ended December 31, 1918, averaged $792,485, or 4½ times the dividend requirements on both series of the Prior Preference Stock; and for the five years ended December 31, 1918, net earnings averaged $880,142 or over five times these dividend requirements.

Strong protective provisions are made as to Dividends, Sinking Fund Payments and Maintenance of Assets.

Callable as a whole, or in part for Sinking Fund, at 105 and accumulated dividends.

All legal matters in connection with this issue are to be approved by Messrs. Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins of Boston.

Price 99 and accrued dividend

Parkinson & Burr — 7 Wall Street, New York

Estabrook & Co. — 24 Broad Street, New York

The statements above are not guaranteed, but are based upon information and advice which we believe to be accurate and reliable, and upon which we have acted in purchasing these securities

Municipal Offerings

Free From Federal Income Tax

Issue	Interest Dates	Maturities	Yield About
Chicago, Ill., South Park 4's	Jan. 1 July 1	July 1, 1927-1928	4.60 %
Madison, Wis., High School 4's	July 1 annually	July 1, 1925	4.625%
Madison, Wis., Sewage Disposal 4½'s	Apr. 1 annually	Apr. 1, 1924	4.625%
Oshkosh, Wis., High School 4½'s	Feb. 1 Aug. 1	Feb. 1, 1923-1924	4.625%
Racine, Wis., Street Imp. 4½'s	Apr. 1 Oct. 1	Oct. 1, 1921-1925	4.625%
Fond du Lac, Wis., Waterworks 4½'s	Mar. 1 annually	Mar. 1, 1922-1924	4.625%
Rockford, Ill., Park District 4's	Jan. 1 July 1	July 1, 1922, 1924-1926	4.625%
Antigo, Wis., Street Imp. 4½'s	June 15 Dec. 15	June 15, 1922	4.625%
Decatur, Ill., Waterworks 5's	Mar. 1 Sept. 1	Sept. 1, 1928-1936	4.625%
Freeport, Ill., School 4½'s	Mar. 1 Sept. 1	Sept. 1, 1926	4.625%
Peoria Co., Ill., Jail 4's	Mar. 1 Sept. 1	Sept. 1, 1923	4.625%
Joliet, Ill., Judgment 4½'s	June 1 Dec. 1	June 1, 1923	4.625%
Grand Rapids, Mich., Water 3½'s	Jan. 1 July 1	July 1, 1923	4.625%
State of So. Dakota, Rural Credit 4¼'s	Jan. 1 July 1	Jan. 1, 1939 optl. 1924	4.70 %
State of So. Dakota, Rural Credit 5's	Mar. 15 Sept. 15	Mar 15, 1930-1939	4.70 %
Cleveland, S/D Ohio, Public Library 4½'s	Feb. 1 Aug. 1	Aug. 1, 1931	4.70 %
Mt. Vernon, Ill., Park 5's	Feb. 15 Aug. 15	Aug. 15, 1929-1933	4.70 %
Bellwood, Ill., Judgment Funding 5's	June 30 Dec. 30	Dec. 30, 1919-1928	4.75 %
Omaha, Nebraska, School Dist. 4½'s	Jan. 1 July 1	July 1, 1945	4.75 %
Akron City School District, Ohio, 4½'s	Apr. 12 Oct. 12	Apr. 12, 1921	4.75 %
Box Butte Co., Nebr., Ct. House 5's	Jan. 1 July 1	July 1, 1923	4.75 %
Hastings, Nebraska, Sch. Dist. 4½'s	Apr. 1 Oct. 1	April 1, 1937 optl. 1927	4.80 %
Oskaloosa, Iowa, School 5's	Jan. 1 July 1	Jan. 1, 1934	4.80 %
Estherville, Iowa, School 5's	Mar. 1 Sept. 1	Sept. 1, 1923	4.80 %
San Francisco, Cal., Exposition 5's	May 1 Nov. 1	May 1, 1925	4.80 %
Tacoma, Wash., Funding 5's	Feb. 15 Aug. 15	Feb. 15, 1939	4.80 %
Nashville, Tennessee, 4's	May 1 Nov. 1	May 1, 1924	4.875%
Houston, Texas, Park 5's	Mar. 10 Sept. 10	Mar. 10, 1923-1924	4.90 %
Houston, Texas, School 6's	May 1 Nov. 1	May 1, 1924	5.00 %
State of Louisiana, Pt. Comm. 4½'s	Mar. 1 Sept. 1	Mar. 1, 1930-1936, 1940 and 1937	5.00 %
Denison, Texas, School 5's	Jan. 1 July 1	July 1, 1923-1931, 1934-1936	5.00 %
Marshall, Texas, School Reg. 5's	Apr. 1 Oct. 1	Apr. 1, 1956, optl. 1926	5.00 %
Arkansas, La., Highway Dist. 6's	Mar. 1 Sept. 1	Sept. 1, 1926-1927, 1931-1936-1937	5.50 %

Circulars descriptive of any of the above will be sent upon request. Offerings are made subject to prior sale.

HALSEY, STUART & CO.

INCORPORATED—SUCCESSORS TO

N. W. HALSEY & CO., CHICAGO

49 WALL ST., NEW YORK

CHICAGO — PHILADELPHIA — BOSTON — ST. LOUIS

DETROIT — MILWAUKEE

New Mex. & Ariz. Land Co.
Gillette Saf. Raz. Stk. & Nts.
Pacific Gas & Elec. Co. Stks.
Stern Bros. Pfd.
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pow.
Standard Gas & Elec.
Amer. Lt. & Trac.
Western Power
Amer. Gas & Elec.
City Investing Co.

Bought, Sold, Quoted.

MacQuoid & Coady.
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., New York. Tel. Rector 9970

We Specialize in

Lackawanna County Coal Stock

This Company has just acquired an important addition to its already large holdings in the anthracite field, which will be of great benefit to the shareholders.

Information on request.

Traded in on New York Curb.

Gwynne Bros.
25 Broad St. N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad

PETROLEUM
From Its Inception to Date

The First Oil Well
Methods of Drilling Wells
Transportation of Oil
Most Promising Oil Fields
Oil Production and Refining
Future of Oil Industry

These subjects, fully illustrated, are now being run in serial articles in our semi-monthly publication

"Securities Suggestions"
Sent free upon request.
Ask for 28 "Q"

R. C. MEGARGEL & CO.
Established 1901
27 Pine Street—New York

We Offer, Subject to Sale

Arkansas Natural Gas Com.
Carib Syndicate, Ltd.
Gulf Oil Corporation
Imperial Oil, Ltd.
Lone Star Gas
Magnolia Petroleum
Midland Securities
New England Fuel Oil
Pittsburgh-Texas Oil
Tropical Oil

Douglas Fenwick & Co.
34 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. John 4220

Air Reduction
Carbon Steel (all issues)
Chalmers Motor Stocks & Notes
Guantanamo Sugar
Lima Locomotive Com. & Pref.
Lone Star Gas
New England Fuel Oil
Port Lobos Petroleum
Remington Typewriter
Studebaker Serial 7s

DUNHAM & Co
Investment Securities.
43 Exchange Place, New York
'Phones 1900-5 Hanover.

Reconstruction Investments

Securities of well established and prosperous building material companies offer excellent opportunities for profitable investment.

We recommend a well secured bond of this class, which nets a liberal return and may be purchased in convenient maturities.

Particulars on request for Circular T.

McBee, Jones & Co.,
120 Broadway, New York
Tel. Rector 2525, 2526, 2833.

CONTINENTAL INSURANCE
GUANTANAMO SUGAR
KIRBY LUMBER COM. & PFD.
NATIONAL SUGAR
SANTA CECILIA SUGAR
U. S. FINISHING COM & PFD.

Bought—Sold—Quoted

WEBB & CO.
25 Broad St., N. Y. 'Phone Broad 5965.

Scrip Certificates
Columbia
Graphophone
Hallowell & Henry
Tel. John 3456 27 Pine St., N. Y.

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, N. Y.

We Specialize in:
Standard Gas & Elec. Co.
Underlying Bonds
Private 'Phones to Philadelphia & Boston.

By Products Coke
Babcock & Wilcox
Dayton Pow. & Lt. Com.
Colorado Power Com. & Pfd.
Adirondack Elec. Com. & Pfd.
Amer. Power & Lt. Com.

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Rector 6340. 74 B'way, New York
Private telephones to Boston and Philadelphia.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

LESS STEEL FROM MILLS.

Further Decline in Output In Last Week of March.

In the steel trade the hesitation of the Railroad Administration to accept the new minimum prices is causing considerable concern, according to current information coming from trade centres. Large railroad buying of rails, bridge material, track supplies, and rolling stock has been counted upon by steel producers to stimulate the whole industry. Operations at the mills showed a further decline in the last week of March, and pig iron stocks were again expanded.

The Iron Age says:

"The Railroad Administration's refusal to accept the Industrial Board's prices on steel or to be bound by those yet to be fixed on coal and building material seriously threatens the whole stabilizing program, since the railroads would buy normally over 25 per cent. of the country's production of coal and 20 per cent. of its steel. It is not surprising in view of the jumble at Washington, that individual buyers are in no haste to spread sail.

"That the railroad authorities may yet be brought into line, as was done by Presidential intervention in the coal dispute of last year, is still a possibility, but indications today are that if the Railroad Administration does not sanction the steel schedule, the Government efforts at price stabilizing will be abandoned."

The Iron Trade Review says:

"Curtailment of pig iron production during the first quarter of the year is represented by sixty-four stacks, as shown by the completed March statistics. In the last month twenty-four furnaces were blown out. The average daily output in March was 98,555 tons, compared with 105,120 tons in February. The total production in March showed a small increase over February, due to the extra number of working days. In March 3,067,610 tons were produced, compared with 2,943,247 in the preceding month.

"While the last week has been characterised by a much better volume of business than for some time past, there is no doubt but that a large portion of this business comprised requirements which would have been placed earlier but were held up by developments which led to the reduction in prices on March 21."

Another Gibbs Article.

The second article in the series of ten by Philip Gibbs will appear in The New York Times next Sunday, April 6, entitled "The Untold Agony of War." Order in advance from your newsdealer.—Advt.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
4½s July,	1967	100¼	100⅝	100½
4½s June,	1965	100⅛	100⅜	100⅛
4½s Mar.,	1965	100½	100⅝	100½
4½s Nov.,	1957	100⅛	100⅜	100⅛
4½s Mar.,	1957	100⅛	100⅜	100⅛
4½s Mar.,	1960-30	95⅝	96½	95⅝
4½s Mar.,	1964	96	96½	96
4½s Mar.,	1963	95⅝	96⅜	95⅝
4½s Apr.,	1966	95⅝	96⅜	95⅝
4½s Sept.,	1960	95⅝	96⅜	95⅝
4s May,	1959	91	91⅜	91
4s Nov.,	1958	91	91⅜	91
4s Nov.,	1957	91	91⅜	91
4s Nov.,	1956	90¾	91	90¾
4s Nov.,	1955	90¾	91	90¾
4s Nov.,	1936	91½	93	91½
4s May,	1919	99½	..	99½

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
3½s Nov.,	1955	81½	..	81½
3½s Nov.,	1954	81½	82¾	81½
3½s May,	1954	81½	..	81½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1981	4.70	..	4.70
4½s	1921-1923	4.70	..	4.70
4½s	1919-1920	4.70	..	4.70
4½s	1919-1923	4.70	4.50	4.70
4½s	1924-1932	4.70	4.50	4.70
4s	1940-1953	4.65	4.50	4.65
3½s	1930-1939	4.65	4.50	4.65
3½s	1922-1929	4.65	4.50	4.65
3½s	1919-1921	4.65	4.50	4.65
3s	1940-1953	4.65	4.50	4.65
3s	1919-1923	4.70	4.50	4.70
3s	1928-1930	4.70	4.60	4.70

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
935	Cities Service	362	359	360	362
1,440	Cities Service pf.	79⅝	79⅛	79⅛	79⅝
$102,500	Cities Service deb.	7s. 132	130	130	131
97,500	Cities Service deb. C	7s. 101½	100½	100½	101

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron Electric Power	12	14
Adiron Elec Power pf.	72	74
Am Gas & Electric	123	124
Am Gas & Electric pf.	42	44
Am Light & Traction	240	242
Am Light & Trac pf.	98½	100
Am Power & Light	56	59
Am Power & Light pf.	76	79
Am Public Utilities	10	15
Am Public Utilities pf.	32	37
Am W W & Electric	5	6
Am W W & E 1st pf.	62	66
Am W W & E partic.	10	12
Carolina Power & L.	32	35
Colorado Power	24	26
Colorado Power pf.	96	100
Columbus Electric pf.	72	76
Com Pow, Ry & Lt.	22	25
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf.	44	45½
Conn Power pf.	73	78
Consumers' Power pf.	80	83
Eastern Texas Electric	55	60
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	73	78
El Paso Electric	84	90
Electric B & S pf.	94	98
Empire Dist Elec pf.	70	75
Federal Light & Trac.	9	11
Federal Light & T pf.	44½	48
Galveston-Houston Elec	20	25
Galveston-Hous El pf.	57	60

Miss River Power	10	12	Miss River Power pf.	40	44
Northern Ohio Electric	13½	16½	Northern Ohio Elec pf.	55	58
Northern Ont L & P	11	15	Nor Ont Lt & Pow pf.	55	60
Northern States Power	68	72	Northern States Power pf.	89	92½
Northern Texas Elec	49	54	Northern Texas Elec pf.	68	73
Pacific Gas & Electric	51½	52½	Pacific Gas & Elec pf.	88	90
Puget Sd Trac, L & P	15	17½	Puget Sd T, L & P pf.	60	64
Ry & Light Sec	75	80	Ry & Light Sec pf.	90	95
Republic Ry & Light	21	22	Republic Ry & Light pf.	59	61
Republic Ry & Lt pf.	74	76	Southern Cal Edison	88⅜	89⅜
Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102	Southern Cal Edison pf	98	102
Standard Gas & Elec.	29½	31	Standard Gas & Elec pf.	80	83
Standard Gas & El pf.	40	41½	Tampa Electric	100	112
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	4½	5½	Tenn Ry, L & Pow pf.	21½	22½
Texas Electric	90	100	United Light & Rys	39½	41
United Light & Rys pf.	73¼	75	United Light & Rys pf.	73¼	75
Western Power	17	18	Western Power pf.	65¾	68¼
West, Church & Kerr.	62	65	West, Church & K pf.	81	86

Bonds.

Am W W & E col 5s	66	68½	Middle West U 6s, '25	86	92
Appalach Power 1st 5s	69	71	Miss Riv Power 1st 5s	78½	80
Arizona Power 6s, 1933	84	88	Nor Ont L & Power 5s	75	81
Central P & L 6s, '46	90	95	Nor States Pow 6s, '26	93½	95½
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '50	91	95	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	87½	89½
Cities Fuel & P 7s	99	99½	Nor Tex Elec col 5s	80	85
Col G & E deb 5s, '27	77	80	Pac Gas & El 6s, 1931	88	95
Col Power 5s, 1953	86	89	Puget Sd Tr, L & P 7s	99	100
Conn Power 5s, 1963	85	90	So Cal Edison 5s, '39	88	92
Consumers Pow 5s, '36	88	89½	S W Power 5s, 1943	81	86
Dallas Electric 5s	92	96	Twin S G & E 5s, '35	80	86
East Tex Elec col 5s	84	88	Un L & R 1st 5s, '32	84	88
East Tex Elec 7s, '21	98	98	Un L & R deb 6s, '26	87	93
El Paso Elec col 5s	83	90	Un Util cv 6s, '43	80	88
Empire Gas & F 6s	97½	98½	U S Pub Svc 6s, 1927	84	94
Empire Refining 6s	94	97	Utah Securities 6s, 1922	90	91
Gt West Power 5s, '46	84	86	Wash-Idaho W, Lt&P 6s	90	94
Gt West Power 6s, '25	87	92			

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
180	Atlantic Pet.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
150	Balt Tube	71½	71½	71½
2,956	Cosden	88⅛	83½	88⅛
1	Con Coal	82½	82½	82½
7	Con Power	105	105	105
20	Canton	160	160	160
158	Fidel Depos.	131	131	131
25	New Amster. dam	22½	22½	22½
285	United Rys.	16	15½	15⅝
25	U S Fidelity	140	140	140
15	W, B & A	26	26	26

Bonds.

$7,000	Cosden 6s, B	90½	90½	$5,000	Kirby Lum 6s
2,000	Con Pow 7s	100⅜	100⅜	5,000	United Rys 4s
4,000	Elkhorn F 6s	98¼	98¼	2,000	Do inc 4s

$5,000	Kirby Lum 6s	98½	98½	98½
5,000	United Rys 4s	71	71	71
2,000	Do inc 4s	50½	50½	50½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am Zinc pf.	43½	43½	43½
255	Ahmeek	71½	67¾	71½
10	Alaska	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
35	Allouez	40⅛	38	40⅛
270	Anaconda	62½	61¾	62⅜
515	Ariz Com'l	12¾	12	12⅝
459	Cal & Ariz	60⅝	59	60
5	Cal & Hecla	409	409	409
80	Centennial	15	15	15
100	Chino	36¼	36¼	36¼
750	Cop Range	43½	41½	43½
2,525	Davis Daly	6	5¼	6
450	East Butte	9	8¼	9
455	Franklin	3¼	3	3⅛
100	Granby	69	69	69
240	Hancock	6	5¾	6
510	Isle Royale	27	25	27
100	Kerr Lake	5¼	5⅛	5⅛
355	Lake Copper	4⅛	4	4⅛
930	Mass Con	4⅝	4¼	4⅜
525	Mayflower	4	3½	3⅞
200	Michigan	3	3	3
130	Mohawk	58	55	58
275	New Cornelia	17½	16½	17½
615	North Butte	11¾	10	11¾
195	Old Dom	55	54	55½
203	Osceola	51	48	51
43	Quincy	60	55	60
65	Seneca	15	14	14
200	Shannon	2½	2⅛	2½
50	St M Land	43	43	43
110	Sup Cop	5⅛	4⅞	5⅛
600	Sup & Bos	2¼	2¼	2⅜
100	Trinity	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
310	U S Smelt	51½	50⅝	51
60	Do pf	48	48	48
650	Utah Apex	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
340	Utah Con	8	7⅞	8
10	Utah Copper	75½	75½	75½
100	Utah Metal	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
50	Victoria	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
64	Winona	90c	80c	80c
140	Wolverine	17½	17	17½

Railroads

425	Boston Elev.	70	69	69
15	Boston & Me.	30	30	30
10	EastMass adj	40¼	40¼	40¼
125	EastMassRy.	24½	24½	24½
1,750	Mass Elec	1⅞	1½	1⅝
1,420	Do pf	6	5	5
125	NY, NH & H	29½	29½	29½
105	West End pf	53	52½	53

Miscellaneous.

20	Am Ag Ch	104	104	104
9	Do pf	99	99	99
1,664	Am Bosch	66	65	66
20	Am Sug pf	116	115¾	116
10	Amoskeag	83	83	83
20	Do pf	80	80	80
178	Am T & T	105¾	105	105
10	Am Wool	57½	55¾	57½
91	Do pf	98	97½	98
10	A, G & W I	120⅞	120⅞	120⅞
60	Booth	21¼	21¼	21¼
50	Cent Steel	14⅝	14½	14½
10	Cuban Port	11	10½	11
28	Edison	169	168	168
12	East S S	8	8	8
310	Fairbanks	57⅝	57½	57¼
9	Gen Elec	156⅜	156½	156½
100	Gorton	28¾	28½	28¼
210	Int Port	4¾	4¾	4¾
155	Do pf	19	19	19
3,415	Island Oil	8⅝	7⅝	7⅝
1,250	Lindsay Lt.	16⅜	16	16¼
20	M Ward pf	111½	110¼	111½
53	Midw Util	25	25	25
183	Do pf	51½	50	51½
10	Pub Serv pf	92	92	92
40	Qu Gas pf	102	102	102
120	Sears, Roeb	176	175	176
737	Stew Warn	93	92¼	92½
11,601	Swift Inter	62⅝	60¾	60¾
6,444	Swift & Co	142	139⅝	139½
6,543	Un Carbide	68½	66⅝	68
73	Wilson	83½	83½	83½

Bonds.

$1,000	A, G W I 5s	81	81	81
2,000	U S Sm 6s	100	99⅝	100
$1,000	Swift 5s	96	96	96

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Am Ship	107½	107½	107½
480	Armour pf	101	101	101
1,630	Booth Fish	21½	21¼	21½
990	C & Ry	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
500	Do pf	8	8	8
120	Chi Pneu T	65	65	65
10	Ch Ry, Ser 2	7	7	7
78	Chi T & T	183	183	183
475	Cudahy	113	112	112
30	Com Edison	114	114	114
80	Dia Match	114⅛	113	114½
30	Ill Brick	64	64	64
4,298	Lib, McN & L	30¼	29	29
1,250	Lindsay Lt.	16⅜	16	16¼
20	M Ward pf	111½	110¼	111½
53	Midw Util	25	25	25
183	Do pf	51½	50	51½
10	Pub Serv pf	92	92	92
40	Qu Oats pf	102	102	102
120	Sears, Roeb	176	175	176
737	Stew Warn	93	92¼	92½
11,601	Swift Inter	62⅝	60¾	60¾
6,444	Swift & Co	142	139⅝	139½
6,543	Un Carbide	68½	66⅝	68
73	Wilson	83½	83½	83½

Bonds.

$2,000	Chi Telep 5s	96	96	96
9,000	P S N I 5s	87½	87½	87¼
$10,000	Swift 1st 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Am Gas	64	64	64
150	Am Milling	12¼	12¼	12¼
100	Brill	37½	37½	37½
310	Elec & Peo	69¾	69¾	69¾
76	Ins Co N A	28½	28½	28½
315	Lake Super	20	19½	19½
11	P Co cum pf	34	34	34
*Ex dividend.				
342	Phila Elec	25⅜	25¼	25¼
45	Phila R T	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞
250	Ton Mining	3	3	3
8	Union Trac	39	39	39
145	Un Gas Imp	70	70	70
400	War I & S	8½	8⅜	8⅜
30	W Cramp & S	94	93	93

Bonds.

$1,000	Con Tr N J 5s	86	86	$10,000	LV Coal 6s
2,000	City Phil 4s	97	97	1,000	Pb Co cons 5s, stpd.
1,000	E & P Tr 4s	70	70	1,000	Phila El 1st 5s
3,000	Inter Rys 4s	40	40	1,000	Welsh'l col tr 5s
2,000	L V Cons 6s	102	102		
1,000	L V Coal 5s	100	100		
$10,000	LV Coal 6s	101⅞	101¾	101⅞
1,000	Pb Co cons 5s, stpd.	86½	86½	86½
1,000	Phila El 1st 5s	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
1,000	Welsh'l col tr 5s	96½	96½	96½

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
455	Am Sewer P	10¼	10¼	10¼
75	Am W G M	84½	84½	84
40	Beth Steel, B	70⅝	70⅝	70⅝
20	Con Ice pf	24½	24½	24½
820	Ind Brewing	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
397	Lone Star Gas	227	215	223
108	Mfrs L & H	49¾	49½	49½
820	Nat Firepfg	8¼	8	8⅛
160	Do pf	15	15	15
130	Ohio Fuel Oil	18½	18½	18½
35	Ohio FuelSup	46¼	46	46
630	Okla Gas	32⅝	32½	32⅝
85	Pitts Brew	5¾	5¾	5¾
4,000	Pitts Jerome	15c	14c	14c
500	PittsMtShas.	31c	31c	31c
1,746	Pitts D & G	11⅜	10¼	11¼
50	Riv'side East	¾	¾	¾
150	Do pf	2¾	2¾	2¾
142	U S Steel	99⅞	99	99⅞
50	W'houseElec	46¾	46¾	46¾
20	Do pf	62	62	62

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	17⅜	18¼	17⅜
Atlantic Refining	1240	1260	1240
Berne-Scrymser	490	515	490
Buckeye Pipe Line	97	99	97
Chesebrough Mfg.	315	340	315
Continental Oil	535	550	535
Crescent Pipe Line	86	90	86
Cumberland P L	190	200	190
Eureka Pipe Line	170	173	168
Galena-Signal Oil	104	107	104
Do pf, new	110	113	110
Do pf, old	125	130	125
Illinois Pipe Line	170	175	170
Indiana Pipe Line	101	103	99
Int Pet Co, Ltd	21¼	21⅝	21¼
National Transit	21½	22⅛	21½
N Y Transit	187	200	187
Northern Pipe Line	108	115	108
Ohio Oil	330	335	333
Penn-Mex Fuel	52	56	52
Prairie Oil & Gas	620	640	625
Prairie Pipe Line	262	268	262
Solar Refining	335	370	355
Southern Pipe Line	163	168	163
South Penn Oil	290	295	290
Southwest Penn	97	104	95
Stand Oil of Cal	264	267	264
Stand Oil of Ind	760	770	760
Stand Oil of Kan	570	600	570
Stand Oil of Ky	390	400	390
Stand Oil of Neb	525	550	540
Stand Oil of N J	668	673	670
Stand Oil of N Y	340	349	346
Stand Oil of Ohio	470	490	470
Swan & Finch	95	100	95
Union Tank	114	116	114
Vacuum Oil	410	415	410
Washington Oil	35	40	35

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Am Cigar	130	135	130
Do pf	83	88	83
Conley Foil	205	226	205
Geo W Helme Co.	165	170	165
Do pf	109½	111	109½
J S Young	125	145	125
Do pf	98	105	98
MacA & Forbes	200	215	205
MacA & Forbes pf	90	100	90
P R-Am Tobacco	128	134	128
R J Reynolds, A	420	450	420
Do B	350	390	375
Do pf	110	113	110
Weyman-Bruton	170	175	170
Do pf	103	*108	103

*Ex dividend.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Profit-taking in the final hour of the market yesterday on the Consolidated Exchange made for a material reduction in earlier advances. The pressure continued to the close, affecting the entire list. The reaction appeared as natural in view of the sharp advance, the result of a demand in evidence from the outset, and despite the late selling the undertone of the market continued firm. Trading throughout the session was in moderate volume, and, while the market was fairly broad, speculative activity was centred in certain groups of industrials.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
30	Ajax Rub	74¼	74¼	74½
150	Allis-Chalm	36⅝	36	36¼
10	Am Beet Sug	75¾	73½	75¾
650	Am Can	51⅜	51⅜	51⅝
20	Am Car & F	90¼	90	90¼
30	Am Cot Oil	48⅝	48⅜	48⅝
110	Am Drug	13¾	13¼	13¾
1,090	Am H & L	23	21⅝	22⅞
890	Do pf	101¾	100⅞	101
440	Am Int'l	72	71¼	71¼
80	Am Locomo.	68½	66½	68⅜
710	Am Sm & R.	70¾	69⅝	70¾
200	Am Sugar	125	124½	124½
220	Am Su Tob.	113	111¾	112⅜
40	Am Tel & T.	105⅜	104⅜	105⅜
150	Am Wr P pf	41	40⅜	41
120	Am Woolen	58	55⅜	57½
500	Anaconda	62¼	62	62¼
10	Assoc D G	23½	23¼	23½
400	A, G & W I	122	119¼	121¼
2,830	B'dwiw Loco	89⅞	88	89
1,340	Beth Steel, B	71	70¼	70¾
261	B'klyn R T	23	22⅜	23
60	Butte & Sup	23½	22¾	23
50	Cal Petrol	25¼	25	25¼
10	Can Pacific	150¾	150¾	150¾
970	Cent Leather	77¼	75⅝	75⅝
440	Chile Cop	24⅜	24½	24⅛
30	Chino Cop	36⅛	36⅛	36¼
260	Corn Prod	59⅝	58⅝	58⅝
210	CrucibleSteel	67¼	66¼	66¾
200	Cuba C Sug.	24½	24½	24½
220	Dist Secur.	64⅛	63½	63½
30	Erie	16⅜	16⅛	16⅜
280	Gast'n, W&W	30½	29½	29⅝
807	Gen Cigars.	53¾	53	53
150	Gen Motors	171¾	170½	170½
30	Goodrich Co.	70	68⅝	70
10	Greene-Can.	43⅝	43⅜	43⅜
645	Inspira Cop.	51⅝	50½	51¼
120	Int Mer Mar.	27¼	26⅝	26⅝
2,420	Do pf	115	113⅝	114
250	Int'l Nickel	26⅜	26	26⅜
190	Int'l Paper	46¼	46	46
380	Interbor Con	4½	4¼	4¼
10	Do pf	14½	14½	14½
50	Jewel Tea	40¾	40⅝	40⅝
18,500	Lib, McN & L	30¼	29¾	29¾
1,500	Marx & Am	4½	4½	4⅝
4,000	Nat C & I	63	62	63
3,800	Nat Conduit	17⅝	16⅝	17¼
50	Nat Enamel	53⅜	53½	53½
10	Nor Pacific	93½	93½	93⅜
90	Ohio Cit Gas	38⅝	38⅜	38⅝
460	Okla Oil	8¾	8⅝	8¼
40	Pan Am P&T	81	80¼	80¼
50	Pennsylvania	44½	44½	44½
70	Pierce Oil	18⅝	18¼	18½
25	Ry Stl Spgs.	78½	78⅝	78½
20	Ray Copper.	20⅜	20¼	20⅜
270	Reading	84¾	83½	83½
80	Rep Iron & S	82⅜	82¾	82¾
10	Royal Dutch	92	92	92
100	Saxon Mots.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
90	SlossSh'ffA	12⅜	12	12⅜
380	Sinclair Oil	46	45¾	45¾
370	South Pac.	102¾	101¾	102
60	Southern Ry	28¼	28	28
40	Do pf	68¼	68	68½
495	Studebaker	65	64½	64¾
150	Tenn Copper	13⅜	13⅜	1
60	Texas Co	212¾	211	212¾
100	Tex & Pac.	33¾	32	33¾
130	Tob Prod	91¼	90¾	91
20	Union Pac.	129½	129¾	129½
205	U C Stores	134⅝	133½	134
2,470	U S Ind Alc.	151¾	149	149
140	U S Rubber.	84¾	83	83⅞
22,150	U S Steel	100¾	98⅝	100
370	Utah Cop	75¾	75¼	75½
20	W'houseElec	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
105	Willys-Over.	29⅜	29¼	29⅜
290	Wilson & Co	83¾	82½	82½

Scientific Management of Coal Mines

¶ We put the *science* of thirty years successful experience in the management of coal mines at the disposal of our clients

¶ We undertake the management of properties with or without a separate agreement for the sale of the output.

¶ In addition we finance mines, appraise coal lands, do engineering and supervise construction. We also act as agent for the purchase of fuel supply of manufacturers, railroads and dealers.

¶ An inquiry will bring an explanation of our service.

Peabody Coal Company
332 So. Michigan Ave.
CHICAGO

Profitable Investing
$200 Buys

2 Shares 8% Cumulative Preferred Stock, Par $100 ..... $200
5 Shares Common Stock, Par $10 50
Total par value $250

An active, growing company enjoying an ever increasing business with practically no competition. Products on sale throughout U. S.

There Are No Bonds

Sinking Fund provisions endow this issue with attractions similar to those of a

Short Term Sinking Fund Bond

Earnings 1918 more than twice Preferred Dividends. Earnings estimated for first year after full application of proceeds of this issue equal to 10 times Preferred Dividends.

Common Stock should show 20% earnings after preferred dividends and sinking fund provisions which call for redemption of Preferred Stock at 120%, at rate of 10% annually.

Write for descriptive Pamphlet H.

A. HICKS LAWRENCE
10 Wall Street, New York

Many opportunities for those seeking employment in the export field are to be found among the classified advertisements in

EXPORT TRADE
A Weekly News Magazine for Exporters and Manufacturers.

10 cents a copy on news stands. $3.00 a year from the publishers.

ASHWELL, DAVIS & CO., INC.
150 Nassau St., New York City

Texas Oil Field
Investigations and Negotiations for Capitalists and Syndicates

A specialist starts in April on trip over Texas oil fields; will conduct confidential investigations and preliminary negotiations for people of standing. Stands own expense, will participate in handling good propositions. Satisfactory references furnished. Address P. O. Box 981, City Hall Station, New York.

WANTED
Trader in Unlisted Securities

by prominent New York Stock Exchange house. Good opportunity for experienced and thoroughly reliable man. Communications, which will be treated as confidential, will be considered only if they contain full particulars as to personal history, business experience, salary heretofore received and salary expected. Address "Unlisted," P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station.

ADVERTISING
Placed in all Publications
Copy Prepared, Estimates Furnished
Frank Kiernan & Co.
Telephone Cort. 1234. 135 Broadway, N.Y.

LIGHTER CAPTAINS QUIT PORT WORKERS' STRIKE

Of 16,000 Men Only 5,000 Hold Out—Boat Owners Offer Wage Increase.

The harbor strike, which has interfered with shipping in New York harbor for more than a month, and has driven many steamers to other ports, appeared to be nearing an end yesterday when the Lighter Captains' Union voted to accept the terms of the employers and to return to work.

After this decision had been taken less than 5,000 remained on strike of the 16,000 harbor workers who had originally quit their work, and most of the 5,000 have now before them offers of wage increases from the private boat owners to which they are giving earnest consideration.

The Lighter Captains' Union accepted wage increases of slightly more than 20 per cent., giving them a wage schedule from $25 to $29 a week as against a previous schedule of from $21 to $25 a week. This was considerably more than the men were allowed under the Macy award and somewhat less than the wages which the Railroad Administration paid in order to induce the strikers to return to Government work. No change is made in hours and working conditions.

The lighter Captains acted yesterday in defiance of the officials of the Marine Workers' Affiliation, who have been in charge of the strike, and against the protest of their own President, James McGuire. President McGuire said yesterday that he was against agreements between the boat owners and individual unions and that the meeting to consider the boat owners' offer was held without his sanction. At the meeting President John Brennan of the Tideboatmen's Union, who returned to work several days ago, announced that his organization had withdrawn from the Marine Affiliation because of the attacks made by the officials of the affiliation on T. V. O'Connor, President of the International Longshoremen's Association.

President Thomas L. Delahunty of the Marine Affiliation said last night that the action of the lighter Captains would not put an end to the strike and that the rest of the strikers were as firm as ever against returning to work on the conditions offered by the private boat owners.

WANT HIGHER RAIL RATES.

Louisville & Nashville Income Cut—7% Dividend Expected.

LOUISVILLE, April 2.—Still further railroad rate increases are necessary to maintain higher wages for employes, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, whose report was submitted to the annual stockholders' meeting here today.

The report showed an apparent net loss in income of more than $5,000,000 for the year under Government supervision as compared with the 1917 period under private ownership.

The report shows that the annual rental fixed for Government operation of the system was $17,310,494, which with other sources of revenue brought the gross income for the year up to $19,823,320. Total deductions made the net $11,119,356.

Notwithstanding the apparent cut in net income, the report asserts that it will "enable the payment of 7 per cent. dividends to stockholder and leave a reasonable surplus for betterments and improvements."

All Directors were re-elected. At a meeting in New York, April 17, they will name officers. Present plans, it was said, include the re-election of President Milton H. Smith.

FREE 38 I. W. W.'S ON BAIL.

Haywood and Others to Leave Prison Pending Court Review.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Thirty-eight convicted members of the I. W. W., now imprisoned at Leavenworth for violation of the espionage act, were ordered admitted to bail today by the Federal Circuit Court of Appeals, pending a review of their case by that tribunal. Fifty-five others, convicted in the same case, did not seek bail.

William D. Haywood, former head of the I. W. W., was required to provide the highest bond, $15,000. The others, who were required to furnish bonds of $5,000 to $10,000, are Charles Ashleigh, John Avilla, William Tanner, Francis Miller, George Speyctzine, Ralph Chaplin, Stanley Clark, Edward P. Doree, Forrest Edwards, Ray Fanning, Ben Fletcher, Harrison George, Joseph Gordon, Fred Jaakkola, Charles Jacobson, Raynor Johnson, Leo Laukki, Vladimir Losieff, Jack Law, J. A. McDonald, Walter T. Neff, Fred Nelson, John Pancher, Louis Parenti, Grover Perry, Albert Prashner, Charles Plahn, Charles Rothfisher, George Speed, Siegfried Stenberg, James P. Thompson, Frank Westerland, Price C. Wenter, Petro Nigrh, Vincent St. John, and Charles McWhirt.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., April 2.—W. D. Haywood, when told that an order had been issued admitting him and thirty-seven of his fellow-prisoners to bail, said:

"We will go ahead now and prepare for a rehearing as rapidly and as effectively as we can. What we are most greatly interested in is the repeal of those war laws which subjected us to conviction, and we expect to work to that end, as every other good American should be doing."

TENANTS WIN RENT FIGHT.

Langhorne Apartments Owners Retract Their Demands.

At a special meeting last night of the committee appointed by tenants of the Langhorne Apartments, 680 Riverside Drive, in their fight against the abrogation of existing leases and a proposed arbitrary increase in rents, Henry S. Miller, who has acted as counsel for the tenants, announced that the owners of the apartment house late yesterday had decided to retract their demands rather than have the points at issue taken into court.

A committee was appointed to wait upon Senator William Copeland Dodge of the Twentieth Senatorial District to ask him to introduce a bill in the Legislature that would protect tenants from the present apparent laxity of leasehold rights and from rent profiteering.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at the Auction Salesroom yesterday:

FOR ACCOUNT OF EXECUTORS.

52 shares Union Exchange National Bank, 172¾.
28 shares Home Insurance Co. of New York, 49¾.
25 shares Sanborn Map Co., 210.
10 shares Atlantic Safe Deposit Co., 92½.
50 shares Manhattan Transit Co., $20 lot.
$11,500 Guanajuata Reduction & Mines Co. 1st mortgage 6 per cent. gold bonds, due July 1st, 1924. July, 1915, coupons attached, 28.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

10 shares United Gas and Electric Corpn., (Conn.,) 1st preferred, 25.
120 shares Biograph Co. of America, 2.
75 shares Knox Hat Co., common V. T. C., 5.
21 shares Knox Hat Co., 2d preferred, 13.
20 shares Crocker-Wheeler Co., 7 per cent. cumulative preferred, $100 each, 96½.
200 shares Valley Power Co., $20,100 Valley Power Co. interim bond certificates, $235 lot.
1,000 shares the Permutit Co., common, $100 each, $100 lot.
18,991 shares Mexican Producing and Refining Co., $1 each, $100 lot.
12,667 shares Tamaulipas Oil Co., Inc., full paid, non-assessable, $1 each, $100 lot.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Pe-riod.	Pay-able.	Hold. of Record.
Am. Cigar	2	Q	May 1	Apr. 15
Am. Light & Trac.	2½	Q	May 1	Apr. 12
Do.	2½	St'k	May 1	Apr. 12
Do. pf.	1½	Q	May 1	Apr. 12
Fajardo Sugar	2½	Q	May 1	Apr. 22
Holly Sugar pf.	1¾	Q	May 1	Apr. 15
P. Marquette pr. pf.	1¼	Q	May 1	Apr. 18
Pitts. and W. Va. pf.	1½	Q	May 31	May 15
United Cigar Stores	2¼	Q	May 15	Apr. 30

FINDS TRADE ON SANE BASIS.

Bank Reports Good Progress in Readjustment of Business.

"It is important in judging trade conditions," says the Mechanics and Metals National Bank in its April circular, "to keep in mind the fact that reduction in our business activity has been from a peak that, until the climax of the war, had never been attained. Relatively to the latter part of the war period, business is indeed being conducted in the United States on a restricted scale. Relatively to any other period, however, it is being conducted on a large scale, and, through readjustment, with its great mass of conflicting elements, is in progress, we have evidence of a far more sane and orderly adjustment of affairs than most of us had hoped for.

"From the angle of the money market the demand for commercial funds has grown sufficiently less urgent, since the early part of the year, to bring about an easing of rates. Were it not for the fact that the Government is still in the market for credit on an extensive scale, and at a fixed rate of 4½ per cent., as represented by the great mass of certificates of indebtedness that has recently been sold, commercial rates would probably be lower than they are. However, general business throughout the country is sound and well sustained, and, despite continued readjustment, it ought to be even better sustained when the present waiting attitude is abandoned by those people who think that prices of material and labor are higher than warranted, and are about to drop far down."

Col. Baker to Head Steel Company.

The American International Steel Corporation announced yesterday that Lieut. Col. M. G. Baker, former assistant general manager of sales of the Cambrai Steel Company, and more recently connected with the United States Ordnance Department, has been appointed President of the corporation. Colonel Baker succeeds Edward M. Hagar, who died more than a year ago. Since then the business of the American International Steel Corporation has been in charge of Morris Metcalf, Vice President. Mr. Metcalf remains as Vice President. The company is a subsidiary of the American International Corporation.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Loans.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Argen. Govt.	6	May 15,'20	98⅝	99⅛	6.80
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1919	99⅛	99⅜	6.75
Gov. of N. F.	6	July, 1919	99½	99⅞	5.25
Norway Gov.	6	Feb., 1923	99¾	100¼	5.85
Prov. of Que.	5	Apr., 1920	98½	99	5.50
Russian Gov.	6½	June, 1919	61	63	..
Do rubles	5½	Feb.14,'26	120	125	..
Russian Gov.	5½	Dec., 1921	54	57	..
Swiss Gov.	5½	Mar., 1920	99	99⅛	5.25

Company Issues.

A. B. Mag. C.	7	Jan.,'20-22	99½	101½	6.65
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Sep., 1919	99½	99⅞	5.40
Am. Cot. Oil.	7	Sep., 1919	100⅜	100⅝	6.50
Am. P. & L.	6	Aug., 1921	90	96	9.00
Am. Thread.	6	Dec., 1928	101	102	5.75
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	99½	99⅝	6.10
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1919	100⅞	101⅛	4.70
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov.,1922	103	103⅛	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1921	102¼	102⅝	5.80
Am. Tob. Co.	7	Nov., 1922	103	103½	5.85
Am. Tob. Co.		Nov., 1923	104	104⅜	5.80
Ark. Val. Ry.					
L. & P.	6	July, 1919	98	100	7.00
B. & O. R.	5	July, 1919	99½	99⅞	5.50
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'19	100⅜	100⅝	5.25
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'20	101¼	101½	5.75
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'21	101⅝	101⅞	6.30
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'22	101¾	101⅞	6.45
Beth. S. Corp.	7	July15,'23	101⅜	101½	6.40
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100⅜	100⅝	5.85
Cen. Arg. Ry.	6	Feb., 1919	98¼	98½	7.95
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1920	99	100	6.00
Chi. Pn. Tool.	6	Oct., 1921	98½	99¼	6.20
Chi. B. & Q.	4	July 10,'21	90¼	95⅝	5.85
C. R.I. & P.	4	Feb., 1922	86	90⅛	5.55
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1920	99⅞	100¼	5.40
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99⅞	100¼	5.60
Cud'hy P. Co.	7	July15,'23	101⅞	102¼	6.40
Del. & Hud.	6	Aug., 1929	98½	99¼	6.70
Duq. Lt. Co.	6	July, 1921	98	98⅜	6.50
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1919	99⅜	100	8.00
Fed. Sug. R.	5	Jan., 1920	98	99⅛	5.75
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1919	100⅛	100⅜	5.25
Gen. Electric.	6	July, 1920	101	101⅛	5.75
Gt. A. & P.	6	June, 1921	99	99½	6.25
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98¾	99	6.00
Hocking Val.					
R. R. Co.	6	Mar., 1924	97¼	98	6.50
L. G. & E.	7	Sep., 1920	96½	99½	7.50
M. V. C. & E.	5	May, 1922	86	87¼	9.25
Met. Ed.	6	Dec., 1920	92	97½	7.75
N. Y. Central	6	Sep., 1919	99¾	99⅞	5.75
Okla. G. & E.	6	June, 1919	98	100	8.00
Ott. Ry. & L.	7	Dec., 1920	95	99	8.00
Ott. Ry. & L.					
1st & reg.	5	June, 1924	89	91	..
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	97	97½	5.75
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	96	96¼	7.30
Pitts. & S.R.R.	6	Mar., 1920	99½	100⅜	5.60
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1920	101¾	101⅞	5.05
Proc. & Gam.	7	May, 1921	102	102½	5.65
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	103	103½	5.70
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1923	103⅜	104¼	5.85
Pub. S. Corp.	6	Mar., 1922	97	98½	7.55
Roch. R. & L.	7	Sep., 1921	100	101	6.55
San Diego G. & E.	6	Dec., 1922	91	96	7.50
Shawing, W. & G.	6	Dec., 1919	103	103¾	..
St.G. & E.sec.	7	Sep., 1921	96	100	8.00
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	99½	99¾	6.15
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1921	100	100¼	6.00
Stude. Corp.	7	Jan., 1929	96½	97¼	7.25
United Lt. & Ry. Sec.	6	May, 1920	97	99	7.25
U.L.& Ry.sec.	7	Apr., 1923	97	99	7.38
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	90¼	92	8.70
W. E. & M.	6	Feb.19,'20	99⅞	100¼	5.90

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1919-'27	4	@4½	5.90 5.55
Brit., R. & Pitts.	1919-'33	4½	@5	5.90 5.65
Canadian North.	1919-'29	4½	@5-6	6.38 6.12
Canadian Pacific.	1919-'28	4½		5.96 5.50
Ches. & Ohio	1919-'27	4½		6.00 5.60
Chicago & N.W.	1919-'23	4½		5.80 5.20
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1919-'27	4½	@5	6.40 5.80
C., St. L. & N. O.	1919-'24	5		5.85 5.35
Chickasaw Ref.	1919-'21	6		7.62 7.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1919-'29	5		6.20 5.75
Del. & Hudson	1919-'22	4½		5.87 5.50
Erie R. R.	1919-'27	4½	@5	5.87 5.67
Illinois Central	1919-'26	4½	@5	5.65 5.25
Louis. & Nash.	1919-'23	5		5.65 5.25
Michigan Central	1919-'52	5	@6	6.10 5.70
Minn. & St. Louis	1919-'27	5		6.45 5.95
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1919-'23	5		7.00 6.05
Missouri Pacific	1919-'22	5		7.00 6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1919-'28	4½	@5	6.35 5.80
N. Y. C. Lines	1919-'28	4½	@5	5.95 5.50
N. Y. Cent. R. R.	1919-'23	4½		5.15 5.80
Norf. & Western	1919-'24	4½		5.65 5.25
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1919-'28	4½	@5-6	6.50 6.00
Penn. Gen. Fr'ght	1919-'23	4	@4½	5.80 5.20
Reading Co.	1919-'27	4½		5.70 5.45
Seaboard Air L.	1919-'26	4½	@6	6.50 6.00
Sinclair Refining.	1919-'21	6		7.00 6.20
Southern Pacific.	1919-'26	4½		5.70 5.40
Southern Railway.	1919-'24	4½	@5	6.10 5.65
Union Tank	1919-'20	5		6.05 5.50

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.02	Hale & Norcross	.12
Alta	.01	Jacket	.05
Andes	.06	Mexican	.16
Best & Belcher	.03	Occidental	.40
Bullion	.02	Ophir	.49
Caledonia	.10	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.03	Savage	.10
Con. Imperial	.02	Sierra Nevada	.14
Con. Virginia	.50	Union Con.	.16
Gould & Curry	.03	Mexican dollars	.77½
TONOPAH.		Tonop. Dividend	.42
Alto	.28	Tonopah Ext.	2.25
Ben Hur	.18	Ton. Seventy-Six	.09
Brougher Divide	1.87½	West End	1.77½
Cash Boy	.11	West Tonopah	.27
Divide Con.	.49	GOLDFIELD.	
Divide Annex	.15	Atlanta	.05
Divide Extension	.78	Bluebell	.04
Divide Junior	.14	Booth	.25
East Divide	.32	Crackerjack	.07
Gold Reef	.47	Florence	.49
Gold Wedge Div.	.15	Goldfield Con.	.19
Gold Zone	.73	Goldfield Merger	.06
Halifax	.10	Great Bend	.04
Hasbrouck	.54	Jumbo Ext.	.13
High Divide	.25	Kewanaa	.06
Jim Butler	.82	Lone Star	.16
McNamara	.60	Red Hill	.06
Midway	.39	Silver Pick	.09
Mizpah	.06	Spearhead	.12
Monarch Pitts.	.08	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Montana	.20	Manhattan Con.	.05
North Divide	.13	Mayflower	.03
North Star	.08	Nevada Hills	.03
Rescue	.08	Packard	.25
Rosetta	.26	Rochester	.20
Silver King	.21	Round Mountain	.30
Sutherland	.22	United Eastern	4.75
Tonopah Divide	8.37½	White Caps	.14

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4½	4⅝	Isabella	.5	5½
Dr. Jackpot	4¾	5	McKinley	6½	8
Elkton	4¾	7	Portland	.95	100
El Paso	15	30	U. Gold M.	17½	19
Golden C.	.178	180	Vindicator	.40	45
Granite	.14	..	Rose Nicol.	8¾	13½

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Airplane	1½	2	La Rose	.26	30
Amer. Oil	6⅝	7	Iron Blossom	.30	33
Bay S Gas	6	7	Iron Cap	10	10¾
Bos Ariz		1¼	Jer Verde	.67	72
Boston Ely	1½	1¾	Majestic	.10	11
Bos Mont	54	56	Mex Metals	.22	24
Bohemia	.75	90	Moj Tung	4	5
Begole	.25	50	New Baltic	1	1¼
Butte & Lon.	11	14	Nas. L & Z.	8	10
Calaveras	1	2	Nixon Nev	.33	35
Champ. old	2	2½	New Doug	.15	20
Chief Con	3½	3¾	Oneco	20	40
Con Aris	1	1½	Onondaga	10	15
Con Copper	4¾	5⅛	Pilgrim	.45	55
Cortez	13	16	Rainier	.60	65
Crystal	.24	26	Seven Metals	.58	60
Crown Res.	.47	52	S W Miami, full paid	¾	..
Denbigh	.23	24	Texana	.34	35
Earle B. B.	2½	2¾	Truro	¾	¾
Fortuna	2	3	Un Ver Ext.	.35	36
Gold Lake	1	3	Victoria	1	1¼
Houghton	15	30	Yukon	.70	90
Ioma Oil	.40	41			

MIDVALE DIVIDEND IS CUT.

Quarterly Payment of $1 for Stockholders on Record April 15.

Directors of the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company reduced the dividend from a $6 to a $4 per share, annual basis, at a meeting yesterday. A quarterly payment of $1 was declared, due May 1, to stockholders of record April 15. The reason for the cut was to conserve the company's cash resources.

The annual report a few days ago showed that a balance equal to $14.60 per share had been earned on the stock in 1918. Cash holdings at the end of the year were in the neighborhood of $12,000,000, which the management apparently considered no more than adequate for the future needs of the company. The dividend reduction will amount to a saving of $4,000,000 per year. The company last year made heavy investments in plant and inventory to handle war business, and it is expected that a conservative attitude toward dividends will be maintained until trade is back on a normal basis and the inventories are worked up.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 2.—Forty-seven new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $5,180,000, were chartered today. They include:

Cameo Exhibition Corp., Manhattan, motion pictures; 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $5,000; A. Capellani, H. Cahan, W. F. Welch, 120 Broadway.

Beck's Bakery, Inc., Bronx, $15,000; A. Beck, G. and I. Theis, 220 Willis Av., Bronx.

Quatmerlis, Inc., Manhattan, butter, eggs, and dairy products, $5,000; J. and E. Quat, R. Manlis, 319 East 20th St.

W. W. Kingston & Co., Poughkeepsie, contracting and engineering, $25,000; W. W. and M. L. Kingston, J. Butler, Uoughkeepsie.

Johnny Dooley Film Comedies, Inc., Manhattan, $20,000; H. S. Hechelmer, M. Rothstein, M. Oppenheim, 220 West 42d St.

The L. L. Hayman Corp., Manhattan, commission business, $50,000; M. Lippman, D. Landau, E. Gold, 241 East 79th St.

Electron Cont. and Supply Co., Manhattan, $5,000; A. Hausrath, J. P. H. Dewindt, F. H. Bowers, 2,071 8th Av.

Products of American Industries, Inc., Manhattan, selling agents in textiles, wearing apparel, and shoes, $25,000; M. G. and D. G. and H. P. Adams, 1,571 7th Av.

Reliable Importing Co., Manhattan, drugs, medicines, and food products, $10,000; J. Wallace, M. Wilenchik, R. Lapides, 440 East 156th St.

David Ferencz, Inc., Manhattan, embroideries, laces and trimmings, $5,000; E. Gold, M. Lippman, D. Landau, 192 Jackson Av., Bronx.

Barr-Shufro Co., New York, Manhattan, paggares, buttons and bindings, $5,000; J. and B. M. Shufro, N. Barr, 115 Greene St.

Wayland Masonic Temple Assn., Wayland, Steuben County, build Masonic Temple, $10,000; G. D. Abrams, W. H. Deitzel, W. H. Foltz, Wayland.

De Luxe Vending Machine Co., Manhattan, $10,000; W. F. Shork, M. Schaffer, F. Q. Rast, 109 West 225th St.

Cohen & Benowitz, Inc., Manhattan, jobbing in woolen and textile goods, $20,000; H. Goldstein, C. Cohen, A. Benowitz, 162 Henry St.

Northwestern Supply Co., Manhattan, realty and selling agents, $5,000; J. T. and C. C. Cooley, L. A. Ryder, 54 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

S. S. Sager's Laboratories, Inc., Buffalo, drugs and medicines, $50,000; H. F. Strickler, J. W. Cobb, S. S. Sager, Buffalo.

J. and L. Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. M. Sinske, S. J. Jacobs, L. Livingston, 638 West 160th St.

Available Motor Truck Sales Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; J. H. Korman, Jr., E. B. and S. G. Gartley, 321 90th St., Brooklyn.

New System Watch Case Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Gottfield, A. Lavezzo, N. H. Kramer, 51 Chambers St.

Commonwealth Ice Co. of New York, Inc., Manhattan, 7,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 10,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $750,000; D. Goldbery, I. Freundlich, E. A. McShane, 165 Broadway.

Tabanor Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $5,000; B. Rosenblatt, J. H. Slater, R. A. Field, 835 Greene Av., Brooklyn.

National Mayonaise Machine Co., Brooklyn, engines and machinery and supplies, $50,000; M. Schuker, W. W. Schuker, M. E. Jacobsen, 408 Fifth Av., Brooklyn.

Messer Welding Supply Corp., Brooklyn, $20,000; A. E. Hauck, A. H. Stein, A. P. Link, 101 111th St., Brooklyn.

Sunset Bungalow Co., Brooklyn, $25,000; C. S. Vossert, R. Cooney, J. Moser, Long Beach.

Parbora Corp., Hempstead, motion pictures, $5,000; S. Feintuch, T. Gutman, L. Levy, 1,452 President St., Brooklyn.

C. M. J. B. Realty Co., Bronx, $5,000; J. Berlin, C. W. Mark, B. B. Isaacs, 60 St. Nicholas Av.

Smith and Stone Cont. Co., Manhattan, $10,000; H. and M. and A. Stone, 2,060 Mapes Av.

Bandor Oilve Oil Co., Manhattan, $15,000; B. Kats, H. Von Bremen, H. T. Asche, 587 Riverside Drive.

Bollettino Della Sera, Inc., Manhattan, printing and publishing, $300,000; F. Pellegatti, F. and E. Giordano, 137 West 188th St.

Andayd Export and Trading Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; T. S. Wilkinson, T. J. Andrews, W. M. Aydelotte, 120 Broadway.

Tatra Production Corp., Manhattan, motion pictures, $30,000; H. Steminski, A. V. Piskorski, F. O. Johnson, 29 Waverley Place.

A. L. Winkel, Inc., Manhattan, poultry and produce, $7,000; J. Harris, M. Helfer, A. L. Winkel, 1076 Bryant Av., Bronx.

St. Charles Bakery and Restaurant, Inc., Manhattan, $10,000; J. W. Umans, M. Spater, F. Hains, 606 West 137th St.

American Knit Goods Corp., Manhattan, $35,000; W. A. Harder, F. A. Wish, F. C. Strype, 320 Broadway.

R. and T. Motor Service Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; W. A. Russo, A. W. and H. H. Todehush, 422 Hart St., Brooklyn.

Clift & Goodrich, Inc., Manhattan, selling agents in underwear and hosiery, $1,500,000; P. McKenzie, W. C. Jones, E. I. Goodrich, 220 Broadway.

Inter-Transit Realty Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; A. M. Schwencke, C. E. and W. J. Atkin, 1073 East Second St., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Madeira Embroidery Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $300,000.

Standard Finding Co., Manhattan, $13,500 to $75,000.

Hughes and Curren Co., Rochester, $3,000 to $60,000.

Sartorial Art Clothes Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Chain Shirt Shops, Manhattan, $100,000 to $500,000.

Cramer Hat Frame Co., Manhattan, $2,400 to $35,000.

Cramer & McCutchen Co., Tarrytown, $20,000 to $40,000.

MERGER.

McKearin & McClellan, Inc., Troy, with Knox & Mead Co.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

The Opitulating Co., Del., grocery stores, $100,000; representative, J. L. Thomas, Binghamton.

Peter Hernig, Inc., Del., dairy products, 500 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $10 shares; representative, H. S. Gould, 37 Wall St.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Elizabeth King Institute, Inc., Manhattan, to King Institute of Efficiency, Inc.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Arthul L. Powell, Inc., Manhattan.
The Bronx Produce Co., Manhattan.
Bellerive Coal Corp., Manhattan.
Red Line Messenger Co., Syracuse.
Bernstein & Shapiro, Inc., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., April 2.—Charters filed:

Pioneer Petroleum Co., $1,500,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, of Wilmington.

Chemichoue Corporation, chemical compounds of all kinds, $1,000,000; Grant Hammond, George R. Davies, F. Amos Johnston, all of New Haven, Conn.

Efancee Chemical Co., $100,000; Horace G. Eastburn, M. E. Doto, Artemus Smith, of Wilmington.

Bullers, Inc., stationers, &c., $100,000; Alvin B. Robertson, S. D. Townsend, Jr., A. F. Husler, all of Wilmington.

Divine Syndicate, Inc., mining business; J. F. Cleveland, F. W. Dennis, J. H. Britt, all of New York, $150,000.

The Union Const. Co., $100,000; Solomon Jones, Augustus M. Brown, William Anderson, C. M. Thiedanc, all of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Ranger Golf Corp., to acquire oil lands and to develop same, $200,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, of Wilmington.

Principle Service & Shipping Corp., New York, $50,000; A. W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, Robert K. Thistle, all of New York.

The Superior Phonograph Co., $50,000; S. T. Herbert, J. V. Hughes, E. P. Geiger, R. J. Thompson, East Liverpool, Ohio.

The Trento Co., real estate, $40,000; Giacoma Amoross, Alfonso Negro, Denato Cottolesi, Frank Grottola, of Wilmington.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL STOCK.

Atlas Commerce Corp., New York, from $100,000 to $1,000,000.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	6.20	6.35	6.20	6.30
Spelter	6.45	6.55	6.45	6.55
Antimony	6.50	6.75	6.37½	6.62½
Quicksilver	$70.00	..	$70.00	..
Aluminium	28.00	30.00	28.00	30.00
Iron, No. 2X silicon	31.90		31.90	

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 15½c.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	80	10	0	79	0	0
Copper, futures	79	10	0	78	0	0
Tin, spot	219	10	0	226	10	0
Tin, futures	217	10	0	224	5	0
Spelter, spot	38	5	0	37	15	0
Spelter, futures	38	0	0	35	15	0
Lead, spot	26	10	0	27	0	0
Lead, futures	25	0	0	25	0	0

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA for February—

	1919.	1918.	Increase.
Gross	$1,853,156	$1,618,777	$234,379
Bal. aft. taxes	174,860	65,964	108,896
Net op. income	143,302	77,860	65,442
2 mos.' gross	4,108,604	3,277,893	890,111
Bal. aft. taxes	534,964	201,631	433,333
Net op. income	434,576	112,986	321,590

NORTHERN PACIFIC for February—

Gross	6,344,173	6,031,437	312,276
Bal. aft. taxes	1,189,361	889,047	300,314
Net op. income	1,317,542	1,206,186	111,356
2 mos.' gross	14,779,065	12,196,267	2,582,798
Bal. aft taxes

DENIES SELLING LAND TO JAPANESE

Reported Cessions in Lower California a Myth, High Mexican Official Asserts.

ALSO DENIED FOR JAPAN

Mikado's Minister to Mexico Says Story Is Baseless and Has Caused "Tempest in Teapot."

MEXICO CITY, April 1, (Associated Press.)—Salvador Gomez, Chief of Staff of the Department of Agriculture and Development, officially denied tonight reports that Japanese subjects had bought lands in Lower California. His statement was issued on behalf of the Department in the absence of Pastor Rouaix, the Secretary of Commerce, Labor, and Agriculture. It reads as follows:

"I can say that up to the present there has been no sale of lands in Lower California to Japanese subjects, neither has the Department of Development authorized anything giving foreigners rights to large extensions of lands in that section.

"Moreover, since our constitution prohibits the sale of national lands, this Department, in accord with President Carranza, is giving special attention to all matters referring to Lower California. Concessions of territory in that part of the Republic, which have been authorized, have been for a reduced number of hectares, and to residents of various small villages of that territory, following the policy of creating small land holdings with the object of favoring the natives."

Baron Fugitaro Otori, Japanese Minister to Mexico, tonight issued the following statement regarding the discussion over alleged attempts by Japanese interests to purchase lands in Lower California:

"A tempest in a teapot has been created, and I think the importance the American press has given this question is due to some political manoeuvre, caused by the nearness of the next Presidential campaign. It may be declared that there are no concessions in Lower California that favor the interests of my country. Only near the town of Mexicali exists a small Japanese agricultural colony that cultivates rice, but this is absolutely lacking in importance.

"The only paying exploitation that can be made in that part of Mexico is for the development of mineral deposits, and this is beyond the modest resources of the only Japanese colony located in that region.

"I am sure that if the American Department of State has asked its embassy here for information, the embassy must declare that there are no concessions in Lower California favoring Japanese interests."

Want Municipal Milk Station.

Representatives of the Mothers' Club of the Friends' School of Brooklyn, the Unity Child Welfare Association, the Women's Union of the Brooklyn Society of Ethical Culture, People's League for Study of Social Service, the Women's City Club of New York, and other mothers' clubs and women's organizations, have been promised a hearing before the Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen tomorrow on the feasibility of establishing a municipal milk distributing station. They believe that by establishing a municipal milk distributing station similar to the one in Seattle, not only would an adequate supply of milk be assured, but that the price of milk would be greatly reduced.

AWAITS PORT TREATY PLAN.

Estimate Board Withholds Approval Until Means Are Outlined.

The Board of Estimate at an executive session yesterday decided not to give its approval to the proposed new treaty between New York and New Jersey for the development of New York Harbor until a comprehensive physical plan had been agreed upon. A resolution to this effect, drawn up by Corporation Counsel Burr, will be presented to the Board for adoption tomorrow.

The resolution requests that the Port Commission be continued by the State Legislature "so as to permit the said Commission as a result of the studies it has already made and is still making, to present such comprehensive physical plan for examination and study, together with a comprehensive statement of the ways and means to carry such plan into effect. The Board of Estimate will give its most earnest thought and consideration to devising methods by which such comprehensive plans, if approved, may be successfully carried into operation, either through the proposed treaty or such other legal procedure as may be deemed necessary or advisable."

At the request of Governor Edge of New Jersey and Senator Walters, President pro tem. of the State Senate, William R. Willcox, Chairman of the New York-New Jersey Port and Harbor Development Commission, yesterday called a meeting of the Joint Conference of the two States for Saturday morning at 11 o'clock at the Chamber of Commerce.

CALLS BILL A MENACE.

Bar Association Committee Says License Measure Encourages Graft.

The Committee on the Amendment of the Law of the Bar Association yesterday sent to members of the Legislature criticism of the bill to amend the general business law relating to licensing and regulating hotels, boarding, lodging, and furnished room houses in cities having more than 1,000,000 inhabitants. The committee says that the bill, which is supposed to have the support of the Police Department, might better be entitled "An act to confer on the New York City police the pre-war powers possessed by the police of Russia; to take from the citizens of New York such personal liberty as now remains, and to encourage wholesale graft and blackmail."

The bill provides that the places named must obtain a license to be issued by the License Commissioner only with the written approval of the Police Commissioner. The person applying for the license must furnish "satisfactory" proof of character and give a bond. The committee asserts that the bill is in violation of the Federal Constitution provision that "the right of the people to be secure in their persons and houses . . . shall not be violated."

The committee also disapproved the Foley bills placing in the statute the definition that a labor organization is not a conspiracy or an illegal combination and also to prohibit injunctions against labor unions. The committee approves the bills by Senator Walker and Assemblyman Barra permitting persons advertising legal notices to select their own papers.

Dooling Takes Milk Data to Albany.

Assistant District Attorney Dooling, who has been conducting a milk inquiry before Chief City Magistrate McAdoo for several months, went to Albany yesterday to further a measure he has presented to the Senate and Assembly Committees, proposing the creation of a State Milk Commission, which would require a license to be obtained by all milk producers and distributers. Mr. Dooling said he would offer data to the committees that was obtained in his investigation to support his bill and his contention that the State should control the milk business. Mr. Dooling announced that he would ask the Board of Estimate and Apportionment on Friday to authorize the establishment of municipal milk plants.

COURT CONTINUES BAR ON 'PHONE RATE RISE

Judge Kunkel, at Harrisburg, Holds Burleson Increase Was Apart from War Functions.

HARRISBURG, Penn., April 2.—Judge George Kunkel of the Dauphin County Court today handed down an opinion continuing until a final hearing the preliminary injunction recently granted restraining the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania from putting into effect the increased rates ordered by Postmaster General Burleson, acting as the Federal operating agent of the telephone lines.

Judge Kunkel held that "neither the President nor the Postmaster General was acting officially in changing the rates and tolls, but that they acted beyond the scope of their powers." He sustained the Commonwealth's contention that the resolution taking over the lines as a war measure did not contemplate rate changes.

Regarding the President's powers, Judge Kunkel said:

"When he attempts to use the defendant's line and it does not appear that it is for a war purpose, but on the contrary appears to be for a purpose having no apparent or direct relation to the prosecution of the war, it must be shown, we take it, that he is using it for a lawful and constitutional end. The necessity out of which his power arises does not appear in the present case."

It may be suggested, the court said, that it is the duty of the President to attempt to avoid loss to the company, but he holds that in the absence of facts and findings it must be presumed that the rates approved by the Public Service Commission are fair and reasonable.

DENY SPEED CAUSED WRECK

Defense of Luciano, B. R. T. Motorman, Begins at Mineola.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., April 2.—Expert testimony at the trial today of Edward Luciano, the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company's motorman, charged with manslaughter for the wreck in the Malbone Street tunnel, raised the theory that the disaster was due more to rail depression than to abnormal operating speed. H. S. Dugrout, engineer in charge of construction work in the tunnel, which had been completed only a short time previous to the wreck, testified that the outer rail of the curve might have sunk.

Joseph Connor, equipment inspector of the Public Service Commission, testified that the train had been improperly made up. It consisted of three motor cars and two trailers. The trailers were attached to the power car, and the other two motor cars followed. Inspector Connor contended that the trailers should have been between the motor cars. This, he said, would have reduced the tendency to derailment.

Inspector Connor said it was the duty of a motorman to see that his train was made up properly. Connor said examination had shown that the motors of the wrecked train were reversed. This was the alternative the motorman had should the brakes fail to operate.

The defense began this afternoon with Michael Turner, conductor on the second car of the wrecked train, who contradicted numerous witnesses for the prosecution by asserting that the train was running at normal speed at the time of the wreck. Luciano will testify tomorrow. The attorney for the defense announced that it would be proved that speed did not cause the wreck, and that evidence would be presented to show the intervening causes of the disaster.

CANNOT MOLEST CHALONER.

Gets Writ to Protect Him While Here Prosecuting Libel Suit.

John Armstrong Chaloner, who is insane in this State and sane in Virginia, according to court decrees, will return to New York for the first time in twenty-two years to testify in his libel suit against the New York Evening Post in the Federal Court. A writ of prohibition, protecting him from arrest by New York authorities who might seek to return him to Bloomingdale Asylum, from which he escaped, was issued yesterday by Federal Judge A. N. Hand.

R. C. Walker, a United States Deputy Marshal, will accompany Chaloner to this city from his home in Virginia. While here he will be under the constant protection of another deputy marshal. Trial of the suit is scheduled to begin on April 7.

Among those especially warned in the writ against interfering with Mr. Chaloner while he is in this jurisdiction are Winthrop Astor, Chanler, Lewis Stuyvesant Chanler, and Thomas T. Sherman, the committee appointed by the Supreme Court to take charge of him and his property.

MURPHY JURY DISAGREES.

Matron Charged with Neglect of Children Released on Bail.

After being out nineteen hours and forty-five minutes the jury at White Plains which for more than two weeks heard testimony in connection with the trial of Miss Annie Murphy, matron of the Yonkers Day Nursery, charged with manslaughter in the second degree, it being alleged that babies left in her care died from starvation and neglect, filed into court yesterday morning and notified Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins that it was impossible for them to agree. Justice Tompkins dismissed the jury from further deliberation.

It was learned that the jurors took more than 100 ballots, and that the result was the same as on the first ballot, seven to five in favor of conviction. The jury was charged by Justice Tompkins at 4 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, and were locked up in the jury room all night. Miss Murphy was released on $5,000 bail, and although there are three other indictments against her, it is doubtful if she will be tried again.

TELLS HOW HART LEFT HER.

Octogenarian's 19-Year-Old Bride Only Witness in Separation Suit.

Supreme Court Justice Benedict, in Brooklyn yesterday, reserved decision in the suit for separation brought by Mrs. Kate Wolf Hart, 19 years old, against her eighty-seven-year-old husband, James H. Hart, a retired jeweler and realty operator. Hart recently was unsuccessful in an attempt to have the marriage annulled. He did not appear personally in court in the separation suit, and Mrs. Hart alone testified.

The plaintiff said she was married to Hart on May 8; told of their brief honeymoon, and of their parting on May 26. They were then living at 837 Monroe Street, Brooklyn, a dwelling of which the bride's mother was also a tenant. Hart owns the property. In answer to a question by her attorney, Edmund L. Mooney, as to what was the last time she saw her husband "in the house," Mrs. Hart said:

"On Sunday, May 26, 1918. In the morning mother cooked dinner for us and brought it downstairs to our apartment. When through, I said that I would take the dishes upstairs and wash them. My husband told me not to do it. 'Let somebody upstairs do it,' he said. Nevertheless, I carried the dishes upstairs, and a few minutes later he came up with his hat on.

"'I am through with you,' he said to me. 'I am going back to live with my daughters,' and he left the house.

Mrs. Hart testified that she was earning about $25 a week as a manicurist when Mr. Hart met her. Her own counsel gave it as his opinion that Mr. Hart's wealth amounted to about $360,000.

$3 a Day for Jurors Now.

Jurors serving in the Supreme Court since March 27 last received payment yesterday at the rate of $3 a day instead of the former rate of $2. The increase was ordered in a resolution of the Board of Aldermen, which, under the code, has jurisdiction over the pay of the jurors. The increase affects jurors in all courts of record.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BAFFIN SEAL Wanted.—H. and H.; any quantity. Meseritsky & Stollerman, Farragut 3757.

BOLIVIAS Wanted.—25 pieces, all colors and makes; pay cash. D. Winckler, 805 5th Av.

BOLIVIAS Wanted.—All colors. Scheer & Meyer, Madison Square 2967.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany, 315, F. & H., Columbia or similar, all Fall shades. Bobrick, Farragut 2369.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Julliard's, Stevens's, or other mills, all colors; cash for quantity. A. Levy & Co., Chelsea 4874.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. & H., Columbia, and 315 Botany, all colors. B. Hirschhorn & Co., Mad. Sq. 9066-Sal.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany and F. H. Fall shades; will pay best prices. Goldberg, Farragut 90.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—All shades; quantity for cash. Mirsky & Lewis, 137 West 27th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. & H. or Botany, all shades. Madison Square 1921.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted.—All colors, Botany, 315. Shapiro, Madison Square 3608.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Copen and light tan. Rashkind & Soloff, 244 5th Av.

BURELLA Wanted.—Peking blue, for cash. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

BURELLA Wanted.—0610, 711; Saxonia or similar in Spring shade. 7 Gramercy 5627.

CAPES, Dolmans, Suits, Coats, Dresses, Waists, Skirts, Silk Underwear Wanted.—Surplus; best grades; cash. National, Tel. Canal 4222.

CAPES Wanted.—Placing orders now; silk tricolettes; also novelty satins of better grade. 16 West 25th St., 4th floor.

CAPES AND COATS Wanted.—Snappy styles only. Third floor, 11 West 25th St.

CAPES, Suits Wanted.—Cloths, silks; better grade only; cash. 6th floor, 6 West 32d.

CHECK'S velour checks, all patterns and designs wanted. Samuels & De Majo, 6-8 West 32d.

CHINCHILLA Wanted.—White all wool for cash. Mirsky Lewis, 137 West 27th St.

COATS AND DOLMANS Wanted.—Big jobber looking at pile fabrics. 129 West 29th, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted.—Our line of pile fabrics for Fall 1919-1920 is now ready. N. Hurwitz, 109 West 26th.

CORDUROY Wanted.—White Juillards 613; any quantity; cash. L. Greenberg, 71 West 23d St.

CORDUROY Wanted.—White, all widths. Farragut 5085.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—We are interested in all kinds for skirtings. Mail swatches to Rand & Rand, 815 Sansom St., Philadelphia, Penn.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—What have you to sell? United States Textile Co., 315 4th Ave. Gramercy 4815.

COTTON GOODS—Ginghams, colored organdies, printed voiles wanted. Call 9 to 10:30. Cairo, 212 Fifth Av.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Leonard suitings. Call Spring 6387.

COVERTS Wanted—Deering Milliken 5301 shade 42 or similar; pay cash. J. J. Ludwig & Co., 188 West 25th. Farragut 9850.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted.—100 pieces crepe, all shades, three thread, 72 pick, spot cash. Belmore Waist Co., 27 West 24th.

CREPE DE CHINE AND GEORGINE Wanted.—Open for 500 pieces, all colors, cheap price. Halper & Friedman, 627 Broadway.

CRYSTAL CORDS Wanted.—H. & L., Spring shades; any quantity; cash; Greeley 1544.

CRYSTAL CORDS Wanted.—All colors. Madison Square 8385.

CRYSTAL CORD Wanted.—Holden Leonard 611, colors 440, 455 or 463. Gramercy 5627.

DELHI Wanted.—Will pay cash for copenhagen and tan delhi, burella, or velour. Chelsea 9535.

DRESSES Wanted.—Organdies, voiles, nets, georgettes; better kind only; paying spot cash. Nathan Goldman, Room 1114, 1,188 Broadway, from 10-130.

DRESSES Wanted.—(Stouts,) silks, cottons; placing large stock orders on good merchandise. 147 West 25th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Big jobber looking for printed georgettes, cotton voiles and gingham dresses. Ajax Dress Co., 15 East 26th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobbers looking at snappy styles in voile, and gingham; all week. 12 West 32d St., 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for job of good silk dresses; call with samples. 1st floor. 130 West 29th St.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats, Waists Wanted.—Jobs, cash; highest grades. Phone Canal 1128.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing large orders popular-priced dresses; all materials; call with samples. 28 West 22d, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—5,000 silk and cotton at a price. Chelsea 1896.

FLANNELETTES Wanted.—Hunter's C. C. dark grade, striped; Scotch, new era, and Arbery light stripe, 700 bolts or similar. M. Berzen Co., 524 Broadway. Spring 3586.

GABARDINE Wanted.—Rookie shade; Garfield's 4686 or any make; will pay cash. Call with samples. Levett Frank, 35 West 31st. St.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Navy, Gera, Garfield or similar; pay cash. Pasternack, 319 Fifth Av.

GABARDINES Wanted. — Nay, black, rookie; any mill; spot cash. Chelsea 3110.

GABARDINES Wanted.—Garfield 4686; navy and rookie; cash. Madison Square 9661.

GABARDINES, Silvertones, Poiret Twill Wanted. Chelsea 2840.

GINGHAMS and Percales Wanted.—All kinds; quantity no object. Mad. Sq. 8670.

JERSEY Silk Tricot Wanted.—For underwear; open for 10,000 yards; spot cash. Farragut 5723.

MILLINERY Wanted.—Trimmed-untrimmed sport hats, suitable Easter trade, also jobs; spot cash. Nathan Goldman, room 1114, 1,188 Broadway, from 9-10:30.

OXFORD SILVERTONE Wanted.—Reed's 46-in. preferred. Murray Hill 3799.

POIRET Twill Wanted.—French serges 09070 and high shade velours for cash. Gramercy 1074.

POIRET Twill Wanted—Navy; good quality; cash. Pasternack 319 Fifth Av.

PLAIDS and Stripes Wanted. Wadleigh Silk Mills, 122 East 25th St.

PLUSH Wanted.—Peco, Esquimette, Baffin seal; quantity. Haft, Farragut 9752.

POPLINS Wanted.—Navy, black, taupe, 09070, 90610, cash. Progress Garment, Chelsea 6849.

POPLINS Wanted.—All colors; large quantities only; state particulars and lowest price. T 114 Times.

POPLINS Wanted.—Open for quantity 100 pieces of American or Brightwood at a price; velours, Fall colors. Gramercy 5627.

POPLIN AND SATIN SKIRTS Wanted.—Good line, for jobbing trade, from reliable houses only. Alex. Yeager, Wilmington, N. C.

POPLINS Wanted.—Must be silk and wool; navy, taupe, and goblin blue. 38 West 32d, Room 1302.

POPLIN Wanted.—Pekin American poplin, for cash. Call Stuy. 527.

POPLIN Wanted.—In taupe, Saxonia's, Myer Gans, Sons & Co., 151 West 26th St.

POPLIN Wanted.—90610-8 and 06077, black and navy. Rubin Bros., Greeley 1934.

POPLINS Wanted.—American, navy, and black. Shapiro, Madison Square 3609.

POPLINS Wanted.—American, tan, and gray; spot cash. Chelsea 9513.

SATEEN Wanted.—Lucenta or as fine count, black, open fold. Pullastic, 49 East 21st.

SERGES Wanted.—7301 or M. F. L., also Cox & Schreiber 216 range or similar cotton warp velours, and De Lands 108 range. R. & W., 50 West 17th St. Farragut 5885.

SERGES Wanted.—We are in the market for quantity of any kind French serge at a price for cash. S. Schwartz & Bro., 105 East 29th.

SERGES Wanted.—1464 or similar; also American poplin or similar; all shades. Farragut 4983.

SERGES Wanted.—Gilbert 8200, 0936; also navy Poiret, Garfields 4978. M. Shift & Bros., 14 West 32d.

SERGES Wanted.—285, 11433, 8200, 3850, 838, 6301, M. F. L., 696; other qualities. Farragut 2078.

SERGES Wanted.—0936, 09070, or similar; also Poiret twill and tricotine, for cash. Waxman, Chelsea 8832.

SILKS Wanted.—40-inch foulards and satins; quantity, at price. Harry Wadler, Inc., 10 East 26th St.

SERGES Wanted. — 8850, 54289, 2001, 104, 7120; cash. Gramercy 2452.

SERGES Wanted.—Amoskeag 7614, navy. Mad. Sq. 8121.

SERGES Wanted.—In black and navy. Myer Gans Sons & Co., 151 West 26th St.

SERGES Wanted.—528, 11433, 519 navy; spot cash. Stuyvesant 2496.

SERGES Wanted.—285, 8200, 09070; also other numbers; cash. Madison Square 9887.

SERGES Wanted for cash; Whitman's 99, 9, 2205. Stuyvesant 2217.

SERGES Wanted. — Amoskeag 7301, 7614, 6301, navy. Stuyvesant 1648.

SERGE Wanted.—Navy amoskeag 7120; also Garfield 519. Louis Greenberg, 71 West 23d.

SERGES Wanted.—Whitmans 99 and 104, navy. Myer Cohen, 11 West 26th St.

SERGES Wanted.—7301, MPL, VSL; open for large quantities. Chelsea 492.

SERGES Wanted.—Men's wear. French poiret twill, gabardines. Greeley 1156.

SERGES Wanted.—54289, 8002, 6901 or similar. Cohen Bros., 34 West 27th St.

Buyers' Wants

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES Wanted.—Spot cash, 54289, 7120, 7301, or similar. Telephone Gramercy 4783.

SILKS Wanted.—Open for odds and ends in pongees, crepe de chines, fancies, also remnants in any quality of silks for cash. Madison Square 3673.

SILK FAILLE LUSTRE Wanted.—Susquehanna, 171, all colors; will pay 60c regular. Madison Square 8103.

SILKS AND WOOLENS Wanted.—In job lots, for cash; also remnants and seconds. Forsythe 9463. 35 2d St.

SILK WAISTS Wanted.—Jobber pays cash; any quantity. T. Zindler, 38 West 33d St., New York City.

SILKS Wanted.—Tub silk, wash satin, crepe de chine, in flesh, at a price. Gordon & Schuval, 100 5th Av.

SILK SHIRTINGS Wanted.—Open for quantities. Room 806, 381 4th Av. Madison Square 6908.

SILVERTONES Wanted — Deering Milliken, all shades. Madison Square 1163.

SKIRTS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade silk and washable, all week. Third floor, 11 West 25th St.

SPORT SHIRTS Wanted.—Men's. The Friedman Co., 558 Broadway.

STAIN STRIPED TAFFETA Wanted, for cash. Madison Square 2311.

SWEATERS, BOOTIES, &c., Wanted.—Infants; to handle on a jobbing basis. Spring 3544.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield and Lorraine, all colors; also poiret twills; will pay cash. Harlem 193.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Rookie, cheap, for cash. Chelsea 9704.

TRICOLETTE Wanted.—All shades; can use quantity, at price. Greeley 2810.

VELOURS Wanted.—Cotton warp high shades; any mill; also Cox and Schreiber 216 range, or similar. R. & W., 50 West 17th. Farragut 5886.

VELOURS Wanted.—Tan and Pekin, or similar. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 23d St. Farragut 506.

VELOURS Wanted.—American heavy weight; quantity; must be cheap. Madison Square 9837.

VELOURS Wanted.—Spring copen, dark tan and taupe. Fitwell Cloak Co., Farragut 4073.

VELOURS Wanted.—Tan, Copen., Pekin; cash. Chelsea 1858.

VELOURS Wanted.—All colors. Madison Square 8765.

VELOUR Wanted.—Pekin shade. Mad. Sq. 1860.

VELOURS Wanted.—Light and heavy weight Fall shades. Spring 6635.

VELOURS Wanted.—Stevens 4281; colors 530, 546, 472. Pasternack, 319 Fifth Av.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for Pekin, tan and reindeer, for cash. Farragut 5166.

VELOURS Wanted.—All Spring shades; all mills. Chelsea 6815.

VELOURS Wanted.—Open for pekin, tan, and gray. Spring 9630, Extension 42.

VELOURS Wanted.—All high shades Stevens or similar. Greeley 1120.

VENETIANS Wanted.—10,000 yards' monarch, Sol, conquerer or similar; cash. Samuel Printz, 48 West 25th.

WAISTS Wanted.—Georgette to close out at a price; spot cash. Daisy Waist Co., 23 West 30th.

WAISTS Wanted.—Jobs on crepe de chine and georgettes; quantity no object. Chelsea 1896.

WOOLENS Wanted.—Cox & Schreiber 216 range or similar; also cotton warp velours. R. & W., 50 West 17th. Farragut 5886.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

BRAIDS.—Black, colors, all lines; also fringes of every description. Ha Kram & Co., 1924 Greene St.

BROADCLOTH AND KERSEYS.—Juilliard's 110, 118, in navy, black, and green. Henry Hannon, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

BROADCLOTH.—Juilliards, 110; all colors, also serges. Madison Square 9837.

CAPES, Dolmans, Coats.—Immediate delivery; Bolivias, silvertones, serges, satins, taffetas, &c. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

CAPES, Dolmans, Suits.—Tricotine, serge, silvertone, crystal cord; hand tailored, better grade; immediate delivery. A. Watterson, 310 6th Av.

CAPES AND DOLMANS for immediate delivery from $16.50 to $37.50. Elsenberg & Sommerfield, 32 East 31st.

CAPES, Dolmans, Coats.—Plushes and Plie Fabrics; for jobbers only. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

CAPES.—High-class capes, four styles, Polly foulard-lined, exceptional values; immediate delivery. Shapiro Davis, 20 West 35th.

CAPES.—Capes, capes, capes, flapper, girls, infants; immediate shipment. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 23d.

CAPES AND SUITS for immediate delivery especially for jobbers. W. Philips & Co., 145 West 28th.

CAPES.—600 and straight line coats, in all desirable shades and cloths. F. J. Gelfond & Co., 141 West 28th St.

CAPES, velours, and serges; immediate delivery for jobbers. Gottlieb & Lalkind, 27 West 20th.

CAPES.—Dolmans; better kind, popular priced; immediate delivery. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

CAPES, Dolmans.—Suits at factory prices; immediate delivery. Feldman's, 54 East 13th.

CAPES, dolmans, suits, coats; new materials, latest styles; popular prices. Rubin 12-14 West 32d.

CAPES, COATS and Dolmans—5,000, 2 to 6, 8 to 14; all materials; for immediate delivery. Rosh Mayers, 122-130 West 27th.

CAPES, Coats, Dolmans.—On rack; immediate delivery; special prices. Isaac Rosenberg, 1,133 Broadway, 724.

CAPES, SUITS.—Better grade, Bolivias, serges, and novelties; will sacrifice for cash. Lefkowitz, 43 West 27th St.

CAPES AND DOLMANS, on rack, for immediate delivery. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

CAPES, Suits.—$7.75 up; large assortment in stock; immediate delivery. Bernstein, 118 West 27th.

CAPES, DOLMANS, SUITS, COATS.—Jobs, snappy styles, close out. Sa S., 45 West 27th St., third floor.

CAPES, Coats, and Dolmans.—Snappy styles, low prices, for immediate delivery. Charney & Fried, 158 West 27th.

CAPES, Suits, and Coats to close out. Zimmerman & Carner, 48 West 22d.

CAPES AND COATS.—For immediate delivery; cheap. Lifshitz Bros., 40 West 17th St.

CAPES, dolmans and suits for immediate delivery. Klar Bros., 40-42 West 27th St.

CAPES.—Ladies', juniors, children's; best values in town. Newmann, 137 West 27th.

CAPES and suits; silk lined; to close out. Rotto & Rabinowitz, 29 West 17th.

CAPES, Suits.—400 stylish garments; very low prices. Emanuel, 43 West 27th.

CAPES—Dolmans, stout coats; on the racks. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

CHECKS.—Cotton checks, 54-inch, to close out. Farragut 5142.

CHECKS.—Fancy Guggenheimer checks, 2700, 3000, 3200; open for offer. Greeley 4377.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—6 to 14, silks, $3.75 up. Greater N. Y. Silk, 44 East 25d.

COATS.—Girls' Spring; 2 to 14; serges, poplins, checks; immediate delivery. Kommel, 27 West 20th.

COATS.—Our line of pile fabrics for Fall 1919-1920 is now ready. N. Hurwitz, 109 West 26th.

COATS, Capes, Suits.—For immediate delivery, at reduced prices. M. J. Karesh, 290 5th Av.

COATS.—All wool poplin; odd sizes; $9.50; other good values. J. Korostoff & Sons, 1,140 Broadway.

COATS AND SUITS.—Velour and Russian blouse suits, on rack for immediate delivery. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

COATS.—In all ages, 3 to 16, to close out, very cheap. L. Jacobson & Sons, 134 West 37th.

COATS, SUITS of the better kind, Spring and Fall, to close out. Plager, 1,161 B'way.

COATS.—Spring, of all materials to close out. Kaplan & Weinstein, 150 West 22d.

COATS.—Plush line; ready for Fall 1919-1920. Newmann, 137 West 27th.

COATEES.—Stoles, sport coats, of velvets and all latest fabrics, Spring, Summer wear. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

CORDUROYS.—36-inch, white and high shades. Phone Mad. Square 8644.

COTTON GOODS.—All kinds; get our quotations. United States Textile Co., 315 4th Av. Gramercy 4815.

COTTON GOODS.—Black and printed voiles, black batistes, black sateens, to close. Cairo Mills, 212 5th Av.

COTTON GABARDINES.—White, quantity to close. Cairo Mills, 212 5th Av.

COVERTS.—Clark & Dana 4000, tan and rookie; also lightweight velours, Fall colors. Gramercy 2906.

CREPE-DE-CHINES. — Powdered; changeable taffetas at a price. Blum, Goldman, Emmerich. Gramercy 1283.

DEWKIST.—Mallinson's, satin stripe. Republic Textile Co., 244 5th Av.

DOLMANS and Capes.—Crystal cord, silvertone, tricotines, and serges; second line ready for immediate delivery. Harry Greenberg Co., 29 West 35th.

DOLMANS, velours, and serges; immediate delivery for jobbers. Gottlieb & Lalkind, 27 West 20th.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

DOLMANS, CAPES, SUITS.—To close out. J. L. Cloak Co., 48 West 27th St.

DOLMAN CAPES AND SUITS, men's wear, serge; jobs. Chelsea 9423.

DRESSES.—6,000 taffeta and satin on the racks for immediate delivery; prices ranging from $5.50 to $6.75; also Susquehanna poplin dresses from $3.75 up. Pan-American Waist and Dress Co., 12 West 21st St. Chelsea 9084.

DRESSES.—2,250 new, snappy models; every one a business stimulator for early Summer business; taffetas, $5.75 up; georgettes, $9.75 up; greatest values in the market. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES.—For immediate delivery, dainty new models in beaded and plain georgettes, taffetas, georgettes, and taffeta combination, at unusually low prices. Klif Dress Co., 28 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Greatly reduced prices; before removal; Georgette, taffetas, satins, serges and jerseys; wonderful values; latest styles; don't miss the opportunity to make good livery. Casino Dress, 4 West 22d, 4th floor.

DRESSES. — Beaded georgettes, taffetas, foulards, satins, serges, and jerseys; wonderful values; for immediate delivery. Regent Ladies' Garment Co., 12 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Two thousand (2,000) on racks, for immediate delivery, in satins, georgettes, voiles, taffetas, in all contrasting shades. 1,123 Broadway, Room 1207.

DRESSES. — Immediate delivery; beaded georgettes, taffetas, satins, $9.50-$16.50; all-wool jerseys, silk braided, $7.75-$12.75; jobs to close. Feller, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES for Summer.—Ginghams, organdies, voiles, for immediate delivery; also full line of wash skirts. Fitwell Dress, 12 West 17th St. Farragut 3029.

DRESSES.—New, snappy models for early summer business; foulard, beaded georgette and taffetas on the rack. Franco-American Dress, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—High-grade models in georgette, taffetta, wool Jersey and serge, for immediate delivery; big values. Ansonia Dress and Costume, 56 West 85th.

DRESSES.—3,000 on the rack for immediate delivery; silk poplin, jersey, taffeta, satin and beaded georgette, $4.50 up. Victory Garment Co., 18 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Wonderful assortment, taffetas, foulards, beaded, georgettes, for immediate delivery, at a price; see them. Wonder Dress Co., 152 West 25th.

DRESSES. — Samples, georgettes, beaded, wool jerseys, georgettes, printed and serges to close out. American Costume, 118 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Georgettes, taffetas, ginghams, newest models, exceptional values serge dresses to close out. Annetta Dress, 111 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Better grade printed and beaded indestructible georgettes, tricolettes, meteors, and satins; immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Contractor will dispose of 35 beaded georgette dresses, pretty misses' models, at a price. Call Madison Square 2369.

DRESSES.—1,000 silk dresses, including stouts, to close out at exceptional prices. Popular Price Dress Co., 38 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Georgettes, assorted styles, colors; immediate; $8.75 up. Queen, 114 West 26th.

DRESSES.—House dresses; immediate delivery; percales and chambrays, $9 dozen; percales, $7.50 dozen. J. Shor, 15 West 17th.

DRESSES.—Jobs in taffetas, satins, and jerseys, georgettes; exceptionally reasonable prices. Lorraine Dress Co., 130 West 29th.

DRESSES. — Snappy tafetta georgettes; latest styles on racks, to close out. Florami Dress, 36 West 32d.

DRESSES.—Special sale, 44 inches long, navy only, to close out at $6. M. Daniel Brown Co., 43 West 33d St.

TAFFETAS AND GEORGETTES. — Stehli qualities; all shades; immediate delivery. Madison Square 3313.

TRICOLETTES AND PAULETTES. — All shades; immediate delivery. Phone Madison Square 3313.

TRICOLETTES, all shades; also jobs and ends to close cheap. Madison Square 4582.

TRICOLETTE.—One piece navy tricolette to close out, cheap. 23 East 26th, Room 1211.

TRICOTINE.—Navy, U. S., Brightwood, Sedons, Scotia, and other good qualities. Gramercy 6726.

TRICOTINES, U. S.; Reeda, and others; navy cheap. Grossman Bros., Madison Square 4620.

TRICOTINES.—Address 5782 navy; silvertones, Copen and Pekin. Cohen Bros., 34 West 27th St.

TRICOTINES.—Navy, $3.85 up; also navy and black poiret twills; cash only. Madison Square 8434.

TRICOTINE.—Good quality navy; also fine navy poiret twill. 24 East 21st, Room 801. Gramercy 1899.

TRICOTINES.—Closing out cheap good quality navy and colors. Madison Square 1520.

TRICOTINE.—Navy 082, navy and other shades velour. Gramercy 1907.

TRICOTINE.—Andrews 5782, W. S., navy. Madison Square 3215.

TRICOTINE.—Navy U. S.; immediate delivery. Brunswick Woolen Mills, 334 4th Av.

VELOURS.—Colored mixture, for Fall; like one of successful lines sold up; tricotine, serf, fine quality, under other mills' value, future or at once. Wm. H. Duval Co., Martin Dept., formerly of Campbell & Martin.

VELOUR.—Taupe, Burgundy, 100 pieces American Stevens, Buckley & Cohen, $2.10, acceptance. Kanter, 7 West 22d St. Gramercy 1661.

VELOURS.—Lightweight, all Fall shades; immediate delivery. Max Stahl, Gramercy 3961.

VELOURS.—American, light and heavy weight K544, 032, cheap. Chelsea 6549.

VELOURS.—Copenhagen velours at a low price; Spring 9630, Extension 42.

VELOURS.—$ goods, gabardines and poplins to close out. Greeley 1121.

VELOURS.—Stevens 549. Hanna, Madison Square 3121.

WAISTS.—Astonishing values, $8.50 dozen; immediate delivery. S. Schlein, 1,270 Broadway.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS on dresses, georgette, printed georgette, voiles and gingham, large stock orders placed; call all day, 4th floor, 51 West 24th.

CONTRACTORS experienced on better grade cotton waists; work ready for operating. A. L. 807 Times Downtown.

CONTRACTORS on cotton voile and gingham dresses; call with samples, 11th floor 76 Madison Av.

CONTRACTORS on georgette crepe dresses; nothing embroidered; call with samples. 76 Madison Av., 11th floor.

CONTRACTORS on silk waists; steady work; good prices. S. K., 806 Times Downtown.

CONTRACTORS.—Pancy Waist Co., 145 West 30th St.

Offerings to Buyers

Ten cents per word each insertion.

SERGES.—7614, 0609, and 2205, navy. Stuyvesant 7270.

SERGE.—Cotton warp, 36-inch, navy, Copen, brown, green; price cheap. Mad. Sq. 2604.

SERGES, POPLINS.—1464, 0609, 696, 11433, 90610. V. S. L., Madison Square 9567.

SERGES.—Whitman 104, Botany white 4247. Farragut 6224.

SHEPHERD CHECKS.—All constructions, 54-inch; also imported shantungs. Madison Square 6280.

SILKS.—Immediate delivery; 4-thread crepe de chines, $1.12½; fancy lining, 75c, $1.15; wash satins, 85c. Berwick Silk Mfg. Co. Madison Square 7189.

SILKS of every description for immediate delivery; prices always right. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILK FAILLE LUSTRE.—Susquehanna, all colors; price cheap. Mad. Sq. 2604.

SILVERTONES AND POPLINS. —

Interested in Bigger Business?

See Us!

Quality Cotton Dresses

$2.75 to $10.00

Smart Wash Skirts

$12.00 to $60.00 a dozen

Rosebud Cotton Dresses Wash Skirts

ROSEBUD MFG. CO.

Quality Merchandise at Lowest Prices.

37 W. 26th St., N. Y.

Manufacturers

Closing Out Sale

"MOHJU" Rugs

Due to conditions resulting from the War, we have discontinued the manufacture of Mohju Rugs, formerly exclusively sold by

Messrs. W. & J. Sloane.

We are closing out the balance of the stock on hand; and also separately, a quantity of the Jute cloth used as backing for the rugs.

Buyers who desire to replenish their stock of these staple rugs, (curly centre with plain erect border), will do well to do so now, as we have discontinued making them.

The Shelton Looms

Sidney Blumenthal & Co., Inc.,

395-401 Fourth Ave., New York.

MILLMAN SMOCKS

They stand alone in Style—Beauty—Quality—Selling Value—

Middies $9.00 to $18.00 Per Doz.

Smocks $16.00 to $36.00 Per Doz.

Abe Millman

Successor to Bloom & Millman

20 West 33rd St. New York

Hats FOR TOTS GIRLS & MISSES

MAX MAYER, Inc.

352 Fourth Ave., N. Y.

W.B.S. ANGORA CLOTH

ALL COLORS IMMEDIATE DELIVERIES PHONE MAD. SQ. 3138

The WILEY-BICKFORD-SWEET Co. 1140 B'WAY

$9.00 Doz. BLACKS & NOVELTIES $10.50 Doz.

WAISTS

$12.00 $15.00

LARRY GOLDBERG, 1270 Broadway

SUITS—CAPES DOLMANS

Immediate Delivery

DAVE ROSENGARTEN

11 EAST 31ST STREET

HOLSTEN, YOUNG AND COMPANY

LEATHER NOVELTY COATS WATERPROOF TWEED COATS RAIN AND AUTO COATS

34-36-38 WEST 27TH STREET

TipTop

Printed Georgette & Taffeta Dresses in stock for Immediate Delivery.

29-35 W. 32d St. & 30-34 W. 33d St.

Booth, Bregman and Sumberg

GEORGETTE DRESSES $13.75 to $20.00.

129-133 WEST 27TH ST.

NO WORD TO OWNER IN SALE FOR TAXES

Inspector O'Brien's Property Changed Hands Three Times Before He Heard of It.

$38.55 PAID FOR TITLE

Magistrate Harris Hears Inquiry Into Nassau County Tax Sale Transactions.

Police Inspector John O'Brien said yesterday at the John Doe inquiry before Magistrate Charles M. Harris at the Municipal Building into the tax sale transactions in Nassau County that the title to property worth $10,000 near the Hotel Nassau at Long Beach had been taken away from him by its sale for a small tax which he had never been asked to pay and never knew to be due.

The property was sold at a county auction at Mineola for $38.55. It was placed on sale because a township tax for a small sum levied in 1914 had not been paid. Inspector O'Brien testified that he always paid his taxes regularly and had every year paid promptly the several varieties of taxes—school, county and township—for which bills were rendered. He said no bill had been sent to him for the township tax in 1914; that he had paid all the taxes he was asked to pay that year; that he had paid all his taxes continuously ever since; that no bills for tax arrears or notification of failure to pay this particular tax in 1914 had ever been sent to him; that he was not informed that the contemplated tax sale was to be held, and knew nothing of the loss of title to his property until a few days later, when the owner of record offered to sell it back to him.

At the county tax sales the purchaser was Charles I. Hausman, a butcher of Lynbrook, L. I. He refused to waive immunity, and immunity was tendered to him by Assistant District Attorney Theodore L. Waugh. Hausman asserted that his purpose in buying the property at the tax sale was to protect the owner. He said that his method was to buy properties of this kind and to sell them back to the owner at a small profit. In this particular instance, he asserted that he had sent a letter to Mrs. Margaret C. O'Brien, in Crotona Avenue, the Bronx, offering to sell the property back, but had received no reply. Mrs. O'Brien was the owner of the property up to her death, but Inspector O'Brien said that the address on the tax books was 451 West Twenty-fourth Street, so that there was no chance of replying to the offer from Hausman.

On failing to get a reply, Hausman said he had sold the title to Albert E. Harvey, a real estate dealer of Mineola, for $64. When the real estate dealer was called to the stand, Samuel L. Breslin, counsel for the Mayor's Committee on Taxation, said:

"Are you the same Albert Harvey who demanded $400 from a Mrs. Bertha Sturtevant for a quitclaim to three parcels of land for which you paid $18?"

The witness refused to answer the question. He testified that he had conveyed the title to the O'Brien property to Stephen Hendrickson, a mail carrier and garage keeper at Locust Valley. On the ground that it might tend to incriminate and degrade him, Harvey refused to name the price for which he sold the property to Hendrickson. Hendrickson, on being called to the stand, refused on the same ground to say what he had paid for the property. It was Hendrickson who finally wrote to Inspector O'Brien telling him of the sale of the title and suggesting negotiations for its redemption.

Harold D. Watson, a lawyer of 100 William Street, was questioned about the foreclosure of mortgages on over a hundred lots of property in Nassau Heights, whose owners professed to be unaware that there were any mortgages on the property. Mr. Watson asserted that the William H. Moffitt Realty Company had obtained a farm on which there was a mortgage for $18,250, had cut it up into several hundred lots and sold it to various purchasers on representations that the property was unencumbered. He said that Moffitt was accustomed on give deeds on which was written "free from encumbrance."

The hearing was adjourned until Saturday morning, when a session will be held in the library of the District Attorney's office.

AID FOR STRICKEN CHURCHES

Dr. North Says $3,000,000 Is Needed in France and Belgium.

The Rev. Dr. Frank Mason North, President of the Federal Council of Churches, who returned to New York on Monday from Europe, where he has been studying the work needed to restore the destroyed churches of Belgium and France, issued a statement last night from the headquarters of the Interchurch Emergency Campaign Committee for France and Belgium, 289 Fourth Avenue, describing what is already being done in this work.

"The French Government," said Dr. North, "has done a particularly capable piece of work in providing for the returning refugees in the areas which were swept almost bare by the German invasion. Temporary provision is being made for housing people, and help is being given both with money and advice in starting the work of rebuilding the devastated areas, but as far as possible the actual responsibility for the development of community reconstruction is placed upon individual groups."

Dr. North explained that his work consisted in making observations in behalf of the Interchurch Committee, which is collecting funds in this country for rebuilding French Protestant churches and rendering temporary help to their pastors and congregations. This committee, he said, has already forwarded a considerable sum to the Union Protestant Committee of France, and estimates the total needs at $3,000,000.

TO FOSTER EXPORT TRADE.

Bankers' Association Will Develop Facilities for Financing Operations.

The American Bankers' Association has created a new standing committee, to be known as the Committee of Commerce and Marine, to aid in the development of the export trade of the United States. As rapidly as possible the committee will develop facilities for financing export operations.

The committee has as its first members John E. Bouden, Jr., President of the Whitney Central National Bank of New Orleans; James J. Fegan, Vice President of the Crocker National Bank of San Francisco; John L. Hamilton, President of the American Guaranty Company, Columbus, Ohio; Robert N. Harper, President of the District National Bank, Washington, D. C.; C. A. Hinsch, President of the Fifty-third National Bank of Cincinnati; William A. Law, President of the First National of Philadelphia; Robert F. Maddox, President of the Atlanta National Bank, Atlanta, Ga.; Thomas B. McAdams, Ice President Merchants National Bank, Richmond, Va.; Fred I. Kent, Vice President of the Bankers Trust Company; Charles H. Sabin, the Guaranty Trust Company; Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Irving National, and others.

'States' Rights to Meet Day's Evils. Evils.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 2.—Nearly 500 delegates were registered for the first formal session of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, which began its annual convention here today. At a "welcoming evening" last night Governor Stanley, the principal speaker, pleaded for a "restoration of old-fashioned States' rights," which, he asserted, was "the thing to save America from centralized government, State ownership of all our activities, and Bolshevism."

Big Demand at London Wool Sale.

LONDON, April 2.—At the wool auction here today 10,300 bales of wool were sold. The attendance was large, and there was a strong demand. Good merinos and fine crossbreds were 10 per cent. and other grades from unchanged to 5 per cent. over the Government minimum price. All the Allies except America were buyers.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—Akron Dry Goods Co.; E. Glas, coats, suits, infants' wear; 37 West 20th.

AKRON, Ohio—L. G. Federman, clothing, hosiery, gloves; 116 West 32d.

AKRON, Ohio.—A. Polsky & Co.; H. O. Polsky, R. A. Polsky, coats, suits; 141 Madison Av.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—C. A. Dorney Furniture Co.; E. H. Hollenbach, floor coverings; Cumberland.

ALLENTOWN, Penn.—C. A. Dorney Furniture Co.; H. B. Ziegenfus, gen'l buyer; Commodore.

ALTOONA, Penn.—Kline Brothers; J. Scheeline, clothing; 23 East 20th.

ALTOONA, Penn.—Kline Bros.; J. Scheeline, clothing; 23 E. 20th.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Maier & Berkele; H. A. Maier, jewelry, art goods, bronzes, art draperies, tapestries; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Oriole Dept. Store; M. Gundershelmer, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Lamm Bros.; J. C. Lamm, piece goods; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE — Hochschild-Kohn Co.; E. T. Thiele, boys' clothing; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE — The Hub; W. P. Putnam, shoes; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; A. & Dieterle, linens; S. Landsburth, A. R. Katz, representing; W. Applewaite, hosiery, underwear; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—M. S. Levy & Sons; A. Levy, hats, caps; 1,107 Broadway.

BALTIMORE—Hirsch & Spiro; Mr. Hirsch, jobs silk waists; Mr. Spiro, serge suits; 1,261 Broadway, Room 916.

BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; J. Cunningham, men's furn. goods; 404 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Samet's Specialty Shop; M. Samet, ready-to-wear; Herald Square.

BALTIMORE — Hirsch & Spiro Co.; M. Hirsch, jobs silk waists; B. Spiro, suits; Room 1004, 1,261 B'way.

BALTIMORE — Bernheimer Bros. Co.; G. Ohlo, women's hosiery, gloves; J. E. Berk, waists, underwear, corsets; 470 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Hecht Bros.; Miss E. Williams, corsets; 26 West 14th.

BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; L. Michelson, millinery, ribbons; 470 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Pioneer Cloak Mfg. Co.; P. Dupkin, mfrs. cloaks, suits; Wallick.

BALTIMORE—Klein-Moffett Co.; D. A. Moffett, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Samet Specialty Shop; S. Blum, ready-to-wear; Herald Square.

BOSTON—Howley-Folsom Co.; J. H. Cook, hoisery; H. S. Burr, neckwear; Imperial.

BOSTON—R. H. Stearns Co.; L. S. Root, silks; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—The Gilchrist Co.; Miss Cathcart, laces, women's neckwear; Miss Wall, infants' wear; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Thulin, bathing suits; Miss Dartt, infants' wear, toys, house dresses, kimonos, basement; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—Farley, Harrpy Co.; J. H. Walsh, wash goods; 108 Franklin.

BOSTON—Hawley, Folsom Co.; H. E. Starr, underwear; Imperial.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss M. Mackay, underwear, negligees, petticoats; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; A. Block, Miss Kane, wash skirts; Miss E. M. Kennedy, wash petticoats, Summer negligees; P. A. O'Connell, general merchandise; Mrs. N. F. O'Connell, women's silk, cotton dresses; 25 West 32d.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; A. H. Shannon, piece goods; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Thresher Brothers; H. D. Wiley, silks, velvets; Fritz George.

BRADDOCK, Penn.—Mendel's; E. Mendel, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; Miss P. Simons, underwear, corsets; W. E. Tiffney, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. A. Meldrum Co.; J. J. Sweeney, clothing, hosiery, knit underwear; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Hens & Kelly; J. E. Breese, laces, trimmings, handkerchiefs, ribbons; 1,133 Broadway; Latham.

BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; S. E. Conrad, notions, laces, jewelry; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. A. Meldrum Co.; T. J. Healey, dress goods, linings, cloths; 106 Grand.

CHICAGO—Phillips Bros. & Well; S. Phillips, carpets, millinery; Commodore.

CHICAGO—Hillman's; Miss L. C. Fuller, millinery; 277 5th Av.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; A. W. Merritt, upholstery, marquisettes; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Boston Store; W. E. McEdwards, silks; 44 E. 23d.

CHICAGO—Martin Millinery Co.; J. Rosenfeld, millinery; 579 Broadway.

CHICAGO—S. P. Platt; S. Rosenberg, silk waists; 1,182 Broadway; Room 404.

CHICAGO—A. Pick & Co.; L. B. Herbst, table linens; 25 West Broadway.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. Wilson, millinery; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; W. A. Lee, men's clothing; G. A. Wilson, furs; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Bros.; D. A. Stevens, coats, suits; A. Hultquist, coats, suits, dresses; 40 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Mrs. E. O'Connell, misses' waists, dresses; 1,107 B'way; Manhattan.

CHICAGO—I. Bezark; J. Teller, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.

CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; E. H. Powell, muslin underwear; 115 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—E. Sperling Co.; E. Sperling, cloths, silks, trimmings; 320 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Reed Bros. Co.; J. L. Bailer, flowers, feathers; 621 B'way.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; Miss A. M. Lawton, house dresses; 37 W. 26th; Great Northern.

CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; Miss Herron, millinery; 230 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; B. Knippenberg, boys' clothing; 37 W. 26th

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Miss Thompson, infants' knit goods, children's colored dresses; 37 W. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Kinney & Levan Co.; C. H. Lang, china; Penn.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; T. H. Siebert, shoes; 225 5th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—H. A. Morgan Co.; H. A. Morgan, shirtings; Collingwood.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Hoover-Rowlands Co.; C. H. Rowlands, rugs; Imperial.

CONNERSVILLE, Ind.—P. Joseph Co.; M. Levinson, coats, suits; 122 5th Av.

CYNTHIANA, Ky.—A. Goldberg & Sons; A. Goldberg, clothing, hats, shoes, hdkfs.; Pennsylvania.

DALLAS, Texas—Take's Furniture and Carpet Co.; J. M. Thomas, carpets, furniture; McAlpin.

DALLAS—W. A. Green Co.; S. L. Pollak, coats, suits, muslin underwear; 1,150 Broadway.

DAVENPORT, Iowa—Bon Ton Millinery Co.; S. Langbein, L. Kahn, millinery; Claridge.

DAYTON, Ohio—S. & M. Margolis & Co.; S. Margolis, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

DENVER, Col.—The Joslin D. G. Co.; W. F. Kramer, representing; A. F. Pohlman, women's knit underwear, misses' cloaks, suits, dresses, toys; J. D. Sullivan, women's gloves; 23 E. 26th; Woodward.

DENVER—Neustetter Co.; M. Neustetter, waists; 864 5th Av.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Younker Bros.; N. L. Cassiday, wash dresses; F. P. Fries, rugs, draperies; 303 5th Av.

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; G. A. Hansman, men's, women's furn. goods; 116 W. 32d.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss S. Barkume, ribbons, laces; C. G. Sheffield, ready-to-wear; C. MacDonald, hosiery; Mrs. Wilcox, girls' coats, dresses; H. Rich, men's furn. goods; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—S. T. Sweet; G. F. Wills, silks, ribbons; Belmont.

DETROIT, Mich.—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.; P. C. Palmer, women's ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.

DETROIT—Crowley Bros.; F. C. Feckenscher, furn. goods, hosiery; 43 Leonard.

DETROIT—E. J. Hickey Co.; Miss K. L. Tracy, infants' wear; Penn.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. E. Spink, women's hosiery, knit underwear; 225 5th Av.

ERIE—Trask, Prescott & Richardson Co.; A. M. Tolemie, general merchandise; 5 West 32d.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. A. McWhirr Co.; J. E. Bannister, carpets, rugs; G. V. Armitage, notions; 404 4th Av.

GAINESVILLE, Fla.—S. Silberberg Co.; S. Silberberg, sporting goods, cigars, candy; 1,150 B'way.

HAMILTON, Ont.—T. C. Watkins, Ltd.; L. H. Milligan, carpets, rugs; 23 E. 26th.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss K. Sheean, waists, petticoats, negligees; 404 4th Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; F. H. York, men's, boys' furn. goods, clothing; H. L. Eliot, carpets, rugs; 404 4th Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; F. Montel, house furnishing goods; M. J. Sullivan, rugs; 141 Madison Av.

HARTFORD, Conn.—G. Fox & Co.; Miss Herbert, infants' wear; 141 Madison Av.

HARTFORD; Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss S. Newman, coats, suits; 404 4th Av.

HERKIMER, N. Y.—H. G. Munger & Co.; H. G. Munger, rugs; 105 Grand.

HOUSTON, Texas—Hubbell, Slack & Co.; W. Westerford, gen'l mdse.; Imperial.

INDIANAPOLIS—Wasson & Co.; L. A. McGlasson, hosiery, knit underwear; 116 W. 32d; Wallick.

INDIANAPOLIS—Sander & Recker Co.; J. Sander, rugs; Imperial.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Spalding Cloak Co.; R. S. Fink, ready-to-wear; 308 5th Av.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—New York Store; Mrs. R. Frank, waists; 116 W. 32d.

LARGANGE, Ga.—Callaway's Dept. Store; E. S. Wooding, millinery, ready-to-wear; Penn.

LOS ANGELES—Broadway Dept. Store; Mr. Creeron, millinery; 95 Madison Av.

LOUISVILLE—Stewart D. G. Co.; Miss Hoeser, waists, misses' ready-to-wear; 2 W. 37th.

LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; Mrs. H. A. Torrey, infants', children's wear; 95 Madison Av.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Paris Cloak and Suit Co.; S. J. Greenstein, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

LYNCHBURG, Va.—Quinn-Marshall Co.; C. L. Snidow, dry goods; 72 Leonard.

MANSFIELD, Ohio—Hoover-Rowlands Co.; A. D. Rowlands, furniture, carpets, stoves, china; Imperial.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—J. Goldsmith & Sons; I. Ottenheimer, domestics, flannels, white goods; 1,150 B'way; Cumberland.

MEMPHIS—Joseph, Rosenstein, Meyers, Inc.; C. Meyers, M. Joseph, jewelry; 170 B'way.

MERIDEN, Conn.—Ives, Upham & Rand Co.; Miss A. Brown, notions, toilet goods; W. L. Wilcox, carpets, rugs; 404 4th Av.

MIAMI, Fla.—Quality Shop; N. Goldman, ladies' ready-to-wear millinery; McAlpin.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; Miss D. Van De Water, notions; 404 4th Av.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—Caulkins & Post Co.; F. B. Pease, rugs; Latham.

MILWAUKEE—M. Heimann & Co.; J. C. Heimann, flowers, feathers; 579 B'way.

MILWAUKEE—Hartman Furniture and Carpet Co.; L. Oster, carpets; McAlpin.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Lion Store; S. Skowron, cloaks, suits; Penn.

MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; J. V. Cavanna, rugs; N. Cohn, coats, suits, waists; 225 5th Av.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—A. Goldberg & Co.; A. Goldberg, general merchandise; Penn.

MISSOULA, Mon.—Missoula Mercantile Co.; C. A. Barnes, men's clothing, furnishing goods; 303 5th Av.; Penn.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—New Bedford D. G. Co.; A. J. Potvin, notions, jewelry; 404 4th Av.; Wallick.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—New Bedford D. G. Co.; A. J. Potvin, hosiery, underwear; 404 4th Av.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Shartenberg & Robinson; F. G. McKenna, millinery; M. S. Mumma, ready-to-wear; J. Foy, boys' clothing; 404 4th Av.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y.—Niagara D. G. Co.; N. P. Lazear, knit goods; 432 4th Av.

NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; W. E. Minor, carpets, rugs; 404 4th Av.

NORWICH, Conn—Murphy & McGarry; T. C. Murphy, clothing; imperial.

OMAHA, Neb.—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; F. J. Nissen, boys' clothing; 1,261 Broadway.

PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; W. Pritchard, notions; 404 4th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Brothers; T. Cowell, rugs; 1,261 Broadway.

PHILADELPHIA—Gately & Fitzgerald; J. Cavanagh, clothing; Bristol.

PHILADELPHIA—Wanaces Mfg. Co.; A. Abrams, children's dresses; Bristol.

PHILADELPHIA—H. Holmes & Sons; H. R. Holmes, rugs; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; H. Blauner, capes; 15 East 26th.

PHILADELPHIA — Blauner's; Miss Weiss, jobs georgette waists; 15 E. 26th.

PHILADELPHIA — Blauner's; Miss Crisolo, dresses; 15 East 26th.

PHILADELPHIA — Penn Clothing Co.; S. Jaffe, linings, trimmings; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA — J. Wanamaker; A. G. Cressman, muslin underwear, waists, infants' wear; B'way and 10th.

PHILADELPHIA—Trio Waist Co.; H. Kessler, manufacturers waists; 39 West 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; R. J. Sutliff, carpets, rugs, linoleums; 116 West 32d.

PITTSBURGH—A. A. Wolk & Co.; A. A. Wolk, coats, suits; 303 5th Av.

PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; Miss E. Sawyer, notions; Miss G. E. Merrill, toilet goods; 404 4th Av.

PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; V. A. Moore, Jr., rugs; 432 4th Av.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; W. S. Strong, wash goods; 1,125 Broadway.

PORTLAND, Me. — Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; O. A. Moore, Jr., upholstery goods; 432 4th Av.

READING, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; Miss Bloomfield, women's gloves; 230 5th Av.; Latham.

RICHMOND, Va. — Fourqurean, Temple & Co.; Miss A. Smith, Miss F. L. Brown, millinery; Collingwood.

RICHMOND, Va.—Weisberger Co.; S. Weisberger, dresses, suits; 37 W. 20th.

RICHMOND, Va.—Sydnor & Hundley; C. C. Boisseau, carpets; Gregorian.

RICHMOND, Va.—Harry Marks Clothing Co.; H. Marks, clothing; Commodore.

RICHMOND, Va.—Richmond D. G. Co.; E. B. Sydnor, dry goods; 43 Leonard.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Rosenberg Brothers & Co.; H. Levi, woolens; 200 5th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Stein-Bloch Co.; C. T. Stott, piece goods; 200 5th Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co.; C. Hass, china, art goods; 15 E. 26th.

SAVANNAH, Ga.—L. Wolf & Co.; J. Rabban, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

SAVANNAH, Ga.—J. Rapohan Co.; J. Rapohan, coats, suits, dresses; 303 5th Av.

SEATTLE, Wash. — Rhodes Co.; Miss D. Lindquist, cloaks, suits, skirts; Mrs. C. Peterson, waists; 1,150 B'way.

SEATTLE — MacDougall & Southwick Co.; W. P. Gerber, ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D.—S. M. Graceman Co.; Mrs. S. Graceman, coats, suits, millinery; Holland.

SOUTH BEND, Ind.—J. C. Ellsworth; N. Fuller, floor coverings, upholstery goods; 97 Grand; Penn.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; F. M. Spear, gen. mdse.; 230 5th Av.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio—The Hub; L. F. Anathan, women's ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.

ST. LOUIS—Klein Apparel Co.; Miss L. Julius, suits; 404 4th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Dyer Bros. Mercantile Co.; W. H. Dyer, notions; Manhattan.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; T. D. Page, wash dresses; 37 West 26th.

ST. LOUIS—Union Cap Co.; M. Sosna, caps; Wallick.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Majestic Cloak & Suit Co.; Miss Cohen, silk coats, silk dresses, jobs suits; 37 W. 26th.

TOLEDO — Thompson-Hudson Co.; M. R. Foor, domestics, linens, cotton piece goods; 200 5th Av.

TOLEDO—Conde Cloak Co.; J. Applebaum, M. R. Cohn, manufacturers coats, suits; 1,133 Broadway.

TROY, N. Y.—William H. Frear & Co.; F. T. Russell, stationery; Hermitage.

TULSA, Okla.—C. Brown Co.; C. Brown, silk shirts; Penn.

WACO, Texas—Sanger Bros.; Miss Miller, ready-to-wear; 19 East 24th.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; J. Herzberg, housefurnishing goods; 432 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Storkin & Greenberg; Mrs. S. Greenberg, dresses; 15 East 26th.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Lansburgh & Bro.; Mrs. A. S. Flynn, muslin underwear, infants' wear, juniors' wear, house dresses, waists, corsets; 6 W. 32d.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—A. Lisner; Mrs. B. S. Rose, corsets; 220 5th Av.

WELLSVILLE, N. Y.—Rockwell Bros. & Co., Inc.; R. Ellison, dry goods, carpets, general indse.; Breslin.

WHEELING, W. Va.—S. G. Elprin, women's wear; Room 905, 18 West 27th.

WHEELING, W. Va.—Palace Furniture Co.; C. H. Watkins, Jr., carpets, furniture, draperies; Navarre.

WHEELING, W. Va.—G. R. Taylor Co.; H. C. Wolf, wash goods, linens; Pennsylvania.

WILKES-BARRE, Penn. — Fowler, Dick & Walker; W. P. Moffitt, rugs; G. W. 32d.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; J. J. Hoar, hosiery, women's, children's, infants' wear; 230 5th Av.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; J. M. Robertson, coats, suits; 230 5th Av.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Youngstown D. G. Co.; Mr. Benedict, ready-to-wear; Mr. Griggs, representing; 72 Leonard.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—B. McManus Co.; C. L. Woodworth, representing; Martinique.

CARPET AND RUG SALE.

Over $1,250,000 Worth Disposed Of at Yesterday's Auction.

The auction sale of carpets and rugs being held by the Alexander Smith & Sons Carpet Company yesterday, the second day of the sale, topped the $2,000,000 mark. The day's receipts went well over $1,250,000 for the 17,500 bales that were sold. The sale will probably be concluded at noon or a little later today, depending on whether or not a recess is taken for lunch.

The bidding yesterday was quite as spirited as the day before, and the number of buyers was fully as large. Prices were somewhat off, however, from the values established the day before. This was due, it was said, to the fact that larger lots were disposed of and these lots included some dropped patterns. The average for such lots was accordingly lower.

The larger houses were more active yesterday owing to their actual need of the goods. The smaller buyers were a little more careful in their selections, having made quite a few purchases on the first day of the sale. The big dealers appeared to show through their operations that they are in considerable need of stock, and it was stated by one representative of the sellers that several of those present could take the entire offering and be glad to get it.

The session was concluded with the sale of lot 723. All told, there are 1,026 lots.

The size and description of the goods together with the high and low price obtained for each is given below:

Size.	Description.	High.	Low.
11-4	Manor	$16.00	$14.10
10-4	Manor	11.75	11.50
8-4	Manor	10.00	9.20
8-3	Manor	7.50	1.85
12-4	Hudson	13.50	13.15
11-4	Hudson	12.00	11.85
10-4	Hudson	9.00	8.80
12-4	Alpine	26.00	25.35
12-4	Carlton	33.00	31.75
11-4	Carlton	28.00	27.00
10-4	Carlton	22.50	20.75
8-4	Carlton	17.00	16.75
E.	Carlton	2.75	2.60
J.	Carlton	4.75	4.50
12-4	Nepperhan	21.00	19.75
11-4	Nepperhan	18.25	18.00
10-4	Nepperhan	14.25	13.75
12-4	Nepperhan	13.00	12.25
12-4	Colonial Velvet	36.00	33.50
11-4	Colonial Velvet	30.00	....
3x9	Colonial Velvet Runner	8.75	8.50
3x10.6	" " "	8.75	8.25
3x12	" " "	10.00	8.75
E.	Colonial Velvet Runner	3.00	2.60
12-4	Katonah	20.00	19.50
11-4	Katonah	17.50	16.50
E.	Katonah	1.75	1.65
	Velvet	1.82½	1.65
	Saxony	1.80	1.67½
B.	Palisades	1.17½	1.05
12-4	Yonkers	37.25	35.75
11-4	Yonkers	44.25	43.50
Z16-4	Yonkers	50.00	47.20
11-4	Yonkers	32.75	32.00
10-4	Yonkers	22.50	....
8-4	Yonkers	18.25	....
6-4	Yonkers	9.75	....
E.	Yonkers	3.20	2.80
J.	Yonkers	5.10	4.40
	Mats	1.60	1.35
12-4	Kirman	39.50	35.00
E.	Kirman	2.90	2.55
6-4	Wilton	11.50	10.25
12-4	Hudson	13.25	13.10
11-4	Hudson	11.50	11.25
10-4	Hudson	9.00	8.50

Kitchin Opposes Tariff Change Now

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Representative Kitchin of North Carolina, Chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee and Democratic leader at the last session of Congress, in a statement today said he was opposed to any general revision of the tariff at the next session, because conditions were too unstable. "I do not believe," Mr. Kitchin said, "a tariff can be written at this time that will stand. If the Democrats were to have control of the next House I don't believe there would be any general tariff revision."

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

TOOLE, HENRY & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Charles B. Toole and Douglas Henry, individually and as co-partners, trading as Toole, Henry & Co., stock brokers, at 120 Broadway, by the following creditors: Charles A. Robertson, $10,000; David Epstein, $363, and Roland R. Batsor, $800. Judge Hand has appointed Edward H. Childs receiver in $25,000 bond. Liabilities said to be $980,000 and assets $600,000.

EDWARD SERFILIPPO of 232 East Twenty-ninth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,442 and no assets.

CONSTANTINE ARKEDIS, a restaurant manager, of 109 West 102d Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,898 and assets of $5.

JOHN B. ROSE CO., sand, gravel, &c., at 103 Park Avenue, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,083,825, consisting of taxes, $1,005; wages, $2,352; secured claims, $21,990; unsecured claims, $751,253; notes and bills, $180,552; accommodation paper, $126,672, and assets of $1,584,457, represented by real estate, $597,-969; stock, $30,000; shipping, &c., $85,366; accounts due, $800,557; stocks, bonds, &c., $234,500; policies of insurance $21,990; unliquidated claims, $2,390; deposits of money, $7,927. Among the largest creditors are Harriman National Bank, $40,000; New York Trust Company, $60,000; Bryant Park Bank, $20,000; Edison Portland Cement Co., $10,630; Cornell Steamboat Co., $10,000.

THE ROSE BRICK CO., sand and gravel, at 103 Park Avenue, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $720,155, represented by wages, $2,718; unsecured claims, $475,981; notes and bills, $241,456, and assets of $1,020,949, consisting of real estate, $400,104; stock, $57,257; auto, &c., $3,142; farming equipment, $8,408; barges, $50,700; furniture and fixtures, $99,873; accounts due, $310,926; stocks, bonds, &c., $80,162; unliquidated claims, $2,140; deposits of money, $8,224. Among the largest creditors are John R. Rose, $54,322; Coal and Iron National Bank, $30,000; National Bank of Newburgh, $29,000; Peoples Bank, Haverstraw, N. Y., $15,000.

N. and W. J. PECK CO, building material, at 428 East 48th Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $532,449, represented by unsecured claims $280,015; notes and bills $252,484, and assets of $560,-102, the main items of which are bills, promissory notes, &c., $27,562; stock, $399; machinery, &c., $7,891; accounts due, $517,281; stocks, bonds, $6,587. Among the largest creditors are Rose Brick Co., $208,321, and John B. Rose, $33,119.

ALPHA BRICK AND HOLDING CO. of Glasco, N. Y., has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $79,528 and assets of $103,611, main items of which are real estate, $59,667; bills, &c., $3,058; stock, $23,960; accounts due, $13,147, and deposits of money, $3,457. Among the largest creditors are Columbus Trust Co., Newburg, N. Y., $10,402; John B. Rose, $14,053; John B. Rose Co., $11,825.

WELLER-WALLICK SHOE CO., at 55 West 42d Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $48,860, unsecured claims and assets of $25,000, consisting of stock and fixtures. Among the largest creditors are Weller's Booterie, Inc., $45,000.

MEADE TRAN

SHERRY'S TO MOVE ACROSS FIFTH AV.

Exchanges Present Site for Guaranty Trust's Corner at Forty-third Street.

DEAL INVOLVES $2,000,000

Trust Company Proposes to Remodel Sherry Building and to Build New Wing.

Fifth Avenue corners in the Grand Central Station zone held on leasehold by the Guaranty Trust Company and Louis Sherry were exchanged yesterday in an unusual transaction involving about $2,000,000.

The eleven-story restaurant and apartment building at the southwest corner of Forty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue will go to the Guaranty Trust Company, which has arranged to remodel the structure and in addition build a wing at 522 Fifth Avenue, 22 by 105 and 50 by 100, at 10 West Forty-fourth Street, these extensions to correspond with the construction and architecture of the Sherry Building, which was erected for Mr. Sherry some twenty years ago by the Brokaw estate, which owns the land.

The property at 522 Fifth Avenue, where the catering of the Sherry business is located, is owned by Mrs. Mortimer Brooks, and 10 West Forty-fourth Street is the property of the Academy of Medicine.

Leases on the three holdings were renewed last year by Mr. Sherry for twenty-one years, with privilege to renew for a similar term. These contracts, for which Mr. Sherry is said to have asked $2,000,000, have been taken over by the Guaranty Trust Company, and in the deal Sherry takes over the lease made by the trust company with the owners of the Postal Life Building, on the southeast corner of Forty-third Street and Fifth Avenue, which contract involves the store, basement, and first floor, all of which were fitted up at a large expense by the trust company about two years ago. The lease of this property has about fifteen years to run. It is planned to have the improvement to the new home of the trust company completed by 1920.

The real sale was handled by William Henry Barnum & Co., acting in an advisory capacity for the Guaranty Trust Company, and that firm will arrange for and supervise the reconstruction of the buildings. Cross & Cross are the architects, and Irons & Todd and Todd & Robertson will be the general contractors. The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, which made the deal, will be the sole agents for office space in the altered building. The new structure will have approximately 18,000 feet of floor space, with unobstructed light on all four sides.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Cropsey, J.—At 10 A. M.

Campbell<Taylor. Kenny, as admr, &c< Macy<Burnage, Inc. 31st St Garage, Inc.
Roderick<B, Q Co & S RR Co and ano. Smith<Von Blunker.
Schonberger, as admr<Prisse. Karelson<Lorraine Hotel Co.
Lockere<Cartinas. Cosman<B, Q Co & S RR Co and ano.
Andujar<Fleming. Heinicke<Canning.
Consalvo, an infant< Mansfield et al. Cerny, an infant< Wilson & English Construction Co.
Delehanty<Raven. Imperial<Mann.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call:

Meehan<B, B H RR Co. Nyack<N Y Rys Co.
Matey<Anargyros and General Adhesive Co Chamberlin, an infant<Fleming. Schmidt<Colten.
Emmerich, an infant<Q Glaubit.
Richland<Grazioso. Chace<N Y Cons RR.
Maresco, as admr< Kraemer's Express Corp, and ano. Casale<Kalbach, as receiver, &c.
Prindle<Satterwhite. Van Twistern, as admr, &c<Makoske and ano.
Connors, as admx< Cent RR of N J. Patterson<Magna Machine Co, Inc.
Van Zonneweld et al< Lymber et al. Goldberg<B, Q Co & S Ry Co.
Magee, as guardian, &c<Kalbach, as receiver. Peterson<Cohn.
Devine, an infant<B H RR Co. Rigney, an infant< Rabinowitz.
Lukserin<I R T Co. Bucklemen<B H RR.
Rubin<Fleming. Horschkowitz<Nas E RR Co.
Andujar<same. Mentzer et al<Palermo et al.
Holub, by guardian, &c<Prince Arm. Cohen<Winkler's Sons, Inc, et al.
Rental Service, Inc. Flanagan, an infant< Schwed and ano.
Adams, as admx< Falls. Flanagan<same.
Fleming<Andujar.

Highest number reached on general calendar is 2715.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 25751.

Notice is given that SIGMUND ROSENTHAL, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court, in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on May 5, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted. JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 26704. —In Bankruptcy.—EMMA FAIBISH, Bankrupt.

Emma Faibisy was duly adjudicated bankrupt on March 27, 1919. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 31 Nassau Street, City of New York, on April 18, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting. JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 26223. Notice is given that TINA TEPLITZ, doing business as NOXAL SHOE CO., Bankrupt, has applied for the confirmation of a composition of all her debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, April 14th, 1919, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why such application should not be granted.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of DAVID F. JACOBS and MARY SCHNITZER, individually and as co-partners trading as JACOBS TOY MFG. COMPANY, Bankrupts.—No. 26274.

To the creditors of the above named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above named bankrupts, will be sold under the direction of John L. Lyttle, the Trustee herein, at public auction under the rules and practice of this Court, by Charles Shohgood, U. S. Auctioneer, at 589 Broadway, New York City, on April 14, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

The property to be sold consists of dolls parts, hardware, furniture and fixtures, &c. The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale, unless it sells at least 75 per centum of its appraised value.

New York, April 1, 1919.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy,
35 Nassau St., New York City.

ALEXANDER LEVINE, Attorney for Trustee, 302 Broadway, N. Y. City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDUCATIONAL DISTRIBUTING CORPORATION, Alleged Bankrupt.—Case Shonnard, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, April 3, 1919, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 7 West 45th St., in the borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, such as desks, chairs, typewriters, etc.

CHARLES A. SIEGELMAN, Receiver.
DAVID W. EARN, Attorney for Receiver, 74 Broadway, New York.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(4) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—In Room 3, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

Doherty<Thames Towboat Co.
Coast Transit Co<Tug R M Waterman.
O'Connor<Tug Downer No 9.

DISTRICT COURT—Dietrich, J.—In Room 227, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar.

Heller<NY, NH & H RR.
De Valasco<Freund.
Zorn<Booth & Flinn.
Harris<Lowe.
Speer<Grundy.
Cali<Stevens-Aylsworth Co.
Leubuscher<Brown.
Newcomb<Burke.
Nash<United Fruit Co
Obex Co<Rottenberg.
Krumsky<Eastern SS.
Keel<Hamburger & Co
Keevey<McCormick.
Munsell<C RR of N J.
Keith<Armour & Co.
Wendler<Rices.
West Porto Rico Sugar Co<Toole.
Tagliava<Bianchi.
Toole<same.
West Porto Rico Sugar Co<Toole.
Higgins<NY, N H & H RR.
Rubio<US Steel Prod.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—In Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.

Gen Bakelite Co<Gen Insulate Co (on trial.)

DISTRICT COURT—Garvin, J.—In Room 312. Naturalizations at 9:30 A. M.
Criminal calendar at 10:30 A. M.—For pleading.

US<Bernstein & Baer Same<Potter (2.)

Bankruptcy calendar at 11 A. M.

Re Junius Coal & Wood Co (on trial.)

Admiralty calendar at 11 A. M.

Olsen<Junius Soho.
Paterson<same.
Green<Power Boat Neptune.
Lethbridge<Wardell & Co.
L I Barge Co<Van Idersteln Co.
Home Ins Co<same.
Emerson et al<Barge Hougomont.
Vanderploeg et al<same.
Doty<Barge Margaret M.
Gen Lighterage Co<SS Thorbjan, &c.
Forsyth & ano<Stuntug John P Berwind.
Cullen Barge Corp<Stuntug P RR No 82.
Kuh & Valk Co<SS August.
C F Harms Co<Bklyn Ash Removal & ano.
Musumeci, as adm< Wilhelmsen.
Manning et al<SS Westfield.
Constwise Lumber & Supply Co<Lighter Rudolph Bros.
Schuyler & ano<Sch Georgie Churchman.
NY & Porto Rico SS< Nat Sugar Ref Co.
Shallow et al<SS Jutecapital.
Gonzales<SS Maryanne.
Newtown Creek Tow'n Co<Barge Anthony, Lee, and Dunellen.
Hunley<Interstate Lighterage & Trans.
Joesho<SS Winnamac.
Gokey et al<Rail Sch Margaret.

DISTRICT COURT—Howe, J.—In Room 323, Law calendar at 10:30 A. M.

Teloshaski<Richmond Light & RR Co.

For call: Hoff<same.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Dowling, Page, and Merrell, JJ. —At 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.

Rugot<Mitchel.
Palmerstock<Townsend.
People<Goodhen.
Dreifus Co<Smiley Steel Co.
Resnick<Blenstock.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Re Dressler Producing Co.
Conn Alloyed Metals Co<Earle.
Re Evans Film Mfg Co. (2.)
Gotham Nat Bank< Lewis.
Flannigan<Ludwig.
Bridgeman<N Y Rys Co.
Lisnow<Int R T.
Kaplan<same.
Tow<same.
Rosenthal<same.
Tow<same.
McGill<same.
Gerich<same.
Hitchings<Lehigh Valley Coal Co.
N Y Bldg & Imp Co< Goebel.
Oriental Am Trad, Inc <Slocum, Avram & Slocum Trading Co.
Re Hirschfield<Cook.
Jacobs & Jermon, Inc. <Kelety.
Dixon<Conway.
Zlotnick<Zlotnick.
People of State N Y< Blaser.
Lincoln Trust Co< Slavin.
Re Sohler, (Zobler.)
Lafayette<Walbach.
Cammann<Payne.
City Real Est Co< Althause.
Mut Life Ins Co< same.
Kleinfeld<Gordon.
Kosholka<Webb & Sons, Inc.
CN Y<U S Cloth Cutting Machine Co.
Chambers<Elliott.
Dorf<Simon.
Commercial Credit Co <Burt.
Walter<Shaw Av.
Leonard<Hencken, (2)
Mooney<Piercy Cont Co.
Roper Paper Co< Mountain Mill Paper Co.
Ploetz<Jefferson Hotel and Restaurant Co.
Re Crescent St.

PART II.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Finch, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Roth<Roth.
Barbelle<Barbelle.
Hadad<Hadad.
Wolinsky<Wolinsky.
McGee<same.
Schachter<Schachter.
Re Man Ry<Gorham.
Same<Kahn.
Rider<Rider.

Preferred causes: Cummings<470 West 150th St Corp.
Fleming<Conners.
General calendar: Freeman<Rosenthal.
Jacobs<Walsh.
Quail<Rackowsky.
Fletcher<Nicholas.
Case on.

PART IV.—Tierney, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PART V.—(October Term Continued)—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Kings Co Lighting Co<Lewis.

PART V.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.

Illium, Jr<Worlf Adv. Schmalholz<Holland House Co.
Ballerini<Steinberg.
Foreign Import Co.< Geraldi.
Same<Garafalo.
Same<Maronna.
Weinberger<Weinstein.
Walsh<Tiedemann.

PART III.—Recess.

PART XIV.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.

Dunham<Am Code Co.
De Grange<Cohen.
Regan<Urban.
Smith Co<Mascahlades.
Royal Ind Co<Hasslocher.
Percival<Stern.
Howard<Smith.
Sisson<Garthe.
Frenz<Grunig.
Gaines<Haskell.
Buffum<Hoyt.
Mansen<Wright.
Phoenix Coal Co< Penn RR.

TRIAL TERM—Causes assigned for trial. Day Calendar to the various parts for trial.

PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART IV.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART V.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Cunningham<McNally.

PART VI.—Emerson, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

PART VIII.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART IX.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M.

Brown<Markowitz. Weissman<Solomon.
Matthews<same. Cohen<same.

PART X.—Cavagan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XI.—Recess.

PARTS XII. and XIII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XIV.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XV.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART XVI.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVII.—Weeks, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XVIII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10 A. M.

Wills for probate:
Susan Moore,
William N. Craine,
A. A. Jacobi,
Claudia E. Inner.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Walsh J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.

Eddystone Ammunition Corp<Ratner.
Peterson<Nat Surety.
Heers Pattern Co<The Golden Rule, Inc.
Northeastern Lumber Co<Weingarten.
Am Dry Goods Co<Nat Trading Co.
Ulin<Solomon.
Katz<Kellerman.
Oster<Halber.
Kovalsky Bros<Hutchinson.
Haberman<NY Rys.
Ray<same.
Berman<same.
Edelman<same.
McGovern<same.
Rothstein<same.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Pinello, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL, TERM—Part I.—Mitchell, J. No day calendar.

PART II.—Mullan, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Matter of Sopolsky et al.—J. Clifford McChristie.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department —Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Lazansky, J.—At 10 A. M.

Aprea<Cipolla.
Gussie Gottlieb Co< Illions.
Finnigan<Craig.
Smith<Smith.
Re Kirkwood Sanitarium.
Moers<Riegelmann.
Kugler<Nathan.
Schwartz<Cesareo.
Thomashewsky<Thomashewsky.
Polgiase<Polgiase (2.)
Tierney<Lamson.
Maher<same.
Steelman<Steelman.
Re Sully (Joseph.)
James<Rockford (6.)
Rosenblatt<Surprise Bldg Co.

PART II.—Faber, J.—Ex parte business, at 10 A. M.

PART III.—Benedict, J.—At 10 A. M. Gilbert<Gilbert.

TRIAL TERM—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Sarah Grayson,
Jacob Baummer,
John Cooper,
Josef Bertmann,
John Moran,
Frederick Boehm,
Johanna Jeff.

Administration.
George Oatis.

Guardianship of:
Ramon O'Brien.

Accountings of:
Hugh Kenny,
William Berri,
John Hillyer,
Mary Lynch,

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—MacMahon, J. At 10 A. M.

Burns<B H RR.
Ewarts<Nas Elec RR. Hall<same.
Mills<B H RR.
Hordt<Knewlton.
Hall<Cent RR N J.
Lifshutz<Lifshutz.
Arnold<Scott.
Purcell<Van Cott.
Re People State N Y, Kirkland (Craig.)
Re Lincoln Terrace Park (Hall.)
Re East 21st St.
Ostergren, W A<The Swedish Mutual Aid Soc Scandia.
Ostergren, W<same.
Fadeyeff<Fisher.
Nankivel<Gaston Williams & W.
Smith<Smith.
Irwin<Riegelmann.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Annie Rhoades and the estate of Herman Richtberg sold the two four-story buildings at 203 and 205 West Forty-first Street to the Listowel Realty Co., through Louis Schraz.

Dr. Parkhurst Buys Residence.

The Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst bought at auction in the Vesey Street sales room the house at 133 East Thirty-fifth Street which he has occupied as tenant for several years. The property, a four-story house on lot 20 by 74, was acquired by a representative of Dr. Parkhurst for $20,000 from the stand of J. H. Meyers, who offered it in an action brought by May C. Dillon against the Chelsea Exchange Bank and others to protect incumbrances totaling $25,128.

Vacant Plot Near Park Sold.

The vacant plot, 25.2 by 100, at the north corner of Central Park West and Ninety-eighth Street, was sold by the estate of Frederick W. Loew.

Private Dwellings in Demand.

F. R. Minrath sold his residence at 119 West Seventy-fifth Street to the Waldorf Contracting Company, S. D. Tomback, President, through P. E. Abrahms. The building will be remodeled into small suites.

Ennis & Sinnott have bought from a client of A. J. Robertson 48 and 50 West Forty-seventh Street, two four-story dwellings, 45.4 by 100. Title is held by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.

Helen F. Gantz sold the five-story American basement dwelling, 17 by 66, held at $45,000, at 101 East Ninety-fourth Street, northeast corner of Park Avenue, through Worthington Whitehouse, Inc.

George Killian sold the three-story and basement private dwelling at 235 East Forty-ninth Street to John A. Wood through James Kyle & Sons. The same brokers sold the dwelling at 237 East Forty-ninth Street for Joseph Hahn to Robert M. Kurtz, and the three-story and basement dwelling at 232 East Sixty-second Street for Henry M. Steinert.

Tenement Deals.

James H. Cruikshank purchased from the Directors Realty Holding Company the two five-story new-law tenements at 332 to 336 Delancey Street, being the northwest corner of Managin Street, on a plot 75 by 100, assessed by the city at $69,000. N. A. Berwin & Co. were the brokers.

The United States Trust Company sold the flat, on plot 42 by 100, at 247 to 251 East 122d Street, to a client of Van Vliet & Place.

Arthur B. Cahn bought the four-story and basement building, on lot 25 by 100, at 325 Seventh Avenue, from the Remainder Realty Company, through J. Arthur Fischer and D. Sylvan Crakow.

Heights Apartments Sold.

The six-story elevator apartment, on plot 91.3 by 100, held at $270,000, at the northeast corner of Broadway and 177th Street, was resold by Conrad Stein to a client of Derschuh & Co. I. Kashare was associate broker in the deal and Nabuerdorf & Taylor represented the seller as attorneys.

Samuel Wacht, Jr., sold the five-story apartment house, on plot 48.4 by 95, renting for $7,000 annually, at 510 West 172d Street, to Maude C. Hennion, through William S. Baker.

Samuel Fisher and Samuel Evans have bought the six-story apartment house, 40 by 99.11, at 203 and 205 West 144th Street.

The two six-story apartment houses, 80 by 99.11, at 224 to 228 West 149th Street, have been sold by Robert F. Seiffert to F. Donofris, Inc.

Daniel H. Jackson sold to the Keivale Realty Company (Cohen Brothers) the Lucille and the Shoreham, two seven-story apartment houses, on plot 236 by 121 irregular, at 60 to 70 St. Nicholas Avenue, comprising the east side block front on St. Nicholas Avenue, between 113th and 114th Streets. The buildings are assessed at $460,000, were held at $500,000, and return an annual rental of about $70,000. H. H. Jackson was the broker in the transaction.

Brown Resells Block Front.

Frederick Brown, operator, resold the two six-story apartment houses at 996 to 1,008 East 163d Street, comprising the block front between Fox and Simpson Streets, to the Benenson Realty Company through Leitner, Brenner & Starr. The property, which was held at $460,000, rents for $54,000, and has a mortgage of 206 feet 163d Street, of 128 feet on Fox Street, and 175 feet on Simpson Street. It was recently acquired by the seller from the Henry Morgenthau Company.

The Bronx Market.

The Payne Estate sold the four-story store and apartment building, 25.03 by 77.77 at 511 East 157th Street to an investing client of Shaw & Co. and J. Roberts.

Morris Polsky sold the two five-story apartment houses, each 40 by 90, renting for $12,000 and held at $85,000, at 2,248 and 2,250 Webster Avenue, to the Concourse Estates Realty Company, (Ely Maran and I. Lewine.) Schwab & Co. negotiated the deal.

The Benenson Realty Company bought from Joseph Feldman 1,995 and 1,997 Webster Avenue, adjoining the southwest corner of 179th Street, a six-story twenty-five-family flat, 50 by 100, with stores, rented for $8,500.

Suburban Sales.

The trustees of Margaret J. Sedgewick sold the residence with six acres of land on Grandview Avenue, White Plains, N. Y., held at $50,000, to Julius Oppenheimer through Griffen, Prince & Hyde. The same brokers sold the dwelling and large plot at 2 Merrit Place to Julius Freidland for Daisy Barmore.

Herman Burger sold two cottages and a vacant plot at the southeast corner of Beach Seventy-first Street and Averne Boulevard, Arverne, L. I. to A. Miller through the Lewis H. May Company.

Rippowam Lodge on Stillwater Avenue, north of Stamford, Conn., consisting of a stone residence, farm buildings and cottages on 230 acres of land, held at $50,000, to be used in development more than $500,000, was sold by the Commercial Trust Company to Della L. Martin. George Howe, Sol Bloom, and G. Harry Abbott were the brokers in the transaction.

Brooklyn.

William Clinton Burling bought the detached dwelling at 245 Eighty-third Street, between Ridge Boulevard and Third Avenue, through Bulkley & Horton, and will occupy the premises.

The Clinton Trading Corporation sold the three-story and basement one-family brownstone dwelling, 17 by 90, on lot 17 by 90, at 505 Third Street, to August Schlicht.

Ike Feinberg bought a two-story brick building, with store, at 1,114 Kings Highway, from Giuseppe Ciaccio through William Liss, Inc. The same brokers sold the apartment and store building on plot 37 by 100 at 1,122 Kings Highway for the Constershire Realty Co. to Granite Associates.

The Alco Building Co. sold through Realty Trust the following one-family semi-detached brick dwellings on Sixty-third Street, Mapleton Park, 2,071 to A. Sherman, 2,069 to Israel Sherman, and 2,063 and 2,065 to Joseph Paulson.

Regan Estates sold the house at 28 Vernon Avenue to a client who will occupy the premises as a residence.

The Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank sold Florence Court a seven-story and basement fireproof apartment at 47 Pierrepont Street, on plot 142 by 50. Pierrepont Street fronts on Hicks Street and Love Lane. The building was held at $200,000 and has a rent roll of $30,000. Thomas J. O'Reilly negotiated the sale.

Rufus T. Griggs sold the plot 40 by 100 on the north side of Seventy-first Street, 180 feet east of Thirteenth Avenue, to Palermo Brothers, who will improve it with two two-family houses. B. J. Sforza negotiated the sale.

I. Kohart sold a plot 100 by 100 on the north side of Forty-sixth Street, 180 feet west of Seventeenth Avenue, to I. Left, who will erect three one-family cottages on the site. The deal was negotiated by I. Slazberg.

Anna Mossbach sold the two-story and brick dwelling at 359 Sixth Avenue to Veronica Jones through F. C. Sauter.

Meister Builders, Inc., sold a plot 200 by 100 on Beach Forty-second Street, Edgemere, to a Mr. Uebleacker, who will improve the property with ten bungalows.

Queens Borough Sales.

John H. Miller sold the dwelling on plot 50 by 156 at 104 Brewster Avenue, Flushing, to Bruno C. Stolz, through J. Albert Johntra.

The Rockaway Beach Realty Company has sold to M. Heffes a plot 62 by 103 on the west side of Academy, Street south of the Rockaway Beach Boulevard at Rockaway Beach.

The Herman Homes Company has purchased from the Sturtevant Realty Company a plot 93 by 425 on the west side of Farmers Avenue south of Debevoise Avenue, Hollis.

The Yale Land Company has sold to L. Cabon a plot 50 by 100 in block 6 of the Flushing Heights Development, Flushing.

The Rockaway Beach Realty company has sold to G. Fartes a plot 103 by 125 on the east side of Hammels Avenue, south of the Boulevard, Rockaway Beach.

John Stitch sold to A. Samuels a dwelling on an acre and a half of ground on Mott Avenue, Far Rockaway.

$500,000 Addition to Chevrolet Plant.

The White Fireproof Construction Company has been awarded the contract for the erection of the new enameling and assembling plant of the Chevrolet Division, General Motors Corporation, at Kingsland Point, Tarrytown, N. Y. The building will be of reinforced concrete, 220 by 80, and will cost $500,000. The White Company have undertaken to construct it in eighty days.

Realty Notes.

Norwood, Appell and Walsh, attorneys representing clients who are foreclosing a second mortgage on the Victor Hugo apartments, Seventh Avenue and 114th Street, deny that there has been any sale of the property.

Rogers and Haggerty are the buyers of the Irving Arms apartment on the northwest corner of Riverside Drive and Ninety-fourth Street.

Christine B. Murtens is the buyer of the dwelling 306 West Ninety-first Street.

Helen O. Jones is the buyer of the dwelling 27 West Eighty-sixth Street.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

10th St., 433 to 423 West, for a three-story stable, 49.2x92; J. S. Hannon, 445 West 16th St, owner; J. S. Maher, 431 West 14th St, architect; cost, $40,000.

Alterations.

Items under $3,000 omitted.

South St., 26, to a four-story store and lofts; M. Rodninsky, 31 South St, owner; Zehn & Greenman, 61 South St, architects; cost, $5,000.

54th St, 154 and 156 East, to 6 three-story hall; Lavezzo & Bro., Inc., 118 East 42d St, owners; F. J. Ricker, 783 5th Av, architect; cost, $4,000.

2d Av, 429, to a three-story store and dwelling; Greenwich Association, Inc., 26 West 31st St., owner; G. M. McCabe, 95 5th Av, architect; cost, $3,000.

2d Av, 431, to a three-story store; same owner; same architect; cost, $3,000.

40th St., 103 to 107 East, to a seventeen-story store and offices; Architects' Offices Inc., 101 Park Av, owner; C. A. Platt, 101 Park Av, architect; cost, $4,000.

74th St, 104 East, to a three-story dwelling; E. Blumenkranz, 42 Loew Av, owner; G. B. Blum, 506 5th Av, architects; cost, $5,000.

38th St, 556 West, to a five-story storage building; David Stevenson Brewing Co., 521 10th Av, owner; P. J. Murray, 141 East 40th St, architect; cost, $3,000.

74th St, 129 to 131 West, to a four-story-and-basement apartment; 131 West 74th St. Inc., premises, owner; D. G. Rosenfield, 54 Vermilyea Av, architect; cost, $5,500.

29th St, 320 and 322 East, and 27th St, 323 East, to four-story store, dwelling and o.; J. McElroy, premises, owner; O. Reismann, 147 4th Av, architect; cost, $12,000.

Schofield St, s s, 350 ft w of William St, 25-story frame dwelling, 24.4x26.6; Edgecombe Realty Co., 1,107 Boston Road, owner; Lorans F. J. Weiher, 271 West 125th St, architect; cost, $5,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

Broadway, 1,128-2,184, two-story corner of 75th St, (Nos. 200-214,) runs s 104.6x e 196.9 to Amsterdam Av, (Nos. 808-818,) x n 100x w 212 to beginning, 3 five-story flats and two one-story store; Cecilia Einstein et al against Frank Bradley et al; Harold Swain, attorney; due, $356,183; taxes, &c., $18,000; adjourned to April 9.

141st St, n s, 68.2 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 4.7x100.8x110; vacant; William M. Bernien against Helen P. Greer et al.; Mitchell & M., attorneys; due, $1,163.90; to the plaintiff for $750.

By Henry Brady.

100th St, 411 East, n s, 211.8 ft w of Lexington Av, 37.1x100.11, six-story tenement and stores; Metropolitan Savings Bank against Loretta Corporation et al; due, $20,-632.80; taxes, &c., $1,397.40; to the plaintiff for $18,000.

By J. H. Mayers.

35th St, 133 East, n s, 40 ft w of Lexington Av, 20x74, four-story dwelling; C. Dillon against Chelsea Exchange Bank et al; Dean, T. & S., attorneys; due, $24,-718.80; taxes, &c., $415.65; to the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst for $30,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 974, s w corner of 108th St, 25.5x75; Sabina and Jacob Wenner to Philip Ohl, 351 West 120th St, mtg $24,000, March 31; attorney, Peter Cook, 256 Broadway.....$1

AUDUBON Av, 450, n w c of 187th St, 189.9x75; Duncan M. Stewart & Co. to Jules Realty Co., 170 Broadway, mtg $165,000. all liens, March 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Jules Realty Co. to F. Bangerter, 15 East 124th St, mtg $165,000, all liens; attorney, same.....$100

AUDUBON Av, 450, n w c of 187th St, 189.9x75; Duncan M. Stewart & Co. to Audubon Amusement Co. to E. R. A. Realty Co., 135 Broadway, mtg $157,-500; attorneys, Goldsmith & R., 1,476 Broadway.....$100

BROADWAY, s w corner of 136th St, 96.11x105; Allendale Building Co. to Rosebern Realty Co., 148 St. Nicholas Av, mtg $180,-000; attorney, A. E. Schlechter, 27 Cedar St.....$100

BROADWAY, 889, w s, 25.6x90x24x107.11; Canal St, 196, s s, 23x75; Alice P. Washburn, et al, to Harry J. Washburn, Plandome, L. I., s. t., all liens; address, 1 West 94th St.....Gift

SAME PROPERTY; Harry J. Washburn to Byram Realty Corpn., Manhasset, L. I., s. t., all liens, March 10; address, same.....$1

COURT ST, 210 East, n 19.8x88.9; Elizabeth A. Jaffray, individually and another, executors, to J. Homer Cudmore, 216 East 39th St, April 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$10,500

40th St, 430 West, s s, 125x100.5; James V. Dymock to Eliomena De Maro, 466 West 43d St, mtg $5,500, all liens; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$1

44TH ST, 554 West, s s, 18x100.5; Maria O'Shea to Malitta Realty Corp., 34 Nassau St, all liens, April 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

50TH ST, 41 West, n s, 22x100.5; George H. Allen to Maurice J. and Jeanne Prevot, 115 East 86th St, all liens, March 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

91ST ST, 39 East, n s, 19x100.5; Herman J. Boldt to 39 East 91st St. Co., 70 East 45th St, March 17; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, quitclaim, March 17; attorney, same.....$1

98TH ST, 318 East, s s, 25.5x102.8; James E. Carty to Joseph Perkin, 964 East 160th St, mtg $60,000, March 21; attorney, Abr. Cohen, 111 Broadway.....$100

VALENTINE AV, 2,682, e s, 40.4x irregular; Charles Danewitz to Eliz. Schlemmer, 234 East 198th St, mtg $18,000, April 1; attorney, G. A. Stammuller, 1,911 3d Av.....$100

VICTOR ST, w s, 550 ft n of Morris Park Av, 32x100; Harry Stevens to Nicholas A. Faust and another, 1,853 Victor St., mtg $2,000, March 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

WALTON AV, 561, w s, 16.6x35; Minnie Mazziotta to Ernest C. Baerveldt, 621 Walton Av., mtg $3,500, April 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$100

WASHINGTON AV, 1,830, e s, 46x100.1; Meyer Gold to Esther Blankstein, 1,616 52d St, Brooklyn, mtg $43,750, April 1; attorney, Esther Blankstein, 1,616 52d St., Brooklyn.....$100

WEBSTER AV, s w corner of 180th St, 50x100; Thira Realty Co. to Benenson Realty Co., 500 Willis Av., mtg $17,000, March 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

WEST FARMS ROAD, n w corner of Freeman St, 56.5x197.1x84.8x88.10; Joseph Henschel to Ashton Holding Co., 320 Broadway, April 1; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway.....$100

WEST END AV, e s, 100x100, P. M., April 1; Jeannette Jorburg to Howard O. Lente, 632 2d St, Brooklyn, and another, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$28,000

2D AV, 2,348, e s, 80.11 ft n of 120th St, 20x80, M., March 31; Anna Altman to Harry Nathan, 201 West 79th St, installments, 6 p. c., prior mtg $6,200; attorney, New York Title and Mortgage Co.....132

Broadway.....$3,000

3D AV, 1,130-1,144, e s, 40x100, P. M., April 1; Altchandarr Realty Co. et al. to Jessie W. Ehrich, 32 West 72d Av, 10 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $45,500; attorney, J. W. Ehrich, 67 Exchange Place.....$16,000

3D AV, 1,147-49, e s, corner of 67th St, (200 East,) 40.5x100, P. M., April 1; same to same, 10 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $72,500; attorney, J. W. Ehrich, 67 Exchange Place.....$20,000

3D AV, 1,185 and 1,187, 40.5 ft n of 68th St, 40x100, April 1; Altchandarr Realty Co. to Manfred W. Ehrich, 339 West 71st St, 10 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $15,000; address, 67 Exchange Place.....$16,000

6TH AV, e s, 19 ft n of 15th St, 19x70, Jan. 17; John A. and Andrew J. Phillips to Jeanne R. Kalish, 1 West 85th St, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Edwin L. Garvin, 2 Rector St.....$1

6TH AV, 1,536, e s, 41.8x100; Rosenthal Realty Co. to Mayer Barg, 1,421 Prospect Av, mtg $32,750, April 1; attorney, S. Bitterman, 309 Broadway.....$100

8TH AV, 1,135 and 1,137, 40.5 ft n of 68th St, 40x100, April 1; Altchandarr Realty Co. to Manfred W. Ehrich, 339 West 71st St, 10 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $15,000; address, 67 Exchange Place.....$16,000

8TH AV, e s, 19 ft n of 15th St, 19x70, Jan. 17; John A. and Andrew J. Phillips to Jeanne R. Kalish, 1 West 85th St, 1 year, 6 p. c

from 2 ex. stations on D., L. & W. R. R., is within easy and economical commuting distance of N. Y. C., and can be purchased outright and title secured for $1,000 cash down, balance less than the rent you now pay per month. Cor. plot 120x160 ft. Write or 'phone GEO. B. PEARE, 640 Riverside Drive, N. Y. C. Tel. 6834—Audubon.

Extraordinary Home Bargains

$3,000, ON EASY TERMS, LESS THAN YOUR PRESENT RENT, AND $4,000 ON FIRST MORTGAGE BUYS IT READY TO LIVE IN.

An 11-room, all-year home of rare beauty, comfort and convenience, with 3 tiled baths, superb elevation and unsurpassed land and water views; huge living room, entrance hall, kitchen and butler's pantry, dining room on first floor; four immense sleeping rooms en suite, with two tiled baths and sleeping balcony on 2d floor; hardwood, white enamel trim, mahogany doors, electric light, steam heat, parquet floors wide verandas; a big open fireplace, especially built for wood fires, and a stone basement under entire house, are noteworthy features; every city convenience combined with the advantages of a wonderful country exist here. This charming, practical home, only a few minutes walk from Long Island station; will sell on easy terms to a responsible party for much less than present valuation. ESTATE OF H. W. MEYER, 2,031 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone Evergreen 678. Representative on property from 2 to 5 every day this week.

Two Exceptional Hotel Sites

BROADWAY
40th & 41st Streets
31,600 Square Feet

BROADWAY
6th Ave. & 36th St.
23,000 Square Feet

Horace S. Ely & Company, 21 Liberty Street. Telephone John 223

New York will soon be in dire need of more high-class hotels, centrally situated.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

YOUR RENT FREE
AND STEADY INCOME
AS OCCUPYING OWNER.
INCOME FROM THE TWO OTHER FAMILIES MORE THAN PAYS OWNER'S RENT, WITH HANDSOME SURPLUS OR PROFIT BESIDES.

18 HOUSES FOR SALE

Each house 25x100 & arranged for 3 families of 6 & 7 rooms each; all modern improvements. Located 839 to 883 Whitlock Ave., (Excluding 873 and 875), Bronx, at Longwood Ave. Subway Station

Very moderate terms
Liberty Bonds taken in payment
APPLY
M. L. & C. ERNST,
56 Liberty St., N. Y. Tel. 3466 Rector
Or Agent's Office, 865 Whitlock Ave.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Woodruff Av., near Flatbush Av.
Halsey St., near Troop Av.

Rents, $7,900; price, $58,000; 2 four-story 6-family, up-to-date apartments. Owner, I. A. Boehnicke, 305 Sterling Pl., Brooklyn.

YOU NEED A HOME

Send for particulars of our cozy 7-room Brick Homes; tiled and screen inclosed porches; ready to occupy; on Brooklyn subway, 30 minutes from Times Square, 8 minutes from Beaches, 5c. fare.

ALCO BUILDING CO.,
217 Broadway, N. Y. Barclay 4585.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Forest Hills Gardens

15 Minutes from Penna. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots For Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 W. 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

FOR SALE AT ROSEBANK, S. I.

Seven-room house; hardwood floors; all improvements; plot 50x100; price $4,700.

40 lots, 25x100; sewer, water, gas, sidewalks, and curb; three minutes from train or trolley; $500 each.
P. O. Box 65, Stapleton, Staten Island.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale.—One of the Thoroughly Modern, Fireproof
Country Houses
Built by the Along the Hudson Co.
Overlooking Hudson
At Spuyten Duyvil
16 rooms, 4 baths, ½ acre plot.

This house, which is finely finished, has become available for purchase—immediate possession, affording an unusual opportunity in these days of housing scarcity to secure an attractive home in a high-class community, where man can reach his business comfortably and quickly by motor or N. Y. Central electric. For particulars inquire
J. J. McKELVEY, Attorney,
43 Cedar St., N. Y. Tel. John 4178.

HONEST VAULES

One new 9 room, 3 baths, semi-bungalow, $16,500. One new 9 room, 3 baths, Southern Colonial, $16,900. One brick 10 room, 3 baths, cottage type, $18,500. Every improvement. Attractive terms. Families of refinement responsibility, and good standing invited to investigate.

GEDNEY FARM CO.
Robert E. Farley, Pres.
12 East 44th St., N. Y. C.
Depot Square, White Plains.

Stucco, Red Tile Roof

Two-year-old modern house, located in fine section of Mount Vernon on large plot of ground; 9 rooms, 3 baths, 4 master's bedrooms, sleeping porch; fireproof garage, under large enclosed porch having fireplace; copper metal work; price $21,000.

Anderson Realty Co.
MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.

HALF ACRE PLACE

On the Hudson, 30 minutes from 42d Street by New York Central. Fine 11 room house, electricity, handsome floors, fireplaces, piazza balcony. Half acre grounds, trees, shrubs; 2 car garage. Views of river and Palisades. Closing out real estate holdings. Offer of $19,000 wanted. Cost much more. Terms $5,000 cash, balance mortgage.
BELLOWS & WARREN
Getty Square, Yonkers.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER, NEARBY CONNECTICUT AND NORTH SHORE, L. I., PROPERTIES—INSURANCE.
Estate of Marvin 527 5th Av.

NEW ROCHELLE.

Owner's business transferred to another State, offers for quick sale this new 8 room white Colonial clapboard house, 2 baths, open fireplace; all improvements; location North Avenue section.
Price $9,400. It's a bargain. See this today.
H. M. OLCOTT 31 East 42d St., New York
Tel. Mur. Hill 2326

ALONG THE SOUND
FURNISHED HOUSES
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
11 East 42d St. Murray Hill—6441.

For Sale at Colonial Heights

Attractively decorated almost new Dutch Colonial house; 9 rooms, 3 baths and garage; 30 minutes from Grand Central; too many features to enumerate; must be seen to be appreciated. Write or phone Beekman 4000.
Frazier Halsted Realty Co., 154 Nassau St.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Bay Side House

In order to quickly settle an estate, modern 10-room house, newly decorated, ready for immediate occupancy; plot 60x100 ft.; splendidly located in the choicest residential section of Bayside, L. I., Lawrence Boulevard and Woodland Av., a few minutes' walk from Long Island station; will sell on easy terms to a responsible party for much less than present valuation. ESTATE OF H. W. MEYER, 2,031 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone Evergreen 678. Representative on property from 2 to 5 every day this week.

A BARGAIN FOR SOME ONE

At Huntington, in excellent neighborhood, 7 acres country home and farm. Modern house, 9 rooms, bath, heat, barns, sheds, many large poultry houses. Everything in fine shape; great abundance of fruit, large peach orchard, apples, cherries; extensive gardens, asparagus, strawberries, raspberries; finest water supply. Owner absolutely forced to sell, asking $9,800. Wants offer. apply at once to
Theodore S. Hall, 47 West 34th St., N. Y. C.

For Rent With Option to Buy.

Charming Colonial house at Huntington Bay. 10 rooms, 3 baths, exceptionally well furnished, to be rented to desirable family for Summer at low figure, with option to purchase. Large plot, shade trees, garden, flowers, 2-car garage, everything new and in perfect order; wonderful bathing, golf, tennis. For particulars and photos of this unusual offering apply
Theodore S. Hall, 47 West 34th St. N. Y.

FOR SALE.

SOUTH SEA CLIFF, Long Island, adjacent Engineer's and North Shore Country Clubs, summer and winter dwelling, practically new, in restricted section, three bedrooms and bath, two servant rooms and bath, butler's pantry, enclosed porch, hot water heat, gas, electricity, two car garage, lot 235x180, on macadam road, $12,000, furnished or unfurnished. Owner moving to Florida. Box 567, Sea Cliff. Telephone Glen Cove 199.

MERRICK, L. I.

Several houses of 10-12 rooms, 2-4 baths. Steam or furnace heat, garages, gardens, etc. Each of the places offered has ample grounds of 1-3 acres and are located in the most desirable sections. The houses are in excellent condition.
R. W. FORD, 94 William Street, N. Y.
Telephone John 2260.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BERKSHIRE PROPERTIES.

Spring is here; the gardens should be planted. Estates, acreage, waterfront. Let know your requirements.
85 acres; 7-room house; large barn; $5,000.
85 acres; complete gentleman's estate; $9,500. Archer, 10 East 43d.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SAVE RENT BY BUYING

For $900 cash, balance like rent; price $8,750; plot 100x187 ft.; ten bigrooms, three tiled baths; wide verandas, fine sleeping porch; in select established residential neighborhood; near lakes, golf and country clubs, churches, a school; easy commutation; express service; high in the healthful Jersey hills and ready for occupancy now. GEORGE C. BLACKWELL, Sherman Square Hotel, Broadway and 71st St., New York City. Tel. 8400 Columbus.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY HOMES—$500 CASH

Balance monthly payments less than rent, buys beautiful, new suburban home, 30 minutes from New York; rapid commutation; on plot 40x120; six rooms and bath, finished with hardwood trim, mahogany doors, white enameled woodwork, parquet floors, steam heat, beautifully decorated; up-to-date fixtures; gas, electric; street paved, sewers, gas and electricity; plenty of space for garage and a garden; 70 trains daily. Built 20.

ONLY 3 LEFT AT $5,200.

AMERICAN HOME BUILDERS,
26 Cortlandt St., N. Y. Phone Cortlandt 984.

For Sale or To Let
At Lake Hopatcong, New Jersey
16-Room Boarding House

Accommodations for 25 guests. Completely furnished. 130 feet of water front. Steamer docks and bathing. Established 30 years. Sell for half value on easy terms or rent to party wishing to run summer boarding house. Apply
THEODORE J. KESSEL, Owner,
400 Colt Building,
Opp. City Hall, Paterson, N. J.

BARGAIN IN WATER FRONT

10-acre estate on Shrewsbury River, 1,000 feet water frontage; dock; riparian rights; good private bathing beach. House, 13 rooms, bathroom. Account old age, $16,000. Photos. Opportunity. ALLABOUGH & SON, now 135 Broadway. Phone 4069 Cortlandt.

JERSEY COAST.

DEAL, ALLENHURST, SPRING LAKE, N. J. C. JOHN D. MINER Cort. 927.
LOCAL OFFICE: SPRING LAKE, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SOME
DESIRABLE OFFICES
TO RENT IN THE
Mohawk Building
5th Ave. & 21st St.
Apply to
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
21 LIBERTY STREET
OR ON THE PREMISES.
Or to E. H. Van Ingen & Co.

FIVE-STORY BUILDING ON BROOME STREET.

Fine condition. Seven light floors, fifty by hundred; three-ton elevator. Excellent for storage or manufacturing. Possession May 1st. Name your broker. A 646 Times Downtown.

MOTION PICTURE STUDIO
No. 11 East 14th St.

Formerly occupied by Biograph, now occupied by Prisma, to rent from May 1st.
Morris E. Sterne, Inc., 9 E. 14th St.

Offices to Rent

in WATSON BUILDING, 256 Church St., cor. Franklin St. Apply Room 36.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE HOME, GROUNDS, to lease, furnished; unexcelled view of Hudson; beautiful grounds; near 181st St.; built specially owner's use; every improvement; 13 rooms, laundry, five bathrooms; special rental desirable party. Owner, C. Riegger, 503 East 134th St. Telephone Melrose 4060.

For sale, $38,000 or $4,000 and farm, commuters; five story apartment house, situated heart of Manhattan, New York; mortgage, $25,000; annual rentals $4,800; expenses $3,000. Tel. 7111 Flatbush. Wm. A. Thomas, 590 E. 21 St., Brooklyn.

Want to sell my private home, three-story brownstone and basement, 19x180, 422 West 147th St., perfect condition; now arranged for two families. Herman Lubetkin, 233 Broadway, New York.

Home for Sale—505 West End Av., near 84th St., four-story, brownstone front, 25-ft. frontage; all improvements. A. F. Hinrichsen, 120 Pacific St., Newark, N. J.

For Sale—Private house on East 81st Street, near Second Avenue, to close an estate. Merkle and Merkle, attorneys, 233 Broadway, New York City.

Most desirable; adjoining Drive; completely furnished; immediate possession; reasonable. S 146 Times.

Three private brick houses, 3 stories each and basement, for improvement or to build upon. Inquire up to April 15, 27 E. 21 St., 6th floor.

Brooklyn.

TWO-FAMILY LIMESTONE.
2-story and basement; separate furnaces; parquet floors; choice location; 84th St., near 5th Av.; close to trolleys and subway station.
PRICE $7,500.
SEAVER & CO., 6,806 3D AV., BROOKLYN.

TWO-FAMILY COTTAGE.
ROOM FOR GARAGE.
15 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, electric lights, parquet floors; separate porches and entrances; lot 40x100. Price $8,000.
SEAVER & CO., 6,806 3D AV., BROOKLYN.

For Sale—Beautiful one-family house, 7 all light rooms and bath; highly modern; best residential section; convenient to cars and "L"; reasonable. Inquire 315 East 5th St., Flatbush.

Strictly modern brick; sun parlor; garage; near express station Brighton "L." Seen until Saturday. Beach, 5887W Midwood.

Queens.

Widow must sell at once beautiful 9-room Queen Anne house, all modern improvements; good section; convenient transit, trolley, elevated, and trains; 18 minutes from centre of city; here is a real chance to procure a fine house at a great sacrifice; lady needs $1,500 cash, balance on terms to suit. Call or write at once. Open Sundays and evenings. Bond, 199 East 58th St.

Wonderful Chance—$500 cash, balance $30 monthly and rent of one floor buys fine two-family brick; modern improvements; 30 minutes to Grand Central. Write or call Electric Store, 199 East 58th St., near 3d Av.

East Elmhurst, Flushing Bay.—Sell cheap, easy terms, 8-room house, recently built; steam heater, 100 by 100, splendid view. Burrell, 168 Watching Av., Montclair, N. J.

Richmond.

Staten Island.—Will sell, easy terms, or rent furnished, $80 month; 8 room house; electric lights, steam heat; near depot; 45 minutes from lower Manhattan. K 738 Times Downtown.

Westchester County.

KEW GARDENS HOUSE.
Seven bedrooms, sleeping porch, every improvement; large garage; price $40,000. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

BROADWAY FLUSHING HOUSE.
Five bedrooms, garage; not an apartment.
A REAL BARGAIN; PRICE $8,000.
Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

Corona, L. I., house; plot, 50x100; 20 minutes' Penn. Station; easy terms. Owner, 480 E. 8th., Bklyn.

Far Rockaway.—Nine-room cottage, first-class improvements; apple, peach trees. 1,369 Cedar Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

30 IRVING PLACE
Southeast Corner 16th St.
Most Accessible Location in N. Y.
Close to Subway and L Stations at 14th and 18th Sts. and all surface cars.
FIRST LOFT, 80x103
In 12-story fireproof Mercantile Building, containing four electric elevators, automatic sprinklers, and every modern improvement. Unexcelled light.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
SOL. STERN, 31 E. 27th ST.

Two Stores, W. 40th St.

Can be used separately or as one. World Tower Building, West 40th St., near Broadway. Apply room 1205, 110 West 40th St. Tel. Bryant 8463.

ONE-STORY BUILDINGS.

All light, high ceilings, suit anything, 25x100—50x90—28x200, with offset—40x40, ideal stables, 40x100—50x200; one location, your choice; immediate possession. HARLEM ROOFING, 17 E. 137th. Tel. 1920 Harlem.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

WANTED
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Suite of three to six rooms in Bowling Green or lower Broadway section. A 669 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE
Five-Story Building

Fifty by Hundred. Excellent location on wide street, convenient to proposed vehicular tunnel to New Jersey. Five light lofts, brick shaft and new three-ton elevator recently installed. Possession May 1st. A 647 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

1 EAST 56TH ST.
2 Rooms and Bath,
Overlooking 5th Avenue.
Sublease to Oct. 1.
Partly furnished.
Inquire Apt. 416 or
L. J. Phillips & Co.,
148 West 72d Street.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

READY MAY 1
Now Open for Inspection
300 Central Park West
Corner 90th St.
1-2-3 ROOMS
Furnished and Unfurnished
Restaurant on Premises
Apply on Premises or
BING & BING
119 West 40th St.

THE LANGHORN
860 Riverside Drive at 159th St.
4, 5, 6, 7 rooms, 2 baths. Rental $700 to $2,000. Apply on premises or
McDOWELL & McMAHON, Agents,
St. Nicholas Ave., corner 182nd St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

995 Madison Ave.

77th St., 8 rooms and 3 baths, from May 1st only. Supt. on premises.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Westchester County.

House for Sale—Pleasantville, 4 master bedrooms, one servant's room, hardwood floors throughout, hot water heat, big acres of ground; beautiful shrubbery, 5 minutes' walk from station, 10 minutes' from school, price greatly reduced; easy terms. E. H. Ripley, Pleasantville, N. Y.

A beautiful 8-room and attic house; bath, gas, electricity, hot water heat; every modern convenience; glass enclosed porch, stucco and shingles; 10 minutes to depot; 50 to New York; worth $7,000; bargain to quick purchaser. S. R. Hopkins, Arlington, N. J.

Gentleman's estate, ideal home, sanatorium; mansion 25 rooms, cottage, furnished, unfurnished; 12 acres; beautiful surroundings; State road; convenient Peekskill; might lease. Opportunity, A 1068 Times Harlem.

At Larchmont.—Sale or rent; 12-room house, 2 baths; garage; all improvements; large plot; high ground; near trolley, 10 minutes to station; price $12,000; rent for season, $1,000. Smith & Flint, 381 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 5149.

At White Plains—A dainty little house on Fisher Av.; looks like a big house, but it isn't; mighty livable and convenient to most everything and in perfect order; can arrange possession now or in the Fall. N. A. Tredwell, 21 Park Row, N. Y.

For Sale, Park Hill on Hudson, (next station to Yonkers.)—Fine house, 10 rooms, 2 baths; plot 50x120; all improvements; 30 minutes Grand Central; $12,000. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

Beautiful 7-room stucco house, Bronxville; steam heat, hardwood floors; $6,100; $750 down, balance like rent; price $6,800. Rose, 7 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2728.

Why pay high rent when $500 down, balance monthly, buys detached cottage above Yonkers; modern, nice neighborhood, high ground. Owner, Rose, 7 W. 45th St.; tel. Bryant 2728.

PORT CHESTER HOUSE.
Modern residence, with 1¼ acres land, stable, garden, fruit; price $15,000. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

Crestwood—8 rooms, large artist's attic; 1st 2 acres; station 3 minutes, New York 25 minutes; easy terms. L 561 Times Downtown.

Bronxville.—Beautiful furnished stucco house, tiled baths, sun parlor; Italian garden, tennis court, garage. Telephone 7328 Murray Hill.

Long Island.

Freeport, Long Island.—Exclusive section; brand new, one and one-half story bungalow on corner plot, 100x150; 6 bedrooms, 3 baths, servant's room; large artistic rathskeller and fireplace in basement; laundry and modern hot water plant; large 2 car garage; beautiful grounds; cement driveway and brick walk in garden. Phone 1069 Bryant. Apartment 83. For sale or will rent for $2,000 for season furnished.

Broadway, Flushing.—Owner, moving to South America, will sacrifice 7-room, completely furnished house; bath, open fireplace, parquet floors, hardwood trim, electricity, gas, telephone; lot 40 by 100, splendid view; worth $2,500; cash required $1,500. H. D. Lewis, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 6300.

Lynbrook, L. I.—For Sale—New 7-room house, all improvements; near station; $5,500; new 8-room house at Valley Stream, $5,400. Arthur McDermott, Miriam St., Valley Stream, L. I.

$14,000 ($2,500 DOWN) COST $18,000
14 rooms plus attic and basement; all improvements; 15 minutes from Penna. Sta. to Kew Gardens; other suites. Phone 4 to Regar Hinds, 185 Broadway (Cortlandt 4380).

JAMAICA, HILL CREST HOUSE.
Seven bedrooms, sleeping porch, every convenience; nicely situated.
Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y.

Forest Hills.—House six large rooms, bath; garage; $11,000; bargain; terms; no agents. A. Josephs, 1,472 Broadway, Room 622.

Bay Shore house, 13 rooms, 2 baths; garage; rent furnished season, $1,000, or sell, $15,000. Kubs, 176 W. 72d. Columbus 1278.

Forest Hills Gardens—Beautiful new home, 8 rooms; all improvements; 1 acre or more; outbuildings; fruit; view $7,500. Owner, Room 1705, 90 West St.

LAKE HOPATCONG.—Large cottage, ten rooms, two baths, gas range; furnace; garage; boathouse; plot 100x300; for sale or rent. W. Alanson Alexander, 908 6th Av.

Magnificent house, Fanwood; big plot; $10,000; possession. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Caldwell, N. J.—Rent, large, furnished, ten bedrooms, extensive grounds; near station. Tenth floor, 84 Wall St.

Rent, year round, small unfurnished house; commutation city; modern improvements. S 148 Times.

For Sale—Modern nine-room house, 180x100. 448 First Av., Pelham, N. Y.

Houses Wanted.

Artistic, modern six room bungalow or high class five room apartment, unfurnished; commuting distance, Long Island railway; preferably near Jamaica. Address W. Eydell, 84 West 44th St., New York City.

American family (3) want floor in 2-family house, about 8 rooms, with or without garage space; moderate rental; would lease. Clear Stand, 80 Broad St., city.

Wanted to rent by small family, house about 7 rooms, located within reasonable commuting distance; rental must not exceed $ month. Box Ar. 1619 St. James Building.

Wanted from owners, houses vicinity New Rochelle. A. Josephs, 1,472 Broadway, Room 622.

Wanted—Eight room house, North Shore, Long Island; give full details. C 302 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Five-story cold water tenement, East 70th St.; perfect order; pays 15 per cent. net; price $9,000; rental $1,125; price $10,000. Mitchell, 12 East 44th St., Murray Hill 1100.

Plot in neighborhood 7th Av. and 21st St., 92x208. Y 337 Times Annex.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

On one of the best streets and corners in Richmond Hill there is a house for sale, built by the owner; ten rooms, bath and laundry additional; price $15,000; cut out this ad. for future information and don't purchase elsewhere until you have inspected this beautiful home. See Broker, S. A. Hodges, 1,000 Jamaica Av., Wd. Get off Forest Park L. station.

REAL ESTATE.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Five-story, new law 50 ft. apartment; rent $9,100; price $58,000; first mortgage $31,000; easy terms.
Fine, choice, up-to-date, new law apartment, Upper Manhattan; must be sold, six times the rental; easy terms.
Choice corner apartment, Tremont section; rental $7,000; price $55,000, mortgage $37,000.
Two choice apartment, Tremont section, six and one-half times the rental.
Have other bargains in choice apartments. Clement H. Smith, 460 Tremont Av. Telephone 618 Tremont.

Lots at wholesale, acreage & specialty.
KNOWLES REALTY CO.,
923 Ocean Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Exceptional opportunity to acquire beautiful home in picturesque country, sixty miles from New York, in best of condition; parquet floors, electric light, steam heat, running water; State road; four acres ground beautifully laid out with shrubs and trees; large garage and stable; $18,000; may rent furnished for season. For particulars and pictures telephone Murray Hill 7528.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES.
GEORGE HOWE.
527 5th Av., New York.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Westbury, fronting Maple Av., beautiful section; new dwelling, Colonial type; 4 bedrooms, 2 fireplaces; strictly high class; 106x225; $9,750; value $12,500. Owner, Westbury Manor Co., 809 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

A gentleman's home at Freeport, L. I., 10 rooms, 3 baths, 2 sun parlors, large grounds and garage with servants' quarters above; an exceptional chance. Write, call or phone, H. C. McCord, 302 Locust Av., Freeport. Telephone Freeport 898.

I have several houses for sale on the South Shore of Long Island, within commuting distance of the city; prices ranging from $4,000 to $15,000. C. M. Van Tassel, 243 West 84th St.

BUY YOUR HOME SITES.
We will build for you now or when ready; terms to suit; titles guaranteed; 30 minutes from New York., Little Neck, and Manhasset. John M. Riehle, 68 William St.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Bargain.—7-room country home, garage, 5½ acres, forty fruit trees; four out, Erie; $4,300; on terms. Brady, 154 Nassau St. Tel. 5806 Beekman.

Charming residence, beautiful "heights"-section, three baths, all improvements, fine condition, steam heat, cheap. Edwin Earle, Ridgewood, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

WALLINGFORD, CONN.
Property at 314 SOUTH MAIN STREET, consisting of 9-room house, all improvements; barn with 3 stalls and room for two cars; 1¼ acres of land; lots of fruit, large garden; tennis court; fine location on main trolley line to New Haven. Inspection by appointment with owner.

50-acre farm, State road, near Norwalk.—A picture property; beautiful acre grove large oaks, maple; small house, 3 good rooms; electricity heat; large barns, henery; only $12,000; rare opportunity; can commute. Allabough & Son, now 135 Broadway. Phone Cortland 4069.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Have a client with two small farms and several other properties free and clear; would exchange entire lot equity in income property. Milford Land Exchange, Room 307 Connecticut National Bank Bldg., Bridgeport, Conn.

Real Estate Wanted.

Want small waterfront place, well located, North Shore, Long Island, or Connecticut, not over 25 miles out; must be modern house, $35,000 to $40,000; will give cash and equity in private dwelling well located, suitable for altering. Frederick Fox & Co., Inc., 14 West 40th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 340.

Large tract for developing wanted. In Greater New York; subdivision with maps, lots staked preferred. Box L 622 Times Downtown.

CAMP SITE WANTED.
Fronting lake, with cottage. Leo Bernheim, 880 South Boulevard.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Ninety-acre farm, forty-five tillable, balance woodland and pasture; good small house; large barn; between Middletown and Port Jervis; fine location; 1½ miles to station; present mortgage $2,000; two years to run; cash price $1,300; a bargain. J. B. Morris, 261 Broadway.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Farm.—60 acres; 54 acres tillable; eight-room house, large barn, other outbuildings; 6 miles from Lakewood; $4,200, no less; no commission; $2,000 down. M. Clayton, 429 Ocean Av., Lakewood, N. J.

Poultry farm, Lakewood section; pretty bungalow; large poultry buildings; incubators included; $2,800, half cash. T 57 Times.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

Long Island.

Unusually desirable furnished four-room, sun parlor and bath bungalow at Arverne, L. I.; directly facing ocean; block from depot; to only beat select small family; rent $675 for season. Room 503, 1,545 Broadway. Phone 3289 Bryant.

Long Beach West.—Five-room cottage, plumbing, electricity; $1,500. $600 cash; live here ten months, save rent. Call or weekdays on Thos. J. Walsh. Take taxi from Long Beach Station.

For rent for Summer season, 11-room house, with all improvements; large plot; shade and fruit trees; garage for 2 cars; rent per month $150. Einstein. Telephone 1089 Jamaica.

Westchester County.

Hartsdale.—Seven-room house, all improvements, attractive; near station; June 15 to October 1; $275. P. O. box 250.

Connecticut.

Eight-room seashore cottage, near New London, only $250; season. Send for illustrated description. Cruttenden, Crescent Beach, Conn.

Summer Homes Wanted—Furnished.

From May 1, bungalow or four or five rooms; commuting distance New York. Give full particulars. T 128 Times.

Small furnished cottage wanted for summer, not over 150 miles from New York; two adults. K 767 Times Downtown.

SUMMER HOMES—Unfurnished.

New Jersey.

Lake Hopatcong, N. J.—12-room cottage; season $600. F. R. Wood, Easton, Penn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

10,000 SQUARE FEET OF FIRST-CLASS OFFICE SPACE ON 11TH FLOOR OF BUILDING NEAR GRAND CENTRAL TO SUBLEASE FOR FOUR YEARS; RENT $4,000 PER ANNUM. PRINCIPALS WILL BE GIVEN INFORMATION ONLY BY PERSONAL CALL. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST.

4th Ave. (near 34th St.)—5-story building, 20x80, elevator, steam heat, all improvements, 5 years' lease or longer; suitable for manufacturing, jobbing, etc. Rent $10,000 per year gross. Kahn, care Ames & Co., 36 W. 31st St.

5 AND 4 SPRING ST., S. W. COR. BOWERY.
Desirable corner lofts, 2,200 sq. ft. each; excellent light; windows three sides; steam-heated; freight elevator; power if required.
INNES & CENTER, 30 EAST 20TH ST.

Office space in the Manufacturers' Equipment Exchange showrooms; excellent thoroughfare, fine location for sales or show room for manufacturers' representative; space for showing samples; corner Lafayette and Prince Sts.

GARAGE SITE.
Plot, about 12 lots, Washington Heights, to lease for term of years; will accommodate about 100 portable garages. Pinehurst Co., 808 West 181st St.

STORAGE LOFT, 5,000 FEET
Or more space available; elevator 4,000 lbs. capacity; excellent service; immediate possession. Gordon, 410-412 West 52d. Columbus 814.

Light lofts about 2,200 sq. ft. each, electric freight elevator; low rent. Frankel, 290 Pearl St., near Beekman.

NEW 4-STORY BUILDING ON 8TH AV., BETWEEN 34TH AND 42D STS., FOR RENT ON LONG TERM. CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 EAST 42D ST.

Unexpectedly vacant; about 1,200 square feet, light and desirable office space; rental $2,400 yearly. Waldorf Building, 2 to 16 West 33d St.

Will physician who would share space with dentist in centrally located office communicate immediately with Dr. H. H. Shulman? Room 322 Lenox Av. Morningside 6183.

Broadway corner store at Subway Station, 116th St.; good for any business; large modern show windows; high ceiling, tiled floor; rent moderate. Morningside 4934.

Space or desk for rent to reliable party; telephone and stenographer service. David, 3 West 29th.

SUBLEASE, 5,000-FOOT CORNER LOFT, DOWNTOWN; FIREPROOF SPRINKLER; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. K 151 TIMES.

STORE, NEAR BROADWAY.
352 W. 30th St.; auto accessories; $50.
AMES & CO., 20 W. 31ST ST.

39 EAST 19TH ST.
Desirable store, with large basement.
INNES & CENTER, 30 East 20th St.

Space or desk for rent; telephone, and stenographer service. Room 807, 9 West 29th.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

To desirable party, attractive office space in high-class 42d St. building; phone, stenographer, etc. C 391 Times.

LARGE MODERN NEW STORE.
19 East 9th St., 20x90; extra light.
AMES, 26 WEST 31ST ST., OR PREMISES.

Mail privileges $5; excellent service; telephone attendant. Duane, 309 Broadway, Suite 807.

Desk room for rent. Apply Room 67, 150 Broadway.

Small office or desk space; desk if desired. 1,328 Broadway. Room 429.

Brooklyn.

111 South 6th St., Brooklyn; 5,000 square feet; building 20x80; suitable warehouse or light manufacturing; half block from Williamsburg Bridge station. Risser, 23th St. and 1st Av., New York. Phone Mad. Sq. 5850.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

3,000 to 6,000 square feet, 30th to 59th Sts., Lexington to 7th Avs.; preferably corner property or on side street near avenue corner; suitable for employment exchange; light rooms and separate entrances desirable; short term lease; state terms. Address B 177 Times.

Highly responsible firm wishes to lease or sublet large suite of offices; lower Broadway preferred; will pay generously; replies treated confidentially. B 442 Times Downtown.

Building of 60,000 to 100,000 square feet, capable of holding 250 pounds to square foot; possession immediately or within a year. Broker, L. 858 Broadway.

Wanted.—About 1,200 square feet of well-lighted space for sales and executive office. Herzig & McLean, 110 West 40th St. Bryant 9438.

Factory space, by large manufacturing concern; about 70,000 square feet; modern building preferred; long lease. W 890 Times.

Wanted.—Sublease nicely furnished offices, about 1,000 feet; first-class building, downtown; will buy furniture. Telephone Cortland 2567.

Wanted.—Complete ice plant or machinery of 150 to 400 tons daily. S 796 Times Downtown.

Publisher's representative wants part of office suite; separate entrance preferred. B 98 Times.

Desk room or small office in large downtown building. C 621 Times Downtown.

Office space wanted; one or two rooms in downtown suite. T 60 Times.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

30TH ST., (163 Lexington Av.)—Attractively furnished two rooms and bath, including excellent meals, $27 weekly up; also one room and bath, $15 weekly; for business women only; complete hotel service. Hotel Rutledge. Telephone Madison Square 6160.

34TH, 120 EAST.—Handsome apartment, 8 rooms and bath, furnished or unfurnished; near new subway.

30TH, 9 EAST.—Beautiful furnished four-room apartment to sublet. Apply Hotel Touraine.

48TH, 31 EAST.—Mrs. Gerhit Smith, Murray Hill 8465. Light, desirable two rooms, bath, kitchen, and maid's room if wanted, furnished or unfurnished, six or eighteen months.

50'S, (Madison.)—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $110, also Washington Square, (10th.) apartment, three rooms, kitchenette, bath; $115. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

50TH, 51 EAST.—Sunny, corner living room, bedroom and bath, for bachelor; club district. Phone Plaza 4746.

57TH, 120 EAST.—Two large bright rooms and kitchen; rent $150 per month; until Oct. 1.

57TH, off Park.—A beautiful apartment, kitchen. Telephone Plaza 9241 until 2 o'clock.

57TH ST., 24 EAST.—Apartment, two large rooms, bath; bachelor only.

60TH ST., 20 EAST.—Large, double and small room, well furnished, bath; $75 and $40. Tel. Murray Hill 9363 or Sup't on premises.

70TH, 44 EAST.—Seven-room corner apt., all light rooms, nicely furnished.

194TH, (near Concourse, overlooking park.)—5 sunny rooms; modern; $65. H 151 Times.

ADJACENT PARK.—Elaborately furnished studio, bedroom, bath, $175. Gentlewoman's Exchange, 551 Park Av.

ATTENTION!—APARTMENTS, furnished, two and three rooms and bath, $17.50 weekly and up; full hotel service; one block from subway. HOTEL ST. LOUIS, 24 East 32d St. HOTEL SENTON, 35 East 37th St.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
east, west sides, long, short leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d. Phone Columbus 1277.

APARTMENTS, handsomely furnished, east, west sides; choice buildings; long, short leases. Clark Realty, 247 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

APARTMENTS, furnished or unfurnished, long or short lease, from $75 to $1,500 per month. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 527 5th Av. Murray Hill 1783.

Completely furnished apartment, 4 rooms and bath; all light. Phone Harlem 1816.

LIVINGSTON PLACE, 17, Apt. 7B.)—Six rooms charmingly furnished; light, airy; quiet location; elevator; immediate occupancy; $125 monthly, $550 for five months; references. Call or telephone Superintendent. Stuyvesant 5560.

SAN JUNTO, 18 EAST 60TH ST.
Sublet double room and bath; two rooms and bath, $100 month.

STUYVESANT PARK.—Five rooms, bath, handsomely furnished; sublet 6 months; $75 monthly. Ford, 171 8d Av. (5238 Stuyvesant.)

Three rooms, bath and kitchenette

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

97TH. 153 WEST.—Large room, second floor, southern exposure; private bath; electricity.

79TH, (73 Riverside Drive.)—Large room; overlooking Hudson; bath adjoining; electricity; $15.

81ST, 29 WEST, (OVERLOOKING PARKS.)—Exceptional, elegant room on porch; southern exposure; private bath, electricity, steam heat, maid service; private house. Schuyler 10063.

80TH, 253 WEST.—Newly opened house, attractive large, sunny rooms, electricity; refined; reasonable.

86TH, 180 WEST.—Front room, 2d floor; private bath.

66TH ST., 206 WEST. (Apt. 7..)—Two rooms, single or en suite.

67TH, 107 WEST.—Attractively furnished large rooms, en suite, singly; private bath; electricity.

86TH, 19 WEST.—Very attractive newly furnished room in private family; private bath, electricity; breakfast if desired; moderate.

99TH, 53 WEST.—Large and small attractively furnished rooms, in select house; hot and cold running water; electricity.

87TH, 58 WEST.—Nicely furnished large room, adjoining bath, running water, telephone.

79TH ST., 70 WEST.—Select house, second floor front room, private bath; steam and electricity.

90TH ST., 54 WEST.—Two nice single rooms, one with piano, one with bath; all conveniences. Phone Riverside 4903.

82D, 50 WEST. — Large, handsomely furnished room for business couple; electricity, telephone; references exchanged.

84TH, 316 WEST. — Bachelor apartment, beautifully furnished; two large, light rooms with bath; $80 month. Phone Riverside 208.

84TH, WEST.—Attractive two-room suites; private apartment; gentleman. Riverside 8729.

106D, 203 WEST.—Bright room; elevator apartment; private family; gentleman. Jacobs. Academy 8433.

100TH, 304 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, very large room, private bath, kitchenette privileges, large closets, southern exposure; modern house.

111TH, 605 WEST.—Attractively furnished 7 rooms, 2 baths; high-class house; complete every detail for housekeeping $175. Sanders.

112TH, 542 WEST.—Bright, attractively furnished; suitable one or two gentlemen. Apartment 4B.

115TH, 610 WEST, Apt. 17.—Large light front parlor, bedroom connecting; nicely furnished; $15 week; also good sized sunny bedroom, $7; no other roomers; elevator.

115TH, 620 WEST, (Apartment 62.)—Room, overlooking Riverside Drive; connecting bath.

115TH, 419 WEST.—Large, light room, bath adjoining, twin beds; elevator; gentlemen.

116TH, 430 WEST.—Elegant large, light, warm, comfortable front room. Apt. 21.

119TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large, light room; elevator apartment; suitable for 1 or 2. Apt. 6E. Telephone Morningside 3933.

121ST ST., 501 WEST, (near Columbia University.)—Attractively furnished, well lighted room, three windows, exclusive use of kitchen; $11 weekly, including breakfast; $16; other rooms, $5, $7; single, southern front, $4.75; reception room; dancing. Mrs. Young. Telephone Morningside 4886.

122D, 506 WEST.—Five rooms, completely furnished, $90. Apply on premises, or Godfrey R. Lippe, 52 Vanderbilt Av. Murray Hill 1747.

122D, 521 WEST.—5 light rooms, attractively furnished; elevator; $85. Superintendent.

143D, 501 WEST.—Large sunny room, adjoining bath; scrupulously clean. Apt. 27.

156TH, 601 WEST.—Seven large, light, attractively furnished rooms; piano, victrola; references; May-October. Apartment 64. Telephone 8061 Audubon.

179TH, 659 WEST.—Large room, improvements, with kitchenette privileges and bath. B. Dort.

CONVENT AV., 325, (West 143d St.)—Large, light, well-furnished rooms; owner's private residence; gentlemen preferred.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st St.)—Attractive parlor, bedroom, single; homelike; breakfast. Apt. 7.

FURNISHED or unfurnished suite of one room and bath and two rooms and bath; attractive location. Schuyler 1564.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125, Apartment 10 north; unusually attractive rooms.

ROOM in newly furnished elevator apartment; no other roomers; gentlemen; breakfast optional. Audubon 8497.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 974.—Seven sunny rooms, comfortably furnished; two baths. Madigan.

TO LEASE, FURNISHED,
a high-class apartment of 7 or 8 extra large, sunny rooms with 3 baths; completely and beautifully furnished; in the finest residential neighborhood; just off West End Av., near 86th St.; nothing more desirable in New York; for 6 months, from May to December; price $1,800. Apply Jay B. Ess, 237 E. 23d.

WEST END AV., 284, (73d St.)—Pleasant, sunny small room; electricity; exceptional.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

87TH ST., 60 WEST.—Studio, two rooms, bath; northern light; $35 monthly.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Jewish gentleman wants room, with or without board, with respectable private family. K 755 Times Downtown.

Wanted — Two furnished or unfurnished rooms, one large and one medium-sized, with good light; east of 5th Av., between 36th and 47th Sts. B 179 Times.

Business woman wishes room with private family; give terms; west. T 142 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

97TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable double room, private bath; electricity.

38TH, 29 EAST.—One small room, near bath; meals served.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, 163 Lexington Av., (30th St.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel if you can do so at lower cost than boarding or keeping house? Outside rooms, telephone, elevator, complete service, homelike; including meals, $16 weekly up.

West Side.

57TH AV., 7.—Fine double, single rooms; private baths; switchboard; refined service.

52D ST., 54 WEST. — Large room, private bath; reference.

81ST, 11 WEST.—Room suitable 1 or 2 persons, with board.

72D ST., 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS; ELECTRICITY; TABLE BOARD. COL. 6396.

78D, 302 WEST.—Large, attractive double room; private bath; phone; excellent table.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive large room, southern exposure; excellent table; table boarders.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, newly decorated sunny rooms, double and single; running water, bath adjoining; excellent table; references.

78TH, 106 WEST.—Attractively furnished double room; every convenience; refined surroundings; references.

110TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

77TH, 122 WEST.—Front room, convenient two; running water, electricity; French cuisine.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 174 West.—Little house; beautiful, large room; delicious home table.

87TH, 132 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms; private bath; French cuisine; homelike; references.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Large, attractive room, bath adjoining; excellent meals; references exchanged.

93D, 21 WEST.—Front rooms; permanent people; "L," excellent cuisine; table guests.

98D ST., (676 West End Av.)—Two large rooms, running water, electric light, bath adjoining; exclusive; couples or gentlemen.

106TH, 814 WEST.—Exquisitely furnished rooms in private residence; service; surroundings unusual.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Modern private residence; spacious suite; furnished, unfurnished; overlooking Hudson; double room; exceptional table; reference.

108TH, 320 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms with private bath; cuisine service unexcelled; elevator; private phone; all latest improvements; refined surroundings; only permanent guest considered.

116TH, WEST.—Will share our beautiful apartment, overlooking Hudson, with congenial people, furnishing their meals. Morningside 8274.

140TH ST., 522 WEST.—Large front room; running water; electricity; private house; homelike; near subway. Audubon 4255.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Family House of High Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y. Fare 5c.
50 Lovely Rooms; Excellent Chef and Service.
Social Parlors; Comforts; Cleanliness.
Weekly, $14-$20 Per Adult. With Meals.
10 Years Under One Management.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE WILLIAM HENRY,
279 West End Av., (corner 73d.) exclusive family hotel, overlooking river, Schwab mansion; rooms with private baths; excellent table.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large double rooms, private baths, meals; one flight; singles, facing park; electricity; all conveniences.

Brooklyn.

Quiet house with home comforts, for your aged parents and convalescent patients. 250 Stuyvesant Av. Phone Bedford 3860.

BOARD WANTED.

Gentleman and wife desire board in private family in the 40s or 50s; breakfast and dinner only; will pay $45 weekly; best references. Answer with full particulars, "Central," 96 Times.

Lady with son, (seven years,) wants accommodations; quiet and desirable. S 147 Times.

Young lady, attending school, desires room board with private refined family; no other boarders; 50th-80th Sts. West. T 132 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New Jersey.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.

A New York family hotel, filled with New Yorkers; 30 minutes from Broadway.

Room, with private bath and first-class table board for two, $26 to $40.

Room, with private bath and first-class table board for one, $15 to $20.

Parlor, bedroom, and private bath, with table board for two, $36 and $45.

Suites for two bedrooms, with private bath and board for three, $42 to $50.

Private family having excellent country home, Plainfield, will accommodate refined couple or gentlemen; all conveniences; privacy and good board; garage. S 798 Times Downtown.

Westchester County.

Mountain House, bungalows, cottages, furnished, unfurnished, Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.; city comforts; country sports; private baths; 45 minutes from 42d St.; $12 up. Cap. 150. Booklet. Phone 1765 W. Plains.

Country Board Wanted.

Five Christian families, 17 adults, 5 children, desire reasonable board, eleven rooms; June-October; commuting distance; near bathing beach; state rates. A 1046 Times Harlem.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ACCOUNTANT, D. E. bookkeeper, 14 years' experience, desires position, part time; open and close books and financial statements; all office detail; highest credentials. N 221 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. bookkeeper, 12 years' experience; highest credentials. Miss Garvan, 115 East 83d St.

ADVERTISING MANAGER. — Adaptability, initiative, creative ability, pamphlets, advertisements, letters; $35. S 130 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - CORRESPONDENT. — 27, assume responsibility; have occupied executive position; 11 years' banking and commercial; will accept out-of-town; A1 references; salary $30. K 740 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; thoroughly competent; entire charge, controlling accounts, credits, collections; correspondent; trustworthy; highly recommended. Phone Miss B., Harlem 4503.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, beginner; neat, accurate; good penman; business school graduate. Stella Schlanger, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2903.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly experienced correspondent, typist; preferably accountant's assistant. K 121 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, controlling accounts, &c.; $25 per week. O 618 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPERS' Assistant.—Three years' experience; rapid, accurate; Christian; $15. B 459 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S Assistant, Typist;—experienced; competent; thoroughly familiar office details. K 778 Times Downtown.

CHAPERON. — Refined, middle-aged Southern lady will chaperon children afternoons; references. 1067 Times Harlem.

CLERK, 19, experienced; best references; high school education, desires position. O 625 Times Downtown.

COMPANION.—Experienced, capable lady of gentle birth, long with prominent, wealthy family as generally useful companion, seeks similar position in lady or young girl, where sterling qualities will be appreciated. Address Traveled American, 708 Columbus Av.

COMPANION-CHAPERONE. — Lady offers services to convalescent lady or girls for nominal salary and passage to Pacific Coast via Panama; not return; speaks Spanish. W 171 Times.

COMPANION.—Refined American woman as useful companion to lady, care for convalescent; references exchanged. E. G., 601 West 176th St.

DENTIST.—Russian graduate seeks position. Miss E. Kashinsky, 6 Av. B., N. Y. C.

EXECUTIVE CLERK and confidential secretary; college trained; 14 years' experience; recently engaged in war work; wants "live-wire" position where ability is demanded and will be paid for. K 750 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK, competent, all systems, recently head large Government filing department, seeks position; excellent references. B 430 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS. — Refined; French, German, English fluently; excellent references. 204 East 61st.

GOVERNESS, French, wishes position; visiting; best references. Madame, 162 W. 86th.

HOUSEKEEPER AND GOVERNESS.—Born gentlewoman in the thirties desires position as housekeeper and companion to a child 12 or older, in a home where the mother is unable to perform either duty or where a woman of refinement as housekeeper over servants and as a companion and adviser to child; best of references can be given. Z 214 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined, intelligent young Scotch woman as working housekeeper; best references. Apply any time, 853 W. 19th.

MASSEUSE.—Scalp, facial, and Henna hair coloring, ladies' residences. Phone Academy 1829.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Capable; good stenographer; trustworthy. N 220 Times.

MASSEUSE, licensed, desires patients; latest methods. La Rue, 17 South St., Newark, N.J.

MENDING.—Men's and women's clothes, fine underwear, silk shirts, &c.; cuffs turned; all washable garments laundered; references and satisfaction guaranteed; use parcel post and give address and telephone. Carrie Alston, 554 West 126th St.

NURSE.—Experienced, capable taking entire charge of children; country preferred. Please call 438 Union Av., Elizabeth, N. J. Phone Elizabeth 2674-J.

NURSE (practical) companion, housekeeper; good cook; refined; city or country. B 448 Times Downtown.

NURSE.—Young woman, experienced baby; assist upstairs; sleep out; $50. K 164 Times.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Refined young French lady wishes position with one or two children under eight; teach French; speak good English; best references. Governess, Hotel Ansonia, Apartment 81-137.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Experienced; knowledge bookkeeping, cashier work. A, New York Times, Brooklyn.

SECRETARIAL STENOGRAPHER, BOOKkeeper, experienced, efficient; has executive, initiative ability; is conscientious and willing; A-1 references; $25-$30. Bath Beach 120-J or K 747 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. — Expert, college trained, eight years' experience; literary, newspaper, medical; knowledge French, German; executive ability; excellent references. Address Hardware, 555 Broadway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Employed as general office assistant nine years; training and experience, mercantile, engineering lines; high school education; bookkeeping knowledge, neat, accurate worker; Christian, American, (27,) good appearance; reputation of rendering efficient, loyal service; $20. K 170 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 25, good personality; above average intellect; thinks fast, acts quick; college graduate; 2 years' engineering, mercantile, export experience; accustomed fast dictation; accurate, noiseless operator; $25. S 778 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Young lady with ability, experienced downtown New York, Brooklyn; Christian concern; salary $20. Miss M., care Mrs. Hall, 889 Gates Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner; neat, willing worker; business school graduate, desires position. Mary Callagy, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, good penman, downtown position preferred; $25. K 764 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat, accurate; salary $15-$17; 2 years' experience; operate switchboard; can furnish written references. K 739 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY seeks position where efficiency is essential; $23. T 136 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST desires position; a year and one-half experience; willing worker; $15. Box, 304 West 146th.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 8 years' experience metal brokers, engineers,—exporters; $23. B 448 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST; high school education; 3 years' experience; references; $18. L 625 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, long experience, capable, desires permanent position; $22 per week. K 163 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, general office worker, extremely competent, desires out-of-town position. M. A. Brady, 417 Tiffin Av., City.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, 21, experienced, desires high-class position; salary $22; references. Box 99, 2121 3d Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; excellent grammarian and speller; $25. B 446 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' thorough office details; reliable, ambitious; $22. Phone Harlem 8753-J.

STENOGRAPHER. — HIGHLY EFFICIENT, EDUCATED, EXPERIENCED; $18. K 748 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHIC SECRETARY.—Capable, refined young lady, rapid worker; salary $22. G 529 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—17 years; 8 months' experience; $10. R Diamond, 8,659 17th Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable; 7 years' experience in stenography, general office work. N 219 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; ten years' experience; possesses initiative and common sense. S 109 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, desires position; accurate, efficient; references; $20. L 614 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, five years' experience, competent, reliable, bright; $20. K 139 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' commercial experience; families with general office routine. K 760 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, accurate, knowledge of bookkeeping; also dictaphone; salary $20. T 131 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, rapid worker; references; $15. K 761 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience; thoroughly reliable; reference; American; $18. L 617 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; two years' experience; rapid, accurate; Christian; $16. B 458 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires morning employment; moderate salary. S 127 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Chemical, engineering, construction experience; intelligent, refined; salary $30. K 152 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, long, valuable experience, initiative, above average; $23-$25. L 590 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 2½ years' experience; willing worker; $15. K 175 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner; desires position. $9. E. Freeland, 2649 Decatur Av.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and clerical worker desire position; experienced; best of references. K 753 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, 6 years' experience; also clerical assistant; $15 weekly. B 455 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—4 years' experience; competent; position downtown; willing worker; $15. K 746 Times Downtown.

WOMAN wishes washing, ironing; $3 day. Mrs. Zakhart, 336 East 61st.

Employment Agencies.

BERTA CARLSON, Swedish Agency.—First-class servants, 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

COLORED help, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, EXECUTIVE, EXPERT CREDITS, COLLECTIONS. American, Christian, 34, married; long manufacturing, mercantile experience; six years with last connection; good systematizer, office manager; now available; $2,600; A1 credentials. K 751 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, experienced in general accounting, payrolls, and factory work; able to take entire charge; can accept position at once. Francis, 315 East 162d. Telephone Melrose 1682.

ACCOUNTANT, 28, honorably discharged soldier, 12 years' experience corporation, public, and manufacturing cost accounting; desires position with established concern. G 561 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, system, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 132 Nassau. Telephone Beekman 7300.

ACCOUNTANT, ABLE.—Income Tax Specialist; established 1906; $5 upward; services guaranteed; references. Phone Beekman 998. Friedlander, 154 Nassau.

ACCOUNTANTS, certified, general accounting, monthly audits, systems, tax reports. Union Audit Company, 32 Broadway. 738 Broad.

ACCOUNTANT, books opened, closed, tax reports, bookkeeping arrangements; $2.50 weekly; service, not fat fees. Alpert-Barst. Phone Barclay 8448.

ACCOUNTANT.—Certified reports; books opened, closed; audits; systems; bookkeeping arrangements. Atlas Audit Co., 309 Broadway. Worth 248.

ACCOUNTANT - BOOKKEEPER, 28, thoroughly competent, long practical experience, highly recommended, released from navy, desires connection. K 717 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, systematized; monthly audits. Robinson, 128 Broadway. Rector 4275.

ACCOUNTANT.—Part time bookkeeping; books audited and systematized; reasonable rate. S 88 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, arrangements, firms without bookkeepers; reasonable. Kiesler, 6 Church St. Telephone Cortlandt 6451.

ACCOUNTANT, cost, (26;) 4 years' experience; university graduate; $30. Telephone Montgomery 2085.

ACCOUNTANT. — Books opened, closed, audited; part time bookkeeping; reasonably done. L 602 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—EXPERT, OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENTS; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS; TERMS MODERATE. W 336 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, (28;) wide experience modern accounting systems; college education. K 768 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SALES MANAGER, who has directed successful campaigns, for department store; managed the sales force and advertising for a chain of stores; directed the advertising and sales for a large wholesale coat and suit house, and has just completed an advertising and sales manager a remarkably successful national dress campaign, is open for new association.

Knows the retail selling angle; the national viewpoint and how to tie retailer and sales force to a national campaign, so as to get the utmost co-operation.

Thirty years young, married, dependable; constructive; well educated, legal training, graduate Alexander Hamilton Institute. B 182 Times.

APPRAISAL ENGINEER and Estimator.—A mechanical engineer who has specialized in industrial appraising and cost estimating is desirous of connection at once with some company or corporation. B 431 Times Downtown.

ARCHITECT-DESIGNER wishes work in a large and busy office which goes in for competitive drawings; will work two weeks without compensation; possess good, original styles. T 129 Times.

ASSISTANT CREDIT MANAGER OR DEPARTMENT HEAD, 24; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE CORRESPONDENCE, BOOKKEEPING, OFFICE ROUTINE; TACTFUL, EXPERIENCED; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. K 180 TIMES.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, entry clerk, 20, 4 years' experience; reasonable salary. T 137 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT—35, married, 15 years with present concern, desires a change; fully equipped with modern methods; highest credentials; salary $50. K 749 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — Young man, ambitious, accurate, rapid stenographer, interested worker, desires opening, chance advancement in accounting. Telephone E. M. H., Bryant 1981.

BOOKKEEPER.—Payroll man; familiar with discounts, general office routine; ten years one concern; absolutely reliable; bond furnished; Christian; $30. B 439 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (21,) army discharge; high school graduate; accountancy student; 4 years' experience; take complete charge; $25. B 424 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER (24); five years' experience; knowledge of accountancy; familiar with office details; alert; reference; $22. B 440 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT; commercial and public accounting experience; highly recommended. K 735 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 20, discharged soldier; can take full charge, controlling accounts, trial balance; excellent references; $22. K 742 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, (82,) married, 11 years' experience; full control; bonded; salary $35, with advancement. Box W. P., 575 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER—24; experienced; credits, collections, correspondent, stenographer, capable executive, $25. K 757 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT.—Advanced university student, 3 years bookkeeper; accountant, trial balances, financial statements; correspondent. A. Y., 104 East 14th.

BOOKKEEPER-CLERK, (21,) 4 years' experience; controlling accounts; trial balance; typist; 2 years' university training; moderate salary. K 166 Times.

BOOKKEEPING and accounting service for corporations and small concerns; monthly basis. John O'Connell, 2232 Valentine Av., Bronx. Telephone 385 Fordham.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, (24,) 7 years' practical experience; 3 years last firm; salary $30. Abe Ortner, 3 West 116th St.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced modern accounting methods, cost systems, balances; $28. 1049 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER and teller, eight years' bank experience, desires position in bank or other business. K 165 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 33, married, experienced, wishes permanent position; $30. K 736 Times Downtown.

TIMEKEEPER, payroll man, statistician; supervising ability; accurate, reliable; moderate salary. K 734 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER; 6 years' experience; capable complete charge; accurate balances; control. S 124 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, experienced, desires connection with firm closed Saturday. K 744 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 19; thoroughly experienced double entry; complete charge. K 770 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—5 years sales and purchase and ledger experience; also payroll. K 754 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk, seven years' experience; trial balance; $21. L 619 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, with 3 years' experience, desires position with real estate concern. Cordes, 661 Beck St., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, 8 years' experience; full charge; controlling accounts; $25. L 618 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—23; 4 years' experience accounting knowledge; salary $25. S. 128 Times.

BOY, 16, seeks position in office as a telephone operator. C 798 Times.

BUSINESS BUILDER, over 15 years successful office manager, expert on credits and collections, open for engagement; American. L 570 Times Downtown.

CARETAKER, single, American, wishes position on private estate; understands care of stock, grounds and garden; personal reference. Valentine, S 138 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Owner can highly recommend excellent driver; good mechanic, sober, reliable; takes good care of car; only reason leaving former chauffeur returned from army. Sampson, Bossert Hotel, Brooklyn. Main 8300.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men, with from 3 to 9 years' experience on last position; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,047 Broadway. Tel. Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR. — Thoroughly experienced, highly recommended, good mechanic; go anywhere; neat appearance, pleasing; reasonable. Greeley 4966.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Scandinavian, in private family; sober, honest; careful driver; city, country; good references. Hill, 61 East 123d.

CHAUFFEUR, temperate, experienced, reliable, married; eight years' reference; thorough mechanic; salary $35. S 142 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 35; White, Pierce, Simplex; references. Lucas, 537 East 83d St.

CHAUFFEUR, married; 16 years' experience; expert Pierce driver. Scheiblin, 528 East 88th.

CHAUFFEUR, discharged U. S. Army; private or commercial. Seamore, 3,609 Broadway, City.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, wishes position; 5 years' best references. Harry Van Zandt, 124 West 65th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, 12 years' experience; best references. Rhinelander, 2795. Otto.

CHAUFFEUR, private, 6 years' experience mechanic, Emil Schlatt, 62 West 117th.

CHEMIST, graduate, experienced in oils, fats, fertilizers, and acids. W 671 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST.—Young man, college education; analytical and industrial experience. C 205 Times.

CIVIL ENGINEER.—Expert on all kinds of building construction, supervision, estimating, purchasing, and general executive; six years' experience, having done many large buildings in city; also factory work; open for engagement by contractor or large plant anywhere; best of references. Engineer, S 136 Times.

COOK, butler, wishes dinners, luncheons. Webster, 159 East 92d.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, (24;) discharged from navy; theatrical publicity work preferred. K 733 Times Downtown.

COTTON CONVERTER.
Do you need a man in your converting department who has 9 years' experience? K 759 Times Downtown.

COUPLE.—Man chauffeur, useful; wife good cook. William Salo, 171 Old Bergen Road, Jersey City, N. J.

COUPLE.—Man, chauffeur, useful; wife, good cook; country. Hantala, 764 42d St., Brooklyn.

COUPLE, young, Finnish, wish positions; man chauffeur, useful; wife housework; city or country. Anttila, 47 East 131st St.

CREDIT AND COLLECTION MAN, (31,) EXCELLENT JUDGMENT, TACT, AND EXPERIENCE; CAN LOCATE ANY CITY; CAN LIVE WITHIN REASON. K 762 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAFTSMEN, 2, mechanical, experienced in layout, detailing and tracing, seeking work for spare time and evenings. C. Bowland, 950 Union Av., care of Sobernheim. Telephone Intervale 5382.

DRAFTSMAN, designer, special, automatic machines, tools, jigs, &c., desires position as designing or mechanical engineer. K 752 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN-ENGINEER, mechanical, undertakes work by hour. Engineer, 32 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.

Formerly Captain Engineers, U. S. Army, just returned from overseas, age 35, university man, twelve years' technical and practical experience; last position in entire charge of system covering 76 towns, 20 plants, and 400 miles of transmission line; has also handled one of the largest industrial plants in the country, 20,000 K. W. and 1,200 motors. May I have an interview? New York City preferred. Address Box W 676 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, ten years' experience designing electrical apparatus, lighting, construction, and repair work, desires position. Reply "Engineer," 43 Leonard St., New York City, Room 310.

ELECTRICAL MAN—Young Japanese; many years' experience; technical school graduate; honorable discharge from U. S. army; wishes position in any electrical line work; will furnish highest recommendation. K 161 Times.

EXECUTIVE AND ADVERTISING MANAGER.

The Vice President and Manager of a large corporation, closed last July as a nonessential, who has since been in charge of a large war work office, desires to make new connection; accustomed to manage a large number of men and women; has taken part in big enterprises and has prepared and pushed large advertising and circularizing campaigns; American; except while doing war work has drawn salary of at least $10,000. Address Box 480 Times, 2 Rector St.

EXECUTIVE, CAPABLE OFFICE MANAGER, with initiative and sound judgment, thoroughly versed in all office routine, expert bookkeeper, forceful correspondent, desires responsible position; highest credentials. Executive, 826 Woolworth Building.

EXECUTIVE, experienced sales and production manager; good organizer; moderate salary. L 564 Times Downtown.

EXPORTERS—MANUFACTURERS.
Experienced as salesman and office manager, college graduate, Marine Corps Captain with service abroad; I want an opening with an exporter as one of the marketing department of a manufacturing concern where there will be an opportunity for intelligence and initiative. N 213 Times.

EXPORT OR IMPORT—Young man, 25, (aviation officer,) desires position with above, or manufacturing firm that has future in it; university education; good knowledge of French; salary nominal; willing to go outside city. K 162 Times.

EXPORTERS, IMPORTERS.—College graduate, 22, industrious, speaks, writes Spanish fluently, knowledge French, seeks opening with advancement. C 197 Times.

HALF DAYS

Executive, advertising, correspondence; Wisconsin man; 32; seven years' successful managerial experience; give some details; salary, and I will call. S 126 Times.

JAPANESE.—Young, wants position general housework in small family or gentleman; best city references. W 383 Times.

MANAGER or SALES MANAGER.—Position wanted as manager, sales manager, or general superintendent, by clean cut, energetic man, 35 years old, having thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, executive ability; not afraid of hard work or long hours; able to cope with most serious and complicated matters; in fact able to take full charge of entire plant; salary based upon results. Address Confidential, Y 399 Times Annex.

MANAGER.—Thoroughly experienced in taking full charge of garage; married. L. Meerloo, 586 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

MAN of keen analytical ability, sound judgment, constructive sense and far sight wishes to connect with firm that can make fullest use of one possessing these qualities; I offer neither one-sided theoretical training nor mechanical efficiency, but individual mentality, capable of adaptation and adjustment; not a routine mind, but originality tempered by broad experience; a widely travelled, trained observer, with a mastery of foreign languages, whose spoken and written English is as compelling as his personality is forceful and vigorous. For full particulars and interview address T 139 Times.

MAN, married, recently discharged from army, seeks opportunity to apply executive ability, energy, and vision; experienced teacher, writer, and social worker; would prefer position as director of social-educational institution or educational welfare department of large corporation. K 174 Times.

MAN, middle aged, can speak, read and write both English and French fluently; wishes position where the knowledge of both languages is required. A 1061 Times Harlem.

MASSEUR, licensed; electrical treatments; gentleman's residence. Nicholson, 112 West 125th. Morningside 9046.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, 10 years' experience in machine design and production, wants responsible position. N 238 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

OFFICE MANAGER, executive ability, competent, initiative, sound judgment, expert bookkeeper, forceful correspondent, highest credentials, Manager, 826 Woolworth Building.

OFFICE MANAGER, expert bookkeeper, credit man; highest credentials. T. V., 104 East 14th.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE, competent, experienced, desires full charge small office; references. T 77 Times.

ORDNANCE ENGINEER, financially independent, forty-five years old, in good health, for the last three years purchasing officer for foreign governments in this country, with exceptional executive ability, knowledge of world's markets and languages, wishes to connect with a large concern where his international experience can command large salary. Address P O. Box 1200, City Hall P. O., New York City.

PHYSICIAN, registered, anxious to connect with insurance company or compensation department of large concern. S 125 Times.

PORTRAIT PAINTER—Well known European artist offers to point portraits in oils; all sizes; moderate prices. K 155 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT, experienced in railroad, manufacturing, and construction fields, desires position along above lines. Box 479 Times, 2 Rector St.

REAL ESTATE MAN desires position; thoroughly experienced collections, renting, repairs. B 457 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, representing ladies' wearing apparel, wash goods, underwear, etc., in Washington, D. C.; know the trade; experienced. Address G. E. Feeney, 27 Le Droit Bldg., Washington, D. C.

SALESMAN, specialty, (25,) experienced, wants wholesale line, reputable house; will consider minor position to learn line. S 135 Times.

SALES AGENT—College graduate, (21); willing, reliable, desires position with wholesale house. S 131 Times.

SALESMAN, covering New England, wishes to hear from rubber goods concern. N 237 Times.

SALES ENGINEER, technical education, nine years selling, designing machinery; energetic. S 137 Times.

SALESMAN, capable, hustler, desires position where work and ability count. K 177 Times.

SALESMAN—Southern territory; open for proposition; ready-to-wear preferred. B 897 Times Annex.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer, (24,) 7 years' experience, thorough correspondent, exceptional references, desires good connection. Wecker, 128 West 112th St.

SECRETARY, honorably discharged soldier, experienced bookkeeper, stenographer, desires position. C 199 Times.

SHIPPING AND RECEIVING CLERK, age 32, wishes position; 8 years' experience; married; American; know all routings and requirements thoroughly, also parcel post. L 569 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING AND STOCK MANAGER.—Ten years' mercantile experience; thoroughly capable to handle important details; references. S 30 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 12 years' experience, capable of taking charge, handy with tools, seeks position. Kourjian, 1563 Lex. Av.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, bookkeeper; clean cut, wide awake; secretarial training; assume responsibilities; live wire; 6 years' experience; touch operator; age 25; Christian; $25; highest credentials. K 707 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 27, ten years' experience, desires connection; good future; secretarial and selling ability; ambitious, capable, energetic, and reliable; salary $25; A1 references. L 629 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, rapid, accurate; 6 years' commercial experience; qualified to act as secretary and correspondent; Christian; $25. B 449 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT, thoroughly experienced; efficient hustler; Christian; $25-$28. K 758 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, competent, willing worker, desires good connection. A 1,063 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, understands bookkeeping, all office details; competent, dependable; $18. B 462 Times Downtown.

SUPERINTENDENT. — American; age 38; having a general knowledge of modern methods of production and costs; handle all classes of labor; shipyard and factory experience; best of reference. B 883 Times Annex.

SUPERINTENDENT of shops and sales department; 8 years' good organizer; open for position large auto concern. W 345 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER.—A1 executive, thoroughly familiar with export and domestic shipping; record given at interview. C 190 Times.

T

7:30 P. M.

Want advertisements for The New York Times must be received in The Times Building before 7:30 P. M. day previous to date of publication.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Instruction.

STUDY FOREIGN TRADE.

Unusual opportunity in this field now for women; for details of training needed inquire BALLARD SCHOOL, Central Branch Y. W. C. A., 610 Lexington Av. Phone Plaza 10100.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL.—Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping; individual training; beginners, advanced students, postgraduates; begin any time; hours student's convenience. 500 5th Av., at 42d St. Telephone 7880 Murray Hill.

LEARN $5,000+ YEARLY as a doctor of chiropractic, day and evening sessions, co-educational; class now forming. Write for booklet.
CHIROPRACTIC UNIVERSITY OF N. Y., 1,416 Broadway, New York. Bryant 6955.

$15
This Week, Day or Night, pays for Special 6 Weeks' Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; Positions Guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 5 East 35th St., near 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, typists, bookkeepers; good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St., Cortlandt 4249.

STENOGRAPHERS! Join our Speed Club—dictation from 80 to 175 words. Any time after 5 P. M. DRAKE BUSINESS SCHOOL, Tribune Bldg. Phone Beekman 2723.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Increase your speed and earning power. Write for "Flying Fingers," free. Rose L. Fritz School, 534 5th Av.

AUTO LESSONS given by competent driver on any make of car; best of references. K 153 Times.

Employment Agencies.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
20 VESEY ST.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENO. SECTY.—Take dictation verbatim, $1,500 yearly.
STENO.—Export, $25.
STENO.—Oil, $30.
STENO.—Mercantile, $25.
STENO.—Brokerage, $25-$30.
STENO.—Work doctor's office, $25.
STENO.—Mfg.; college woman preferred; uptown, $25.
STENO. Assistant Bookkeeper, $25.
STENO.—Law, $22.
STENO.—Engineering, $25.
STENO.—Electrical, $25.
STENO.—Advertising, $25.
STENO.—Automobile line, $80 monthly.
NUMEROUS positions, small office, for young ladies, $22, $20, $18, $15.
BEGINNER, $12.

TYPISTS, $16, $15, $12.
TYPIST, Burroughs adder, $15.
OFFICE.—College woman preferred, $20.
OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Harlem, $12.
OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Dental office, $20.
OFFICE ASSISTANT, tel. op., $12.
OFFICE GIRLS.—Experience not necessary, $10.
TEL. OP.—Uptown, $12.
BOOKKEEPER-CORRESPONDENT, $25.
BOOKKEEPER-STENO., $25.
LEDGER CLERKS.
BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, $18.
FILE CLERKS.—Prefer college woman, $18-$20.
FILE CLERKS, $12.

PACE AGENCY FOR PLACEMENTS, INC., HUDSON TERMINAL, 30 CHURCH ST.

PLACEMENT IN BUSINESS THROUGH SCIENTIFIC VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE.

STENOGRAPHERS.—Private secretary in large downtown concern; experienced in industrial engineering terms; $1,200 a year. Private secretary to busy executive; $25 a week; well educated; initiative.
STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; accurate; speed; $25 a week.
PRIVATE SECRETARY.—In publishing house; uptown; $25 a week.
STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—$25 a week.
STENOGRAPHER.—One capable of detail work; follow-up work; $20-$25.
STENOGRAPHER.—Good general education; office assistant; accurate stenographer; $25 a week.
STENOGRAPHER.—Able to take dictation in Spanish and French; $25 a week.
STENOGRAPHER.—With knowledge of French and Spanish; $25 a week.
STENOGRAPHERS.—Temporary positions, $4 a day.
STENOGRAPHERS.—(16); from $18-$22 a week.
STENOGRAPHERS.—(25); from $15-$18 a week.
Experienced women with clean cut records find it worth while to have their applications on file with us.
CALL IN PERSON, 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.
PARK ROW
PLACEMENT BUREAU,
3 PARK ROW.
Addie Brown, Prop.

LAW STENOGRAPHER, Downtown firm, legal experience essential; $27-$30.
STENOGRAPHERS, numerous, $17-$22.
TYPISTS, $12-$18.
No Registration Fee.

Established 1897.
GAHAGAN AGENCY, 286 BROADWAY.
Registration Free.
STENOGRAPHERS—Brokerage, $20; chemical, $20; export, $18-22; insurance, $20; machinery, $20; several others, $18-$25; splendid opportunities, beginners, $12-$16; also bookkeepers, typists, office assistants, switchboard operators, etc.
AGNES I. RICHARDS,
ROOM 303A. 52 WALL ST.

Excellent positions for refined American Applicants, between ages of 17-35 years.
12 STENOGRAPHERS. $25-$18.
1 BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, $25.
ELLIOTT-FISHER DICTAPHONE, TYPISTS, CLERKS. No registration charge. Call immediately.
STENOGRAPHERS,
$15 to $30.
CALL IMMEDIATELY.
Brody Agency,
239 Broadway.—Ent. 1 Park Place.
FREE REGISTRATION.

DOWNTOWN COMMERCIAL SERVICE, McMahon, 50 BROAD ST. Room 1023.
We are authorized to fill these positions. No registration fee.
4 TYPISTS ..... $18-$17
2 STENOGRAPHERS ..... $18-$15
5 CLERKS ..... $14-$12

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
99 NASSAU ST. ROOM 600.
BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer ..... $25 to $30
ASSISTANT Bookkeeper ..... $15 to $18
STENOGRAPHERS ..... $18 to $25
TYPIST ..... $16 to $20
Efficient Employment Exchange Agency, 10 East 43d. — Two secretary-stenographers, $30-$35; stenographers, $14-$22. Miss Budenbender, Prop.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, 154 NASSAU ST. MISS GRIFFEN.
Stenographers, several temporary, $25; others, $20.

STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$25; commercial, legal; bookkeeper-stenographer, $25; typists, dictaphone. Fulton Agency, 93 Nassau St.-489 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers; numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

ROSE WEBBER AGENCY, 1000 Tribune Building.—Stenographers, Typists, Bookkeepers, Dictaphone; $10-$25.

STENOGRAPHERS, $20, knowledge dictaphone; $15, typists. Atlas Agency, Room 404, 132 Nassau.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT. — ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN FAMILIAR WITH BOOKKEEPING IN ALL ITS DETAILS IS REQUIRED BY A PROMINENT EXPORT HOUSE IN ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL ATLANTIC COAST CITIES OF BRAZIL. CONGENIAL OFFICE SURROUNDINGS WITH ADVANCEMENT BASED ON INITIATIVE AND MERIT ASSURED. KNOWLEDGE OF PORTUGUESE OR SPANISH DESIRABLE BUT NOT IMPERATIVE. B 425 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT for automobile repair shop handling large business; good experience in handling labor and material, costs and in general shop practices is essential; position offers good opportunity to man capable of supervising small office force and of introducing improved accounting practices; commencing salary $150 month; reply must state age, experience, &c. Box A. E., 1619 St. James Bldg.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted by firm of certified public accountants; a good opportunity for capable persons; state age, experience, and salary desired. S 475 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING AGENCY wants energetic young man for checking and billing department; splendid opportunity for experienced party. Write, saying age, salary, B. C., Box 200, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, special edition, for New York paper; do not call unless experienced; commission basis. Call between 10-12, Room 403, 2 Rector St.

ADVERTISING AGENCY requires the service of young man in checking department; experience desirable but not absolutely necessary. Frank Kiernan & Co., 135 Broadway.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN.—Must be practical, experienced, and good on design; state age, salary, and detailed experience. N 228 Times.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTSMAN wanted, experienced in city construction; state salary expected and qualifications. B 183 Times.

ASSISTANT.—Having a good education and experience in magazine circulation, required in an old established publishing house, to write tactful collection and sales letters; salary $30 weekly; state experience and references. A 679 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, young man, 20-22, experienced, to assist on books with wholesale drug and chemical house. Apply 257 Pearl St.

ARTIST-LETTERER.—First class, preferably with experience on catalog work; apply immediately. Mr. Reiss, 425 West 55th St.

AUDITOR and Bookkeeper.—A young man who can and will work to check up restaurant costs; an excellent position for the right man; $90 per month and lunch. Hotel Ashton, 93d St. and Madison Av.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN.
WE ARE OPENING A BRANCH HOUSE IN THIS CITY AND REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A GENUINE HIGH-GRADE EXPERIENCED MAN OF PROVEN ABILITY. SALARY OR COMMISSION; REPLIES TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. Y 396 TIMES ANNEX.

BANK CLERK.—Young man, aged 18-20, as clerk in bank; state references and salary expected. A 685 Times Downtown.

BLUE PRINT.—Man for coating and printing department. Box B 456 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted for permanent position; must be competent to operate adding machine and typewriter; bond required; apply in own handwriting with references; state age and salary desired; if convenient send photograph; must be physically sound; young man preferred. Queens City Printing Co., Charlotte, N. C.

BOOKKEEPER, young man thoroughly competent to establish system; freight forwarding house experience desirable; excellent opportunity aggressive, ambitious man connect new, live concern; salary moderate start, increase as earned. Write, giving experience, age, present employment, T 121 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT in private banking house downtown; permanent position; opportunity for advancement; must be quick and accurate. State age, references and experience. K 765 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and OFFICE MANAGER.—Must be thoroughly experienced to handle large office; one experienced in waist or dress line preferred; apply by letter, stating full particulars. R. R. 806 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, accurate; active one preferred, with experience in real estate and insurance line. Address in own writing, stating age, experience, and salary. Room 1327, 30 East 42d St., New York.

BOOKKEEPER required for large business; must be able to get out monthly statements; excellent prospects for the right man. Reply, stating salary required and references, to N 233 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, in New York office casualty insurance company; answer, stating age, experience and salary desired. B 435 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Apply by letter only, stating age, experience, and salary; good opportunity for right young man. Atlas Waste Mfg. Co., 506 Johnson Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, male or female, manufacturing experience preferred; moderate salary. M. Reiss & Son, 124 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, for large insurance agency; one familiar with casualty accounting preferred; give particulars and salary desired. K 724 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by large high-class hotel; man who is thoroughly experienced; good wages; wonderful chance for right man; state religion. S 112 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, in large manufacturing office; must be quick and accurate; good change for advancement. State salary expected. Address Y 397 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, middle-aged; permanent position; salary $15 a week. Address Permanent, 242 Times Downtown.

BOYS.

Large insurance brokerage, Christian, corporation has permanent positions for bright, intelligent, well mannered boys of good habits who are public school graduates or have attended high school; address in own handwriting stating references, nationality; salary to start $5. K 766 Times Downtown.

BOYS, 15-18; important business concern, financial district, has permanent positions with opportunities for advancement for several elementary or high school graduates; exceptional working hours; unusual evening schooling; salary $10 weekly; application confidential. G 441 Times Downtown.

BOY, strong, intelligent, in publisher's office; wrap and deliver small bundles; pleasant surroundings and generous pay for a boy who can take care of a job that means fairly hard work. Room 1902, 220 West 42d St.

BOY wanted in large advertising company, for errands and general office work; good opportunity for bright, neat boy of good conduct. Address, stating full particulars and salary expected, Box S 96 Times.

BOY.

Christian firm wants bright, clean-cut and ambitious boy for downtown office; splendid opportunity for advancement; in replying state age, experience, if any, and references. K D, 224 Times.

BOY.—Aged 15 to 17; public school graduate; ambitious and willing; for position in office of large manufacturing company; reply, giving reference and salary expected. A 676 Times Downtown.

BOYS WANTED.—Large, American fire insurance company has vacancies for a few bright boys with high school educations. Write stating age. Box 1, Times Downtown.

BOY wanted for office work to train as junior salesman. Write stating education, experience and salary expected. Christian firm. Z 204 Times Annex.

BOYS.—Two or three bright boys for work in marine insurance office. Write, stating salary and experience, B 412 Times Downtown.

BOY,

bright, willing, for office work; Christian firm; high school graduate preferred; excellent opportunity. B. C., 280 Times.

BOY, 15-16, errand and office work; large manufacturing concern; good opportunity for bright, ambitious boy. Box 475 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOY to begin as messenger in growing institution; good opportunity offered to willing worker to advance himself; state age. Address Box 92, 2,121 3d Av.

BOY FOR STOCK, IN WHOLESALE CLOAK HOUSE; MUST HAVE GOOD RECOMMENDATION. MAX RUBEL & CO., 136 MADISON AV.

BOY wanted by wholesale woolen house; state age, references, and salary expected. A 682 Times Downtown.

BOYS, over 18, in wholesale laboratories; $10-$12; good opportunity. Call 48 West 4th 7th floor.

BOYS over 16 for errands; also help house departments. B 420 Times Downtown.

BUSHELMEN,

experienced on ready-made clothing;

good salary; light workroom; short hours.

Apply daily, BEST & CO., Employment Office, 7 West 35th St., 8:30 to 10:30 A. M., 12 to 1 P. M.

BUYER.

Thoroughly progressive store in Philadelphia has an opening for an energetic and competent buyer for their ready-to-wear suits, waists and underwear departments. This store caters to popular and higher priced trade and the applicants who have real experience and knowledge to qualify for this position will find it an opportunity of interest. Write, giving full particulars, regarding ability, former employment and salary expected. Address Z 202 Times Annex.

CATALOG MAN.

Must know compilation and arrangement; familiar with type matter, cuts, and makeup.

L. BARTH & SON,
30-38 COOPER SQ.

CHAUFFEURS.—Two good, reliable chauffeurs wanted, well acquainted with New York City; preference given to soldiers who have had overseas service. State age, experience, and full details to K 168 Times.

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic; experienced on White car only; must have good references; steady all year around. Call after 10 A. M., A. Newmark, 352 4th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, uniformed; well recommended, for new Stutz; give full particulars, also salary expected. B 171 Times.

CHEMIST thoroughly familiar with the manufacture of starch and starch derivatives; only highest grade need apply; state experience and salary expected. Address Y 290 Times Annex.

CHIEF ENGINEER,

licensed, for large loft building; general supervision, control of employes, power plant, and elevators; state experience, age, and salary. Engineer, P. O. Box 477.

CLERK.—Young man for shipping and packing department; must be strong and used to heavy work; hours 7:30 to 6 P. M.; salary $18 to start. Apply, letter only, Clerk, care of MacNiff Co., 54 Vesey St.

CLERK, junior, experienced, for curb broker's office. Call 10 and 11 A. M., with written application, stating experience, references, salary desired, 25 Broad St., Room 640.

CLERK for garage office, $15 weekly. Apply G. W. Reiman, 215 11th Av.

COLLECTOR.—Educated American young man, unmarried, preferred, wanted to collect on accounts for leading publishing house; no canvassing; guaranteed salary and commission; permanent position. Call after 9 Thursday morning, Hiller, 31 East 22d.

COLLECTOR AND SOLICITOR for life insurance company; salary and commission. 1,600 Broadway, Room 808.

COMPANION to gentleman. Christian Scientist; college student preferred. K 124 Times.

CORRESPONDENT having knowledge of bookkeeping desired by large corporation; short hours, splendid opportunity for one anxious to advance; state age, experience and salary desired. B 432 Times Downtown.

COST CLERK wanted, young man, 18-19 years, to assist on cost books of automobile concern. Apply R. M. Owen & Co., 1 West 149d St.

CLERK.—Time and payroll clerk for large organization; night work, with opportunities for advancement; state age, experience, and salary expected. B 895 Times Annex.

DIE SINKER, first class, wanted; must be able to estimate and design drop forge dies; in reply, give age, experience, references, and wages expected. Y 289 Times Annex.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR for large publishing house; must be thoroughly competent; state salary. Address S. Schloss, P. O. Box 30, Station D, New York.

DIVISION SALES MANAGER
WANTED.
HIGH-GRADE MAN, ABLE TO TAKE ENTIRE MANAGEMENT OF BRANCH OFFICE AND SALESMEN; LOCATION NEW YORK; WE MAKE STEEL SHELVING, LOCKERS, AND GENERAL EQUIPMENT; SALARY LIMITED ONLY BY ABILITY OF MAN, WHO MUST HAVE CLEAN, SUCCESSFUL RECORD; STATE FULLY PAST EXPERIENCE IN REPLY. A 635 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced, on automobile design, on layout work and tracing; state experience, nationality and wages. K 619 Times Harlem.

DRAFTSMAN, for patent drawings; good pay. Apply 7th floor, 307 Bridge St., Brooklyn; Hoyt St. subway station.

DRAWING MATERIAL LIST.
Stock and order clerk. B 457 Times Downtown.

DRUG CLERK, junior; hours, 8 to 5; salary, $60 month start. Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th St.

GENTLEMAN, elderly, refined, of good appearance, to act as reception clerk in office of large motor car sales organization; give references and state salary wanted. B 180 Times.

INSTRUMENT MAKER wanted, all round, for laboratory instrument shop of educational institution near Boston; $100 per month. 323 Times Annex.

LEDGER CLERK wanted; must be experienced and reliable; salary, $20 per week; bring references; hours, 8 to 5:30. See Mr. Wimmer, 606 West 49th St.

LEDGER CLERK on accounts receivable ledger, weekly balance; state experience and salary expected. A 678 Times Downtown.

MACHINIST, experimental, experienced on spring motor, particularly type used in phonographs; state experience and wages expected. L, A., 487 Times Downtown.

MACHINE MAN
to operate tablet machines in drug house. Call 48 West 4th, 7th floor.

MANAGER OF DEPARTMENT TO BUILD UP SALES OF PRODUCT USED IN HOMES, HOSPITALS, OFFICES, FACTORIES, AND SCHOOLS, RETAILING AT CENT TO $1. I MUST KNOW HOW TO SELL PERSONALLY AND WRITE CONVINCING LETTERS; LOCATION OHIO. WRITE AGE, DETAILED EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED. Z 207 TIMES ANNEX.

MANAGER thoroughly experienced in taking full charge of garage; active, energetic, with business ability; good opportunity for right party. A. Meislin, 1,450 President St., Brooklyn.

MAN AND WIFE, with no children, as steward of club at Ashing, L. I.; wife to do the cooking. Write, giving references, experience, and wages expected, Club, B 130 Times.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR in dress house; write experience, references, and salary. Address Operator, 225 West 39th Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT FAMILIAR WITH FACTORY CLERICAL WORK, IN LARGE SHIRT HOUSE; ONLY PERSON HAVING EXPERIENCE IN THE SHIRT LINE WILL BE CONSIDERED; STATE AGE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. K 730 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE BOY, general office assistant, by commission merchants; no experience required; advancement easy for industrious boy. Address in own handwriting, stating experience and salary expected, W 392 Times.

OFFICE BOY wanted; about 16 years old; chance for advancement. Apply Room 1425, 165 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY.—PERMANENT POSITION; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., 115 5TH AV.

ORDER CLERK.—Wanted by a N. Y. Stock Exchange house, a thoroughly experienced man as order clerk; one familiar with running a monitor switchboard, as well as private telephone. Apply Mr. Simmons, A Slade, 5 Nassau St., N. Y. City.

PACKER, familiar with packing of parcel post or express orders; experience in packing drugs and medicines essential; permanent position with progressive growing concern; in your letter state age, experience, whether married or single, salary desired. B 143 Times.

PACKER.—Experienced. Address, stating age, experience, and salary desired. R. F., 238 Times.

PHARMACIST OR PHYSICIAN, young and energetic, to travel on a salary basis in the interests of a well-known and strictly ethical pharmaceutical preparation; previous business experience desirable; an excellent opportunity for a man of ability who is able to show results. Apply, stating salary expected and with full particulars, to A 650 Times Downtown.

PHOTOGRAPHER, wanted who has some knowledge of photographic chemistry, to work as assistant in making paper enlargings; must be a man with natural inclination toward laboratory work and willing to be amenable to constant supervision and direction. Box 527, Rochester, N. Y.

PHOTOGRAPHER for home portrait work; must have own automobile. Phone Murray Hill 2385 for appointment.

REAL ESTATE BROKER WANTED
Familiar with properties in Scarsdale, Hartsdale, White Plains, and vicinity; good opportunity for a high class man.
CHAS. GRIFFEN & CO.,
Westchester County Real Estate,
11 East 42d Street, New York.
Telephone Murray Hill 6441.

SALESMEN.

Unusual opportunity this week for several live wire salesmen to connect with rapidly growing national publishing organization. Our representatives are making from $50 to $75 weekly; commission basis; selling experience preferred but not necessary. Men leaving the service will find this a splendid chance to establish themselves permanently in a civilian position; immediate advancement to those who make good. Apply to Williams, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. only, Room 1615, 220 West 42d St.

SALESMEN.—Two men of unquestioned character and integrity, who have confidence in their ability to succeed in a big way and who are willing to follow instructions, can connect with one of the largest security sales organizations in the country, where present earnings will be very attractive and prompt promotion to managerial positions the assured results of earnest effort; if employed it would be well worth giving up any ordinary position to undertake; commission. Room 1707, 52 Vanderbilt Av., corner E. 45th St.

SALESMEN.—The sales department of a New York publishing house offers a splendid opportunity for two young men, preferably with some sales experience; successful applicants will receive a salary to start and the bonus if they make good, but they must be able to furnish A-1 references, have a high-school education, a liking for sales work, and plenty of ambition and steadfastness. State your qualifications fully. T 130 Times.

SALESMAN.—Lot salesman for development de luxe in Westchester County; we are in search of brokers for negotiators, but men who can sell lots with an aggressive campaign behind them; men who can dig up prospects as well as sell those we produce; your association with our sales force can lead to managerial position; commission. Robert E. Farley Organization, 12 East 44th St. See Mr Mullaley, 8:30 to 9 A. M.

SALESMAN.—Wanted an experienced road man, preferably one who has sold advertised specialties in the past; must be a man of energy who has the power to command a big volume of business on a high-grade line of fast selling auto accessory. To right man we will offer a proposition of salary or commission basis whereby his earnings can run into real money. Address Box 502, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMAN STEAMSHIP: A COMPETENT MAN WANTED TO REPRESENT WHOLESALE MEAT CONCERN IN STEAMSHIP TRADE; MUST BE EXPERIENCED AND HAVE ACQUAINTANCE WITH STEAMSHIP MEN; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY OR COMMISSION WANTED. STEAMSHIP, 8 GREENWICH AV., NEW YORK CITY.

SALESMAN.

EXPERIENCED TRAVELING MAN, WITH CLEAN, SUCCESSFUL RECORD, TO COVER ESTABLISHED TERRITORY WITH NATIONAL ADVERTISED TEXTILE LINE SOLD DIRECT TO RETAILERS; COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT. TO SECURE INTERVIEW MUST GIVE FULL DETAILS OF EXPERIENCE, LINES SOLD, TERRITORY COVERED, EARNINGS. K 178 TIMES.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, a vigorous and energetic man, check full of pep; must be an experienced traveling salesman and willing to do road work; we prefer one who has sold and advertised specialties; our line consists of several automobile accessory specialties that are well known and widely distributed; proposition is paying well for our other men; a capable and willing worker can make it a moneymaker for himself; salary and commission arrangement for right man. Address Box 592 Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—High grade men wanted to learn the investment business; at least $5,000 in commissions can be made with our assistance; advancement limited only by a man's capabilities; no selling experience necessary; this is an ideal opportunity for men who have executive experience or who have sold merchandise. B 450 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.
Honesty, common sense, and ambition will net from $100 a week up in commissions; legitimate stock selling taught two or three days, then actual field demonstration; full co-operation until you earn above or more; references and fidelity bond required. Telephone for appointment Melrose 163 between 9 and 1 or 3 to 6.

SALESMAN with acquaintance among engineers and purchasing agents of power plants in New York and vicinity wanted by manufacturer of widely advertised line of asbestos products and packings; compensation based on liberal share of profits will enable right man to build up permanent and increasingly remunerative income. Box 209, City Hall Station.

SALESMEN wanted to sell Manchester shirts, (cotton, silk stripes, silk and cotton, satin stripe, tub and crepe de chenes,) on straight commission basis; state towns you have covered recently, with lists and lately. Miller Bros. Co., Broad and Wallace Sts., Philadelphia, Penn.

SALES MANAGER.
Manufacturer of important power plant specialties seeks services of capable sales manager; must be a man who can obtain the fullest co-operation of his salesmen, with proven record as result-getter; give full details as to experience, and state salary desired. L, 606 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN who can earn $5,000 or over to sell new process chrome leather steel-studded auto tires, guaranteed five thousand miles, puncture proof, nonskid, blow-out, and rim-cut proof; commission; car owners preferred. Risse Process Tire Corp., 229 West 52d St.

SALESMAN wanted; high class; experienced in food products; want man now employed with some large merchandise brokerage house who is well acquainted with the wholesale grocers and exporters in New York and vicinity; salary and commission. Call Room 1742, 30 Church St.

SALESMEN.—Three high-grade men who desire to establish themselves permanently with large sales organization to sell trust company bank stock on commission; must furnish A-1 references and surety bond. Write for appointment, Coleman, Room 702 World Building.

SALESMEN for New York and out of town to sell on good commission a well-manufactured line of rompers, boys' overalls, &c.; must be experienced and have established trade. Call between 10 and 12 A. M., Room 2501, 1,170 Broadway.

SALESMAN.—An ambitious, energetic young man, well educated and of refinement, to sell famous phonograph language courses to business people on salary and commission; must know how to approach people without previous introduction; state experience. B 104 Times.

SALESMAN for wholesale grocery house to call on institution, restaurant and hotel trade; an opening for a high-class man with previous experience; salary and commission. A 681 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, outside work, experience unnecessary; very profitable proposition with good future; commission basis. Apply, 9:30 to 11 A. M., Globe Electric Lamp Co., Room 1,029 East 163d St., corner Southern Boulevard.

SALES.—Wanted, a profit maker, not over 30 years, whose character will stand searching investigation; a course of training in negotiating the sale of stock in an old established company will be given at our expense and in addition a salary and commission will be paid; industrial financing. B 755 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, first-class traveling salesman who handles high-class dressmaking trade, to take as a side line fashion designs; good commission; excellent opportunity. G. Spurdis, 67 West 48th St. Telephone 1661 Bryant.

SALESMEN, YOUNG OR MIDDLE-AGED, with ability to have attractive opportunity for right men to qualify for important executive position with financial security house paying high income on commission basis. Address, in own handwriting, Room 209, Hudson St.

SALESMAN.—Decorative salesman, accustomed to high class contract work, to go with a fine department store in Minneapolis; wonderful opportunity; salary. Call Hotel Seville, Mr. Cavanna, 4 to 6.

SALESMEN.—Automobile device, real merit, retailing $7 to $12; wide-awake men wanted to call on owners; liberal commission. Call Producers' Agency Co., 329 Hudson St.

SALESMAN wanted, for the sale of mortgages and mortgage certificates, on Queens property, for a company organized under banking laws; give reference, experience, and salary expected in first letter. M. G., Room 302, 135 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN.—Ex-service men; temporary position; salary basis; to sell memberships in national organization; preferably men with experience in advertising and insurance. T 61 Times.

SALESMEN.—PAINT SALESMEN WITH ESTABLISHED INDUSTRIAL OR MARINE TRADE; NONE OTHERS CONSIDERED; SALARY AND COMMISSION. COLONIAL WORKS, ROOM 860, WOOLWORTH BLDG.

SALESMAN.—Floor coverings, side line, three grades wool-fibre rugs, rag rugs, and carpets, linoleums and mats; add $100 commission to your income weekly; confidential, of course. Textile Mill, B 135 Times.

SALESMAN, about 25, experienced, to sell domestic cotton piece goods trade; splendid opportunity for young American to connect with leading firm. Address, stating salary and full particulars, B 453 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, selling to hotels or restaurants for butcher or vegetable concern, handle our line grocery specialties on commission basis; good proposition for live wire. Box B, 496 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, side line, papier mache trays; department stores, hospitals, restaurant supplies, hardware jobbers; all territories; commission. 126 East 23d St.

SALESMAN, embroidery, well established, with New York and vicinity trade, selling to manufacturers and retailers; commission basis. M. E., 807 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to handle auto accessory, commission basis; new tool in class by itself; sells to jobbers and dealers; factory man here now. Y 377 Times Annex.

SALESMAN by well known shirt house for N. Y. City and Brooklyn; experience and following in this line essential. Salary or commission. A 672 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, shoe department; middle aged; department store experience preferred; permanent position; hours 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Callan's, 3d Av. and 121st St.

SALESMEN, calling regularly on book dealers throughout country, to handle Spanish books; side line; commission only. Books, 156 West 14th.

SALESMEN wanted, familiar with selling of proprietion to dealers; commission basis. Apply Wilson & Co., 973 Brook Av., Bronx. Apply after 8 o'clock Thursday morning.

SALESMAN.—Exceptional opening for successful grocery salesman who can show a clear record; commission basis. L 589 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, experienced, to carry side line of children's McKay shoes; unrestricted territories; commission. M, K., 800 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to carry side line of unbreakable dolls on commission basis. Republic Doll Co., 9 West 18th St.

SALESMEN to handle stationery article as side line; liberal commission. B 423 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, flour, to sell jobbers and large bakers; strictly commission. T 143 Times.

SAMPLE DEPARTMENT CHIEF
wanted to take charge of sample department in large eastern general converting house; must be able to reorganize department; experience in handling clothiers' linings preferred. Apply Friday, William Alsberg & Co., 826 Broadway.

SERVICE MEN, experienced on automobile motors, to install piston rings; must have high school education and capable of developing into salesmen. Room 249, 1,834 Broadway.

SOLICITORS.—SALARY $24 PER WEEK AND MORE IF YOU MAKE GOOD; HONORABLY DISCHARGED SOLDIERS, SAILORS, OR ANY PERSON OF NEAT APPEARANCE WITH EXPERIENCE SOLICITING FOR NEWSPAPERS OR MAGAZINES; THE WORK IS PLEASANT; TERRITORY GREATER NEW YORK. APPLY MR. GOSLING, 5TH FLOOR, THE EVENING MAIL, 75 CITY HALL PLACE.

SOLDIERS AND SAILORS CAN EARN GOOD MONEY DELIVERING TELEGRAMS. APPLY WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY, 33 PARK PLACE.

SPECIAL OFFICER to act as hallman and elevator starter in large private office building downtown; must furnish names and details as to references and positions held in letter. B 441 Times Downtown.

SPOTTER and fancy wet washer wanted; good wages. Apply Hoffman Dry Cleaning, 2,632 South Salina St., Syracuse, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, expert, leaving Government service, willing to go to Latin-American countries; must be robust and have knowledge of Spanish or French. B 156 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, well educated, as editor's assistant. Write particulars, including salary, L 626 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMAN to sell stocks in the fourth largest independent oil refining company in the United States; $60 a week and over commissions to those who can qualify. Phone Rector 5295 for appointment, or write. A 639 Times Downtown.

STOCK SALESMEN.
Can use several high-class stock salesmen between 23-28; to sell a high-class dividend paying stock, over phone; must have experience and good record; good salary and commission paid; call all week. Room 801, 24 Stone St., Mr. Frank.

STOCK CLERK.—One experienced with card record system, capable of operating typewriter preferred; state experience and salary expected. P. B. 612 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK, experienced, for silk manufacturer. K 181 Times.

WAREHOUSE SOLICITOR, conversant with soliciting the storing of merchandise in a thoroughly equipped warehouse; to one who can make good the salary will be generous. Apply in person, League Storage & Warehouse Co., Inc., 4th Av. and 3d St., Brooklyn.

WATCHMAN in bank for Sundays and holidays only; references required. Address Box L, 620 Times Downtown.

WOOD AND LEATHER WORKERS.
THE DILWORTH ARM COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN., WANTS EXPERIENCED WORKERS ON WOOD AND LEATHER AT ONCE; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND WAGES EXPECTED IN FIRST LETTER.

YOUNG MAN, about 17 to 20, to run errands, handle mail, and some clerical work in office of lubricating oil house; Gentile concern; American, neat, active, with ability to learn business and possibly become salesman; state education, age, references. B 427 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Old-established insurance office has opening for ambitious young man, about 18 years of age; opportunity for advancement exceptional; prefer high school graduate; state age, schooling, and experience. O 420 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in credit department of leading export and import concern to handle credit reports, &c.; splendid opportunity for young man to learn this branch of business. Address, stating salary and full particulars, B 454 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in high-class retail store to assist in selling; salary $15 to start, with prospect for good advancement. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience. G 524 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted by large manufacturing plant, who has had shop department experience; must be accurate, steady and ambitious. Address, stating experience and salary expected, Z 213 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN.—Young college man, in the sales department, to learn the commercial business; excellent opportunity. Call A. Sherwin & Bro., 715 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 17, as messenger and assistant, with a banking institution; neat, bright; experience not essential; church connections. C 196 Times.

YOUNG MAN as junior to ledger clerk; good penman; accurate in figures; short hours; splendid opportunity for one anxious to advance. B 433 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, bright, 15-16 years; order department; old-established Christian firm; good opportunity. E. C. Fuller Co., 28 Reade St.

YOUNG MAN.—18-19; clerical position; quick and accurate at figures; in reply state salary. A 677 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for night work; one with electrical experience preferred; state age, salary, experience, &c. A. C. 341 Times.

YOUNG MEN, hustlers, for outside work; very profitable proposition and pleasant future possibilities; commission basis. Call, 8:30 to 9:30 A. M., Globe Electric Lamp Co., 1,029 East 163d, corner Southern Boulevard.

YOUTHS over 16, learn wholesale business, beginning stock clerk. B 419 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

ACCOUNTANTS NEEDED,
MEN AND WOMEN.

I want to hear from bookkeepers, cashiers, school teachers, office workers, stenographers and all capable men and women, either with or without bookkeeping experience, who are ambitious to get into higher accounting positions paying

$2,400 TO $6,000 A YEAR AT THE START.

The readjustment of commerce and industry to a peace basis, the reconstruction and reorganization of American business along more efficient lines, the more scientific analysis of costs to meet domestic and world competition and the necessity for accurate income and excess profits tax reports to the Government have created thousands of new and attractive opportunities for permanent positions in the higher accounting field.

At present we can supply only in a very limited way students and members to fill the numerous requests being received for cost accountants, auditors, junior and senior accountants, comptrollers, &c., &c. Government and business demands have exhausted the available supply of trained men and women.

So, our organization, having the largest staff of accounting and business efficiency experts in the world, is making every possible effort to help meet this unusual situation, and to that end I will interview men or women who desire to qualify for these positions by taking individual home training. This can be done without interfering with their present employment.

APPLICANTS WHO ARE ACCEPTED

will be placed under the direct personal supervision of one of our staff of certified public accountants and thoroughly trained in the special knowledge and practical procedure necessary to qualify for important accounting work.

Address for interview, giving age, position, education and telephone number, A. C. S., Post Office Box 63, Times Square Station.

MEN WANTED.
EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Southern Pacific Company stock Certificate No. G76469 for 10 shares in the name "Caroline E. Gregory." Notice is hereby given to show cause why a duplicate should not be issued. Caroline E. Gregory, care Robinson & Orr, 419 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Penn.

LOST—April 1, diamond crescent pin, 9th Av. "L," between 104th and Christopher Sts., to D., L. & W. Ferry, Lackawanna ferryboat, train to Ampere; liberal reward. Return to B. Karsch's Sons, 41st St. and 8th Av.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, set in platinum, gold back, 2 inches long, in Grand Central, Altman's, Tiffany's, Kurzman's, or 5th Av. bus; reward. Hughes, care of J. P. Muller & Co., 220 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 963.

LOST—Stock: 10 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul preferred certificate B-14624, registered in the name of Mrs. Edna Billings Gemmill. Finder please notify Babcock, Rushton & Co., 7 Wall St., New York.

LOST—Small diamond and platinum bar pin, between Columbus Circle and 6th Av., on 58th or 59th St., Tuesday morning. Please return to Mrs. Schoolfield, 220 West 79th St. Reward.

LOST—Hand bag, black leather card case inscribed "Sol. Lampert." Reward for return to M. Hurewitz, 2 West 88th St. 5321 Schuyler.

LOST—new military suede coat, size 38, left in bus No. 4; owner left bus at 115th St. and Riverside Drive April 1, 5 P. M. 620 West 113th. Morningside 6573.

LOST—Brooch of large and small diamonds, in case, Tuesday, on 86th St. between Broadway and Amsterdam, or on Amsterdam, between 82d and 87th Sts.; liberal reward. B 172 Times.

LOST—$50 reward for return of jade and diamond earring, lost Saturday, between Vonderbilt Theatre, Plaza Hotel, and Chatham Hotel. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

LOST—April 1, lady's diamond circle pin set in platinum. If found, return to M. R. Ellis, 80 Hudson St., City. Phone Franklin 102. Liberal reward.

LOST—Gold bar pin, Broadway "L," Chambers St., between Woodhaven Boulevard and Rector St.; reward. Phone 6022W Richmond Hill.

LOST—Emerald and diamond bracelet, between 34th-59th Sts., on Friday last. Very liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to J. J. Jackson, 7 West 45th.

LOST—Brown traveling bag, name of owner, Kivit K. Stern, on tag; left on No. 3 5th Av. Bus at 110th St.; reward, $10, no questions asked. 30 West 15th St., 1st floor. Farragut 117.

LOST—Will pay liberal reward for information leading to recovery for Hudson speedster No. 46709 and Hudson touring cars numbered 43733 and J. A. 48127. G. A. Goetschius, 1 Liberty.

LOST—Platinum and diamond wrist watch, left in dressing room Manhattan Hotel Wednesday afternoon. Liberal reward if returned to 48 West 76th. Schuyler 7123.

LOST—Tuesday evening, between 2d-8th Avs., 22d St., lady's gold watch, initials "K. W."; reward. K. Weisenbach, 312 East 22d St., 2d floor.

LOST—Bank book No. 312895 of the Central Savings Bank in the City of New York; payment stopped. Please return passbook to bank.

LOST—Shopping district, Tuesday, garnet, pearl Alpha Chi Rho Fraternity pin, marked Harold S. Osgood; reward. Mrs. H. S. Osgood, Hartsdale. Phone 2765 White Plains.

LOST—Velvet bag on 74th, Broadway, Wednesday evening, by student; contains cards, "Ruth Putnam Mason;" reward. 302 West 73d St. No questions asked.

LOST—Will person who took long overcoat at Childs restaurant return army discharge papers and gloves to owner, Room 1005, 299 Madison Av., N. Y.? H. F. Patterson.

LOST—March 28, bracelet, black onyx, set in silver; six links; reward. Finder write T 115 Times

LOST—Stone marten neck scarf, in taxi, between Churchill's and 71st, Sunday evening; reward for return. 31 West 71st St.

LOST—Cameo brooch, Wednesday, between West 117th and 40th or 40th and 42d; liberal reward. T 138 Times.

LOST—$100 in currency and cash at Wanamaker's, old building, 1st floor or basement; reward. B 445 Times.

LOST—At Hudson Theatre matinee, taupe fox neckpiece; $10 reward. I. J. K., Mansion House, Brooklyn.

LOST—Discharge certificate, in container, 53d St. and 3d Av. or 3d Av. car. James F. Mulligan, 450 West 47th.

LOST—Near Washington Place, envelope containing letters. Reward if returned to 125 Washington Place, Apartment 2B.

LOST—Seal muff, Tuesday afternoon, at Hotel Astor or 45th St. and 5th Av.; reward. 772 Park Av.

LOST.—Ring, 2 diamonds and sapphire, in centre, very liberal reward. Pursell, 20 East 55th St. 5837 Plaza.

LOST—Beaded bag near Brooklyn Bridge, containing money, key; reward. H. Wells, School 148, Lafayette, nr. Throop Av.

LOST—Watch, near Freeman St. station, Wednesday morning; reward. P. S. 40, Bronx, Prospect Av., Jennings St. Lawrence.

LOST—Skunk neckpiece lost in taxicab Saturday night; reward return to 278 Decatur St., Brooklyn. Telephone 3776 Bedford.

LOST—Seal stole, 3d Av. L, 149th St. station. Elstein, Madison Square 1210.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of fox scarf to Hendrick, 40 East 62d St.

LOST—Blue scarab breastpin; reward. Scott, Sequoia, 560 West 185th St.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY Certificate No. A36432 for two shares of preferred stock issued in the name of John T. Laughlin. All persons are hereby notified to show cause why a new certificate should not forthwith be issued in lieu of the certificate above described. J. O. Hobby, Jr., Treasurer.

$2,000 REWARD for return or information leading to recovery of necklace—47 pearls, diamond and platinum marquise clasp, lost about March 2. Black, Starr & Frost, 7th Av. and 48th St.

$50 REWARD,
no questions asked, return ruby and platinum cuff link, lost Wednesday, March 26, on Lackawanna train between Morristown and New York City or in New York City. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$10 REWARD and no questions asked for the return of my overcoat and papers therein, taken from Childs's Restaurant, 7th Av., near 42d St., yesterday at about 1 o'clock. Phone Bryant 4660. Benedict.

$300 REWARD,
no questions asked, return platinum flexible bracelet, containing about 52 sapphires, lost March 27, between East 53d and 46th Sts. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$500 REWARD—For large single pearl pendant, with small diamond leaf ornament at top; lost March 29, vicinity Broadway, 39th-42d Sts. Tiffany & Co., Fifth Av. and 37th St.

$500 REWARD
for 15-grain pearl, lost from necklace on March 30 in 5th Av. shopping district or taxi to Hotel Belmont. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Dark bulldog, with white breast, small spot of hair rubbed off on right side; suitable reward. 541 West 144th St., Apt. 6. Audubon 4386.

LOST—Shaggy terrier dog, male, coat full of oil. Apply at 128 West 53d St. Telephone Circle 486.

LOST—Monday morning, female Pekingese dog; answers to Ting; reward. 7 East 86th.

BUCKWOOD
It's the new
E&W
EARL & WILSON
COLLAR
Coming soon!

SIMPLEX LANDAULET
Good running condition. All tires good. Upholstering good shape. Needs painting. $1,000.
ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
418 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
Telephone Mulberry 4000.
Pierce-Arrow Distributors.

BLOWUP KILLS TWO AT DU PONT PLANT

Double Explosion at Wayne, N. J., Powder Works Demolishes Two Buildings.

REDUCED FORCE AT WORK

Force of the Concussion Shatters Many Windows in the Surrounding Towns.

WAYNE, N. J., April 2.—Two men were killed in a double explosion at the du Pont powder works here this morning. Two of the twenty buildings comprising the plant were demolished and a large quantity of high explosives in a powder storehouse was threatened. The damage has not been estimated.

The men killed were George Duncan, 31 years old, of Lincoln Park, and John D. Green, 33 years old, of Wayne.

Duncan and Green were the only employes at work in the press house, where the first explosion occurred. In that building, which was about twenty-five feet square and constructed of sheet iron, 1,000 to 1,500 pounds of powder was stored. There the black powder was pressed into cartridge and shell cases under a hydraulic press, which had a pressure of nine tons.

Almost concurrently with the explosion in the press room came another explosion in the grinding room, a few hundred feet away. No one was at work there. It is supposed that explosives in that building were ignited by sparks from the press house.

Both buildings were demolished. The roof was torn from a powder house, in which was stored a large quantity of high explosives, but none of that material was ignited. The concussion shattered windows in most of the plant buildings, and in houses and stores in the villages of Wayne, Lincoln Park, Mount View, and Pequannock, all within a radius of one mile.

Few employes were at work at the plant today. The force has been considerably reduced since the war ended and many of the employes had the day off. B. T. Holcomb, superintendent, was not at the plant when the explosion occurred. Officials of the company would make no statement.

MME. BRESHKOVSKY SPEAKS

Russia Most Needs Books and Teachers from America, She Says.

Mme. Catherine Breshkovsky, familiarly known as the "Grandmother of the Russian Revolution," spoke yesterday at the meeting of the League for Political Education held in Aeolian Hall. She spoke of the quarrels in progress all over Russia, and referred to the Ukrainian revolt and the troubles in Siberia and Poland as intimately bound up in any solution of the Russian problem. She said that Russia depends in great measure upon the Ukraine for grains, cattle, hogs, and other food products, while it needed the industries of the rest of Russia.

Mme. Breshkovsky said that separately the divisions of Russia would not succeed, and she was certain the Ukrainians were victims of the same kind of propaganda that had resulted in the collapse of the Czar. She predicted that as long ago as "these malign influences" retain their grip on the easily influenced, uneducated people, there would be strife internally and trouble externally for Russia.

The greatest need in Russia today, she said, is education. During the long period when the people were oppressed by tyranny, not only was the education of the common people neglected, but in many instances it was prohibited.

"America can help Russia most by sending books and teachers to Russia to enable the poorer classes, especially the young, to lift themselves out of illiteracy into the light of general education, such as is enjoyed by all the other large nations," she said.

After the lecture Mme. Breshkovsky held an impromptu reception on the stage. For half an hour she answered questions, and said that despite her more than 75 years she would continue her work in this country for some time.

WILSON LETTER BRINGS $90.

Sale of James Carleton Young Autograph Collection Closes.

Autograph letters of President Woodrow Wilson were in the closing session yesterday of the sale of the collection of autograph letters and original manuscripts owned by the late James Carleton Young at the Anderson Galleries. There were six holograph letters of Mr. Wilson, four letters signed, but not written by him and one note signed by him. All except two were written at Princeton, N. J. All of the holograph letters were obtained by James F. Drake. The highest price was $90 for lot 860, a three-page letter dated Princeton, August, 1900, about his proposed trip to Canada and books to be inscribed by him.

George D. Smith paid $56 for lot 640, a letter by William Penn, London, August 20, 1675. He also gave $180 for lot 786, the original draft of a letter from Count L. N. Tolstoy to the Czar of Russia on the massacre of the Jews at Kishinef. The total for the sale was $5,522.

GOOD CLOTHES? YES, THEY ARE READY.

But where at a reasonable price? I think here—for I make my ready-made clothes with an experience of 64 seasons. No place of distribution beats from *maker to you*. Now more than ever it is up to you *to find the place*. Here Spring Overcoats and Suits, $22, $25, $28, $30 to $45. G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

EASTER suggests HATCH
who makes those delicious
SALTO NUTS.
Try 'Em.
Hatch
Hatch—He pays the Parcel Post
35th St., at Herald Sq. B'way at 30th B'way at 45th

Removal Sale
Big Bargains
Office Furniture
Clark & Gibby, Inc.
110 W. 40th St.

ARREST ENDS WAR ROMANCE

Soldier's Marriage to Publisher's Daughter May Be Annulled.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., April 2.—False stories of achievements on the battlefields of France while fighting as a private in the American Army won for Ole L. Robinson the heart of Esther Crowell, daughter of J. O. Crowell, a New York publisher, who lives at 203 North Walnut Street, East Orange, according to Francis A. Knott, attorney for Mr. Crowell. Robinson is 18 years old and the son of Harry H. Robinson, an inventor, of 316 Academy Street, South Orange. Mrs. Robinson is a year or so older.

She was a member of the Motor Corps of America. They met in a New York canteen early in October and were married by a Justice of the Peace in Passaic, N. J., a few days before Christmas. They went to live with Mrs. Robinson's parents. The stories that Robinson told failed to convince the wife's father.

Robinson gave his wife a ring set with sapphires last Sunday. When Mr. Crowell talked of his son-in-law to Attorney Knott, who used to be a Police Judge, he mentioned the ring. Knott remembered having read that Miss Rose Oehler had been held up on Saturday night on North Walnut Street and a ring of the same kind taken from her. She identified the ring, Attorney Knott said today, and when Robinson was described to her declared he was the man who had held her up.

Robinson was arrested last night. He was arraigned on a charge of highway robbery today before Judge Walter C. Ellis and was held for the Grand Jury without bail. Knott declared an effort to have the marriage annulled is under consideration.

Buy W. S. S.

Your Daintily-Shod Secretary tracks Disease into your Office

So does your best customer, your every employe. And so do you. Just think of what your feet—everybody's feet—can pick up.

Dust is germ-laden; you walk in it. Mud, slush, and wet are full of the germs of diphtheria, grippe, influenza, and pneumonia — wet shoes will pick up the entire assortment.

Frequently you will step upon expectoration that is tubercular. And all these germs are carried to home and office and planted there, when they multiply by millions in short order.

Reliable disinfection kills germs.

Lysol Disinfectant

kills all germs at the instant of contact, no matter what their nature or power may be. This claim is beyond dispute; it is a scientifically proven fact.

A 50c bottle makes 5 gallons of powerful disinfectant; a 25c bottle makes 2 gallons.

Mop your floors frequently with water containing Lysol. Keep Lysol solution *always* in *every* cuspidor. Make Lysol your toilet-room disinfectant.

Do these things regularly and you will soon see a reduction in your sick-list.

For large institutions use Lysol F & F—unrefined Lysol.

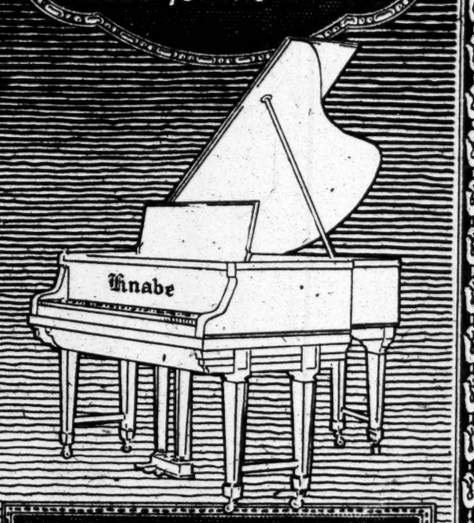
Remember, there is but one true Lysol—the product made, bottled, signed and sealed by Lehn & Fink.

Lysol Toilet Soap
Contains Lysol, and therefore protects the skin from germ infection. It is refreshingly soothing and healing and helpful for improving the skin. Ask your dealer. If he hasn't it, ask him to order it for you.

Lysol Shaving Cream
Contains Lysol, and kills germs on razor and shaving-brush (where germs abound), guards the tiny cuts from infection, and gives the antiseptic shave. If your dealer hasn't it, ask him to order a supply for you.

OUR SIGN IS OUR BOND
Lehn & Fink

AMPICO
Reproducing Piano
"It Plays Like a Man"



By the magic of science the owner of an Ampico reproducing Piano may summon at will the greatest living pianists to play for him his favorite selections
Not a mere imitation of the artist, please remember, but the artist himself-his identical touch, tone, color, phrasing
DAILY DEMONSTRATIONS
Knabe Warerooms
Fifth Avenue at Thirty-ninth St.

Copyright 1919 Hart Schaffner & Marx

You want good style

—*then you must have all-wool*

Here's why; all-wool fabrics keep the style they had to start with; they dont lose their shape Other fabrics don't "stay put;" dont wear We put good style into all-wool fabrics; it's there as long as the clothes last—and that's a long time

Waist-seams are favorites

The one above is a single-breasted model; it has gone "over the top" with young men; many variations, single and double-breasted Our label in them guarantees satisfaction

Hart Schaffner & Marx

Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are all-wool; stylish. They're guaranteed to satisfy you—or money back

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d